

# **Operations Hub 2022** User Documentation



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# Chapter 1. Release Notes

# **Operations Hub Release Notes**

This topic provides a list of product changes in Operations Hub for this release.

#### Version: 2022

#### **Table 1. Enhancements and New Features**

#### The following enhancements and new features have been added.

Description	Tracking IDs
Added the following widgets in Operations Hub:	F62194
• Bullet Graph <i>(on page 518)</i>	F62193
Variwide Chart (on page 516)	F60132
• Spider Chart <i>(on page 513)</i>	F62159
• Value Display <i>(on page 523)</i>	F60533
• Dropdown <i>(on page 539)</i>	
• Sparkline <i>(on page 509)</i>	F60531
• iFrame <i>(on page 529)</i>	F60530
Pareto Chart (on page 511)	F60131
Pivot Grid <i>(on page 542)</i>	F62852
• Timeline <i>(on page 503)</i>	FUZOJZ
DateTime Range Picker (on page 547)	F62477
DataGrid (on page 531)	F62195
	F60119
Introduced widgets for batch execution process (on page 125).	F62860
Provision to install Dataflow Editor <i>(on page 133)</i> along with Operations Hub installation.	F63238
Operations Hub support on Azure and AWS environment.	F62898
Provided support for third party OPC UA write operations.	F60577
Introduced back/forward navigation icons on end application.	F62071

#### Table 1. Enhancements and New Features

#### The following enhancements and new features have been added.

#### (continued)

Description	Tracking IDs
Ability to perform backups and restore <i>(on page 50)</i> the Operations Hub database.	F62392
Ability to perform dynamic translation of Operations Hub app and page names.	F62391
Single Box support <i>(on page 48)</i> for Operations Hub, Historian, Scada (iFix, Cimplicity).	F62507
Set up email notification for Operations Hub certificate expiry <i>(on page 77)</i> .	F62667
Enhanced mimics to support publishing target name to a global.	

#### Table 2. Known Issues and Limitations

#### The following known issues and limitations exist.

Description	Tracking ID
When you save a favorite in a trend chart, if you include a special character in the name, the error message that appears does not specify the issue.	DE123967
In a trend chart, if you add a tag that is identical to the one that is already plotted but the case of the tag name does not match the case of the tag name in Historian, a straight line appears in the trend chart. To resolve this is- sue, modify the tag name to match the case of the tag name in Historian.	DE123833
During Operations Hub installation, when you provide the tenant user ID, the following conditions apply:	DE123770
<ul> <li>If you are installing Operations Hub for the first time, do not provide StudioAdmin as the tenant user ID because it is used by Operations Hub.</li> <li>If you want to use a shared Proficy Authentication (UAA) to work with Operations Hub, do not provide the user ID of an existing user of the UAA instance. If you do so, the installation fails.</li> </ul>	

#### The following known issues and limitations exist.

Description	Tracking ID
<ul> <li>If you are installing Operations Hub after uninstalling it without purge, do not provide a tenant user ID that matches any previously used user ID (including any previously used tenant ID). This is because after you uninstall Operations Hub without purge, previous Operations Hub users (along with tenant administrators, their groups, and privilege as- signments) still exist in the database.</li> </ul>	
When you create a data source, you can provide a certificate only in the base-64-encoded format. A DER-encoded certificate is not supported.	DE116706
Operations Hub uses Kafka, which generates a large number of logs in the following location: C:\tmp\kafka-logs\. To avoid consuming too much space for these logs, we recommend that you periodically delete the logs, especially if the system has low disk space.	N/A
If you encounter intermittent responsiveness issues with the Operations Hub runtime environment when using the Safari browser on your mobile device, it is recommended that you use the Chrome browser instead.	DE131011
When adding environment variables to Windows System Variables, be aware that environment variables are case-sensitive. If your environment variables in Operations Hub do not match the case of the ones used by the target His- torian Server, the data source will fail when tested. Be sure that you use the same case when configuring data sources in Operations Hub. A data source target in Operations Hub should match the case in the environment variables, as the variables are case-sensitive.	DE130896
Historian REST response time increases exponentially when there are over 30 users logged into Operations Hub accessing an End app that utilizes Histori- an REST queries.	DE134904
When using Safari 13+ on iOS, trend card functionality like adding tags to the trend, favorites, and annotations perform inconsistently. The workaround is to use the Chrome browser on the iPad.	DE136597, DE149433
If a Historian data point being trended transitions to a bad quality (such is the case when a collector goes down or loses communications), the trend	DE138128

#### The following known issues and limitations exist.

Description	Tracking ID
card displays a flatline for the last known good value. If you experience one	
or more flatlines in your trends, and all the various requests from the same	
source, you should check the communication chain for an issue with Histori-	
an, a collector, or a SCADA driver, for instance.	
There are currently some page printing issues. For instance, if you have	DE146462
iframe that spills over to a second page, that can cause an issue.	
The uaa-provisioning.log file generates in a new folder if the location path	DE148827
provided during Operations Hub installation contains a space in it. For exam-	
ple,C:\Custom Logs.	
As a workaround to address VC++ (x64) failure, follow these steps to install	DE161643
Task Client on Operations Hub 2.1.	
1. Uninstall the VC++ 2015-2019 Redistributable (x64) version installed	
with Operations Hub 2.1.	
2. Open the Workflow install media, navigate to the \Installers\Re-	
sources\Microsoft\2015_2019 folder, and run the vc_redist.x64.exe.	
3. Open the Services console dialog and restart these services:	
GE Operations IQP PostgreSQL Database	
GE Operations UAA PostgreSQL Database     A. Install Workflow Task Client.	
5. Install the VC++ 2015-2019 Redistributable (x64) version that got in-	
stalled with Operations Hub 2.1.	
·	
If the Data Distributor service started at a time when the datasource was of-	DE158762
fline, reload the end application.	
For REST connection, if you enter an IP address instead of the hostname in	DE153631
the <b>Auth URL</b> field, it results in a 404 error. You must add the IP address to	
the list of supported subdomains/zones. To do this:	
1. Browse to the location directory on the machine where Operations Hub	
is installed: \ProgramData \GE \Operations Hub\uaa-config	

#### The following known issues and limitations exist.

Description	Tracking ID
<ol> <li>Search for hostnames in the file, and enter the IP address.</li> <li>Save and close the file.</li> <li>Restart Proficy Authentication for the changes to take effect.</li> </ol>	
When importing a model containing a second CIMPLICITY namespace table, it overwrites the values in the first namespace table. Workaround: Combine the server and namespace information from the two namespace tables into one namespace table, and then import the model again.	DE47669
The inline mimic write operations performed in Operations Hub are indicated as successful even if the entries did not meet the criteria of these CIMPLICI- TY attributes. • WARNING_LOW_N • WARNING_HIGH_N • ALARM_LOW_N • ALARM_HIGH_N	DE156030
The values do not get updated to the CIMPLICITY point control panel.	
Error message does not appear when you perform a write operation on a CIMPLICITY tag value that is outside of a given range.	DE157698
If you select <b>Acknowledge All</b> in Operations Hub to acknowledge 5000 iFIX alarms, an internal error occurs in the iFIX application.	DE161742
Only a single instance of the CIMPLICITY HMI Webspace widget per app is supported. If using multiple instances of webspace widgets across multiple pages, you may encounter access error messages when navigating between pages that contain webspace instances. After confirming the message, the widget loads as expected.	
The typeName parameter in the custom widget's manifest.json file does not support special characters.	DE162893

#### The following known issues and limitations exist.

#### (continued)

Description	Tracking ID
For Operations Hub 2022 release, Proficy Authentication server validation	DE174960
fails while installing Workflow Task Client. As a workaround to fix this issue,	
please refer to Resolving Proficy Authentication Issue During Workflow Task	
Client Install (on page 626).	

#### Table 3. Fixed Defects

#### The following fixed defects have been addressed with this version of Operations Hub.

Description	Tracking ID
Previously on the big data widget, only a portion of data appeared, and not the complete existing data. The third-party library has been upgraded to re- solve this issue.	SF00907357
Previously, data source with a name containing the backslash special char- acter got created successfully but remained unusable. The data source could not be modified or deleted from Operations Hub. This issue has been resolved.	SF00949690
Previously in the dropdown widget, the results for a dropdown selection were not working as expected. This issue has been resolved.	SF00957547, SF00951042
Previously, images coming from an image widget were not visible if you were part of only the iqp.user group. This issue has been resolved.	SF00945585
Previously, HTML widgets were not returning the query results properly. This issue has been resolved.	SF00945676
Previously on importing applications, images used in an interactive map widget were lost. This issue has been resolved.	SF00968247
Previously asset import/export failed on an upgraded system. This issue has been resolved.	SF00923728
Previously in Operations Hub, there was no way to delete applications creat- ed by a user deleted from the system. This issue has been resolved.	SF00945516

#### Table 3. Fixed Defects

#### The following fixed defects have been addressed with this version of Operations Hub.

Description	Tracking ID
Previously, modifying existing user account details led to the creation of new user accounts. This issue has been resolved.	SF00945610
Previously, when runnning extension or REST queries on a table or grid wid- get, the paging function did not work. This issue has been resolved.	SF00951421
Previously, applications exported from Operations Hub were not getting im- ported resulting in publishing errors. This issue has been resolved.	SF00956970
Previously when exporting data to CSV, decimal point was being used as a separator for non-English languages. This has been fixed to use the decimal comma.	SF00953929
Previously, Operations Hub administrators were not able to access favorites created by other users. This issue has been resolved.	SF00964124
Previously in the Indicator widget, the decimal precision did not work as expected when set to 0. This issue has been resolved.	SF00964625
Previously in Operations Hub, some specific applications were not getting exported. This issue has been resolved.	SF00956055
Previously, asset models of a larger size were not getting imported to Oper- ations Hub. This issue has been fixed to support model import up to 13MB.	SF00940548
Previously in the end app, the <b>Logout</b> button on the <b>Access Denied</b> page did not work as expected. This issue has been resolved.	SF00963066
Previously for German language, the date picker option in the input widget	SF00964478,
did not work properly. This issue has been resolved.	SF00984397,
	SF00984115
Previously, tagnames with special characters were not being parsed proper- ly in JSON API Call. This issue has been resolved.	SF00931668
Previously, data distributor error occurred on upgrading from Operations Hub 2.0 to 2.1. This issue has been resolved.	SF00966648

#### Table 3. Fixed Defects

#### The following fixed defects have been addressed with this version of Operations Hub.

Description	Tracking ID
Previously, queries could not be added, modified, or deleted from applica- tion pages. This occurred because the plug-in manifest had old schema structure. This issue has been resolved.	SF00983175
Previously, plug-ins were not getting imported to Operations Hub. This issue has been resolved.	SF00967193
Previously, the Datagrid widget was not displaying images at runtime. This issue has been resolved.	SF00984119
Previously, conditions set on a repeater widget were not working as expect- ed. This issue has been resolved.	SF00987714
Previously, Operations Hub 2.1 SIM1 installation failed due to the absence of an install-time created "response" file. This issue has been resolved.	SF00982456
Previously, you were not able to add page globals if the global variable was already added on another page. As a workaround, make sure to give unique names to globals in an application.	SF00984358, SF00968869
Previously, the spring.log file was getting very bigger in size. This issue has been resolved.	SF00968885
Previously in Datepicker widget, the dateTime input parameter for flows was not working properly. This issue has been resolved.	SF00990262, SF00991574, SF00991575
Previously, the toggles that controlled mimics were not working as expect- ed. This issue has been resolved.	SF00987424
Security vulnerabilities concerning SQL injection attack were detected in Operations Hub. This issue has been resolved.	SF00984843
Previously, logs were huge and growing endlessly. To resolve this,	SF00989117, SF00992619

#### Table 3. Fixed Defects

#### The following fixed defects have been addressed with this version of Operations Hub.

#### (continued)

Description	Tracking ID
• Logs are configured to archive data when the size is beyond 100 MB.	
<ul> <li>Archived data is deleted after 7 days.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>The log level is also set to INFO from DEBUG to reduce the volume of</li> </ul>	
data.	
The configuration settings can be modified by an administrator.	
Previously, the admin user was not able to unlock applications created by other users. This issue has been resolved.	SF00992802
Previously, default applications were getting selected while exporting an app. The tag binding was also lost on importing an exported app. This issue has been resolved.	SF00993932
Previously in the OPC UA data source, special characters were not allowed in the User Name field to specify domain users for authentication. This issue has been resolved.	SF00996520

#### Table 4. Compatibility Matrix

#### The following products are compatible with Operations Hub.

Product	Required Version
Proficy Historian	Historian 7.2 with the latest SIM
	• Historian 8.0
	• Historian 8.1
	• Historian 9.0
	• Historian 9.1
	• Historian 2022
	Note:
	Historian REST APIs are required for REST inte-
	gration between Operations Hub and Historian
	8.x and above. Historian REST APIs are installed

#### Table 4. Compatibility Matrix

#### The following products are compatible with Operations Hub.

Product	Required Version
	automatically when you install Historian web- based clients.
Proficy Plant Applications	<ul> <li>Plant Applications 8.0, SIM3, for Integrated Process Apps</li> <li>Plant Applications 8.1</li> <li>Plant Applications 8.2</li> </ul>
Proficy Authentication (UAA)	UAA 2022
Proficy iFIX	<ul> <li>iFIX 6.0 (read operations)</li> <li>iFIX 6.1 (read operations)</li> <li>iFIX 6.5 with latest SIM (OPC UA + Workspace) (read and write operations)</li> <li>iFIX 2022 (read and write operations)</li> </ul> Note: Mimic and model publish to Operations Hub 2.1
	is supported only with iFIX 6.5 with latest SIM and iFIX 2022.
Proficy CIMPLICITY	<ul> <li>CIMPLICITY 10 (read operations)</li> <li>CIMPLICITY 11 (read operations)</li> <li>CIMPLICITY 11.1 (read and write operations)</li> <li>CIMPLICITY 2022 (read and write operations)</li> </ul>
	Note: Mimic and model publish to Operations Hub 2.1 is supported only with CIMPLICITY 11.1 CIM- PLICITY 2022.
Proficy Workflow	Workflow 2.6 SP1 SIM4
GE Common Licensing	Version 20.2.2002

# Chapter 2. Getting Started in Windows

# Installing Operations Hub on Windows

### System Requirements

This topic provides the requirements for hardware components, browsers, and operating systems.

When you install Operations Hub, all the required components are automatically installed.

#### **Minimum Hardware Requirements**

You can install Operations Hub on a processor with 4-core configuration and a RAM of 16 GB.

To support up to 300 concurrent users, you need a hardware configuration of at least 32GB and an 8-core CPU.

#### **Supported Operating Systems**

You can install Operations Hub on any of the following desktop operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows 11
- Microsoft Windows Server 2016
- Microsoft Windows Server 2019
- Microsoft Windows Server 2022

#### Operations Hub can also be installed on VMs deployed on Azure and AWS.

#### **Supported SQL Versions**

You can use Operations Hub with external data sources from the following relational databases:

- Microsoft SQL Server 2016
- Microsoft SQL Server 2017
- Microsoft SQL Server 2019

#### **Supported Browsers**

You can access Operations Hub using any of the following web browsers:

- Google Chrome (recommended)
- Mozilla Firefox
- Apple Safari
- Chromium Edge

We recommend using a resolution of 1600 x 1200 for the browser. In addition, use a relatively modern device so that the browser has enough resources to render the visualizations and respond to user interactions with adequate performance.

The following mobile devices are supported for client access (end-app support only):

- iOS 12.0 or later
- Android 9.0 or later



#### Note:

We recommend using a device with medium to high resolution, and in landscape mode.

#### **Compatibility Matrix**

Product	Required Version
Proficy Historian	Historian 7.2 with the latest SIM
	• Historian 8.0
	• Historian 8.1
	• Historian 9.0
	• Historian 9.1
	• Historian 2022
	Note: Historian REST APIs are required for REST inte- gration between Operations Hub and Historian 8.x and above. Historian REST APIs are installed automatically when you install Historian web- based clients.
Proficy Plant Applications	Plant Applications 8.0, SIM3, for Integrated
	Process Apps
	Plant Applications 8.1
	Plant Applications 8.2
Proficy Authentication (UAA)	UAA 2022

#### The following products are compatible with Operations Hub.

Product	Required Version	
Proficy iFIX	<ul> <li>iFIX 6.0 (read operations)</li> <li>iFIX 6.1 (read operations)</li> <li>iFIX 6.5 with latest SIM (OPC UA + Workspace) (read and write operations)</li> <li>iFIX 2022 (read and write operations)</li> </ul>	
	Note: Mimic and model publish to Operations Hub 2.1 is supported only with iFIX 6.5 with latest SIM and iFIX 2022.	
Proficy CIMPLICITY	<ul> <li>CIMPLICITY 10 (read operations)</li> <li>CIMPLICITY 11 (read operations)</li> <li>CIMPLICITY 11.1 (read and write operations)</li> <li>CIMPLICITY 2022 (read and write operations)</li> </ul>	
	Note: Mimic and model publish to Operations Hub 2.1 is supported only with CIMPLICITY 11.1 CIM- PLICITY 2022.	
Proficy Workflow	Workflow 2.6 SP1 SIM4	
GE Common Licensing	Version 20.2.2002	

## Licenses for Operations Hub

This topic describes the licenses available, and the differences between them.

Install the licensing client software from the Operations Hub ISO right after installing Operations Hub.

Install Operations Hub Install License Client View Documentation

# fair and the second sec

Exit

#### Note:

Previous licensing is replaced with Proficy licensing. For information on installing and configuring your license, refer to the GE Support site.

These are the three license levels for using Operations Hub.

#### **Trial Version**

If you do not have a license yet, you can start with a trial version that lasts for a period of two hours, and is limited to a single user.

#### **Operations Hub Add-On for Historian**

It is available as an Add-On when you purchase Proficy Historian. This is the only application provided for this tier with limited functionality. Refer to the Functionality Comparison *(on page 24)* table to compare with the full product functionality.

#### **Analysis Tier**

With this tier, you have complete access to Operations Hub end-to-end functionality.

### Functionality Comparison

Functionality	Operations Hub Add- On for Historian	Analysis Tier
Ability to create, edit, and delete data sources	Yes	Yes
Ability to create, edit, and delete entities	Yes	Yes
Ability to create, edit, and delete queries	Yes	Yes
Ability to assign permissions for events	Yes	Yes
Ability to view Out of the box Analysis App	Yes	Yes
Ability to create, edit, and delete apps	Νο	Yes
Ability to assign permissions for apps	Yes	Yes
Ability to assign permissions for app pages	Yes	Yes
Ability to create, edit, and delete users	Yes	Yes
Ability to change your own pass- word	Yes	Yes
Ability to create, edit, and delete roles	Yes	Yes
Ability to map existing UAA groups	Yes	Yes
Ability to map Existing LDAP groups	Yes	Yes

### Install Operations Hub

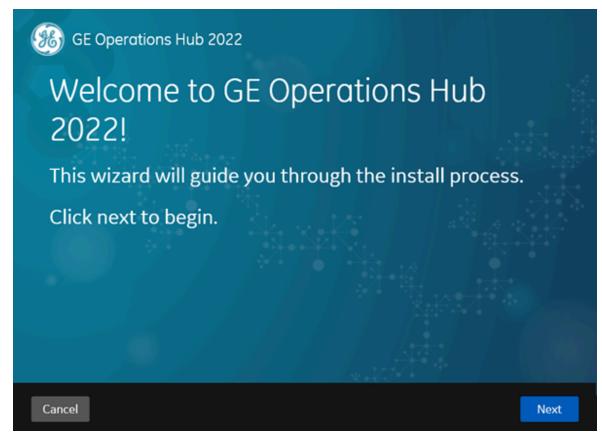
This topic describes how to perform step-by-step installation of Operations Hub.

- Ensure that the machine on which you want to install Operations Hub meets the System Requirements (on page 20).
- Use a machine that does not host any applications that are bundled with Operations Hub.
- Run a Windows update (including security updates).
- Use a host name that contains up to 24 characters and any of the following characters:
  - Alphabetic characters
  - Numeric characters
  - ∘ Minus
  - Period
- Ensure that you have administrative privileges to the machine on which you want to install Operations Hub.

This topic describes how to install Operations Hub stand-alone (by downloading the installer from Salesforce).

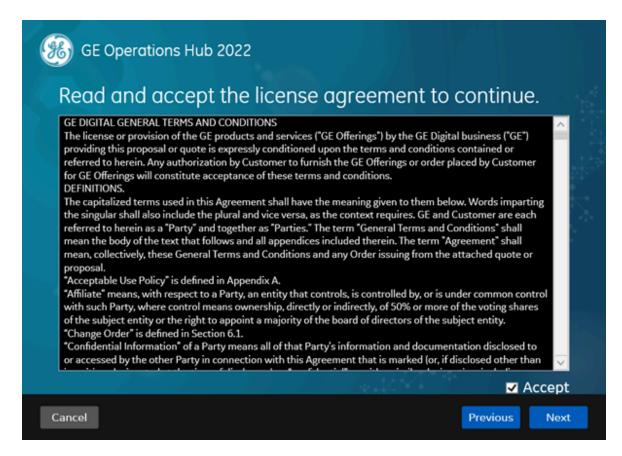
You can also install Operations Hub in unattended mode (on page 45).

1. Run the Operations Hub installation DVD, and then select **Install GE Operations Hub**. The welcome screen appears.



#### 2. Select Next.

The license agreement screen appears.



3. Select the Accept check box, and then select Next.

The TCP port screen appears to check whether the ports chosen for Operations Hub are available.

GE Operations Hub	b 2022	
TCP port check:		
	s will be used by GE Operations Hub 2022 at runtin existing applications, the installer has scanned the nd found no conflict.	
	ntinue, or review all the ports to be used by the ne Show Details box below.	
Show Details: 🗖		
Cancel	Previous	Next

To review or change the ports for Operations Hub, select the Show Details check box.
 The TCP port assignments screen appears with a list of ports used by the various components in Operations Hub.

Public https port :	443		IQP Hazelcast port 1 :	5901	· ·
UAA http port :	9480		IQP Hazelcast port 2 :	5902	
IdP config svc port :	7010		IQP Hazelcast port 3 :	5903	1°
Security app port :	7011		IQP Endapp port :	3000	
UAA database port :	9432		IQP Endapp internal port :	8223	
MQTT External port :	1883		WebHMI http port :	9482	
MQTT Internal port :	1884		WebHMI database port :	9434	
Zookeeper port :	2181		Data distributor port :	9002	
Kafka port :	9092		Alarm service port :	9004	
Review and remove o signs). Cancel	r reconfigure an	y other p	programs that cause conflict:	s (indicated by Previous	

Generally, a port number higher than 1023 should be assigned, since ports 0 to1023 are well known ports typically already assigned on Windows systems for different purposes.

5. If needed, modify the port numbers, and then select Next.

The Host Names screen appears populating default host name values.

Host Names			
	access to the hosted web applications, please provide v qualified domain names and others) of this server, mma.		
All Host Names:	ghrhr6y2e.logon.ds.ge.com,ghrhr6y2e,localhost,127.0.0.1,ophub-host		
Primary Host Name:	ghrhr6y2e.logon.ds.ge.com		
Notes:			
- The primary host name r	must be resolvable on all client nodes.		
- IP addresses may be ent	ered if you want users to be able to access web applications by IP address.		
- Environment variables e	nclosed in percentage signs are allowed and must be evaluated to valid names.		
	rate a server certificate and to configure Proficy Authentication. If additional Proficy d hence subdomains) are to be created, use wildcard entries instead of listing		

6. Enter the details as follows:

Field	Description
All Host Names	Machine details to access Operations Hub fol- lowing the install. Choose from: • Fully qualified domain name (FQDN) • host name • IP address
	<ul> <li>Note:         <ul> <li>If you want to provide more than one of the aforementioned values, use a comma to separate them.</li> <li>If you want to add the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) after completion of the install, the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Field	Description	
	safest way to apply the FQDN is to uninstall without purge, and then reinstall with the FQDN in the Host Names screen.	
Primary Host Name	This field remains in a disabled state. It is up- dated with the first value from <b>All Host Names</b> .	

#### 7. Select Next.

The Proficy Authentication Service screen appears.

Proficy Authentication	n Service
Configure a built-in or extern	al Proficy Authentication instance
Jse External Proficy Authentication:	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - <del>1</del> - 1 - <del>1</del> - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Admin Client Id:	admin
Admin Client Secret:	•••••
Re-enter Secret:	•••••
Show Advanced Settings: 🔽	
Proficy Authentication Login Session T	fimeout: 30

8. If you want to use the Proficy Authentication (UAA) service that is integrated with Operations Hub, then enter the following details.

Field	Description
Admin Client Id	The client Id to log in to the Proficy Authentica- tion application.

Field	Description
Admin Client Secret	The client secret to log in to the Proficy Authen-
	tication application.
	Client secret should be at least 8 charac-
	ters, containing at least:
	<ul> <li>one upper case</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>one lower case</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>one numeric</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>one special character</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Client secret cannot contain the amper-</li> </ul>
	sand (&) or percent (%) special charac-
	ters.
Re-enter Secret	Verifies and confirms the client secret.
Use External Proficy Authentication	Select the check box if you want to use an ex- ternal Proficy Authentication service.
Show Advanced Settings	Select the check box to reveal the option to set login session timeout.
Proficy Authentication Login Session Timeout	Enter the idle time for a login session in min- utes. After expiry of the idle time, you must log in to the application again to resume working.

9. If you choose to use an external Proficy Authentication service, then enter the details as follows:

Field	Description
Proficy Authentication Base URL	URL of Proficy Authentication (UAA) service.
	Note: • If referencing Historian 7.x UAA, then use a URL similar to this: https://historian7x:8443/uaa. If referencing Historian 8.x or later, then use a URL with-
	out port number. For example:
	https://historian8x/uaa.

Field	Description
	<ul> <li>Historian 7.x requires a different port than Historian 8.x or later. For Historian 7.x, the default port to connect to Proficy Authentication is 8443. For Historian 8.x or later, the default port to connect to UAA is 443.</li> <li>If the ports were customized, then use the selected port.</li> </ul>
Admin Client Id	ID of the administrator account of the Proficy Authentication client.
Admin Client Secret	Client secret of the administrator account.
Proficy Authentication certificate file	The path to the certificate file used by the Proficy Authentication service.
	<ul> <li>Note:</li> <li>If provided, the certificate file must be a .pem file for the root issuer (not the Proficy Authentication server certificate).</li> <li>Export the root certificate from Proficy Authentication Service, and save using the Base 64 option (as shown in the following figure). Then, rename the exported .cer file to .pem so you can use it here in Operations Hub.</li> <li>After completion of install, this certificate should also be imported into Trusted Root Certification Authorities certification</li> </ul>

Field	Description
	cate store on client machines, to suppress warnings given by browsers such as Chrome.

Cartification	Certification Path	
	atn TACO Root CA 202003041701	्त र
	General Details Certification Path Show: <all></all>	
	Field Value ^	← 😺 Certificate Export Wizard
	Serial number Sf df 12 b6 ef 84 74 f3 Signature algorithm sha256R5A Signature hash algorithm sha2556 Issuer GE Customer, Operations Hub	Expert File Format Certificates can be exported in a variety of file formats.
ertificate sta	Valid from Tuesday, March 3, 2020 8:00: Valid to Sunday, March 2, 2025 8:00:0 Subject GE Cristomer: Operations High	Select the format you want to use:
This certifical		O DER encoded binary X.509 (.CER)
		Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER)
		Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard - PKCS #7 Certificates (.P78) Include all certificates in the certification path if possible
		Personal Information Exchange - PKCS #12 (.PFX)
_		Include all certificates in the certification path if possible
Edit Pr	Edit Properties Copy to File	Delete the private key if the export is successful
	Copy to rate.	Export all extended properties
		Enable certificate privacy
	ОК	Microsoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)

10. Select **Test** to test the connection to the external Proficy Authentication instance based on the provided details.

These are some of the possible messages you may encounter when testing the connection.

Issue	Warning	Resolution
Invalid credentials	401 Unauthorized.	Check the admin client ID and admin client secret provided to the External Proficy Authenti- cation URL.
No certificate	The test will pass, but the user is requested to provide the Proficy Authentication root is- suer's certificate.	Provide the Proficy Authentica- tion root issuer certificate file in the install.

Issue	Warning	Resolution
Invalid certificate	Test succeeds but the certifi- cate is not used- error reported if bad certificate used.	Provide the correct Proficy Au- thentication root issuer certifi- cate file in the install.
Incorrect case sensitivity in URL or host name has a mis- match	<ul> <li>Test succeeds but changes are required due:</li> <li>External Proficy Authentication server name resolution.</li> <li>Actual mismatch with the Proficy Authentication base URL and the issuer Uri in the uaa.yml file.</li> </ul>	Make sure the issuer Uri in the uaa.yml file and the Proficy Au- thentication Base URL match exactly.
Error connecting to External Proficy Authentication	External Proficy Authentication server name resolution issue.	Check to make sure the Exter- nal Proficy Authentication is running. Check to make sure the issuer Uri in the uaa.yml file and the Proficy Authentication Base URL match.
Error negotiating TLS connec- tion	The issuer Uri in the uaa.yml has just the host name while the user provides an FQDN in the Proficy Authentication base URL.	This error happens either while testing the user entered Profi- cy Authentication Base URL or when testing the issuer Uri. The error message will indicate what issue is. The root cause is due to either the name in the Proficy Authentication base url or the issuer URI name under testing can not be authenticat- ed by the certificate provided. Again, make sure the issuer Uri in the uaa.yml file and the Profi- cy Authentication Base URL match exactly.

#### Note:

- To locate the uaa.yml file on the Historian machine, go to the following folder: C:\ProgramData\GE\Operations Hub\uaa-config\uaa.yml. Find the issuer: uri: https://<YourHistorianServerName>/uaa.
- The install is not blocked from proceeding without the corrections from the previous table. However, there will be some runtime errors which may require an administrator to reconfigure. See the following scenarios for Historian 7.x and Historian 8.x or later.

**For Historian 8.x or Later**: If Proficy Authentication URL in the Operations Hub install does NOT match with the Historian 8.x or later UAA URL, then you receive an Issue not trusted error when attempting to import a model. Examples of Proficy Authentication URLs used during the Operations Hub install may be a URL with a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) or one that includes a port number such as: https://z840his2019:443/uaa. If there is a mismatch, change Historian's UAA uaa.yml file so the issuer URI matches with that in the certificate. If Historian 8.x or later is installed with a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN), then utilize the FQDN when specifying the external Proficy Authentication URL. For example: http://histFQDN/uaa.

If Historian 8.x or later is installed with a host name like historians, then utilize the host name when specifying the external Proficy Authentication URL. For example: http://historian8/uaa.

Basically, the issuer URI in the uaa.yml file and the Proficy Authentication Base URL must match exactly. This will ensure the Operations Hub Administrator user is able to login successfully.

**For Historian 7.x**: If Proficy Authentication URL in the Operations Hub install does NOT match the Historian 7.x UAA URL, then you receive an Issue not trusted error when attempting to import a model. To resolve this:

- a. Get the external Proficy Authentication URL that you entered during install. For example, https://historian7:8443/uaa.
- b. On the Historian machine, access the yaml file located here: C:\Program Files\GE Digital \UAA\uaa.yml.
- c. Modify the uaa.yml to add the following lines at the end of the file:

issuer: uri: https://historian7:8443/uaa

If Historian 7.x is installed with a host name like historian7, then it is recommended to use the external Proficy Authentication URL of https://historian7:8443/uaa during the Operations Hub

install. In this case, the Operations Hub Admin user is created correctly, and avoids invalid redirect URL error.

#### 11. Select Next.

The Create Tenant Admin Account screen appears.

User Id:	OphubAdmin
Password:	
Re-enter Password:	•••••
	F / K.K.K. / P.A.K.

12. Enter the following details, and then select Next.

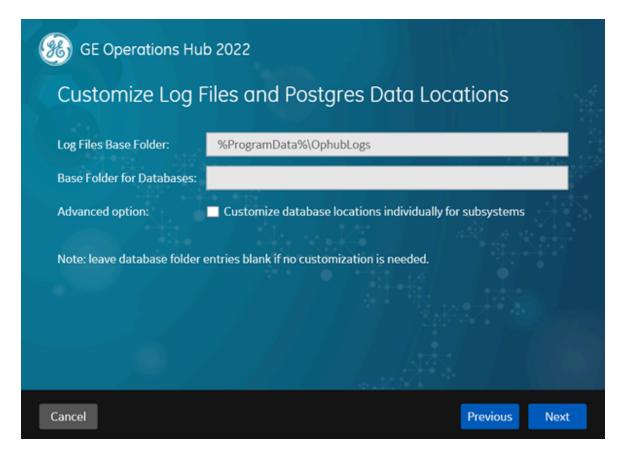
Field	Description
User Id	User ID of the administrator account for Opera-
	tions Hub. When you provide the tenant user ID,
	the following conditions apply:
	• If you are installing Operations Hub for
	the first time, do not provide StudioAd-
	min as the tenant user ID because it is
	used by Operations Hub.
	• If you want to use a shared Proficy Au-
	thentication to work with Operations
	Hub, do not provide the user ID of an ex-

Field	Description
	isting user of the Proficy Authentication
	instance. If you do so, the installation
	fails.
	<ul> <li>If you are reinstalling Operations Hub,</li> </ul>
	do not provide the tenant user ID that
	you previously provided. This is because
	even if you purged the data while unin-
	stalling Operations Hub, the user ac-
	count, along with the groups and privi-
	leges assigned to the user, still exists in
	the Proficy Authentication instance.
Password	Password for the administrator account.
Re-enter Password	To confirm, re-enter the password for the ad-
	ministrator account.

The Select Drive for Programs and Data screen appears.

GE Operations Hub	2022
Select Drive for	Programs and Data
Customize Install Drive: 🛛	
Install to This Drive:	F:
	ay still be installed to the default drive. ely customize locations for log files and database files next.
Cancel	Previous Next

- 13. If you want to choose a different drive to install, select the **Customize Install Drive** check box. A list of available fixed hard drives on your system appears on the install screen. This screen appears only when more than one fixed hard drive is available on the host machine.
- Select the drive where you want to install, then select Next.
   The Customize Log Files and Postgres Data Locations screen appears.

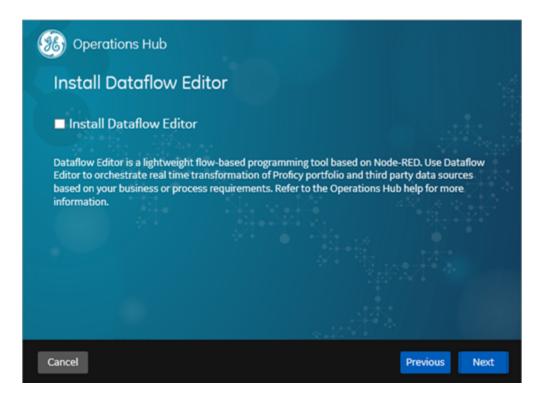


15. Enter the following details, and then select Next.

Field	Description
Log Files Base Folder	The path to the log files generated by Opera- tions Hub. By default, the value in this field is %ProgramData%\OphubLogs.
Base Folder for Databases	The path to the base folder for the Proficy Au- thentication, Operations Hub, and WebHMI databases. If you want to use the default folder, leave this field blank. Otherwise, enter the path to the folder that you want to use.
Customize database locations individually for subsystems	Select the check box if you want to use differ- ent folders for each database.
Proficy Authentication Database Folder	This field appears only if you have selected the <b>Customize database locations individually for</b> <b>subsystems</b> check box. Enter the database

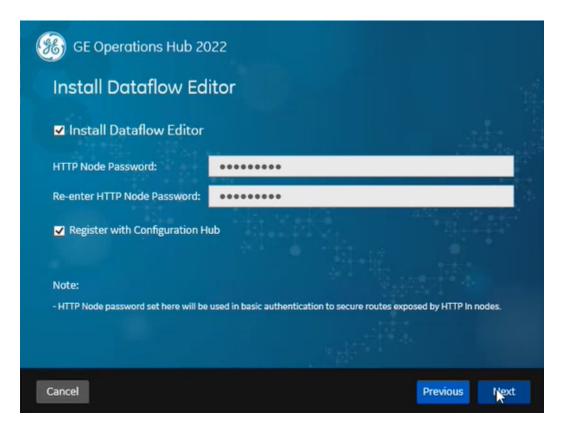
Field	Description
	folder that you want to use for Proficy Authen-
	tication. If you want to use the default folder,
	leave this field blank.
IQP Database Folder	This field appears only if you have selected the
	Customize database locations individually for
	subsystems check box. Enter the database
	folder that you want to use for Operations Hub.
	If you want to use the default folder, leave this
	field blank.
WebHMI Database Folder	This field appears only if you have selected the
	Customize database locations individually for
	subsystems check box. Enter the database
	folder that you want to use for WebHMI. If you
	want to use the default folder, leave this field
	blank.

The Install Dataflow Editor screen appears.



- 16. Select the **Install Dataflow Editor** check box if you want to install the tool along with Operations Hub.
- 17. Enter the following details, then select **Next**.

Field	Description
Http Node Password	Password to secure the Dataflow Editor http node.
Re-enter Http Node Password	Verifies and confirms the password.
Register with Configuration Hub	Select the check box if you want to register Dataflow Editor with Configuration Hub. Before registering, make sure that security authentica- tion source is configured for Configuration Hub.
	If you choose to register later, refer to Manual- ly Register Dataflow Editor with Configuration Hub <i>(on page 134)</i> .



If you choose to register with Configuration Hub, the **Configuration Hub Information** screen appears.

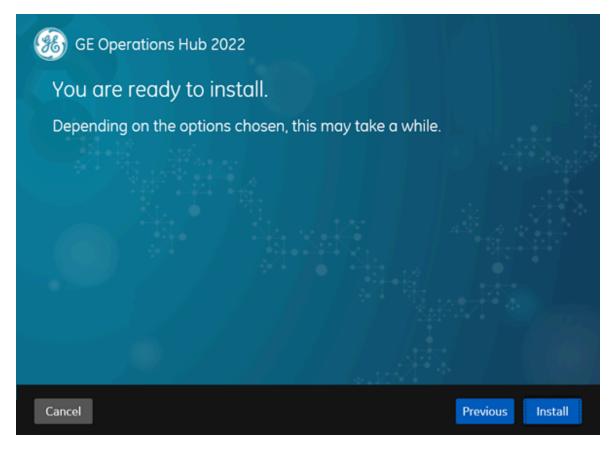
18. Enter the following details:

Field	Description
Base URL	Base URL of Configuration Hub container ser- vice, such as https://chhost:5000/contain- er-svc/.
Client Id	Identifier of a client that has permission (au- thority) to register with Configuration Hub.
Client Secret	Client secret that can authenticate the client.

🛞 GE Oper	ations Hub 2022	
Configur	ation Hub Information	
Base URL:	https://localhost:5000/container-svc/	
Client ID:	confighubadmin	Y
Client Secret:	••••••	
2.5.1811.0		
Cancel	Previous Next	

### 19. Select Next.

The ready to install screen appears.



20. Select Install.

After the installation is complete, a message appears, specifying that the installation is complete. A link to the log folder appears. All the services used by Operations Hub are started.



- 1. It is recommended that you restart your computer following an upgrade of Operations Hub if Plant Applications and Operations Hub coexist on the same resource.
- 2. After upgrading to Operations Hub 2.0, you will notice the IQP designer uses app\_name instead of app\_id in its URLs.
- 3. If upgrading from 2.0 to 2.1 or later, restart the WebClient services to allow the Plant Applications Web Client to connect successfully to Operations Hub.
  - If using Enterprise WebClient version, restart the Docker service.
  - If using Standard WebClient version, restart the GE PlantApps WebClient Master Control service.
- 4. Remember to clear your browser cache after upgrading to a newer version of Operations Hub.

- 5. If a firewall is running on the server, configure the firewall to make sure the public https port used by Operations Hub Public is not blocked. Typically, the port is 443, but can be a different value that you have selected or that was changed to avoid a conflict. If you are not sure of the port number, the shortcut (URL) placed on the desktop should contain it.
- Install the Certificate on your Clients *(on page 46)* (on each client that you will use to access Operations Hub ).
- Log in to Operations Hub (on page 53).

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• Install Site Administration Addon (on page 54).

# Install Operations Hub in Unattended Mode

This topic describes how to perform a silent install for Operations Hub.

1. Open an elevated command prompt in Windows.

#### Command Prompt > Run as administrator

2. Run the following command:

<Operations Hub installation folder>\OpHub-Windows-Installer>ophub\_bundle.exe <switch>, where <switch> is one of the following values:

- -q, -quiet, -s, -silent: Use one of these values to initiate the automated installation.
- -passive: Use this value if you want progress bar to appear during the installation.

For example: ophub\_bundle.exe /quiet UAA\_ADMIN\_CLIENT\_SECRET=adminclientsec

OPHUB\_TENANT\_PASSWORD=adminuserpassword

Operations Hub is installed.

To install to a different drive from the command line, refer to Non-System Drive Install (on page 45).

You can also install Operations Hub manually (on page 25).

Log in to Operations Hub (on page 53).

## Non-System Drive Install

This topic describes how to install to a drive other than C: drive using command line.

Open Windows PowerShell or the Command Prompt with Administrative privileges to install from command line.

- 1. Right-click Windows PowerShell or Command Prompt and select **Run as administrator**.
- 2. Type Ophub\_bundle.exe CUSTOM\_INSTALL\_DRIVE=E:
- 3. Press Enter on your keyboard.

The application program files (which usually go to C:\Program Files\GE) and runtime data directories (usually under C:\ProgramData\GE\) are relocated to E: drive.

# Install the Certificate on your Clients

This topic describes how to install the Certificate Authority (CA) certificate on each client that you will use to access Operations Hub.

1. On the client machine, open a browser such as Google Chrome and access the Operations Hub server using the url: https://opshubservername/iqp.

The browser should display a "Not secure" icon.

- 2. Right-click the Not Secure icon, which should lead you to a Certificate dialog box.
- 3. Find the issuer in the **Certificate Path** tab.
- 4. On the issuer, select View Certificate.
- 5. In the Certificate dialog box, on the issuer certificate, select the Details tab and then Copy To File.
- 6. Right-click that exported certificate file, and choose to import it into the Trusted Root Certificate Authorities store.

Certificate ×	>
eral Defails Certification Path ow: <a href="https://www.enablight.com"></a>	← 🖉 Certificate Export Wizard
Field     Value     •       Version     V3       Serial number     39ab3d8f25353031       Signature algorithm     sha256R5A       Signature hash alg     sha256R5A       Signature hash alg     sha256R5A       Signature hash alg     sha256R5A       Valid from     Sunday, March 22,       Valid to     Tuesday, March 22,       Subject     OPSHUBDEMO       Subject     OPSHUBDEMO       Public kev     RSA (2048 Bits)	Export File Format Certificates can be exported in a variety of file formats. Select the format you want to use: DER encoded binary X.509 (.CER) Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER) Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard - PKCS #7 Certificates (.P7B) Include all certificates in the certification path if possible Personal Information Exchange - PKCS #12 (.PFX) Include all certificates in the certification path if possible
Edit Properties Copy to File	Delete the private key if the export is successful     Export all extended properties     Enable certificate privacy     Microsoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)
OK	Next Cancel
Certificate Import Wizard  Certificate Store Certificate stores are system areas where certificate	ites are kept.
Windows can automatically select a certificate stor the certificate. Automatically select the certificate store bas Place all certificates in the following store	sed on the type of Select the certificate store you want to use.
the certificate.	

# Install Operations Hub, Historian and SCADA on a Single Machine

This topic describes the installation of Operations Hub, Historian, and SCADA (iFix, Cimplicity) on the same computer.

Ensure that the machine on which you want to install meets the installation requirements for these applications.

- Operations Hub 2022
- Historian 2022
- iFix 2022
- Cimplicity 2022 and Webspace 6.0

You can install the applications in any order, and in multiple combinations, on the same machine. The order of installation in the following steps is only an example to accomplish this task. You can use a shared Proficy Authentication (UAA) for installing multiple products on the same computer.

- 1. Run the installation DVD for Historian, and install web-based clients:
  - Historian Server
  - Historian Collectors
  - Historian Web Based Client

The installation creates an application shortcut for the components on your desktop. Proficy Authentication is also installed as part of the Historian installation.

- 2. On the same machine, run the installation for SCADA (iFix or Cimplicity). Configure the following:
  - a. Create and configure SCADA points.
  - b. Configure Alarms.
  - c. Configure and publish pictures/mimics to Operations Hub (after Operations Hub is installed).
- 3. On the same machine, run the installation DVD for Operations Hub, and follow the wizard to install the application *(on page 25)*.

Important points to consider:

• The FQDN details cannot be modified if you install Operations Hub after installing Historian on the same machine. The host names provided during Historian installation are acquired by default.

GE Operation	s Hub
Host Names	
	access to the hosted web applications, please provide qualified domain names and others) of this server, mma.
All Host Names:	vmrgqa-5.htclab.ge.com,vmrgqa-5
Primary Host Name:	vmrgqa-5.htclab.ge.com
	nust be resolvable on all client nodes.
	ered if you want users to be able to access web applications by IP address. nclosed in percentage signs are allowed and must be evaluated to valid names.
- Entries are used to gene	rate a server certificate and to configure UAA. If additional UAA zones (and hence ated, use wildcard entries instead of listing subdomains individually.
Cancel	Previous Next

• Do not select **Use External Proficy Authentication** if installing Operations Hub after installing Historian on the same machine. Historian's UAA instance is already installed on your machine.

GE Operations Hub 2022		
Proficy Authentication	n Service	
Configure a built-in or extern	al Proficy Authentication instar	ice
Use External Proficy Authentication:		
Proficy Authentication Base URL:	https://ghrhr6y2e.logon.ds.ge.com/ua	Test
Admin Client Id:	admin	I. KK
Admin Client Secret:	•••••	
Proficy Authentication certificate file:		Browse View
	thentication service should provide you t ate above, view and confirm. Use the Test	
Cancel		Previous Next

4. After installing, log in to Operations Hub with your user credentials.

If you open Historian Web Admin while logged into Operations Hub on the same machine, you may receive an error stating that access is denied due to insufficient privileges.

- 5. In Operations Hub, go to Manage > Users, and access your user account.
- 6. Add historian\_visualization.admin and historian\_visualization.user to **Groups** and save. Historian privileges are assigned to the user account.
- 7. If you run into a *Unable to load data sources* error, refer to troubleshooting *(on page 600)* for resolving the issue.

If you installed Operations Hub followed by Historian on the same machine, then search for Operations Hub log files in the Historian's log folder. Both application log files are created in C:\ProgramData \HistorianWebBasedClientLogs.

## **Backup and Restore**

This topic describes how to perform backups and restore the Operations Hub database.

You must have Administrator access.

You can backup and restore Operations Hub versions starting from 1.7 to the current release.

### Note:

During the execution of backup and restore scripts, all services are stopped. Services start automatically once the backup/restore is complete.

- 1. Download the PowerShell scripts for backup, restore, and scheduler.
- 2. Unzip the downloaded file to access the scripts and jar files.
- 3. Perform an Operations Hub backup (on page 51).
- 4. Restore from an Operations Hub backup (on page 51).
- 5. Schedule a backup of Operations Hub (on page 52).

## Back Up the Operations Hub Database

Refer Backup and Restore (on page 50).

- 1. Launch Windows PowerShell, and navigate to the location of the backup script file.
- 2. Execute BackUp\_OperationsHub.ps1 to perform a backup of the UAA, IQP, and WebHMI database. The OPERATIONS\_HUB\_BKP\_20211013-120559.zip backup is saved to C:\ProgramData. The filename includes the respective backup's datetime in the YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS format.

## Restore the Operations Hub Database

It is recommended to take a backup of your current database before continuing with the restore operation. In case you cancel the restore operation, you can recover your current data from the backup.

# Note:

The restore operation deletes everything from the current system database.

Refer Backup and Restore (on page 50).

- 1. Log in to the machine where Operations Hub is installed.
- 2. Copy the db-intializer.jar of the version you want to restore to this location: \Program Files\GE \Operations Hub\iqp-tomcat\webapps\site\WEB-INF

### Note:

You can skip this step if you are restoring versions 2.1 SIM 2 or later. The jar file is already available at the location.

3. Launch Windows PowerShell, and navigate to the location of the restore script file.

4. Enter the path to the backup zip file, and execute Restore\_OperationsHub.ps1 to restore the database.

#### For example:

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> .\Restore_OperationsHub.ps1
C:\ProgramData\OPERATIONS_HUB_BKP_20211013-120559.zip
```

The database is restored.

# Schedule Operations Hub Database Backup

Refer Backup and Restore (on page 50).

- 1. Launch Windows PowerShell, and navigate to the location of the backup scheduler script file.
- 2. Execute BackupScheduler\_OperationsHub.ps1 to schedule a backup.
  - a. To create a scheduler, enter  ${\tt Create}.$
  - b. Enter a name for your backup.
  - c. Enter a description of your backup.
  - d. Enter  ${\tt Daily}$  to take a backup every day, or  ${\tt Weekly}$  to backup every week.
  - e. Enter time in the suggested format to take a daily/weekly backup at the given time.
  - f. Enter the location of your backup script.
    - For example:

PS C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\db-backup-restore\Backup\_OperationsHub.ps1

A daily/weekly backup is scheduled.

- a. To delete a scheduler, enter Delete.
- b. Enter the name of the backup for which you want to delete the schedule.
   The daily/weekly schedule for the respective backup is deleted.

The backups are saved to C:\ProgramData.

#### **Troubleshooting:**

 When you run a .ps1 PowerShell script you might get the following message .ps1 is not digitally signed. The script will not execute on the system.
 To fix it you have to run the following command to run set-ExecutionPolicy and change the Execution Policy setting.

Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope Process -ExecutionPolicy Bypass

This command sets the execution policy to bypass for only the current PowerShell session after the window is closed. The next PowerShell session will open running with the default execution policy. "Bypass" means nothing is blocked. No warnings, prompts, or messages are displayed.

- For LDAP user connectivity, make sure the Active Directory server is accessible to both the servers:
  - $^{\circ}$  the server from where we take the data backup
  - the server to which we restore the data

If the data restored server cannot access LDAP server, the Invalid Credentials error message appears.

# **Post-Installation Tasks**

## Setting Up Operations Hub

## Log in to Operations Hub

Use your credentials to login and access the Operations Hub homepage.

Only a single user from a UAA instance can be logged into a browser instance at a time, even across multiple tabs.

If you want to log in as a different user, you must first log out of all the active product sessions. For Operations Hub, this includes the Operations Hub Designer, the Site Admin console, and applications created using Operations Hub.

- 1. In a web browser, enter the server name. Alternatively, you can use the shortcut provided on the desktop after installation.
- 2. Log in with the credentials that you specified during installation.

The Operations Hub home page appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED	1		
+ Add new app 🕹 Import	tApp 🔅 📢 📢	1 Duick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C' 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

Depending on the Operations Hub solution you purchased, perform one of the following steps:

- If you have installed Operations Hub by downloading it from Salesforce, run the siteadmin\_addon
  installer package (on page 54) to access the Site Admin console, which is used to configure an
  MQTT server (on page 56) or an email server.
- If you have installed the Operations Hub add-on for Historian, access the Historian analysis application. This is the only application you can access. You cannot modify or delete this application.

On iOS devices (iPhone/iPad), enable the self-signed certificate to secure websockets.

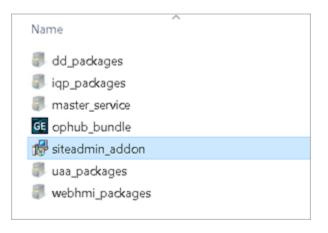
- 1. Go to Settings > General > About > Certificate Trust Settings.
- 2. Under Enable Full Trust for Root Certificates, enable your root certificate.

## Install Site Administration Addon

You must install the addon to access the Site Administration Console.

Log out and close all the browser windows before you run the installer.

1. Run the **siteadmin\_addon** Windows installer package from the Operations Hub installation DVD.



- 2. Accept the license agreement and install the package.
- 3. Make a note of the Site Admin user account credentials before you finish the installation.

d GE Operations Hub Site Admi	inistration Addon Setup	-		×
S	Completed the GE Operations Hub Site Administration Addon Setup Wizard Site Administration Console allows a special administrator			
	account to access server settings. To log into <u>Site Admin Console</u> , please use the credentials			
	below.	s use u le u	ederidais	
	Username: StudioAdmin			
	Password: 285SVXE2GtM5hnVht9		Сору	
	Please note: you MUST save or we credentials prior to closing this so		these	
	If you would like to change these cred and use the password change link avai			em
	Yes, I have saved or written down	the creden	tials.	
	Back Fini	sh	Cano	el

- In case you closed the setup wizard without making a note of the credentials (password), then reinstall the addon and note them down.
- If you changed the password of the Site Admin user account, remember to enter the new password on the login page. Some web browsers may populate cached credentials that are outdated.
- The Site Admin Console is used to configure MQTT settings or an email server. Do not use the console to change the password.
- If you have configured Historian UAA as the external UAA to be used with Operations Hub, you can change the password only after performing the following steps:
  - a. Access the uaa.yml file. By default, this file is located in the following folder: C: \Program Files\GE Digital\UAA
  - b. Add the following line at the end of the uaa.yml file: issuer: uri: https:// historian:8443/uaa. Do not enter a leading space before the line.
  - c. Restart the Historian Embedded Tomcat Container service.

Configure MQTT Broker Settings (on page 56).

# Set up an Email Server

If using a Self-Signed certificate to set up an email server, follow these steps:

- 1. Copy the certificate.pem to a folder on the Operations Hub host machine.
- 2. Access C:\ProgramData\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-config\IQP\app\setting.conf.
- 3. Update setting.conf with the following code: iqp\_mail\_cert\_file=c:\\cert\\certificate.pem

# **Configure MQTT Broker Settings**

If you want to use an MQTT broker to connect to devices, you must configure the settings.

Install Site Administration Addon (on page 54).

- 1. In the Site Administration Console page, select Server settings, and then select Mqtt settings.
- In the Select tenant to configure drop-down list box, select the tenant, and then select Continue. The Account Settings workspace appears.
- 3. Enter values as specified in the following table, and then select **Update**.

Field	Description	
Cloud url	Enter the IP address or the URL of the MQTT	
	broker that you want to use.	

Field	Description
Pull interval	Enter the time interval, in milliseconds, at which the Operations Hub MQTT client will connect to send or receive data. By default, it is set to 500 milliseconds.
Use password	Specify if the MQTT broker requires a user name and password to connect. By default, the value in this field is <i>False</i> .
Password	If you selected <i>True</i> in the <b>Use Password</b> field, enter the password in this field. The default password for the installed MQTT broker is mgttpassword.
	Note: It is highly recommended to create a new password if using MQTT in a pro- duction environment. The Mosquit- to password file is located here: c: \Program Files\GE\Operations Hub \mosquitto. To create a new password file, run the following command: mosquitto_passwd -c passwordfile mqttuser Visit https://mosquitto.org/man/ mosquitto_passwd-1.html for com- mand related information. Visit https://mosquitto.org/man/ mosquitto-conf-5.html for information on Mosquitto configuration.
User	If you have selected true in the Use password field, enter the user name in this field. The default user for the installed MQTT broker is mqt-tuser.

Field	Description
Qos	Specify the quality of service (QoS) of the
	MQTT broker by entering one of the following
	values:
	• 0: Indicates that the message is deliv-
	ered at most once or it is not delivered at
	all.
	• 1: Indicates that the message is always
	delivered at least once.
	• 2: Indicates that the message is deliv-
	ered once.
Port	The port number of the MQTT broker. By de-
	fault, the value in this field is 1883, which is the
	standard MQTT port number.

The MQTT broker settings are configured.

# **Display Asset Locations on a Map**

Enable Google Maps for your applications to display asset locations.

While designing a page, you can use the Google Maps widget to display the locations of assets on a map. To do so, you require the API key generated by Google. This topic describes how to access the key and use it in the application that you want to create.

 Access https://cloud.google.com/maps-platform/, and follow the on-screen instructions to generate the API key.

The API key is generated.

## Note:

Ensure that the following APIs are enabled for the key:

- The Geocoding API
- The Maps JavaScript API
- 2. Modify the userconfig.json file located here:

C:\Program Files\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-endapp\public\scripts\data

3. Update the file using the API key and version information provided by Google: Search for "googleMapsVersion" and enter the version number for it. Search for [GOOGLEAPIKEY] and replace (including the brackets) with your API key.

- 4. Save and close the file.
- 5. Restart the Operations Hub IQP Tomcat Web Server service.

The Google Map widget is now available for use in the application. Asset locations are now displayed on a map.

# **Configure Timeout**

After upgrading to a newer version of Operations Hub, configure these timeout settings.

#### **Operations Hub Session Timeout**

Access the web.xml file from these locations, and update the code as follows:

- C:\Program Files\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-tomcat\conf
- C:\Program Files\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-tomcat\webapps\app\WEB-INF
- C:\Program Files\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-tomcat\webapps\site\WEB-INF

<session-config>

```
<session-timeout>30</session-timeout>
```

</session-config>

The default value for session\_destroy\_TIMEOUT is 1 hour. Whenever you set the session timeout
greater than 1 hour in web.xml, add an environment variable session\_destroy\_TIMEOUT with value
session\_timeout\_in\_millisec + 10 minutes in millisec. For example, if you set 2 hours as session
timeout, then set it as 130 \* 60 \* 1000 = 7800000.

### Note:

Restart IQP tomcat whenever you change the environment variable value.

## **UAA Token Timeout**

Access the web.xml file from C:\ProgramFiles\GE\Operations Hub\uaa-tomcat\conf, and update the code as follows:

```
    <session-config>
        <session-timeout>30</session-timeout>
        </session-config>
```



## Note:

- 1. session-timeout and cookie max-age must be in sync.
- 2. session-timeout is measured in minutes, whereas cookie-config is measured in seconds.
- 3. Any manual configuration changes, including changes for timeouts, are overwritten on upgrade.

# Mapping Proficy Authentication Groups

## About User Groups

A user group is created for specific type of users, likely to perform the same type of activities.

These are the different types of users in Operations Hub:

Type of User	Description
Site administrator	This user creates tenants and tenant administra- tors using the Site Admin Console application. This user is created automatically when installing Oper- ations Hub. You cannot access, modify, or delete this user from the Designer.
Tenant administrator	This user manages the user accounts of develop- ers and application users. The first tenant adminis- trator is created automatically when installing Op- erations Hub. You cannot delete this user from the Designer.
Developer	This user creates applications using Operations Hub.
Application user	This user accesses applications created using Op- erations Hub.

You can create new user groups in the Proficy Authentication application. Refer to Create Proficy Authentication Groups.

## Important:

Exercise caution in modifying the membership of a user because it is possible for a user to remove their privileges to access Operations Hub, including the user management section, thus preventing themselves from accessing Operations Hub.

# About Proficy Authentication (UAA)

User authentication in Operations Hub is handled using Proficy Authentication.

Proficy Authentication provides identity-based security for Proficy based applications and APIs. It supports open standards for authentication and authorization, including Oauth2.

When a user is created or deleted in a product that uses Proficy Authentication, the associated user account is created or deleted in the UAA instance, respectively.

## Note:

This is done in the backend automatically. Therefore, most users will not need knowledge on Proficy Authentication to perform basic user management, except when additional configuration is required.

Several Proficy products use Proficy Authentication, including Historian, Plant Applications, and Operations Hub. To use Proficy Authentication, you must install one of these products. Each product can install an independent instance of UAA, or it can reuse an existing instance of UAA which was previously installed by another Proficy product. When more than one product uses the same instance of Proficy Authentication (UAA), this is called a shared or common UAA.

Shared UAA means that if you have a Proficy product installed that uses Proficy Authentication, additional Proficy products installed after that initial product can also share that existing, already configured UAA architecture.

Proficy Authentication can additionally be configured to use an external identity provider. This includes identity providers which use Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) or Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML). When you integrate Proficy Authentication with an external identity provider, you can provide the users and groups from that identity provider with access to Proficy products and their features.

For more information on Proficy Authentication, please refer to the Proficy Authentication documentation.

# Install and Components

To use Proficy Authentication, you must install one of the products which bundles Proficy Authentication, such as Historian, Plant Applications, or Operations Hub. At the time of install, you can choose from the following options:

- Creating a new instance of UAA: Use this option if you are not currently using another UAA instance. For instance, use this option if you are installing your first Proficy product, or if the product you are installing is a stand-alone instance which does not need to share users and groups with another Proficy product.
- Using an existing UAA: Use this option if you are currently using an instance of Proficy Authentication which contains users and groups that you want to reuse. For instance, use this option if you are already using Historian and you want to install Plant Applications and Operations Hub, and you want your existing Historian users to have access to Plant Applications and Operations Hub. To use an existing instance of UAA, you must provide the details while installing Proficy Authentication.

#### Important:

The decision of whether to share a UAA must be made at the time of product install; there is currently no post-install option to change what UAA a product is using, nor is there a utility to migrate users from one instance of UAA into another.

As part of install, a basic UI for configuring UAA is provided along with the instance of UAA. This includes a number of required services and other components. You can see the associated services when you open the services pane. These will start automatically after install.

GE Operations Hub Httpd Reverse Pro	This is an ins	Running	Manual	NT SERVICE
🧟 GE Operations Hub UAA PostgreSQL		Running	Automatic	NT SERVICE
🥋 GE Operations Hub UAA Tomcat Web	This is an ins	Running	Automatic	NT SERVICE
GE Security App Service	GE Security	Running	Automatic	Local System
🧟 GE UAA External IdP Configuration Ser	GE UAA LDA	Running	Automatic	Local System

### Note:

Proficy Authentication supports UAA version 4.30.0 or later.

# Map Existing UAA Groups With Proficy Authentication

This topic describes the process to map existing UAA groups with Proficy Authentication groups.



1. Double-click 弛 on your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Authentication.

2. Select the Identity Providers tab.

The UAA/LDAP/SAML Connectivity Tool appears.

- 3. Select the Map Existing UAA Groups check box.
- 4. In the UAA Connection section, provide values as specified in the following table.

#### Important:

The values that you provide in this step must match the values that you provided while installing your Proficy product. These values are required to connect to the Proficy Authentication.

#### Field

#### Description

- **URL** This information is read-only. The authorization server URL of the Proficy Authentication server is populated by default. This is the **UAA Base URL** that you specified during installation.
- Client Enter the client ID of the Proficy Authentication server that you specified for Admin Client
- **ID ID** during installation.

UAA Connection

- Client Enter the client secret configured for the OAuth client that you specified for Admin Client
- **Se- Secret** during installation.

cret

URL*		
https://operationshub:8443		
Client ID *		
admin		
Client Secret *		
admin123		

#### 5. Select Test.

If connection to the UAA server is established, a message appears, confirming the same.

6. Select Continue.

In the **UAA Mapping** section, the drop-down list box contains a list of groups in Proficy

Authentication. In the **Filter** box, a list of groups in the existing UAA instance appear.

- 7. In the drop-down list box, select the Proficy Authentication group to which you want to map the existing UAA groups.
- 8. In the **Filter** box, select the check boxes corresponding to the existing UAA groups that you want to map.

## Note:

If a group is already mapped to the Proficy Authentication group that you have selected, the check box is already selected.

### Tip:

Clear the check boxes corresponding to the UAA groups for which you want to remove the mappings.

#### 9. Select Map Members.

A message appears, confirming that the Proficy Authentication group is mapped to the existing UAA groups that you have selected.

10. Repeat steps 7-9 for all the Proficy Authentication groups that you want to map.

The existing UAA groups are mapped with the Proficy Authentication groups.

# Map LDAP Groups With Proficy Authentication

If you want LDAP users to use Proficy Authentication, you must map the corresponding LDAP groups with the Proficy Authentication group created during the Proficy product installation.



1. Double-click an your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Authentication.

2. Select the Identity Providers tab.

The Proficy Authentication/LDAP/SAML Connectivity Tool appears.

- 3. Select the Map Existing LDAP Groups check box.
- 4. In the **UAA Connection** section, provide values as specified in the following table.

### Important:

The values that you provide in this step must match the values that you provided while installing your Proficy product. These values are required to connect to the Proficy Authentication. Proficy Authentication works only with a single instance of Proficy Authentication, which is specified during Proficy Authentication installation. After installation, you cannot change the instance of Proficy Authentication that Proficy Authentication will use.

#### Field

#### Description

**URL** This information is read-only. The authorization server URL of the Proficy Authentication server is populated by default. This is the **UAA Base URL** that you specified during installation.

Client Enter the client ID of the Proficy Authentication server that you specified for Admin Client

**ID ID** during installation.

Client Enter the client secret configured for the OAuth client that you specified for Admin Client

Se- Secret during installation.

cret

5. Select Test.

If connection to the Proficy Authentication server is established, a message appears, confirming the same.

## Note:

Currently, the Test Button displays a successful connection for LDAP even when no security certificate or a bad certificate is found.

6. In the **LDAP Connection** section, provide values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description
URL	Enter the base URL of the LDAP server (for example, https://localhost).
Bind	Enter the distinguished name of the bind user (for example, $cn=admin, ou=Users, d-interval descent black of the bind user (for example, cn=admin, ou=Users, d-interval descent black of the bind user (for example, cn=admin, ou=Users, d-interval descent black of the bind user (for example, cn=admin, ou=Users, d-interval descent black of the bind user (for example, cn=admin, ou=Users, d-interval descent black of the bind user (for example, cn=admin, ou=Users, d-interval descent desce$
User	c=test,dc=com).
DN	

Field	Description
Pass- word	Enter the password for the LDAP user ID that searches the LDAP tree for user informa- tion.
Skip SSL Verifi- cation	Select this check box if you do not have the certificate to access the LDAP server. Mes- sages are still encrypted, but the certificate is not verified for correctness. Do not select this option if you are not confident of the direct connection to the LDAP server; it could result in redirected traffic outside of your controlled network.
User Search Filter	<ul> <li>cn={0}: Allows the LDAP user (active directory user) to login with their display name.</li> <li>sAMAccountName={0}: Allows the LDAP user (active directory user) to login with their account name (Windows login name).</li> </ul>
User Search Base	Enter the starting point for the LDAP user search in the directory tree (for example, dc=de- velopers,dc=com). If you use only DC=pa,DC=com, timeout may occur due to slow system response. Use the exact ou to avoid timeout.
Group Search Base	Enter the starting point for the LDAP group search in the directory tree (for example, ou=scopes,dc=developers,dc=com). If you use only DC=Ge,DC=com, timeout may occur due to slow system response. Use the exact ou to avoid timeout.
Max Group Search Depth	Enter a value to define the maximum depth for searching LDAP groups. (This may impact performance for very large systems.) By default this value is 10.
Group Search Filter	Enter the subdirectories to include in the search (for example, member={0} retrieves the memberof attribute values for the specific user).

UAA/LDAP/SAML Connectivity	Tool			
Map Existing UAA Groups	Map Existing LDAP Groups	Map Existing	SAML Groups	
VAA Connection				
Ī				
2 LDAP Connection				
Base url *			user search base *	
Idap://localhost:389/		Ô	dc=test,dc=com	
bind user dn *			user search filter *	
cn=admin,dc=test,dc=com			cn={0}	
password *		8	group search base *	
	A and the second second		max group search depth *	
Skip SSL verification (U	AA restart required)		10	
			group search filter *	

7. Select Test, and then select Submit.

If connection to the LDAP server is established, a message appears, confirming the same.

8. Select Test again, and then select Continue.

In the **LDAP Mapping** section, the drop-down list box contains a list of groups in Proficy Authentication.

9. In the drop-down list box, select the Proficy Authentication group to which you want to map LDAP groups. You can also search for a group in the LDAP Groups Search Filter box. When searching, be sure to use the standard LDAP query language for your search.

UAA Group	* •	
LDAP Groups S		
Search		
	IdapGroups	
	DC=ophub,DC=internal	
	CN=Users,DC=ophub,DC=internal	
	CN=Computers,DC=ophub,DC=internal	
	OU=Domain Controllers,DC=ophub,DC=internal	
	CN=System,DC=ophub,DC=internal	

## Note:

If a group is already mapped to the Proficy Authentication group that you have selected, the check box is already selected.

#### 10. Select Map Groups.

A message appears, confirming that the LDAP groups are mapped to the Proficy Authentication group.

11. Repeat steps 8-10 for all the Proficy Authentication groups that you want to map.

The LDAP groups are mapped with the Proficy Authentication groups.

# Map SAML Groups With Proficy Authentication

If you want SAML users to use Proficy Authentication, you must map the corresponding SAML groups with the Proficy Authentication group created during the Proficy product installation.



1. Double-click an your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Authentication.

2. Select the Identity Providers tab.

The Proficy Authentication/LDAP/SAML Connectivity Tool appears.

- 3. Select the Map Existing SAML Groups check box.
- 4. In the UAA Connection section, provide values as specified in the following table.

### Important:

The values that you provide in this step must match the values that you provided while installing your Proficy product. These values are required to connect to the Proficy Authentication. Proficy Authentication works only with a single instance of Proficy Authentication, which is specified during installation. After installation, you cannot change the instance of Proficy Authentication that Proficy Authentication will use.

#### Field

#### Description

**URL** This information is read-only. The authorization server URL of the Proficy Authentication server is populated by default. This is the **UAA Base URL** that you specified during installation.

Field	Description
Client ID	Enter the client ID of the Proficy Authentication server that you specified for <b>Admin Client ID</b> during installation.
	Enter the client secret configured for the OAuth client that you specified for Admin Client Secret during installation.
cret	

### 5. Select Test.

Map Existing UAA Groups     Map Existing LDAP Groups		Map Existing SAML Groups	
1 UAA Connection			
URL* https://localhost Client ID* admin		Le	
Client Secret *			
Test V Succes	ssfully Connected	Continue	

If connection to the Proficy Authentication server is established, a message appears, confirming the same.

- 6. In the Existing SAML Identity Provider section, select the Identity Provider.
- 7. Click Show IDP Details, or Create New IDP and provide values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description	
Metadata Location		
	cation using a file you downloaded from your SAML Identity Provider.	
Name	Specify the name of your SAML provider.	
Origin Key	Specify the unique alias for the SAML provider.	
SAML Group At-	Specify the names of the attributes that contain the group membership information about a user in a SAML assertion.	

Field	Description
tribute	
Names	
NameID	Optionally, enter a SAML Name ID and associated fields that you want to use in a Link Test.
Link Text	Specify the text you want to appear in a link test.
Enable SAML Link	Select this check box to enable the SAML Link; clear to disable.

Note:	
	It is recommended to use the same Name and Origin Key (not mandatory).

Existing SAML IdentyProviders		
ktalocal	•	
Show IDP Details Create New IDP		
etaDataLocation *		
<pre>?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?&gt;</pre>		

8. Select Add or Update to save your changes.



The **SAML Mapping** screen appears.

- 9. In the drop-down list box, select the Proficy Authentication group to which you want to map SAML groups.
- 10. Enter a SAML Group and click Add Group. Repeat this step for each SAML group you want to add.

0	UAA Connection		
0	Saml Connection		
3	SAML Mapping		
	UAA Group * uaamygroup	*	
	SAML Groups	I	
		Add Group	
	Map Groups		Back Continue

- 11. When finished adding SAML groups, click **Map Groups**.
- 12. Next, select **Continue** to complete.

A message appears, confirming that the SAML groups are mapped to the Proficy Authentication group.

# **Change Password**

Proficy Authentication local users can log in to their accounts and change password.

You must know your current password to log in to Proficy Authentication and change it.

- 1. Log in to Proficy Authentication on a web browser.
- 2. Go to your Account Settings screen.
- 3. Select Change Password.
- 4. Provide the following information:

Current password	Enter the password that is currently used for Proficy Authentication login.
New password	Enter a new password to replace the current password.

ain for confirmation.
3

#### 5. Select CHANGE PASSWORD.

The password is changed successfully.

# Reset Password for a User

Administrators can reset the password for Proficy Authentication users.

You must have administrator access to log in to the application.



1. Double-click an your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Authentication.

- 2. Log in to Proficy Authentication using admin account.
- 3. Select the **Users** tab.

The list of all Proficy Authentication users appears.

4. Select  $^{\bigcirc}$  for the username you want to reset the password.

The pencil icon to edit the respective user is available under the **Action** column.

Identit	y Providers	Groups	Users			Logout admi
Ne	User2	New2	NewUser2@ge	scim.me, roles, user_attributes, we	uaa	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>
0	Operations Hub	Admin	admin_16239	iqp.tenantAdmin, scim.me, roles, u	uaa	× »
St	Studio	Admin	iqp@wbo.co.jp	uaa.admin, scim.me, roles, user_att	uaa	×

5. Select Reset Password.

< Back StudioAd	min Details	
Username	Origin	
StudioAdmin	uaa	
First Name	Approvals	
Studio	User Id	Client Id
Last Name		
Admin		
Active		
Email	Verified	
iqp@wbo.co.jp	Image: A start of the start	
Phone Number	Password Last Modifie	d
No phone number for user	2021-06-18T09:41:1	0.000Z
	Last Logon Time	
	1624009358519	
Group Membership		
DIRECT - uaa.admin 🗙 DIRECT - scim.me 🗙 DIRECT - roles 🗙 DIRECT - user_attributes 🗙 DIRECT - profile 🗙 DIRECT - uaa		
DIRECT - cloud_controller.read x DIRECT - cloud_controller.write x DIRECT - password.write x DIRECT - uaa.user x DIREC	T - openid 🗙 DIRECT -	iqp.studioAdr
Save ResetPassword		

- 6. Enter a new password for the user and confirm the new password.
- 7. Select **RESET PASSWORD**.

Passwor	d:*	
Confirm	Password:*	
	Cancel	RESET PASSWORD

The password for the user is reset successfully.

# Certificate Management

# About the Certificate Management Tool

The Certificate Management tool allows you to manage external certificates and renew expired certificates.

The tool is installed automatically when you install Operations Hub. Using the Certificate Management tool, you can manage the following types of certificates:

- Server certificates, which include local certificates and imported certificates.
- Issuer certificates, which include certificates that are trusted by Operations Hub. This is required to connect to an external UAA instance. If you want to connect to LDAP, use the LDAP service to generate the certificate. Typically, you will only require the root CA certificate.

Using the Certificate Management tool, you can perform the following tasks:

- Access a certificate (on page 74).
- Renew a local certificate (on page 76).
- Import a server certificate or an issuer certificate (on page 75).
- Remove a server certificate or an issuer certificate (on page 76).
- View log messages (on page 77) that are generated while managing the certificates.

# Access a Certificate

Using the Certificate Management tool, you can access server certificates and issuer certificates.



1. Double-click Tool on your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Operations Hub.

The **GE Operations Hub Certificate Management Tool** page appears, displaying the **Server Certificate** section.

- 2. Depending on the type of certificate that you want to access, perform one of the following tasks:
  - If you want to access a server certificate, select **View** in the **Local Certificate** or the **Imported Certificate** subsection.

• If you want to access an issuer certificate, select **External Trust**, and then select **View**. The certificate appears.

# Import a Certificate

Using the Certificate Management tool, you can import the following types of certificates:

- Server certificates: You can import a certificate (chain) file of the PEM, PFX, or P12 format. To import a certificate of the PFX or a P12 format, you must enter a password.
- Issuer certificates: You can import a certificate file of the PEM format that contains only one certificate for the root CA. If you are currently using a certificate for the external UAA instance, it is replaced by the imported certificate.



1. Double-click Tool on your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Operations Hub.

The **GE Operations Hub Certificate Management Tool** page appears, displaying the **Server Certificate** section.

2. If you want to import a server certificate, perform the following steps:

a. In the Imported Certificate subsection, next to the Certificate File box, select Select.

- b. Navigate to and select the certificate file, and then select **Open**.
- c. Next to the Key File box, select Select.
- d. Navigate to and select the key file, and then select Open.
- e. If you have selected a PFX or a P12 file, enter the password in the **Password** box.
- f. Select Import.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to import a certificate.

g. Select Yes.

The certificate is imported.

- 3. If you want to import an issuer certificate, perform the following steps:
  - a. In the External Trust subsection, next to the Certificate File box, select Select.
  - b. Navigate to and select the certificate file, and then select **Open**.
  - c. Select Import.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to import a certificate.

d. Select Yes.

The certificate is imported and replaces the currently used certificate for the external UAA, if any.

# Renew a Certificate

Using the Certificate Management tool, you can renew local certificates that have expired.



1. Double-click Tool on your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Operations Hub.

The **GE Operations Hub Certificate Management Tool** page appears, displaying the **Server Certificate** section.

Select the local certificate that you want to renew, and then select **Renew**.
 A message appears, specifying that the certificate has been renewed.

# Remove a Certificate

Using the Certificate Management tool, you can remove a server certificate or an issuer certificate. When you do so, the local certificate is used by Operations Hub.



1. Double-click Tool on your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Operations Hub.

The **GE Operations Hub Certificate Management Tool** page appears, displaying the **Server Certificate** section.

- 2. Depending on the type of the certificate that you want to remove, perform one of the following tasks:
  - If you want to remove a server certificate, in the **Imported Certificate** subsection, select **Remove**.

• If you want to remove an issuer certificate, select **External Trust**, and then select **Remove**. A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to remove the certificate.

#### 3. Select Yes.

The certificate is removed, and the local certificate is used by Operations Hub.

# **View Log Messages**

Using the Certificate Management tool, you can view the log messages that are generated while managing certificates.



1. Double-click Tool on your desktop.

The icon appears on your desktop after you install Proficy Operations Hub.

The **GE Operations Hub Certificate Management Tool** page appears, displaying the **Server Certificate** section.

2. Select Messages.

The Messages section appears, displaying the log messages.

# Send Certificate Expiry Notification

Sends email notification on certification expiry.

#### Install Site Administration Addon (on page 54).

Email notifications must be sent to the recipients when their Operations Hub certificate expires, or is about to expire. Use the default entity *(on page 161)*, event *(on page 229)*, and template *(on page 239)* to complete this task. These are available on installing Operations Hub *(on page 25)*.

- SendEmailEntity
- CertificateExpiryEvent
- CertificateEmailTemplate
- Log in to Site Administration Console and set up an email server. Here is an example of gmail setup:

Define New Email Server	Email server logical name:	gmail
	Email server smtp address:	smtp.gmail.com
	Email server port:	587
Delete existing email	Email server password:	••••••
server	Email of default user:	geqa6789@gmail.com
	Choose tenant/account that will be using this server	company: DefaultTenant id: 2 •
Edit existing email	Use SSL	Yes 🗸
server	Use Self Signed Certificate	No 🗸
	Allow all certificates	Yes 🗸
Back	Save	

If using a Self-Signed certificate, you need to perform additional steps *(on page 56)* to update the setting.conf file.

- 2. Log in to Operations Hub as an administrator.
- 3. From the main navigation menu, select **Events**.
- 4. Open CertificateExpiryEvent.
- 5. On the **ACTIONS** tab, enter the email address of the recipients.

#### Note:

Do not modify the default populated details for  ${\tt certificateExpiryEvent}$  or

CertificateEmailTemplate.

Actions				
Send an E-mail			ŧ	
	Default E-mails (separate addresses by ,)			
Recipient's address:	iqpuser@mail.mydomain.Łom ×	Allow End User to set e-mail address		
Email template:	Add Query Recipients CertificateEmailTemplate      ← Create Email Template			
Scheduler	O Take action only on initial trigger      Take action on every trigger     Take action on every			
+ Send e-mail	+ Run a Query + Send Command to Device			

#### 6. Select Save And Exit.

When certification expiry is detected in the next 45 days, daily emails are sent to the recipients asking them to renew their certificates. The email also contains the details of the certificates about to expire (or already expired, if not renewed within 45 days).

# Integrating with Historian

# Integrating Operations Hub and Historian

A trend chart allows you to trend data from Historian.

You can choose to trend data from an asset model or directly from Historian. To do so, you must integrate Historian and Operations Hub.

# Access the Trend Chart with Asset Model

1. Create a data source to connect to the Historian server.

For instructions, refer to the Data Sources section of the User Guide.

- 2. Set up the Historian server.
  - For instructions, refer to the Administration section of the User Guide.
- 3. Import the model to Operations Hub.

For instructions, refer to the Administration section of the User Guide.

4. For the model that you have imported, enable the trendable properties by performing the following properties:

a. In the Admin workspace, select Visualizations > Designer.

- b. For each data variable that is trendable, select the check box in the Trendable check box.
- 5. Access the Historian Analysis application.

For instructions, refer to the Applications section of the User Guide.

When you navigate to the model, the trend chart plots data based on the selected context.

# Access the Trend Chart without Asset Model

You can access the trend chart without the asset model (that is, by browsing through the Historian data source directly for use in the trend chart).

- Create a data source to connect to the Historian server.
   For instructions, refer to the Data Sources section of the User Guide.
- 2. Set up the Historian server.

For instructions, refer to the Administration section of the User Guide.

3. Access the Historian Analysis application.

For instructions, refer to the Applications section of the User Guide.

4. Access the trend chart configuration to select the tags that you want to plot on the trend chart. For instructions, refer to the Widgets section of the User Guide.

Data for the selected tags is plotted on the trend chart.

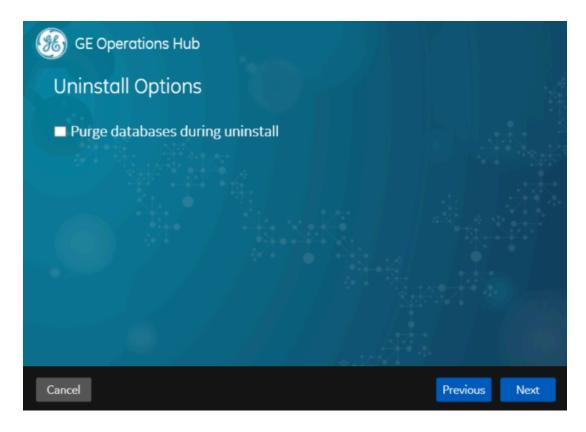
# **Uninstalling Operations Hub**

# Uninstall Operations Hub on Windows

- 1. If you want to uninstall Operations Hub automatically, open Command Prompt, and enter the following command: <Installation folder path of Operations Hub>\OpHub-Windows\_Installer>ophub\_bundle -uninstall
- 2. If you want to uninstall Operations Hub manually, perform the following steps:
  - a. On the machine on which you want to uninstall Operations Hub, select **Control Panel > Uninstall a Program**.

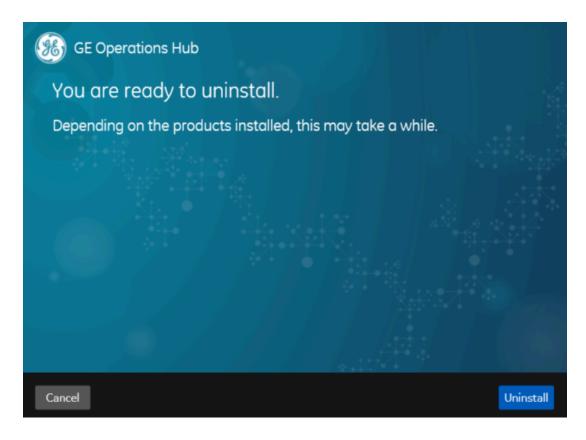
A list of programs that you can uninstall appears.

b. Right-click **Operations Hub**, and then select **Uninstall**. The **Uninstall Options** page appears.



- c. In addition to uninstalling Operations Hub, if you want to delete all the related data and applications, select the **Purge databases during uninstall** check box.
- d. Select Next.

The You are ready to uninstall page appears.



e. Select Uninstall.

Operations Hub is uninstalled from the Windows machine.

# Getting Started with Proficy Historian

# Get Started with Proficy Historian and Operations Hub

This topic guides you through how to get started integrating Proficy Historian and Operations Hub.

#### **Before You Begin**

Before beginning, make a note of the following:

- Ensure the Historian Web Clients are installed on the Historian machine; this is very important if you will be using the Historian REST API in Operations Hub.
- Ensure that you can access Historian Web Trending Client from a remote machine or from the Operations Hub machine.
- Ensure that certificates are trusted for both Operations Hub and Historian (not strictly necessary if you use option to ignore TLS/SSL, but a good idea).

#### Steps

The following sections walk you through:

- 1. Configuring a Historian data source (System API or REST API) in Operations Hub. See Configure Historian Data Sources for Operations Hub *(on page 83)*.
- 2. Creating a Model. See Create a Model for Operations Hub to use with Historian (on page 85).
- 3. Using the Trend widget to trend model-based Historian data or trend data directly from a Historian. See Use the Trend Widget for Historian Data Source *(on page 86)*.
- 4. Creating a Historian REST query. See Create Historian REST Query for Operations Hub *(on page 89)*.
- 5. Using the Query in the page designer. See Use the Historian Query in the Operations Hub Page Designer *(on page 90)*.

# Configure Historian Data Sources for Operations Hub

#### Overview

Look at the following examples for configuring a data source for Historian 7.x and Historian 8.x.

- Historian 7.x requires entry of port used in this instance, port 8443.
- The Auth Client ID is the admin (case sensitive) for Historian 7.x.
- Historian 8.x does not require any port to be specified.
- The Auth Client ID for Historian 8.x must be in the form of MachineName.admin, where MachineName is case sensitive.
- For both Historian 7.x and 8.x, ensure Data source URL and Client ID are in the right format.

#### Note:

- The System API connection is necessary for Trending Historian data in the Trend widget.
- The **REST API** connection is necessary for creating REST queries against the Historian REST API. These queries can then be bound to widgets like gauges, grids, etc to visualize this data
- When configuring a REST data source, be sure to provide all necessary parts to the Base URL, including any required ports. (Example: https://<HistorianServerName>:8443)

Refer to Add Historian or Custom REST Data Source (on page 287).

Configuring Historian 7.x in Operations Hub

Name:	Hist7.0
Product:	Proficy Historian
Description:	
Enable System	Connection - This connection is used for trending.
Hostname:	Ex: HISTORIANSERVER01
	Authentication Required
Username :	admin
Password:	······································
🛟 Test	
Enable REST C	Connection - This connection is used for queries.
Base URL:	https://hist7server:8443/
	REST Authentication Required
	□ Ignore TLS/SSL
	Certificate Required
	Cancel Save

<ul> <li>HistorianServer</li> </ul>				
Name:	HistorianServer			
Product:	Proficy Historian 🔹			
Description:			A	
Enable System	Connection - This connection is used for tre	ending.		0
Hostname:	webhmitaco			
	Authentication Required			
Username :	administrator			
Password:				
🗘 Test				
Enable REST Control	onnection - This connection is used for querie	2S.		()
Base URL:		Auth Type:	OAuth •	
Dusc one.	https://webhmitaco			
	REST Authentication Required     Ignore TLS/SSL	Auth Grant Type:	client_credentials •	
	✓ Certificate Required		Vise Datasource Certificate	
Certificate:	Choose Certificate WebHMiTacoRoot.cer	Auth Certificate:	Choose Certificate WebHMiTacoRoot.cer	
Auth URL:	https://webhmitaco/uaa/oauth/token			
Auth Client Id:	WebHMITaco.admin			
Auth Client Secret:				
C Test				
			Cancel Save	Save As New Save And Exit

### **Configuring Historian 8.x in Operations Hub**

#### Note:

The Auth Client ID field is case sensitive. For example, if the Historian server name is hist8Server, the user must use hist8Server.admin and not HIST8Server.admin or Hist8Server.admin, otherwise REST authentication will fail. If your rest connection fails, make sure you can login to the Historian Web trend client (https://webhmitaco/historian-visualization/hwa) Once successful, use the same user name and password for the client id in the REST configuration in Operations Hub.

Create a Model for Operations Hub to use with Historian

## Create an Object Type

			Object	Types			N	
Assets		Q	÷D					
Object Types	DemoRoot	Dispia	cementPump				Save Dele	
Objects		Name	Name					
Import/Export	DisplacementPump	Displace	ementPump					
) Visualizations	FWPumpStation	Data Va	riables Contained Types					
Set Up	MC460						0	
			Variable	🗢 🛛 Data Type		Description		
	SpindleAssembly		Mounting	STRING	Ŧ			
			RunningStatus	BOOLEAN	~			
	StorageTank		Head	STRING	~			
			OperatingMode	BOOLEAN	~			
	SuctionValve		Manufacturer	STRING	~			
			HP	STRING	~			
	WorkCell							
	WorkCell		ControlMode	BOOLEAN	~			

### Create an Object based on the New Type

3			Objec	ts			Net
Assets		Q					
Object Types	Demo	DisplacementPu	Imp1A			Duplicate	Save Delet
Objects		Name			Object Type		
Import/Export	DisplacementPump1A	DisplacementPump1	A		DisplacementPump		
Visualizations	DisplacementPump1B	Data Variables	Contained Objects				
🗭 Set Up		Variable 🗦	Data Type	RealTime Data Ali	Real Time Data Sc	Historical Data Al	Historical Data S
	DisplacementPump1C	Mounting	STRING	Ψ		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
	DisplacementPump1D	RunningStatı	BOOLEAN	<b>.</b>		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Head	STRING	Ψ		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
	FinishedWaterPumpStation	OperatingMo	BOOLEAN	Ψ		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Manufacture	STRING	Ψ		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
	MC460A	HP	STRING	Ŧ		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ···
	MC460B	ControlMode	BOOLEAN	<b>.</b>		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ···
		Pressure	NUMBER	Ψ		Histori 👻	FIX.FWT_FWI ····

Tie the properties of the Data variables to the Historian data source.

Refer to Set Up the Model Structure (on page 271) and Define Objects (on page 272).

# Use the Trend Widget for Historian Data Source

When using Operations Hub with Historian use the following guidelines to successfully get data flowing in the Trend widget.

# Use the Trend Widget with an Asset Model

- 1. Create a Historian data source (on page 287).
- 2. Import the model from the **Admin > Import/Export** option.

Admin		
=	Model Import/Export	
Assets     Object Types     Objects     Import/Export     Visualizations     Set Up	Import Select file to import Browsee Import Delete Model	Export Enter export file name C Enter filename Export

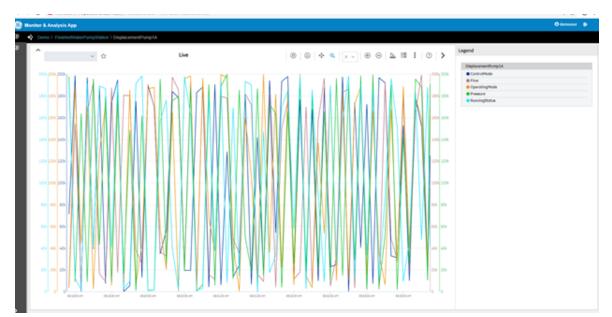
3. After the model is successfully imported, go the **Visualizations > Designer** section and enable the Trendable properties and save.

	Object Types Objects	DisplacementPump	Cancel
Assets	DemoRoot	Trend Card	
Visualizations		Note: Any changes made on this tab will be reflected in all objects of this type	
Navigation	FWPumpStation		
Designer	MC460	Data Variable	Trendable
Set Up	SpindleAssembly	AdjustableOutput	
	StorageTank	ControlMode	
	SuctionValve	Flow	
	WorkCell	HP	
		Head	
		Manufacturer	
		Mounting	
		OperatingMode	
		Pressure	

- 4. Switch to the **Apps** section.
- 5. Choose the Historian Analysis app.
- 6. Select the  $\checkmark$  button to open the app.

+ Add new app 🔹 Import App	0		Quick Filter
			Quick Thitei
Name	Description	Last updated	
] app1		5 days ago by Operations Hub Admin	<u> </u>
Batch Application		3 days ago by Operations Hub Admin	<u>a</u> 2
] Graph Test		4 days ago by Operations Hub Admin	A 2
Historian Analysis	A sample application to enable you to monitor and analyze your assets. $\   \mathscr{I}$	3 weeks ago by Operations Hub Admin	a 🖉
Page Permission Test		4 days ago by Operations Hub Admin	https://yellow/run/?app_name=F
] Sample App	do not delete	2 days ago by Operations Hub Admin	Open

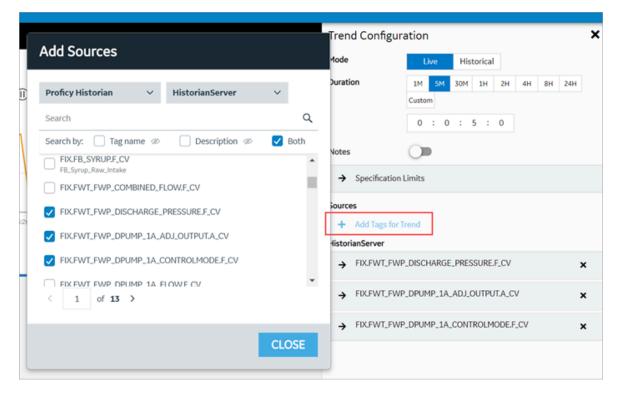
7. At run time, navigate through the model and the Trend chart will display data based on the context selected.

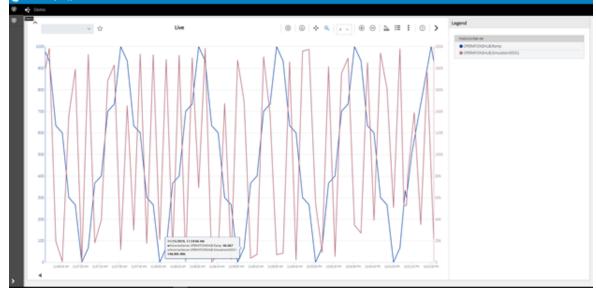


# Use the Trend Widget without an Asset Model (Browsing Data Source Directly for Trend Widget)

- 1. Create a data source to historian via the **Data Sources** section.
- 2. Make sure the test passes.
- 3. In the Admin, make sure the Historian server is also setup via the Setup area.
- 4. Switch to the **Apps** section.
- 5. Choose the Historian Analysis App

- 6. Select the  $\begin{array}{c} \end{array}$  button to open the app.
- 7. At run time, open the Trend chart configuration via the button, then select Add Tags for Trend to browse Historian and add tags to the chart for trending.





Create Historian REST Query for Operations Hub

1. Make sure the data source for Historian REST API is configured as described in the Configure Historian Data Sources for Operations Hub *(on page 83)* section.

Enable REST Co	nnection - This connection to a specific Pro	ficy Historian REST API is us	sed for REST queries utilize	d in page building.
Base URL:	https://webhmitaco	Auth Type:	OAuth	٣
	REST Authentication Required	Auth Grant Type:	client_credentials	Ŧ
	Ignore TLS/SSL		🛃 Use Datasource Certifica	te
	Certificate Required	Auth Certificate:	Choose Certificate Web	HMiTacoRoot.cer
Certificate:	Choose Certificate WebHMiTacoRoot.cer	Auth Certificate:	Choose Certificate Web	HHITACOROOLCET
Auth URL:	https://webhmitaco/uaa/oauth/token			
Auth Client Id:	WebHMITaco.admin			
Auth Client Secret:		-		

2. Create a query for Current value.

Refer to Create a REST Query (on page 204).

< GetCurrentValue			
Name:	GetCurrentValue	Data Source:	HistorianServer *
Description:		Available API:	Current Value *
Туре:	REST *	Base URL:	https://webhmitaco
Entity:	historian_data *	Query URL:	/historian-rest-api/v1/datapoints/currentvalue
Raw JSON:	0		
Method:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Post</li> </ul>		
	O Put O Delete		
Path Parameters	-		
	2		
+Add Path Param	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
Query Paramete	rs		

# Use the Historian Query in the Operations Hub Page Designer

1. Go to **Apps > Pages** and then **Add a New Page** from within the App.

Apps> testApp> Pag	es		
+ Add new page	<b>a</b>		Preview App
□ Name <sup>▼</sup>	Description	Permissions	
Rest query		All Groups	٥

2. Within Page > Page Data, select Query > REST, next to **Get Current Value**, click Add to add the "Current Value Query" to Page.

»	CONTAINER PROPERTIES	PAGE	DATA
	Query		~
	REST		v
	GetCurrentValue	Ŧ	Add
	🔻 GetCurrentValue 🖉		Θ
	<ul> <li>Set different submission opt devices</li> </ul>	tions fo	r Mobile
	🗌 Auto submit (as soon as dat	a is ava	ilable)
	Auto update		
	🗌 Auto sync		
	Auto submit on input chang	е	
	Multi-select input		
	Row Limit		0
	50		
	Inputs		
	$\blacksquare$ tagNames (String - Query)		Q
	Outputs		

3. Add widgets to the Page, by first adding three containers to the page. From Layouts, select and drag Containers.

«	Container 📮 📮
INPUTS 👻	Container
DISPLAY 👻	
LAYOUTS 👻	Container
	Container
7000	
TAG BROWSER	
Select an Option 💌	·
Selected Items : Browse	

4. Add an Input > Input widget and a button into the first container, Display > Gauge into the second container, and Display > Table into the third container.

ontainer			X	
Container				
Enter text:				
[tagNames]				
	Subr			
	Subr			
Container				
0 kM/h	100	160	200	260 kM/h
Container				
Container				
Field				
Field Table Data				
Field				

5. Now we need to bind the query parameters to each of the widgets: For the Input widget set the target data to the "GetCurrentValue" > TagNames. For the Source you can put in a manual entry of a known Historian tag name.

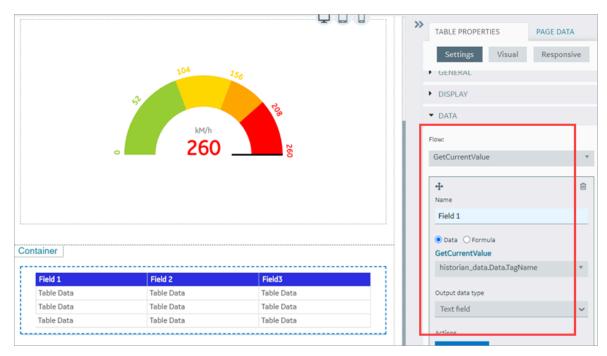
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	INPUT PROPERT	IES	PAGE DATA
	Settings	Visual	Responsive
	▼ DATA		
	Required 2		
	Target Data		
	GetCurrentValue		
	tagNames		Ŧ
	Source:		
	🔿 Data		
	<ul> <li>Manual</li> </ul>		
	WebHMITaco.Simula	ation00001	
	○ Formula		
	Submit on change	0	
	Validation		

6. For the Gauge widget, set the style to "Arc Meter" and set the Data > Source > Get Current Value > historian\_data.Data.Samples.Value.

<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	GAUGE PROPER	TIES	PAGE DATA
	Settings	Visual	Responsive
	Туре		
	Meter		~
	Style		
	Arc Meter		~
	DISPLAY		
	▼ DATA		
	Source:		
	🖲 Data		
	GetCurrentValue		
	historian_data.D	ata.Samples.	Value 🔹
	🔿 Manual		

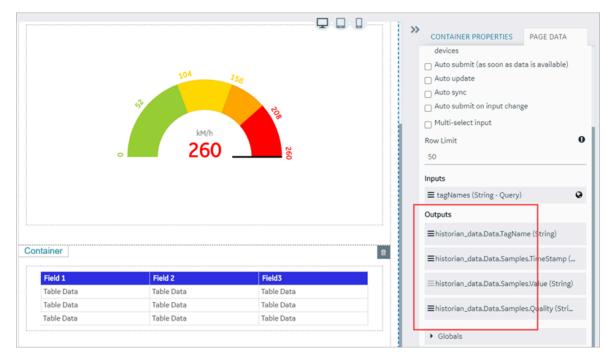
7. Set the color and start position numbers based on the data source High and Low as shown in the following figure.

GAUGE PROPER	RTIES	PAGE DATA
Settings	Visual	Responsive
GENERAL		
DISPLAY		
► DATA		
▼ BEHAVIOR		
Start position		Đ
100		
Color		
gold		
		Ŵ
Start position		
160		
Color		
orange		
Start position		圃
200		
Color		
red		



8. For the Table widget, set the Flow->Get Current Value. Now add fields, and set the value for each of the fields.

9. Alternatively, you can drag and drop the output parameters from the query onto the grid.



10. Bind the **Submit Action** on button to the query as shown in the following figure:

Container		»	BU	TTON PROPERTIES	PAGE D/	ATA
Container				Settings Visual	Respo	nsive
Enter text Enter text	<u>H</u>		► GI	ENERAL		
Subn	nit			SPLAY		
Container			Actio	ns		
			S	ubmit		 ►
			G	etCurrentValue		٣
52	156		+ /	Add Action		

- 11. Save the App.
- 12. Open the App.
- 13. In the End app, click the **Submit** Button.

$\ \in \ \rightarrow \ G$	▲ Not secure   opshubdemo/?app_jd=2bb061e6-8e1b-45f1-8063-9ea719d4f609	Q,	¢	<b>e</b> :
🛞 TestnewApp		O Cpanado	emokán	n ()
Enter to WebHM	et. MTaco Simulaton00002			
	Submit			
	64.65 <del>5</del> 3			
historian_data.Data.1 RetributTaca.Sanulato				
ney-na 40 385480	maximum (une fundador de do fisioning pre			

14. To update the gauge and the table with the current value of the specified Historian tag, enter a different Historian tag name and click on the **Submit** button.

# Getting Started with the Relational Database Connector

# Get Started with Relational Database Connector

This topic guides you through how to get started integrating the Relational Database Connector and Operations Hub.

#### **Before You Begin**

Before beginning with your relational database connector, be aware of the following:

- This release of Operations Hub supports fetching data via stored procedures from Microsoft SQL Server only.
- Be sure to confirm that you can to successfully connect to the SQL Database:
  - Test that you can connect to SQL Server with another client (for example: SSMS, UDL files), using the SQL account you want to use in Operations Hub.
  - Confirm that the TCP/IP Protocol is enabled on the SQL Server. You will not be able to connect from Operations Hub until you enable TCP/IP using the SQL Server Configuration Manager.
- Ensure that you have a working SQL Database, and that the selected database has stored procedures.

#### Steps

The following sections walk you through:

- 1. Create a data source of type Relational Database. Refer to the Add Relational Database Data Source (on page 285) section.
- 2. Provide the details to the external database. Refer to the Create a Query to a Relational Database *(on page 99)* section.
- 3. Create a Query of type Relational Database, and specify the expected inputs and outputs of a Stored Procedure. Refer to the Create a Query to a Relational Database *(on page 99)* section.
- 4. Map the query in the page designer to use the query to fetch the data from the external database. Refer to the Use the Relational Database Query in the Designer *(on page 103)* section.
- 5. View the page in the end app. For an example, see Example of Adding Relational Database Queries to a Page (on page 107).

# Create a Query to a Relational Database

This topic describes how to create a SQL query.

In order to proceed you must have a working SQL database, and the selected database must have stored procedures. You must also have created a data source for the relational database in Operations Hub. See Create a SQL Data Source (on page 302).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**. The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Que	ries								
Quio	k Filter					+ Add new query		¢	ş.
	Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
	TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	0	GAN	٥
	EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	0	(ji)	٥
	GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin		(a)	٥
	Current Value	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(and	٥
	Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(MA)	٥
	Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	8	(MA)	¢

#### 2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window appears.

3. In the **Name** field, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

- 4. In the **Description** field, enter a description for the query.
- 5. In the Type field, select Relational Database .
- 6. In the Data Source field, select the name of the data source from the list.
- 7. In the **Query Type** field, observe that the field defaults to 'Stored Procedure' when you select 'Relational Database' as the Type.
- 8. In the **Schema** field, select the database schema that you want to use. All the database schemas will be loaded for the selected data source. The default selection is *dbo*.
- 9. In the **Stored Procedure** field, select the Stored Procedure that you want to use from the selected schema.

After you selects all the required fields, the list of input parameters will be loaded if there are any, for the selected stored procedure.

The value for the input parameters can be configured either while creating the query or while consuming the query in the page builder page.

- 10. To assign the value for an input parameter while creating the query, select the type drop-down in the input parameter list. It has two options:
  - Fixed Value: If this option is selected, the value given will be taken as the input to the Stored Procedure. The input parameter will not be shown in the page builder page.
  - Input Field: If this option is selected, the value given will be taken as the default input to the Stored Procedure. The input parameter will be shown in the page builder page and if there is any input provided to while execution, the default value will be overridden.

11. After the default values for input parameters are provided, click the **Execute** button under the Test category. You will then be presented with the various fields in Result Sets and Output Parameters sent out of the Stored Procedure.

#### Note:

Currently we do not support dynamic responses from the Stored Procedures. Meaning, the fields that we see while building the query after clicking the Execute button, should match the fields returned by the stored procedure while using the application.

12. Add the required fields.

The following figure displays an example:

8	E)	Designe	r	0 🛛	🛔k 🕞	i
¥		5	< New Query			
▦		TIES				
0	QUE	RIES	Name:	Get All Species		
0		ASOURCES	Description:			
۷		SINS	Type:	Database *		
-		vits	Data Source:	SQL DB *		
8		ILS	Query Type:	Stored Procedure *		
<b>0</b> ;		AMETERS	Schema:	Species *		
٥		IN	Stored Procedure:	GetAllSpecies *		
۵		IAGE	Input Parameters	; ;		
٩		LAPSE	Key Di	atatype Type Default or Test Value		
				ARCHAR Input Field ~		
			BirdNameOutput W	ARCHAR Input Field ~		
			ReptileName W	ARCHAR Input Field ~		
			ReptileNameOutput W	ARCHAR Input Field 🗸		
			Output Paramete	re		
			Julput ratamete	1.2		
				atatype IRCMAR		
			ReptileNameOutput W			
			Test			
			© Execute			
			Resultset1	Scientification of the Second State Second		
			BirdName(VARCHAR) Resultset2	ScientificName(VARCHAR) TypeOfBird(VARCHAR)		
			ReptileName(VARCH/	AR) ScientificName(VARCHAR) TypeOfReptile(VARCHAR)		
			OutputParameter	(14.8) Beek <sup>2</sup> ekteren (* 14.8)		
			BirdNameOutput(VAF	RCHAR) ReptileNameOutput(VARCHAR)		
			Output Data			
			+Add field + A	Add all fields		
			Output Data			
			+Add field + A	dd all fields		
			Resultset1 -> BirdName			
			Resultset1 -> TypeOfBi	rd 🗸 🖨 Resultset2 -> ReptileName 🗸 🖨		
			Resultset2 -> Scientific	Name v 🖹 Resultset2 -> TypeOfReptile v 🗎		
			OutputParams -> BirdN	IameOutput v 🖹 OutputParams -> ReptileNameOutput v 🖹		
				Cancel Save As New	Save And Exit	

#### 13. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The query is created.

# Use the Relational Database Query in the Designer

#### 1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears, displaying a list of applications created in Operations Hub.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATE	D		
+ Add new app	rt App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	£ ♂ ≎

2. In the **Name** column, select the application in which you want to create a page.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+/	Add new page 🔹 🔒		C Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	¢
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	¢
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	¢
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	¢
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	¢
	Template	A template for new pages	0

#### 3. Select Add new page.

The **Create Page** window appears.

Create Page			×
Page name:			
Page description:			
Include in app navigation:			
	Create	Cancel	

4. Enter or select values as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Page name	Enter a name for the page. The name must con- tain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.
Page description	Enter a description for the page.
Include in app navigation	Select this check box if you want this page to be included in the application navigation. By de- fault, this check box is selected.

#### 5. Select Create.

The page is created, and the page designer appears.

Apps > Historian Analysis	> Single Trend View	Open App Include in app navigation Cancel Save App
INPUTS 👻	Container Container	CONTAINER PROPERT PAGE DATA Settings Visual Responsive
DISPLAY 🔻	FinishedWaterPumpStation > StorageTar	nk1    ✓ GENERAL
LAYOUTS 👻	Container	Name 🖸
TOOLS 🔻	Time Frame - Last 5 minutes LIVE	DISPLAY Conditions
INTEGRATION 🔻		Add conditions
TAG BROWSER		☐ Hidden <b>2</b> Show on:
Selected Items : Browse		Mobile 🗹 Tablet 🗹 Desktop 🗹

#### 6. Select Page Data.

- 7. To add a Relational Database Query to the page, do the following:
  - Select the flow type as Query
  - Select the Data source type as Relational Database
  - Select the required data source
  - Select the required Query
  - Select a result set
  - Click Add

The Query with sub-selected result set will be added to the page. The naming convention will be QueryName - ResultSetName.

Assigning Inputs and Outputs to components will be exactly like that of REST and Entity pages.

#### Note:

- If a stored procedure has multiple result sets configured, the user must add each result set as an independent query in the page designer by choosing the result set.
- If a stored procedure contains output parameters, then all the output parameters are treated as an additional result set.
- In the case when there are multiple result sets for the query, and when the user adds them to the page, then the inputs and query execution option check boxes will be shown for the first result set, but internally they will be reflected to all the result sets for a query.

 If the query has single result set, the user can add it multiple times in the page builder. But, if the same query output is changed to contain multiple result sets at a later point, then the user has to remove the second instance of the query before adding the new result set.

• As of Operations Hub 1.7, The inbuilt pagination and infinite scrolling for Grid and Table components will not work with Relational Database Queries. The pagination must be handled using the input and output parameters of the stored procedure.

#### 8. Select Save App.

Ż

An example is shown in the following figure.

E	6 Design	er				� ⊵ 🍐 🗭 i
D	PAGES	Maps > Specie	s Management 3	All Species	Open App	Include in app navigation Cancel Save App
4	NAVIGATION	"	Container			
E	EXPLORER	INPUTS .	BirdName	ScientificName	TypeOfBird	CONTAINER PROPERTIES PAGE DATA
¥	PLUGINS		Table Data Table Data	Table Data Table Data	Table Data Table Data	Query ~
=	THEME		Table Data Enter text:	Table Data	Table Data	PA DB *
¢°	SETTINGS	<u>T</u> ◆	Enter text			Get Activities *
۵	APP GROUPS		Enter text			Resultset1 * Add
۵	APP USERS			NameOutput]		Get All Species.Resultset1
•	COLLAPSE		Text: [Rept	ileNameOutput]		Set different submission options for Mobile devices
		DISPLAY ¥ LAYOUTS ¥ TOOLS ¥				devices Auto submit (as soon as data is available) Auto update Auto submit on input change Multi-select input Row Limit 50 Inputs BirdName (String - Input_parameter) BirdName (String - Input_parameter) BirdNameOutput (String - Input_output_par_ ReptileNameOutput (String - Input_output_par_ ReptileNameOutput (String - Input_output_par_ BirdName (String) BirdName (String) ScientificName (String)

The changes made to the page are saved.



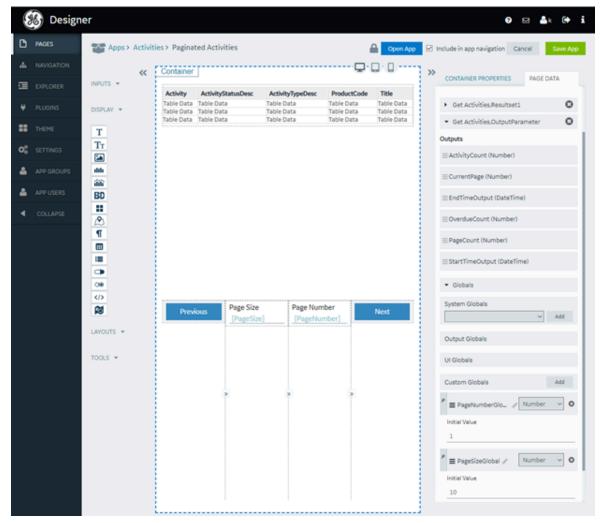
View the Page in the End app, by clicking **Open App** button.

# Example of Adding Relational Database Queries to a Page

In the following example, the query has two result sets. One is the result from the stored procedure and the other is from the output parameters. It also has inputs PageNumber and PageSize. The steps that follow describe how this page was created.

A	B Design	er						<b>?</b> E	8 🌲k 🕩 i
D	PAGES	Apps >	Specie	s Management	> All Species	Dpen A	pp 🗹 Include in	app navigation Canc	el Save App
4	NAVIGATION		«	Container			> conta	INER PROPERTIES	PAGE DATA
⊡	EXPLORER	INPUTS -		BirdName	ScientificName	TypeOfBird		NER PROPERTIES	PAGE DATA
¥	PLUGINS			Table Data Table Data	Table Data Table Data	Table Data Table Data	Query		~
==	THEME			Table Data Enter text:		Table Data			
¢\$	SETTINGS	Т		Enter text				wities	
۵	APP GROUPS	•		Enter text: Enter text			Results		▼ Add
	APP USERS	•			NameOutput]				
-	COLLAPSE	°0 1			tileNameOutput]			All Species.Resultset1 ifferent submission opt	ions for Mobile
1	COLLAPSE	DISPLAY -					devices	submit (as soon as dat	
							Auto		
		LAYOUTS 👻					🗹 Auto	submit on input chang	•
							🗆 Multi	-select input	
		TOOLS -					Row Limi	t	0
							50		
							Inputs		
								lame (String - Input_pa	rameter)
							≡ Repti	ileName (String - Input,	,parameter)
							≡ Birdh	lameOutput (String - In	put_output_par
							= Rept	ileNameOutput (String	- Input_output
							Outputs		
							≣BirdN	ame (String)	
							≣Scien	tificName (String)	

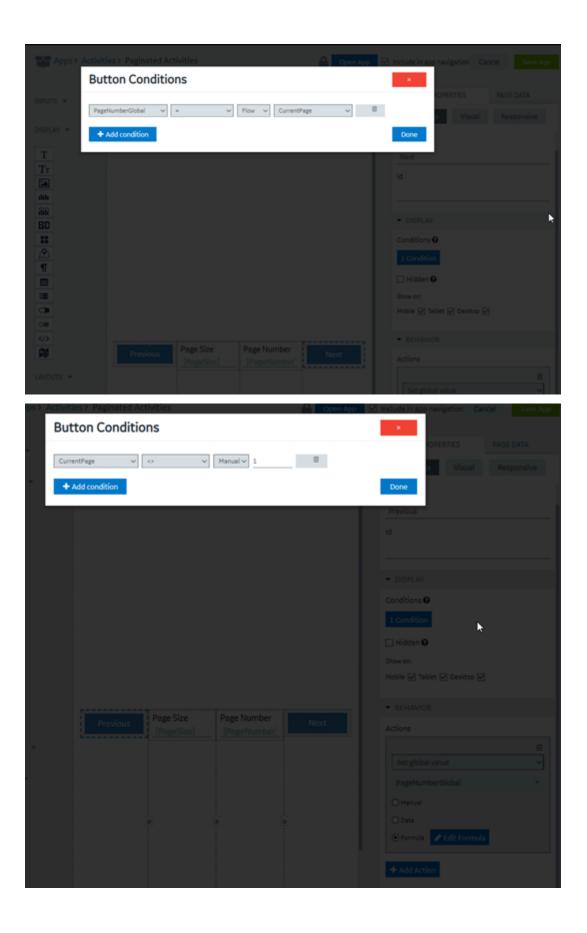
- 1. Add two buttons and two input boxes to the page as shown in the following figure, and make the input controls disabled.
- 2. Map the input parameters of the query to the input controls.
- 3. Create two custom globals for page number and page size and provide default values as shown in the following figure.



4. Select each button and set the action to set the global value using a formula as show in the screenshot (+ for next, - for previous).

Edit Formula		орен друг	×	
Create a formula by typing operators a	nd components or click the	operators to add	DPERTIES	
+ - *	/ ( )		Visual Visual	
Add field Add function Add	figure Add Time Unit	Add text		
CurrentPage ~ +	1			
			Done	
			Show on: Mobile 🗹 Tablet 🗹 Desktop 🛛	
De se Cire	Dana Musebar		- BEHAVIOR	
Previous Page Size [PageSize]	Page Number			

5. Select each button and set the display condition as shown in the following figures.



#### 6. Select Save App.

The final page displays as shown in the first figure.

# Getting Started with OPC UA

## Get Started with OPC UA and Operations Hub

This topic guides you on how to configure an OPC UA data source, and build visualization.

#### Steps

The following sections walk you through:

- 1. Create a data source with OPC UA configuration in Operations Hub (on page 292).
- 2. Build an asset model for OPC UA data sources in this order:
  - Create object types (on page 271) with Proficy iFIX, Proficy CIMPLICITY, and IGS data variables.
  - For the object types, create object instances (on page 272).
- 3. Build an asset hierarchy to specify the hierarchical relationships of assets. Operators navigate through this hierarchy to select the equipment context for a given layout at runtime. Refer to Set Up Runtime Navigation *(on page 274)*.
- 4. Use the Trend Widget for OPC UA Data Sources (on page 111).
- 5. To enable write operations in Proficy CIMPLICITY for Operations Hub, refer to Configure Proficy CIMPLICITY for Writes (on page 114).
- 6. To enable write operations in Proficy iFIX for Operations Hub, refer to Configure Proficy iFIX for Writes (on page 116).

## Use the Trend Widget for OPC UA Data Sources

Data visualization with trend widget for OPC UA data sources.

Use the following guidelines to successfully get data flowing in the Trend widget. Refer to Configuring a Trend Chart (on page 450).

## Use the Trend Widget with an Asset Model

- Create a data source with OPC UA configuration in Operations Hub (on page 292).
- Build an asset model for OPC UA data sources.
- 1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **Apps** workspace appears, displaying a list of applications.

- 2. Open the application.
- 3. Select

The Trend Configuration pane appears.

4. Select Add Tags for Trend.

The **Add Sources** window appears.

Add Sources
Asset model V
Search Q
Apply search in context of selected node
<ul> <li>FinishedWaterPumpStation</li> </ul>
✓ DisplacementPump1A
Flow_Object1
Flow_Object2
Flow_Object3
Flow_Object4
Flow_Object5
🛞 🗹 Flow_Object6
B Flow_Object7
CLOSE

5. Select Asset Model from the drop-down.

A list of assets appear.

6. Browse and select the check box for the properties you want to add to the trend chart. Refer to Browse Data Sources *(on page 300)*.

The live data from the data source starts displaying in a trend chart.

# Use the Trend Widget without an Asset Model

- Create a data source with OPC UA configuration in Operations Hub (on page 292).
- 1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **Apps** workspace appears, displaying a list of applications.

- 2. Open the application.
- 3. Select

The Trend Configuration pane appears.

4. Select Add Tags for Trend.

The Add Sources window appears.

Add Sources		
Proficy iFix 🗸 🗸	iFix_6.1 Y	
: 10		
- 📄 🛅 Objects		1
Alarms		
• 🗌 🎡 Server		
🕶 📄 Tags		
🔹 📄 🗅 Analog Alarm		
- 🗌 🛞 AA00001		
🕨 🗹 🧷 Value		
▼ 🗌 🋞 AA00002		
🕶 🗹 🗷 Value		
• 📃 👜 A_AACK		
• 📃 🖄 A_ADI		
	CLO	SE

- 5. Select iFIX, CIMPLICITY, or OPC UA from the drop-down, then select the server. The address space for the selected data source appears in a tree structure.
- 6. Browse and select the check box for the tags you want to add to the trend chart. Refer to Browse Data Sources *(on page 300)*.

The live data from the data source starts displaying in a trend chart.

# Configure Proficy CIMPLICITY for Writes

This topic describes how to configure Proficy CIMPLICITY to enable write operations.

- 1. Log in to Proficy CIMPLICITY.
- From the main menu, go to Project > Properties.
   The Project Properties window appears.
- 3. Select **Operations Hub** tab.
- 4. Provide these details to set up the connection to Operations Hub.

Field	Description
Server name	Operations Hub machine name
Port	Port number for the machine
User name	Enter the user name for logging in to the ma- chine. Select <b>Test Connection</b> to verify the Op- erations Hub machine details for establishing a connection.
Require trusted connection	Select the check box to enable SSL security for the connection. If the security appears as (Not Trusted), you must trust it. To do so, se- lect <b>View Certificate</b> for instructions on where to copy the issuer certificate on your CIMPLICI- TY machine.
ок	Save the details and close the window.

				Project Propertie	es		×
General	Options	Settings	Historian	Change Management	OPC UA Server	Operations Hub	
Op	erations H	ub Configu	ration			.0	
Se	rver name:	opshul	odemo		Test Conn	nection	
Po	rt:	458					
Us	er name:	opshul	odemoadmi	n			
SS	L Security						
	Require t	trusted con	nection (	Not Trusted)	View Certi	ficate	
UA	A/OAuth2	Configurat	ion				
	Use exte	mal UAA/	OAuth2 ser	ver			
	Server UF	IL:					
	✓ Requir	e trusted c	onnection		View Certi	ficate	
					ОК	Cancel He	lp

- 5. To verify the write operations, log in to Operations Hub.
- 6. Create a data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.
- 7. Set up an extension query (on page 209) for CIMPLICITY with these details:

Method	WRITE
Tag Source	OPC UA
Tag inputs and outputs	As required

- 8. Create an application page and bind the extension query with widgets.
- 9. Log in to the end application, and perform the write operations in runtime.

# Configure Proficy iFIX for Writes

This topic describes how to configure Proficy iFIX to enable write operations.

- 1. Log in to Proficy iFIX.
- 2. Go to C:\Program Files (x86)\GE\iFIX and open the secmgr.clr.dll.config file in a notepad.
- 3. Save the dll file after verifying and updating these details:

Ensure that uaa\_oauthHost points to the UAA server that provides the authentication services. If default UAA server is installed with Operations Hub, this will generally be the hostname (short or FQDN) used during Operations Hub installation.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<configuration>
 <appSettings>
  <add key="oauthHost" value="127.0.0.1"/>
  <add key="oauthPort" value="8443"/>
  <add key="oauthEndPoint" value="oauth"/>
 <add key="strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
        <add key="ifix oauthIssuer" value="ifix auth service"/>
  <add key="ifix_oauthHost" value="localhost"/>
  <add key="ifix oauthPort" value="4857"/>
  <add key="ifix_oauthEndPoint" value="ifix-auth-service/v1/oauth"/>
  <add key="ifix_strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
        <add key="confighub_oauthIssuer" value="ConfigHubAuthService"/>
  <add key="confighub_oauthHost" value="localhost"/>
  <add key="confighub_oauthPort" value="5678"/>
  <add key="confighub_oauthEndPoint" value="confighub-auth/v1/oauth/"/>
  <add key="confighub_strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
  <add key="uaa oauthHost" value="localhost"/>
  <add key="uaa_oauthPort" value="443"/>
  <add key="uaa_oauthEndPoint" value="uaa"/>
  <add key="uaa strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
 </appSettings>
</configuration>
```

- 4. To verify the write operations, log in to Operations Hub.
- 5. Create a data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.
- 6. Set up an extension query (on page 209) for iFIX with these details:

Method	WRITE
Tag Source	OPC UA
Tag inputs and outputs	As required

7. Create an application page and bind the extension query with widgets.

8. Log in to the end application, and perform the write operations in runtime.

# Configure Third Party OPC UA Servers for Writes

If you are using third party OPC UA server configuration for data to update any value, you must provide user name and password credentials to perform write operations. In case of alarm card or a mimic card receiving data from a third party OPC UA server, a pop-up dialog prompts for user name and password credentials to perform write operations.

- 1. Create a third party data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.
- 2. In the data source, under Authentication > Write, select User Name/Password (provided by user).

uthentication		
Read		
🔵 Anonymous 🛛 O	Jser Name/Password	
User Name:	ophubadmin	
Password:		٢
Test Connection		
Write		
📗 Use Read Credentia	ls for Write	
Logged On User Toke	en 💿 User Name/Password (pr	ovided by user)

- 3. Create an application (on page 146).
- 4. Create application pages (on page 308) for Alarm card (on page 470) and Mimic Card (on page 482).
- 5. Acknowledge alarms (on page 481) at runtime to verify alarm write operations.

A pop-up dialog appears requesting for user name and password to perform write operations.

OPCUA Write Authentication	×
Data source name	
EXTERNALUAServer	
User name	
root	
Password	
Remember credentials	
Subçit Close	

If you choose to acknowledge multiple alarms from multiple sources, then enter the credentials for all the data sources listed in the authentication popup.

OPCUA Write Authe	ntication		×
Data source name	User name	Password	
DEMO1SERVER	Admirjistrator		Remember credentials
Data source name	User name	Password	
DEMO2SERVER	Administrator		Remember credentials
	Submi	t Close	

- 6. Similarly perform set point operation on mimics at runtime to verify mimic write operations.
- 7. Select the **Remember Credentials** check box to save the user name and password.

When data source credentials are saved, the authentication popup for that data source does not appear again to acknowledge additional alarms.

In case you selected this check box and entered invalid credentials, the invalid data gets saved. You must clear the saved data source credentials to be able to enter the valid user name and password.

Select to clear all the saved data source credentials.

# Get Started with Proficy Plant Applications

This topic guides you through how to get started integrating Proficy Plant Applications and Proficy Operations Hub.

Ensure that system requirements for Plant Applications and Operations Hub are met.

### Overview

- 1. Install Proficy Operations Hub.
- 2. To install Proficy Plant Applications, choose your installation type:
  - Standard Edition (on page 119)
  - Enterprise Edition (on page 119)
- 3. Work with Web Client applications (on page 120).
- 4. (Optional) Refer to the API documentation to customize applications.

### **Steps for Installing Standard Web Client**

- 1. Configuring Apache CouchDB Settings
- 2. Standard Edition Web Client Requirements
- 3. Install Plant Applications Standard Web Client
- 4. Run Message Bridge Configuration Utility
- 5. Run Operations Hub Posting Utility
- 6. Verify the Installation

### **Steps for Installing Enterprise Web Client**

- 1. Configuring Apache CouchDB Settings
- 2. Enterprise Edition Web Client Requirements
- 3. Review the files provided by GE
- 4. Pre-Installation Checklist
- 5. Install Enterprise Edition Web Client
- 6. Run Message Bridge Configuration Utility
- 7. Run Operations Hub Posting Utility
- 8. Verify the Installation

### **Work with Web Client Applications**

#### Note:

These applications appear based on user privileges.

- Unit Operations
- Non Conformance
- Work Order Manager
- Route Editor
- Work Queue
- Time Booking
- Property Definition
- Security
- Configuration
- Approval Cockpit
- Downtime
- OEE Dashboard
- Reports
- My Machines
- My Machines
- Analysis
- OEE Aggregation Store
- Activities
- Process Orders
- Alarm Event Notification
- Waste
- Receiving Inspection
- BOM Editor
- Genealogy

# Data Binding to Widgets

This topic describes the options you can use to bind values to widgets.

### Attention:

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In case you modified the data source alias (machine name), then all references to the data source (Historian or OPC UA) server are lost. You must rebuild queries for all your widgets in use.

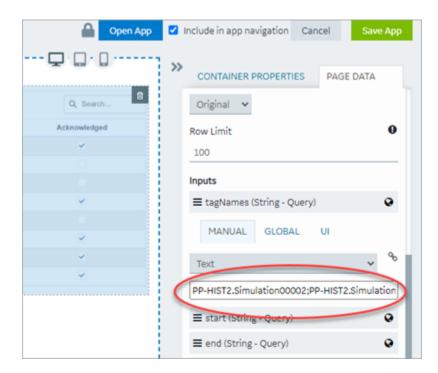
#### **Tag Browser**

A list of out-of-the-box (OOTB) queries of 'Extension' type are available with the tag browser.

- 1. Select the OOTB query that you want to apply to the widget.
- 2. Browse the data source and select tags (on page 300).
- 3. Drag-and-drop the query on your widgets. This automatically populates the data fields for the query under **PAGE DATA**.
- 4. Save the page with the default data from the query, (OR) modify the data fields to your requirement.

### Note:

The tag browser does not apply to REST or SQL queries. It works only with Extension queries. If you want to configure tags in a REST query, then enter them as Text. You can also enter multiple tags separated by a semicolon.



Refer to:

- Create an Extension Query (on page 209)
- About Queries (on page 179)

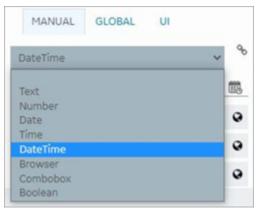
Example: Refer to Sample Page with Historical Data (on page 572).

#### Inputs

Queries have input values. On drag-and-drop from tag browser, these inputs are bound to the widget, and appear under **PAGE DATA**.

Each input has these options that are populated with default values as per the query:

• Manual: Allows to use a variety of components to provide manual values for query inputs - text, number, date, time, datetime, browser, combo box, and boolean.



- Global
- UI

### Note:

At any point in time, ensure that only one binding exists for the query inputs. For example, there should be no manual or global binding if you have already bound the query input to UI through a widget or plugin. To remove a binding from the query input, select the unlink icon next to the binding.

#### Link to Access the Query

If you changed the Asset Context for the page, access a direct link to the query to update or modify it.

On selecting the widget, a link to the associated query appears under the widget properties. Select the link to directly jump to the query on the **PAGE DATA** tab.

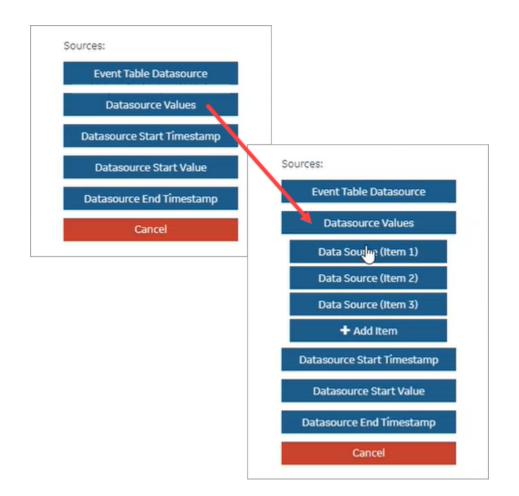
GAUGE PROPER	TIES	PAGE DATA	
Settings	Visual	Responsive	
Show on: Mobile 🗹 Tablet 🗸	🛛 Desktop 🖌		
- DATA			
Source:			
Data           Object Read           No available data	a fields		
() Manual			I.
○ Formula			
▼ BEHAVIOR			

### **Drag-and-Drop Data**

This feature is applicable when configuring widgets in Operations Hub. You have the option to drag-anddrop selected tags/properties (from the tag browser) directly on to the widgets. The data is quickly bound to the widget without the need to manually configure its value fields. After you drag and drop data on the widget, go to the widget properties tab to verify. The source value fields are auto-filled with the data that you dropped on the widget.

For widgets with multiple array fields to bind to, the drag-and-drop feature shows the available value fields. A menu appears, where you can drill down and select the specific item to bind data. Items in the menu are arranged according to their sequence order.

To bind the drag-and-drop data to a new item, select **+ Add Item**. A new item is created and data is bound to it.



# HMI

## Work with Alarms

- Configure iFIX for Alarms (on page 473)
- Configure CIMPLICITY for Alarms (on page 475)
- Alarm Card (on page 470)
- Alarm Count (on page 482)
- Apply Filters to View Alarms (on page 478)
- Acknowledge Alarms (on page 481)

#### **Related reference**

Work with Mimics (on page 125)

## Work with Mimics

- Configure iFIX for Mimics (on page 484)
- Configure CIMPLICITY for Mimics (on page 491)
- Import Mimics (on page 280)
- Assign Mimics to Assets (on page 281)
- Override an Assigned Mimic (on page 282)
- Set Up Mimic Target Zones (on page 282)
- Mimic Card (on page 482)

#### **Related reference**

Work with Alarms (on page 124)

# Get Started with Proficy Batch

This topic describes how to get started with batch execution process.

- 1. Set up Batch (on page 126).
- 2. Add a Batch Data Source (on page 299) in Operations Hub.
- 3. Import and start using the sample application.
  - a. Open your installation ISO, and navigate to the Installation Content\Apps folder.
  - b. Copy Proficy Batch Execution App to a temporary folder on your hard drive.
  - c. Import (on page 151) the sample batch application to Operations Hub.

REATED		
mport App	Quick Filter	
Description	Last updated	
A sample application to enable you to	3 hours ago by Operations Hub Admin	£ ເ"≀
A sample application to enable operato	3 hours ago by Operations Hub Admin	A C' 1
	Description A sample application to enable you to	Import App       Quick Filter         Description       Last updated         A sample application to enable you to       3 hours ago by Operations Hub Admin         A sample application to enable operato       3 hours ago by Operations

d. After import, navigate to your Batch data source, and modify the **Endpoint URL** to reflect the host name of your Batch Server.

Alternatively, you may skip step 3 and proceed to creating your own application (on page 146).

- 4. Configure properties for batch widgets (on page 549).
- 5. Create and execute batch instances at runtime.

Perform these steps if your Batch Server uses a self-signed certificate. Ignore the following for digitally signed certificates.

- a. Open your browser console.
- b. Right-click any of the URLs and open in a new tab.

	<pre>(status: undefined, status:ext: undefined, error: iypeerror: railed to fetch</pre>
0	+GET https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRestAPI/batches net::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID
	<pre>(status: undefined, statusText: undefined, error: TypeError: Failed to fetch</pre>
0	+GET https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRestAPI/operatorprompts_net::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID
	<pre>(status: undefined, statusText: undefined, error: TypeError: Failed to fetch</pre>
	<pre>(status: undefined, statusText: undefined, error: TypeError: Failed to fetch</pre>
0	+GET https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRestAPI/bindingprompts net::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID
	<pre>{status: undefined, statusText: undefined, error: TypeError: Failed to fetch</pre>
	(status: undefined, statusText: undefined, error: TypeError: Failed to fetch at t.schedulePn (https://perfbatch2vm.htclab.ge.com/run/scripts/lib/_)
-	+GET https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRestAPI/batches_net::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID
	(status: undefined, statusText: undefined, error: TypeError: Failed to fetch at t.scheduleFn (https://perfbatch2vm.htclab.ge.com/run/scripts/lib/_)
	+GET https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRestAPI/operatorprompts_net::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID

The Your connection is not private error screen appears on the new tab.

- c. To bypass the error, select Advanced > Proceed to <BatchServerName> (unsafe).
- d. Close the tab.
- 6. Restart the Batch Server. After restart, make sure BatchRestService is up and running.

## Set up Batch

This topic describes how to set up Proficy Batch REST API.

Download these files from GE Salesforce.

- Proficy Batch Execution ISO file
- Batch REST API zip file
- Latest Batch SIM file

#### Note:

You also require a GE Digital Batch License Key with Batch Integration Services and Electronic Signatures for the Batch computer.

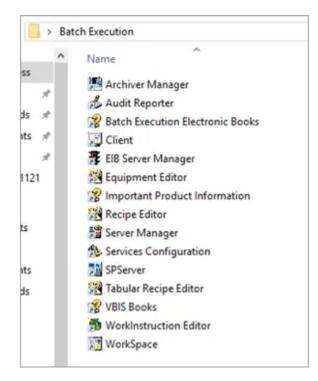
With Proficy Batch, operators can oversee batch processing using a set of batch widgets *(on page 549)*. Operator views and controls are provided in the form of Batch list, Batch control, etc. to execute batches

efficiently. A sequential flow chart (SFC) widget presents a graphical view of the batch flows. For more information, refer to Proficy Batch Execution.

- 1. Log in to the machine where Operations Hub is installed.
- Run the ISO file to install the Proficy Batch Execution application with default settings.
   To create a Windows user account for the batch executive, provide the User name and Password details.

Proficy Batch Execution User Information for GE Inte	lligent Platforms Batch
	Create or Select a user to run the GE Intelligent Platforms Batch Service Applications. User accounts must be in the format DDMAIN/Username. Default user is BatchExecutive on local machine with password "batchrules". NOTE: The new or chosen user will be granted Administrator privileges as this is a requirement for proper functioning of the GE Intelligent Platforms Batch Service Applications. User name: PERFBATCH2VM\BatchExecutive Password: Confirm Password:
InstallShield	< Back Next> Cancel

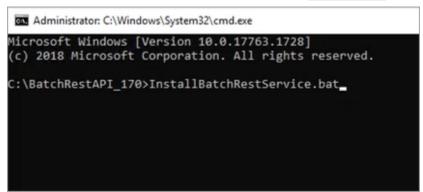
After installation, Batch Execution folder is created on your desktop.



- 3. Install the latest Batch SIM.
- 4. Restart your machine.
- 5. Unzip the BatchRestAPI file and place the folder in your C drive.

Name
Local
Logs
OpenSSL-Win32
VC2015x86Redistributable
web
batch_config_rest_service.json
BatchRestAPIHelp
BatchRestService
boost_date_time-vc140-mt-x32-1_72.dll
S brotlicommon.dll
S brotlidec.dll
S brotlienc.dll
cpprest_2_10.dll
InstallBatchRestService
libcrypto-1_1.dll
libssl-1_1.dll
© OSS
Readme
RegenerateCertificate
UninstallBatchRestService
VBISBatchLib.dll
zlib1.dll

6. From the command prompt, run the installation for BatchRestAPI service.



7. Access the Readme file in the unzipped BatchRestAPI folder and follow the instructions for installation.

For example,

Country Name	US
State or Province Name	Massachusetts
Locality Name	Boston
Organization Name	GE
Organization Unit Name	Digital
Common Name	Enter your server name
Email Address	ophubuser@gmail.com
Enter Export Password	Enter a password.
	You must modify the <pre>batch_config_rest_ser- vice.json</pre> file to reflect this password.

8. From the unzipped BatchRestAPI folder, open batch\_config\_rest\_service.json in a text editor. For example, Notepad.

Refer to the BatchRestAPI Readme.txt for more details.

9. Verify and update these parameters:

serverCertificatePassword	Enter the export password.
basicAuthWindowsGroupValidation	If true, then the Windows user (used for ba- sic auth and for bearer token security) should

	be a member of the Windows user group indi-
	cated by the property basicAuthWindowsGroup.
	This is initially set to proficy_batch_rest_users.
	You must create this Windows group on the
	Batch REST Service computer, and add the cor-
	responding Windows users to this group.
	Set this to false if you do not want to use Win-
	dows Group validation.
basicAuthWindowsGroup	PROFICY_BATCH_REST_USERS
uaaServers	Enter the URL for Operations Hub Proficy Au-
	thentication (UAA).
	Note: Only one UAA server is supported.

- 10. Ensure that the Operations Hub user is also a domain user or a local Windows user on the batch computer system. Refer to Configuring Windows User Accounts on the Batch REST Service Computer (on page 132).
- 11. From the Batch Execution folder, launch Server Manager.

The BatchServerManager application screen appears.

#### 12. Select Start Server > Cold.

	Data Servers	Statistics	Server Messages	Equipment Audit Information
er\	er Info			
Ve	ersion:			
St	arted at:			
Ar	ea Model File:			
er	SoftPhase Sen	ver - Choo	se Boot Method	
E	Cold	Do not	into the appropriate use restart informati start the SoftPhase	on
M	aximum Units Al	lowed: 25	5	
	stal Units:	0		
T				

#### Important:

ļ

- Use the Windows Services to start/restart the BatchRestService after you start/ restart the Batch Server.
- If BatchRestService fails to start, stop the VBIS service and try again. If it still fails, check for error messages in the logs\batch\_rest\_api.log file. Look for a syntax error in the batch\_config\_rest\_service.json file, which may be responsible for the BatchRestService to not start.
- Remember to restart BatchRestService if you make changes to the batch\_config\_rest\_service.json file.
- You can also start your Batch Client if you want to compare the data screens with the batch widgets.
- After the Batch REST Service starts, it can take a minute before it is available to receive REST calls.

For additional information on the UI screens of the batch widgets, refer to https:// www.ge.com/digital/documentation/batch/Operations\_Manual.pdf.

13. From the Batch Execution folder:

### Note:

You can perform this step right after installing the ISO file as well.

a. Launch Equipment Editor and define your equipment models.

Refer to https://www.ge.com/digital/documentation/batch/ Equipment\_Configuration\_Manual.pdf.

In case you modify the equipment model:

- Make sure to validate your recipes.
- If the Batch Server was running, you must restart the Batch Server and the Soft Phase Server.
- If the VBIS Service was running, you should stop it. Then start/restart the Batch REST Service (this will automatically start the VBIS Service).
- b. Launch Recipe Editor and create your recipes.

A recipe contains a series of automated steps to execute a particular batch instance. The steps may also contain prompts that request for permission to proceed ahead, and trigger alarms that need your attention.

Refer to https://www.ge.com/digital/documentation/batch/ Recipe\_Development\_Manual.pdf.

# Configuring Windows User Accounts on the Batch REST Service Computer

The batch widgets send a bearer token to the Batch Rest Service containing the currently logged in Ophub User account name. This account name must exist on the Batch Rest Service computer as a local Windows user, or as a domain user.

- If using local Windows user accounts, create the corresponding local Windows user accounts on the Batch REST Service computer that match the Ophub user account names.
- If you are using a domain user, the domain name can be a part of the Operations Hub user name (for example: ophubuser@DomainName). You can also use an Ophub account name without domain as part of the Operations Hub username. For example, ophubadmin.
- If you use an Operations Hub user name without domain, for example <code>ophubadmin</code>, the Batch REST Service will first look up this user to see if it is a valid local Windows user on the Batch

REST Service computer. If it is not found, then it will look up this user on the Domain used by the computer. The order of the user lookup can be customized with the UAAUserDomainLookupOption property and is described in more detail the Batch Rest API readme.txt.

• As an extra security feature, if the basicAuthWindowsGroupValidation property is true, the Batch REST Service will validate that this user is a member of the basicAuthWindowsGroup. This group is initially set to proficy\_BATCH\_REST\_USERS. If this is set to true, then be sure to add the windows user accounts to this Windows User Group.

#### **Use e-Signatures**

To use e-Signatures for batch widgets, do the following:

1. Create Windows user groups on the Batch REST Service computer that correspond to the e-Signature Requirement Performed By and Verified By group names in the batch widgets.

For example, operator and supervisor group names are used in the Batch widgets sample application.

- Create Windows users on the Batch REST Service computer and add them to the appropriate Windows user group used for e-Signature. Or if you are using Domain users, add the domain users to the appropriate Windows user groups used for e-Signature.
- 3. Be sure that the Windows User accounts full name is not blank.
- 4. If using Domain users, be sure to set the GE Intelligent Platforms Security Server (isecurity.exe) Windows Service to run under a Domain user account, and restart this service.

# About Dataflow Editor

A lightweight flow-based programming tool.

Use Dataflow Editor to interact across the Proficy portfolio via. REST or connect to third party data sources via SQL, MQTT or OPC-UA, etc. (requires additional downloads) to orchestrate real-time data transformation based on your business or process requirements. Refer to https://nodered.org/ for additional downloads and help.

You have the option to install Dataflow Editor when installing Operations Hub (on page 25) on your machine. Access the Dataflow Editor plugin either from within the Configuration Hub application, or via. its independent URL. To access the Dataflow Editor user interface, you should be a member of iqp.nodered group.

The URL to access Dataflow Editor independently is case-sensitive after the hostname:

https://<hostname>/Node-RED/admin

# Manually Register Dataflow Editor with Configuration Hub

This topic describes how to manually register and unregister Dataflow Editor with Configuration Hub.

- Ensure that security authentication source is configured for Configuration Hub.
- You should be an administrator to perform this task.

Perform these steps if you did not register Dataflow Editor with Configuration Hub during Operations Hub install.

- 1. On the Operations Hub machine, open Windows Command Prompt.
- 2. Change the directory to the path where Operations Hub is installed on your system: \Program Files \GE\Operations Hub\ node-red\
- 3. Run the following command replacing placeholder with actual values:

```
node.exe ch_reg_plugin.js <OPHUB_HOST> <HTTPS_PORT> <configHubContainerServiceBaseUrl>
=<clientId>:<clientSecret> nodered
```

Placeholder	Replace With
<ophub_host></ophub_host>	The primary host name you selected during in- stall.
<https_port></https_port>	The port assigned to https protocol for Opera- tions Hub. Typically it is 443.
<confighubcontainerservicebaseurl></confighubcontainerservicebaseurl>	The base URL of the Configuration Hub Con- tainer Service.
<clientid></clientid>	Identifier of a client that has permission (au- thority) to register with Configuration Hub.
<clientsecret></clientsecret>	Client secret used to authenticate the client.

For example,

```
node.exe ch_reg_plugin.js ophubhost1.test.net 443 https://chhost:5000/container-svc/
=confighubadmin:itsSecret nodered
```

4. To unregister manually, you must run the following command before uninstalling Operations Hub:

## Note:

If you registered manually, then you should also manually unregister. Uninstalling Operations Hub does not unregister if you did not choose to register during installation.

Replace placeholder with actual values:

node.exe ch\_reg\_plugin.js <OPHUB\_HOST> <HTTPS\_PORT> <configHubContainerServiceBaseUrl>
=<clientId>:<clientSecret> nodered unreg

# Chapter 3. User Guide

# Overview

# **Overview of Operations Hub**

Operations Hub is an end-to-end solution for developing, managing, and delivering applications to leverage the capabilities of big data analytics and the internet of things.

Using Operations Hub, you can create applications that will collect and analyze data from a machine or a server, and trigger actions based on certain events.

Operations Hub provides you with a user-friendly interface to create components of an application such as queries *(on page 179)*, database tables *(on page 159)* (called entities), events *(on page 228)*, email templates *(on page 239)*, users *(on page 250)*, and so on without the need to use your programming skills. You can also design pages and dashboards using these components.

Advantages of using Operations Hub:

- Operations Hub is quick, easy, and cost-effective. You do not need programming skills to develop an application.
- The Operations Hub applications use HTML5 and CSS3, and hence, they are platform-independent.
- You can access an application using a computer or a mobile device.
- You can provide controlled access to an application and data based on user roles.
- You can create entities and queries for a relational database.

### Note:

If you have installed only the Operations Hub add-on for Historian, you cannot create, modify, or delete an application or a component of an application. You can only access the Historian analysis application.

# **Refresh Session Timeout**

Refresh the session to reset its expiration time.

Operations Hub login session expires based on the configured timeout settings *(on page 59)*. When the session is close to expiration, an alert appears requesting to save your work.

Select **Refresh** to reset the session timeout settings, and continue with your work.

Warning!			×
Your session will expire soon. F alive.	Please save yo	our work or c	lick 'Refresh' to keep the session
	Refresh	Cancel	

The session expires if the warning is left unacknowledged. You must log back in to Operations Hub to start a new session, and resume your work. Any unsaved work prior to a session timeout will be lost.

# **Applications**

## **About Applications**

Operations Hub provides a user-friendly interface to create application components such as database tables (called entities), queries, events, email templates, users, and so on, without the need to write code.

You can then develop applications using these components. To develop an application, you will perform the following tasks:

- 1. Create all the components that are required for the application.
- 2. Create the pages and dashboards for the application.
- 3. Apply themes, define the navigation details.
- 4. Access and test the application.
- 5. Provide users access to the application.

### Note:

If you have installed only the Operations Hub add-on for Historian, you cannot create an application or components of an application. You can only access the Historian analysis application.

Suppose you want to create an application that will send an email notification if the temperature recorded by a sensor exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. In this case, you will perform the following tasks:

- 1. Create an email template, which will contain the text and event parameters that you want to send in the email.
- 2. Create an event that will be triggered when the temperature recorded by the sensor exceeds 40 degrees Celsius.

- 3. Add an action to the event to define the recipients and send an email using the email template that you have created.
- 4. Create a page to display the sensor data. You can display the data using components such as text, gauges, or historical trend charts.
- 5. Add an event settings component to the page to allow application users to turn the event on or off.

# Grant Access to an Application for an Individual User

By default, all the developers can access all the applications that they have developed. Application users, however, can access only the applications to which they are granted access. This topic describes how to grant access to an application for individual users. You can also grant access to a role *(on page 138)* 

#### Note:

A user must be a member of the iqp.user group in order to be assigned to an App.

#### 1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The APPS workspace appears.

٩p	S					
ALL	APPS RECENTLY CREATED					
+	Add new app 🌲 Import Ag	op 🗢 📢 🔹	1 • • Quick Filter			
	Name	Description	Last updated			
	Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ß	¢
	Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ì	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ľ	¢
	Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	¢
	ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	a	C	¢
	Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	0	ľ	¢

2. In the Name column, select the application to which you want to grant access.

#### The **PAGES** workspace appears.

<b>F</b>	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ 4	vdd new page 🔅 🔒		C <sup>*</sup> Preview App
)	Name	Description	
]	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
)	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
)	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	¢
)	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	¢
)	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	¢
)	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the main navigation menu, select APP USERS.

The APP USERS workspace appears, displaying a list of application users created in the site.

Apps > Asset Management > App Users						
+/	Add new app user	Submit changes 3 Users	Only app users	Quick Filter		
	Username	Last Name	First Name	Last Login		
1	DocsTeam	Team	Docs	19 hours ago		
	Operator	Operator	PLC			
	Supervisor	Assembly line	Supervisor			

4. In each row containing an application user to whom you want to grant access, select the check box, and then select **Submit changes**.

The selected users can now access the application.

## Grant Access to an Application for a Group

By default, all the developers can access all the applications that they have developed. Application users, however, can access only the applications to which they are granted access. This topic describes how to grant access to an application for user groups. You can also grant access to a role.



A user must be a member of the iqp.user group in order to be assigned to an App.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATE	D		
+ Add new app	rt App 🔅 📢 🖪	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

2. In the Name column, select the application to which you want to grant access.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ /	Add new page 🔅 🔒		<b>⊡</b> <sup>®</sup> Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	<
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	Contract (1998)
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	Contract (1998)
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	Contract (1997) (19977) (19977) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	<
	Template	A template for new pages	4

3. In the main navigation menu, select APP GROUPS.

The **APP GROUPS** workspace appears, displaying the list of UAA groups for the UAA connected to this instance Operations Hub.

4. In each row containing an application user to whom you want to grant access, select the check box, and then select **Submit changes**.

The selected groups can now access the application.

## Access an Application

In the main navigation menu, select APPS.
 The APPS workspace appears.

\pp	S					
ALL	APPS RECENTLY CREATED					
+	Add new app 🕹 Import Ag	≫ <b>⇔ 44 4</b> :	1 • • Quick Filter			
	Name	Description	Last updated			
	Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ß	¢
	Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ß	¢
	Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ľ	¢
	Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ß	¢
	Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	¢
	ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	¢
	ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	C	¢
	Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team		đ	¢

- 2. In the row containing the application that you want to access, select  $^{m C}$  .
- If you want to access the application in a web browser, select **Open**. If, however, you want to
  access the application on a mobile device, scan the QR code using the device.
  The application appears in a new browser tab or on your mobile device.

If upgrading to Operations Hub 2.0, please note that every application can be referenced by an URL. All hardcoded links to applications must be updated with the new URLs.

# Access a Recently Created Application

 In the main navigation menu, select APPS. The APPS workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app	vpp 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

2. Select **RECENTLY CREATED**.

pps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED RE	CENTLY MODIFIED		
+ Add new app 1 Import App	¢	Quick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Widget font testing 2		18 hours ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C° 🕈
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🔹
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🜣
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C° 🔹
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Asset Management	Manage Devices	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Asset Testing	Test Devices	Yesterday by Docs Team	â C 🜣

A list appears with the ten most recently created applications.

# Access a Recently Modified Application

 In the main navigation menu, select APPS. The APPS workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app 🕹 Import	App 🗢 📢 4	1 > > Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C ¢
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🔹

2. Select **RECENTLY MODIFIED**.

A list appears with the ten r	nost recently modified a	applications.	
Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED RECE	ENTLY MODIFIED		
+ Add new app 🔹 Import App	٥		Quick Filter
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	Yesterday by Docs Team	
Asset Testing	Test Devices	Yesterday by Docs Team	
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App 🖉	Yesterday by Docs Team	
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	Yesterday by Docs Team	
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	Yesterday by Docs Team	
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	Yesterday by Docs Team	

Yesterday by Docs Team

Yesterday by Docs Team

Yesterday by Docs Team

18 hours ago by Docs Team

â 🖸 🏟 ê 🖸 🛊 🔒 🖸 🏟 â 🖸 🏟 â 🖸 🛊 â 🖸 🛊

🔒 🖸 🌣

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â 🖸 🔅

🔒 🖸 🌣

# Create an Application

Building Monitor\_Step5

ES\_M2MvsPivot

ES Event Map View

Widget font testing 2

This topic describes how to create an application. You can also copy an application (on page 148).

Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity

Monitor Tags and Events with Map

M2M vs Pivot Comparison

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The APPS workspace appears.

Apps	s					
ALL	APPS RECENTLY CREATED					
+	Add new app 🌲 Import Ap	<b>⊳</b> ¢ <b>∢( ∢</b> :	1 > > Quick Filter			
	Name	Description	Last updated			
	Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ß	٥
	Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	C	٥
	Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	C	٥
	Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	٥
	ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	٥
	ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ľ	٥
	Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	0	C	¢

2. Select Add new app.

The Create App window

Create Ap	р			×
App name:				
Description:				/
appears.			Cancel	Create
In the App name and Descrip	<b>tion</b> boxes, enter values, a	and then select <b>Create</b> . Th	ne name must	

 In the App name and Description boxes, enter values, and then select Create. The name muccontain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter. The application is created.

Create a page (on page 308).

# Copy an Application

This topic describes how to copy an application. You can also create an application (on page 146).

You can copy an application only if it was created in the same site. If, however, you want to copy an application that was created in a different site, you must export the application *(on page 149)*, and then import *(on page 151)* it.

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
🕂 Add new app 🛛 🍰 Import	App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > Duick Filter	
□ Name	Description		
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	🔒 🖸 🔅
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	a c 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

The **APPS** workspace appears.

- 2. In the rows containing the applications that you want to copy, select the check boxes.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select \*\*, and then select **Duplicate apps**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to duplicate the applications.

### i) Tip:

Alternatively, in the row containing each application that you want to copy, select <sup>\$\$</sup>, and then select **Duplicate app**.

#### 4. Select OK.

The **Create App** window appears. The **App name** box contains the name of the application that you want to copy, along with a system-generated value. The **Description** box contains the description of the application that you want to copy.

Create Ap	р		×
App name:	Building Monitor_Step2_1524484067911		
Description:	Step 1 with History		/i
		Cancel	Create

5. For each application that you have selected, modify values in the **App name** and **Description** boxes as needed, and then select **Create**.

The applications are copied. The **Pages** workspace for the first application that you have copied appears, displaying a list of pages copied from the original application.

## **Export an Application**

Export and save applications to your local system.

If you want to use or copy an application that was created using a different site, you must export the application, and then import (on page 151) it.

### i) Tip:

If you want to export multiple applications that use the same entities and queries, export them together (instead of exporting them individually).

Default applications are excluded from the export operation. To export a default application, duplicate (on page 148) and export it.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The APPS workspace appears.

Apps					
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED					
+ Add new app 2 Import A	pp 🔅 📢 4	1 > > Quick Filter			
Name Name	Description	Last updated			
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team		C (	9
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	C (	9
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	6	9
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	6	9
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	C (	9
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	C (	9
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	6	\$
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	C (	\$
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	C (	\$
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team		c.	\$

2. In the rows containing the applications that you want to export, select the check boxes.

3. In the workspace heading, select 😤, and then select **Export apps**.

A message appears, indicating that the application will be saved in the default download location of the browser.

#### Tip:

Alternatively, in the row containing each application that you want to export, select <sup>\$\$</sup>, and then select **Export app**.

#### 4. Select OK.

The **Select Datasources** screen appears, if the application being exported contains queries that work with multiple data sources.

5. Select the compatible data sources, then select **Export**.

Each application is exported as a .zip file, which contains:

- a .zip file for each plug-in used in the application.
- an .xml file for the rest of the components used in the application.

#### Important:

To avoid system related errors, do not modify original exported zip files and repackage them for import.

Import the application (on page 151).

## Import an Application

Import and save applications to Operations Hub.

When you import an application, a copy of the application and its components (that is, plug-ins, pages, entities, queries, events, themes, and settings) is created. If an application or a component with the same name exists in the current site, then a system-generated number is appended to the name of the imported application or component. However, if a plug-in with the same name exists, the plug-in is not imported. Instead, the plug-in that already exists in the site is used in the application.

Export the application *(on page 149)* that you want to import. Default applications are excluded from the import operation.

 In the main navigation menu, select APPS. The APPS workspace appears.

App	S					
ALL	APPS RECENTLY CREATED					
+	Add new app 🕹 Import Ap	<b>⊳</b> ≎	1 🕨 🌺 Quick Filter			
	Name	Description	Last updated			
	Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	٥
	ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ò	ď	٥
	ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	2	ď	¢
	Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	0	ď	¢

2. Select Import App.

A message appears, indicating that if there is already an application or a component with the same name, the imported application or component will contain a new name.

- 3. Proceed to import the application.
- 4. Navigate to the application (stored as a .zip file) that you want to import, then select **Open**.

#### Important:

To avoid system related errors, do not modify original exported zip files and repackage them for import.

5. If the application being imported already exists in Operations Hub with the same name, select one of the following:

Option	Description
Duplicate	Creates a duplicate copy of the application and imports to Operations Hub.

Option	Description
Replace	Deletes the existing application in Operations
	Hub and replaces with the one from the import
	file.

If duplicate data source records are found, you may be asked to confirm before importing the file to Operations Hub. Refer to Handling Duplicate OPC UA Data Sources (on page 153).

 If the system detects that the imported application has widgets/plug-ins eligible for upgrades, then they are automatically updated to their latest versions. See Configure Plug-in Upgrades (on page 154).

A copy of the selected application is created. The **Pages** workspace appears, displaying a list of pages copied from the original application.

# Handling Duplicate OPC UA Data Sources

OPC UA data sources are identified as duplicates if they contain identical server endpoint values.

Option	Description
Use Existing	Maintains the data source record that currently exists in Opera- tions Hub. Does not import the duplicate from the file.
Replace	Deletes the data source record that currently exists in Operations Hub. Imports the duplicate from the file to replace the deleted record.
	Note: This option is enabled only for duplicate data source records sharing the same name and endpoint connection value (URI). Details such as security policy, authentication,

If duplicate OPC UA data sources are detected during application import, select one of the following:

**Duplicate Apps in Operations Hub**: During import conflict, if you opt for duplicating the application, the relevant data sources are also duplicated.

To resolve any OPC UA data source server endpoint (URI) conflict when duplicating apps:

- Select **Use Existing** to avoid deleting the existing OPC UA record in Operations Hub. This record will not be imported from the file.
- Select **Replace**, to replace the existing OPC UA record in Operations Hub with the record from the import file.

The data source records that do not have a conflict get duplicated.

**Replace Apps in Operations Hub**: During import conflict, if you opt for replacing the application, Operations Hub data source records having the same name as the imported records, are deleted before being replaced with the imported ones.

### Note:

Any OPC UA data source record in Operations Hub that shares the same name with a record from the import file will get replaced in this scenario. Such records are not considered to be duplicates.

To resolve any OPC UA data source server endpoint (URI) conflict when replacing apps:

- Select **Use Existing** to avoid deleting the existing OPC UA record in Operations Hub. This record will not be imported from the file.
- Select **Replace**, to replace the existing OPC UA record in Operations Hub with the record from the import file.

The data source records that do not have a conflict get replaced.

### Note:

Duplicate OPC UA data sources that existed in older versions are not removed after upgrading to 2.1 or later. It is recommended to manually delete such duplicate records, or modify them to use a unique server endpoint connection.

# Configure Plug-in Upgrades

A pre-requisite for successful custom plug-in upgrade in Operations Hub.

Plug-in developers can choose to write a specification, or use any transformation mechanism to get an EXE, JAR, or BAT file.

Transformation File Type	Description
Jolt	Open-source JSON-to-JSON transformation li- brary written in Java.
	For more information, refer to https:// github.com/bazaarvoice/jolt#Documentation
	For Jolt spec, you can use http://jolt-de- mo.appspot.com/ as a playground to test your transformation.
JAR	<ul> <li>Java output using JSON transformation library such as https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/net.minidev/json-smart/2.4.7.</li> <li>For JAR, the plug-in upgrade infrastructure looks for the class to load. For example, public class GEBreadcrumb_3_0_0to3_0_1 wherein,</li> <li>GEBreadcrumb is the plug-in name</li> <li>3_0_0 is the breadcrumb plug-in old version. The dot is replaced with an underscore.</li> <li>3_0_1 is the breadcrumb plug-in new version. The dot is replaced with an underscore.</li> </ul>
	A transform instance is created for the class by invoking its static transform method: public static String transform(String inputJSON)
.EXE	Windows® executable file. Create a transfor- mation project with your choice of library (C+ +, Node, Python, etc.), which prints the trans- formed output json to console. For this executable,

1. Prepare a data transformation specification for plug-in upgrade using any of these methods:

Transformation File Type	Description
	<ul> <li>'FromVersion' schema input json is</li> </ul>
	passed as command line argument
	<ul> <li>'ToVersion' response JSON is read from</li> </ul>
	its console output produced by the exe-
	cutable
	I

#### Note:

Naming convention for the transformation file is <pluginName>-<FromVersion>-

- 2. Log in to the machine where Operations Hub is installed.
- 3. Place the plug-in transformation files in this location folder ... \ProgramData\GE\Operations Hub \iqp-config\plugin-transform-spec.

When Operations Hub administrator imports applications with old plug-ins, they are successfully upgraded to their latest versions.

- The transformation engine looks for an incremental path of intermediatory transformation that can migrate a plug-in from a specific version to a desired version. For instance, GETrendCard-3.0.1-3.0.2-spec.json GETrendCard-3.0.2-3.0.4-spec.json GETrendCard-3.0.4-3.0.5spec.json are used consecutively to upgrade plug-ins.
- If incremental upgrades were not performed between Operations Hub versions, then the plug-in version may not remain subsequent for upgrade. For example, consider:
  - Operations Hub 1.7 has 3.0.1 version of GETrendCard
  - Operation Hub 2.5 has 3.0.5 version of GETrendcard

The GETrendCard-3.0.1-3.0.5-spec.json file may not be available for upgrading plug-ins. In such cases, plug-in upgrades are not performed in Operations Hub.

# **Delete an Application**

Delete applications from Operations Hub.

- When you delete an application, only the application is deleted from Operations Hub. The components used by the application are not deleted.
- You cannot delete an application if it is locked.
- You cannot delete Operations Hub default applications.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREAT	ED		
+ Add new app	ort.App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

- 2. In each row containing an application that you want to delete, select the check box.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select <sup>1</sup>, and then select **Delete apps**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the applications.

#### i) Tip:

Alternatively, in the row containing each application that you want to delete, select select hen select **Delete app**.

4. Select OK.

The applications are deleted.

## Upgrade an Application

Analyzes applications and updates app plug-ins, if required.

See also Configure Plug-in Upgrades (on page 154).

As a best-practice, always upgrade your applications after upgrading to a SIM version. This allows the existing plug-ins in applications to work properly.

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATE	D		
+ Add new app	rt App 🔅 📢 ∢	1 > Duick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C' 🕈
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	🔒 C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

- 2. In each row containing an application that you want to upgrade, select the check box.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select 😤 , and then select **Upgrade apps**.

A message appears to confirm whether to check if the selected applications require plug-in upgrades.



Alternatively, in the row containing each application that you want to upgrade, select and then select **Upgrade app**.

4. Select **OK** to analyze and update the application plug-ins, if necessary.

A message appears to confirm the upgrade.

5. **Optional:** Select **Show Details** in the message to review a summary of application plug-in upgrades.

# Entities

# **About Entities**

An entity is a database table, which you can use to store data.

You can create queries to retrieve and manage data stored in entities. You can create events to trigger actions when data in an entity is changed. The following list provides a few examples on using entities:

- Enhance data that is used in an asset monitoring application
- Create applications related to customer relationship management
- Manage the workflow of an event-handling or a parts-ordering application
- Sort data retrieved from a maintenance or an issue-reporting application
- · Store contact details of employees

Operations Hub provides a few baseline entities that you can use to manage your assets or collect machine data. You cannot modify or delete these entities; you can use them in your application directly. For baseline entities, the **LAST UPDATED** column is blank in the **ENTITIES** workspace.

When you create an entity, you must perform the following steps:

- 1. Define the entity structure. To do so, add fields *(on page 168)* and specify their data types (for example, Boolean, Number, String, and so on).
- 2. Add rows, and specify field values. To do so, enter values manually (on page 169) or import data from a Microsoft Excel workbook (on page 171).

#### **Pivot Entity**

A pivot entity is used to automatically collect data from multiple sensors that belong to selected devices and groups of devices. You can use a pivot entity in a query, and plot it as a trend graph in your application.

For a pivot entity, one of the following icons appears in the ENTITIES workspace:

• III : Indicates that the pivot entity is receiving data. If you want to stop collecting data in the pivot entity, you must deactivate the pivot entity. To do so, access the pivot entity, and then select

🔁 Deactivate Pivot

• Indicates that the pivot entity is not receiving data. If you want to start collecting data in the pivot entity, you must activate the pivot entity. To do so, access the pivot entity, and then select

Activate Pivot

#### Important:

If you add or remove a device from a device type or group that is used in a pivot entity, you must deactivate the pivot entity, and then reactivate it for the changes to be applied.

Suppose 50 sensors are connected to a device type and 100 devices of that type send data to your application. Suppose you want to monitor the data from only five of the sensors and only 10 of the devices, which belong to a device group named EV group. You can create a pivot entity to collect data from only the selected sensors and the selected devices that belong to the EV group. This makes it easier to plot trend graphs or create tables with multiple sensor values in your application and improves performance when retrieving the data.

#### **Relationship Between Entities**

If you want to retrieve data from two or more entities in a single query, you must create a relationship (or a join) between them. When you create a relationship between entities, the two entities are joined by an inner join in SQL. The entity from which you create a relationship is called the source entity. The entity to which you create a relationship is called the target entity.

A single entity can be used both as a source entity and a target entity. A single entity can be used as a source entity in multiple relationships. A relationship can be bidirectional (that is, if there is a relationship from entity 1 to entity 2, you can also create a relationship from entity 2 to entity 1).

After you create a relationship, when you create a query, if you select the source entity in the **Entity** box, you can retrieve data from fields in both the source and target entities. If, however, you select the target entity, you can retrieve data only from the target entity.

#### Important:

You cannot use a baseline entity or a pivot entity as a source entity; you can only use it as a target entity.

# Access an Entity

1. In the main navigation menu, select **ENTITIES**.

### The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Image: Sector of the sector	Entit	ies				
+ Add new entity + Add new pivot entity   Name Last updated   ES_EventRecord Yesterday Docs Team   Image:	II LI	ST VIEW 📥 DESIGNER				
ES_EventRecord       Yesterday Docs Team         i envirosafePivot       Yesterday Docs Team         device_gateway       i         things_nodes       i         M2M_data_channel       i         device_clouds       i         M2M_data       i	+/	Add new entity + Add new pivot entity				
Image: Sector of the sector		Name	Last updated			
<ul> <li>device_gateway</li> <li>things_nodes</li> <li>M2M_data_channel</li> <li>device_clouds</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_groups</li> </ul>		ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	2	<b>A</b>	٥
<ul> <li>things_nodes</li> <li>M2M_data_channel</li> <li>device_clouds</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_groups</li> </ul>		📑 envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	9	<b>S</b>	0
M2M_data_channel       device_clouds       M2M_data       M2M_data       M2M_data       M2M_groups		device_gateway		a	(and the second s	¢
<ul> <li>device_clouds</li> <li>M2M_data</li> <li>M2M_groups</li> </ul>		things_nodes		a	<b>(1</b> )	٥
M2M_data       M2M_groups		M2M_data_channel		a	<b>A</b>	¢
M2M_groups		device_clouds		a	(and the second s	¢
		M2M_data		6	<b>A</b>	¢
🗌 default_metric_value 🔒 🖋		M2M_groups		a	<b>A</b>	¢
		default_metric_value		6		٥
metrics_device_type		metrics_device_type		6	<b>(1</b> )	٥

2. In the row containing the entity that you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link. The entity appears, displaying a list of fields in the entity.

Entities > ES_	EventRecord						
+ Add row	1 Import Exce	ł				~	Save Changes
RecordID 🔺	EventType	Time	DeviceID	Sensor	Value	Status	Owner
Edit Entity Str	ructure						
<b>7 Tip:</b> You c	an modify val	ues in the	available fields	, and then s	elect <b>Save</b> or	Save and	<b>Exit</b> to save

# Create an Entity

This topic describes how to create an entity. You can also copy an entity (on page 167).

1. In the main navigation menu, select  $\ensuremath{\textbf{ENTITIES}}$  .

The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

your changes.

Entities		
+ Add new entity	← ← 1 → → Quick Filter	
Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	🛍 💉 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	â 💉 🌣
device_gateway		🛍 💉 🌣
things_nodes		🖻 🖉 🌣
M2M_data_channel		🛍 💉 🌣
device_clouds		🛍 🖉 🌣
M2M_data		n 🖉 🗘
M2M_groups		n 🖉 🗘
default_metric_value		🛍 💉 🌣
metrics_device_type		â 💉 🌣

#### 2. Select Add new entity.

The Create Entity window appears.

Create Entity			×
Entity name:			
	Create	Cancel	

- 3. In the Entity name box, enter a name, and then select Create.
- 4. Select Edit Entity Structure.

A list of fields in the entity appears.

#### Entities > ES\_EventRecord

```
Entity name: ES_EventRecord
```

Field	Туре	
RecordID	Number 🔻	\$
EventType	String <b>v</b>	¢ @
Time	DateTime •	¢ ±
DeviceID	String <b>v</b>	÷ •
Sensor	String •	¢ @
Value	Real	¢ @
Status	String •	¢ @
Owner	String •	¢ 🖻

5. Select Add Field.

A field is created in the entity. By default, the name of the field is Field\_1 and the type is String.

- 6. Next to the field name, select *i*, and then modify the name of the field. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.
- 7. In the drop-down list box in the **Type** column, modify the type of the field if needed.
- 8. Select Save or Save and Exit.

The entity is created.

Add a row (on page 169) or, if needed, import data in to the entity (on page 171).

## **Create a Pivot Entity**

Register the device details and metrics that you want to use in the pivot entity using baseline entities.

- 1. Register the device types and metrics using the supported\_device\_gateway and the metrics\_device\_type entities, respectively.
- 2. Register the device groups for the device type using the M2M\_groups entity. The group must belong to a device type that you want to use in the pivot entity.
- 3. Register the devices in a group that you created for their device type.
- 1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.

#### The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entit	ies				
	IST VIEW				
		📢 🔹 1 🕨 🄛 Quick Filter			
+	Add new entity + Add new pivot entity	0			
	Name	Last updated			
	ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	6	<b>Ser</b> <sup>1</sup>	¢
	📑 envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	9	Can <sup>3</sup>	¢
	device_gateway		1	<b>S</b>	¢
	things_nodes		1	<b>S</b>	¢
	M2M_data_channel		ì	<b>.</b>	٥
	device_clouds		ì	<b>S</b>	¢
	M2M_data		ì	<b>Ser</b>	٥
	M2M_groups		a	<b>Ser</b>	¢
	default_metric_value		6	<b>See</b>	¢
	metrics_device_type		a	<b>Ser</b>	ø

2. Select Add new pivot entity.

The Create Pivot Entity window appears.

Create Pivot Entit	×			
Pivot entity name:				
	Create	Cancel		

3. In the **Pivot entity name** box, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The pivot entity is created. By default, a few fields such as timestamp, device\_id, instance\_name, and other fields are added to the pivot entity. You cannot modify or delete them. You can, however, add more fields for the metrics that you want to record in the pivot entity.

4. If you want to collect data from a specific device type:

a. In the Get Data By box, select Device type.

A drop-down list box appears next to the **Device type** box, displaying a list of device types that you have registered using the supported\_device\_gateway entity.

- b. Select the device type from which you want to collect data in the pivot entity.
- 5. If you want to collect data from a specific device group:
  - a. In the Get Data By box, select Device group.

A drop-down list box appears next to the **Device group** box, displaying a list of device groups that you have registered using the M2M\_groups entity.

- b. Select the device group from which you want to send data to the pivot entity.
- 6. Create a field (on page 168) for each metric that you want to record (for example, pressure, temperature, and other metrics). The field name must match the metric name that you have registered using the metrics\_device\_type entity and the metric name that the device uses to send data. This name is case-sensitive.
- 7. As needed, create additional fields in the pivot entity, and then select **Save** or **Save And Exit**. The changes made to the pivot entity are saved.

In the ENTITIES workspace, appears in the row containing the pivot entity that you have created.

Select

Activate Pivot

to start collecting data in the pivot entity.

# Copy an Entity

This topic describes how to copy an entity. You can also create a new entity (on page 162).

- 1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.
  - The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
+ Add new entity	<ul> <li>✓ 1 → → Quick Filter</li> <li></li></ul>	
Name Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	â 💉 🕈
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	🛍 🖋 🌣
device_gateway		â 💉 🗘
things_nodes		ê 🖉 🗘
M2M_data_channel		ê 🖉 🗘
device_clouds		â 🖉 🌣
M2M_data		ê 🖉 🗘
M2M_groups		â 🖋 🌣
default_metric_value		â 🖋 🌣
metrics_device_type		â 🖋 🌣

2. Select the entity that you want to copy.

#### 3. Select Edit Entity Structure.

4. As needed, add or remove fields.



You can also modify the type of a field by selecting a value in the **TYPE** column.

#### 5. Select Save As New.

The **Please enter new name** window appears, displaying the name of the entity that you have selected, appended with a system-generated value.

As needed, modify the name of the entity, and then select OK.
 The selected entity is copied.

# Create a Field in an Entity

1. In the main navigation menu, select **ENTITIES**.

#### The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
+ Add new entity	← ← 1 → → Quick Filter	
Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣
device_gateway		â 🖉 🗘
things_nodes		â 🖉 🗘
M2M_data_channel		â 🖉 🗘
device_clouds		â 🖉 🗘
M2M_data		â 🖉 🗘
M2M_groups		â 🖉 🗘
default_metric_value		â 🖉 🌣
metrics_device_type		â 🖉 🌣

2. Select the entity in which you want to create a field.

A list of fields in the entity appears, along with the data in each field.

3. Select Edit Entity Structure.

A list of fields in the entity appears.

#### Entities > ES\_EventRecord

#### Entity name: ES\_EventRecord

Entity Columns		
Field	Туре	
RecordID	Number 🔻	🌣 🖮
EventType	String <b>v</b>	🌣 🛍
Time	DateTime <b>v</b>	🌣 📾
DeviceID	String <b>v</b>	
Sensor	String <b>v</b>	🌣 🛍
Value	Real	🌣 🛍
Status	String <b>v</b>	🌣 🖻
Owner	String <b>v</b>	¢ 🗇
+ Add Field		

#### 4. Select Add Field.

A field is created in the entity. By default, the name of the field is Field\_1 and the type is String.

- 5. Next to the field name, select *i*, and then modify the name of the field. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.
- 6. In the drop-down list box in the **Type** column, modify the type of the field if needed.
- 7. Select Save or Save and Exit.

The field is created in the entity.

Add a row (on page 169) or import data in to the entity (on page 171).

### Add a Row to an Entity

As needed, add fields to the entity (on page 168).

This topic describes how to add a row and enter data manually in an entity. You can also import data (*on page 171*) from a Microsoft Excel workbook. You cannot, however, add data to baseline entities or pivot entities manually. You can only insert data into these entities using an insert query in an application.

1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.

#### The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
LIST VIEW		
+ Add new entity	↓↓     ↓     ↓     Quick Filter	
Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	🛍 💉 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	🛍 💉 🌣
device_gateway		â 💉 🌣
things_nodes		🛍 💉 🌣
M2M_data_channel		🛍 💉 🌣
device_clouds		🛍 💉 🌣
M2M_data		🛍 💉 🌣
M2M_groups		🛍 💉 🌣
default_metric_value		🖻 🖋 🌣
metrics_device_type		🖻 🖋 🌣

2. Select the entity in which you want to add a row.

#### 3. Select Add row.

A blank row appears in the table.



You can add multiple rows together by selecting Add row multiple times.

4. Enter values in the blank row, and then select Save Changes.

The values that you have entered in the row are saved.

i	Tip:
	If you have entered values in multiple rows, but want to save values only for a single row,
	select 💙 in the row.

# Import Data in to an Entity

This topic describes how to import data in to an entity from a Microsoft Excel workbook. You can also add a row manually in the entity (on page 169).

1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.

The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
+ Add new entity	← ← 1 → → Quick Filter	
Name     Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣
device_gateway		â 🖉 🌣
things_nodes		â 🖉 🌣
M2M_data_channel		â 🖋 🌣
device_clouds		🛍 🖋 🌣
M2M_data		â 🖋 🌣
M2M_groups		â 🖉 🌣
default_metric_value		â 🖉 🌣
metrics_device_type		â 🖉 🌣

- 2. Select the entity in to which you want to import data.
- 3. Select **Import Excel**, navigate to and select the workbook that you want to import, and then select **Open**.

The Set Column Mapping window appears.

Select Data Specify Column Mappings	
Spreadsheet Data	Entity Data
Use Header Row Names	Append to existing data
Import data from row to row	Overwrite existing data

Cancel Next

4. If you want to use the names in one of the rows of the workbook as field names:

a. Select Use Header Row Names.

The Header Row Number box appears.

- b. Enter the row number in the workbook that you want to specify as the header row. By default, this box contains the value 1, which indicates that the first row is used as the header row.
- 5. In the **Import data from row** and **to row** boxes, enter the first and the last row numbers in the workbook that you want to import. For example, if you want to import data from rows 3 through 6, enter 3 and 6 respectively. By default, the **Import data from row** box contains the row number that is immediately next to the header row that you have specified.
- 6. If the entity already contains data and you want to add to it, select **Append to existing data**. If, however, you want to delete existing data before importing, select **Overwrite existing data**.
- 7. Select Next.

A list of fields in the entity appears. Next to each field, a text box appears in the **Column Name in Spreadsheet** column.

8. For each field, specify the column name in the header row in the workbook that you want to map, and then select **Import**.

A message appears, stating that the process is irreversible and asking you to confirm that you want to import data.

9. Select OK.

A message appears, indicating that the data has been imported successfully.

10. Select OK.

The data is imported.

# Create a Relationship Between Entities

You cannot use a baseline entity or a pivot entity as a source entity. You can, however, use it as a target entity.

#### 1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.

The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
+ Add new entity + Add new pivot entity	Quick Filter	
Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖋 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖋 🌣
device_gateway		â 🖉 🗘
things_nodes		â 🖉 🗘
M2M_data_channel		â 🖉 🗘
device_clouds		â 🖉 🗘
M2M_data		â 🖉 🗘
M2M_groups		â 🖉 🌣
default_metric_value		â 🖉 🗘
metrics_device_type		â 🖉 🌣

2. Optional: Select the check boxes of the entities for which you want to create a relationship.

3. Select DESIGNER.

The **DESIGNER** section appears, displaying all the entities created in the site. If, however, you have selected entities in the previous step, only the selected entities appear. If a relationship exists between two entities, a line connecting them appears.

LIST VIEW 🔥 DESIGNER												
Add Relationship Join entities b	by adding a relat	ionship					📥 Aut	to Arrange	€ Maximize linked Entit	ies 🗕	Minimize All	+ Maximize
ES_EventRecord	•	device_gatewa	æ	•	M2M_aggn	egate_hourly_	count a	<i>i</i> , ,	things_nodes	ı	Þ	
M2M_data_channel 🖋	▶ devic	e_clouds 🖉	•	M2M_data	ø	▶ M2	M_groups	1	• default_metric_va	lue 🖋	•	
metrics_device_type	•	MQTT_g	oup_topic	ø ,		IQAW_data	ø	•	MQTT_device_topic	ø	•	
M2M_groups_device_thing	æ ,		M2M_aggre	gate_5_minutes_co	ount 🖋	•		M2M_aggre	gate_30_minutes_count	ø	•	

i Tip:

You can arrange the entities in an order, minimize all entities, maximize all entities, or maximize only the entities in a relationship by selecting **Auto Arrange**, **Minimize All**, **Maximize All**, or **Maximize linked Entities** respectively.

- 4. Next to each entity for which you want to create a relationship, select \*.
   A list of fields in each entity appears.
- 5. Select **Add Relationship**, and then select a field from the source entity and then the target entity. A relationship is created between the entities. A line connecting both the entities appears.

## Delete a Relationship

1. In the main navigation menu, select **ENTITIES**. The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities	
← ← 1 → → Quick Filter	
+ Add new entity + Add new pivot entity	
Name     Last updated	
ES_EventRecord Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣
envirosafePivot Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣
device_gateway	â 🖉 🌣
things_nodes	â 🖉 🌣
M2M_data_channel	â 🖉 🌣
device_clouds	â 🖉 🌣
M2M_data	â 🖉 🌣
M2M_groups	â 🖉 🌣
default_metric_value	â 🖉 🗘
metrics_device_type	â 🖉 🗘

#### 2. Select DESIGNER.

The **DESIGNER** section appears, displaying all the entities created in the site. If a relationship exists between two entities, a line connecting them appears.

Entities				
LIST VIEW A DESIGNER				
<b>%</b> Add Relationship Join entities by adding a relationship		🛔 Auto .	Arrange & Maximize linked Entities	- Minimize All + Maximize All
ES_EventRecord	у 🏕 🔸 М	42M_aggregate_hourly_count 🖋	▶ things_nodes	ð - >
M2M_data_channel I Hevice_clouds I	► M2M_data	M2M_groups	default_metric_value	<i>a</i> +
metrics_device_type 🖋 🔸 MQTT_gr	roup_topic 🖋 🕨	IQAW_data 🖋	MQTT_device_topic	/ >
M2M_groups_device_thing	M2M_aggregate_5_minutes_count	d" >	M2M_aggregate_30_minutes_count d	> >

- 3. On the line connecting the two entities whose relationship you want to delete, select **X**. A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the relationship.
- 4. Select OK.

The relationship is deleted.

# Delete a Row from an Entity

You cannot delete a row manually from a baseline entity or a pivot entity; you can delete rows only using a query in an application.

1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.

The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
+ Add new entity	← ← 1 → → Quick Filter	
Name Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	â 💉 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	â 💉 🌣
device_gateway		â 💉 🜣
things_nodes		â 💉 🜣
M2M_data_channel		â 🖉 🌣
device_clouds		â 💉 🜣
M2M_data		â 💉 🜣
M2M_groups		â 🖉 🌣
default_metric_value		â 💉 🜣
metrics_device_type		â 💉 🌣

- 2. Select the entity from which you want to delete a row.
- 3. In the row that you want to delete, select  $\ \ \widehat{}^{\square}$  .

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the row.

4. Select OK.

The row is deleted.

# Delete a Field

An entity must contain at least one field. Therefore, if an entity contains only one field, you cannot delete it.

1. In the main navigation menu, select ENTITIES.

The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities		
	← ← 1 → → Quick Filter	
+ Add new entity + Add new pivot entity	0	
Name	Last updated	
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	🛍 💉 🌣
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	🖻 🖋 🌣
device_gateway		🛍 💉 🌣
things_nodes		🛍 💉 🌣
M2M_data_channel		â 💉 🌣
device_clouds		🛍 💉 🌣
M2M_data		â 💉 🌣
M2M_groups		â 💉 🌣
default_metric_value		â 💉 🌣
metrics_device_type		â 💉 🌣

2. Select the entity from which you want to delete a field.

#### 3. Select Edit Entity Structure.

A list of fields in the entity appears.

Entities > ES\_EventRecord

0

Field	Туре			
RecordID	Number	•	0	Ŵ
EventType	String	r	¢	Ŵ
Time	DateTime	r	¢	圓
DeviceID	String	r	¢	圃
Sensor	String	r	¢	Ŵ
Value	Real	r	¢	圃
Status	String	r	¢	Ŵ
Owner	String		¢	Ŵ

# Delete an Entity

You cannot delete a baseline entity, an entity that is locked, or an entity that is used in a query.

### Note:

In order to unlock an entity, you need to select the entity, click Edit Entity Structure, and then click the lock icon (in the upper right corner) of the Edit Entity Structure page. After you complete that task, you can go to entity list page to delete it.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **ENTITIES**. The **ENTITIES** workspace appears.

Entities						
II LIST VIEW						
	✓ 1 → → Quick Filter					
+ Add new entity + Add new pivot entity	٥					
Name	Last updated					
ES_EventRecord	Yesterday Docs Team	â 🖉 🌣				
envirosafePivot	Yesterday Docs Team	🛍 🖋 🌣				
device_gateway		â 💉 🗘				
things_nodes		â 🖉 🌣				
M2M_data_channel		â 💉 🗘				
device_clouds		â 🖉 🌣				
M2M_data		🛍 🖋 🌣				
M2M_groups		â 🖉 🌣				
default_metric_value		â 🖉 🌣				
metrics_device_type		â 🖉 🌣				

- 2. In the rows containing the entities that you want to delete, select the check boxes.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select , and then select **Delete entities**.

# A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the entities.

#### *i* Tip:

Alternatively, in the row containing each entity that you want to delete, select <sup>4</sup>, and then select **Delete entity**.

#### 4. Select OK.

The entities are deleted.

# Queries

## **About Queries**

Using Operations Hub, you can create queries to access and manage data stored in Operations Hub, as well as data stored externally.

You can create the following types of queries:

- Entity Queries: Used to view and modify data stored in Operations Hub entities. Refer to Get (on page 182), Update (on page 189), Insert (on page 194), and Delete (on page 196).
- SQL (on page 200) Queries: Used to view and modify data stored in an external SQL database by executing existing stored procedures for that database.
- REST (on page 204) Queries: Used to view and modify data stored in external sources by accessing their exposed REST APIs, such as Historian.
- Extension (on page 209) Queries: Can be used with Historian, OPC UA, and data from asset models.

On installing Operations Hub, you also get a list of out-of-the-box (OOTB) queries for use. These are system queries and cannot be unlocked, modified, or deleted. You can duplicate such queries *(on page 214)* to modify and use them.

To access the list of OOTB queries, select **QUERIES** in the main navigation menu.

uic	ck Filter	-			
	Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions
	Current Value	Extension		System	All Groups
	Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups
	Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups
	Historian Write Comment	Extension		System	All Groups
)	Historian Read Comment	Extension		System	All Groups
	OPC UA Write	Extension		System	All Groups
	Historical By Interval-Calculated Mode	Extension		System	All Groups

- **Current Value**: Use this query to retrieve the current values against Proficy Historian, Proficy iFIX, Proficy CIMPLICITY, and OPC UA data sources.
- **Historical By Count**: Use this query to retrieve historical values (by count) against a Proficy Historian data source.
- **Historical By Interval**: Use this query to retrieve historical values (by interval) against a Proficy Historian data source.
- Historian Write Comment: Use this query to write comments to a Proficy Historian data source.
- Historian Read Comment: Use this query to read comments from a Proficy Historian data source.

- **OPC UA Write**: Use this query to perform write operations to Proficy iFIX and Proficy CIMPLICITY data sources.
- **Historical By Interval-Calculated Mode**: Use this query to retrieve historical values (calculated mode) against a Proficy Historian data source.
- OPC UA Write with Auth: Use this query to perform OPC UA write operations with authentication.

To troubleshoot errors returned for OOTB queries, refer to Error Codes (on page 602).

## Grant Group Access to Execute a Query

1. In the main navigation menu, select QUERIES.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears, including a column summarizing the current query permissions. By default, newly created queries display "All users", indicating all users have the ability to execute the query.

2. In the **Permissions** column, select the query to which you want to grant query execution permissions.

The Query Permissions dialog box appears.

- 3. In the **Query Permissions** dialog box, if you want to grant query execution permissions to select groups only, select the "Selected Groups" option.
- 4. In the groups field, select the group or groups you would like to grant query execution permissions to and then select **Submit changes**.

The selected groups can now execute the query.

#### Note:

It is possible to create a circular reference by nesting a parent group into its child. If there are circular references, the child groups will not display in the permissions dialog box.

# Access a Query

1. In the main navigation menu, select QUERIES.

The QUERIES workspace appears.

Queries								
Quick Filter		_			+ Add new quer	/	0	*
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
TestHistAlarms	Relational Dat	abase	User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin		Salt	¢
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A	ø	¢
GetCurrentValu	ie REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	۵	(and	¢
Current Value	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	•	(MA)	¢
Historical By Co	ount Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(MA)	¢
<ul> <li>Historical By Int</li> </ul>	terval Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	<b>(1</b> )	¢

2. In the row containing the query that you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link. The query appears, displaying a list of fields in the query.

# Tip: You can modify values in the available fields, and then select Save or Save and Exit to save your changes.

# Create a Get Query

This topic describes how to create a Get query. You can also copy a query (on page 214).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Queries								
Quick Filter		-			+ Add new quer	у	¢	
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
TestHistAl	arms Relational Dat	abase	User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin		(MA)	٥
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	6	ø	٥
GetCurren	itValue REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	6	(and	٥
Current Va	alue Kextension		System	All Groups	6 days ago		(and	٥
Historical	By Count Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(MA)	٥
<ul> <li>Historical</li> </ul>	By Interval Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	6	ø	٥

2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window appears.

Create Query ×						
Query name:						
	Create	Cancel				

3. In the **Query name** box, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

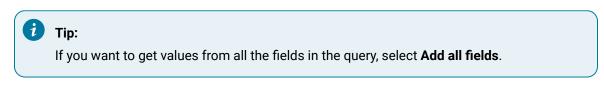
- 4. In the **Description** box, enter a value.
- 5. In the Query Type box, select Get.
- 6. In the **Entity** box, select an entity from which you want to get results.

The Output Data, Conditions, Role Conditions, and Advanced sections appear.

Queries > DeviceList						
Description: Query Type:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> </ul>					
Entity:	device_gateway v					
Output Data						
+Add field + Ad	+Add field + Add all fields					
Conditions						
+ Add						
Role Conditions						

7. In the Output Data section, select Add field.

#### The FIELD, FUNCTION, and ACCESS boxes appear.



8. Enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description
FIELD	Select the field whose values you want to get using the query.
	<i>i</i> <b>Tip:</b> If the entity that you have specified in the <b>Entity</b> box is a source entity in a re- lationship, you can select from fields in the source and target entities.
FUNCTION	Specify whether you want to get the maximum, minimum, average, sum, or count of the values in the field. By default, the value in this box is <b>None</b> , which indicates that the exact values will appear in the query results.
ACCESS	If you want to provide access to the data in the field only to users assigned to specific roles, se- lect <b>Permitted roles</b> . By default, this box con- tains the value <b>All users</b> , which indicates that all users, regardless of the roles assigned to them, can access the query results. In the <b>PERMIT-</b> <b>TED ROLES</b> box that appears, navigate through the hierarchy of roles, and then select the roles assigned to users who can access the data in this field.

9. In the **Conditions** section, select **Add**, and then enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description
Required or Optional	<ul> <li>Select one of the following values:</li> <li>Required: Select this value if the field must always contain a value. For example, suppose you are creating a query to display account details based on the account number. If you select Required, when you run the query, if you have not specified an account number, no records appear.</li> <li>Optional: Select this value if the field need not contain a value. For example, suppose you are creating a query to display account details based on the account number. If you select Optional, when you run the query, if you have not specified an account number. If you select Optional, when you run the query, if you have not specified an account number. If you select Optional, when you run the query, if you have not specified an account number, all the records appear.</li> </ul>
Field Operator	Select the entity field based on which you want to create a condition. Select the conditional operator that you want to
Compare with	<ul> <li>use to compare the value in the selected field.</li> <li>Select one of the following values: <ul> <li>Input field: Select this value if you want to allow application users to specify a value that you want to compare with the entity field value. After you select this value, enter a name for the input field in the text box that appears. For example, suppose you want to create a query to display a list of devices in a specific site, and you want to allow the user to specify the site name. In this case:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Field	Description
	a. Select <b>Input field</b> , and then enter
	Site Name.
	b. Modify the page in the application
	that contains the query to include
	an input component that allows
	the user to enter or select the site
	name.
	c. Map the input component in the
	page with the input in the <b>Page</b>
	Data section.
	When the user enters a value in
	the Site Name field in the applica-
	tion, the query results are filtered
	accordingly.
	• Fixed Value: Select this value if you want
	to specify the value that you want to
	compare with the entity field value. After
	you select this value, enter a value in the
	text box that appears. For example, if you
	want to get data received from a device
	if the temperature exceeds 40 degrees
	Celsius:
	<ul> <li>In the Field box, select the field</li> </ul>
	that stores temperature.
	<ul> <li>In the <b>Operator</b> box, select &gt;.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Select Fixed Value, and then enter</li> </ul>
	40 in the text box.
	• Query: Select this value to specify a
	query whose output you want to com-
	pare with the field values in the specified
	entity. After you select this value, a drop-
	down list box appears in which you can
	select a query. For example, if there is a
	query that returns the maximum temper-
	ature recorded by a device, you can cre-

Field	Description
	ate a query to get a list of devices that
	record a temperature higher than the
	maximum temperature.

10. In the **Role Conditions** section, select **Add role condition**, and then enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description
Apply conditions to	Select one of the following values:
	• Specific Roles: Select this value if you
	want to apply the condition only to users
	assigned to specific roles. After you se-
	lect this value, navigate through the hier-
	archy of roles, and select the roles.
	• All roles: Select this value if you want to
	apply the condition to all or most users.
	After you select this value, the <b>Exclude</b>
	check box appears. Select this check box
	if you do not want to apply the condition
	to users assigned to specific roles. Af-
	ter you select this check box, navigate
	through the hierarchy of roles, and select
	the roles.
	For example, suppose the query returns
	sales data, and you want to apply the fol-
	lowing conditions on who can access the
	query results:
	<ul> <li>Users can access only the data</li> </ul>
	that is related to their region.
	<ul> <li>Regional officers can access data</li> </ul>
	related to all regions.
	In this case, select the <b>Exclude</b> check
	box, and then select the Regional Officer
	role.
Row visibility	Select one of the following values:

Field	Description
	• Filter rows: Select this value if you want
	to filter rows based on a condition, and
	then specify the condition in the Entity
	field and In user's role tree boxes. For
	example, if the query returns sales data,
	and you want users to access only the
	data that is related to their region, then:
	<ul> <li>In the Entity field box, select the</li> </ul>
	entity field that stores the sales re
	gion data.
	∘ In the <b>In user's role tree</b> box, se-
	lect the category that stores the
	region roles.
	• Show all rows: Select this value if you
	want users belonging to specific roles to
	access all the field values.
Entity field	Select the entity field that contains the value
-	that you want to compare with the value in the
	In user's role tree box. This box appears only it
	the value in the Row visibility box is Filter rows
In user's role tree	Select the group or category of users that will
	be used to filter data. This box appears only if
	the value in the <b>Row visibility</b> box is <b>Filter rows</b>

11. In the **Advanced** section, enter or select values as specified in the following table:

Field	Description
Distinct	Select this check box if you do not want the query results to display duplicate field values. For example, suppose a query returns a list of countries that users belong to, and you want to view only the list of countries, you can select this check box so that each country appears on- ly once.

Field	Description		
Order By	Select <b>Add</b> , and then select the entity field and the order in which the field values should be arranged in the query results.		
Group By	Select <b>Add</b> , and then select the entity field that you want to use to group the query results.		

If the query results contain a list of users and the country that each user belongs to, and if you want to group the users based on their country and sort them alphabetically, perform the following steps:

a. In the Order By box, select the entity field that stores the user name, and then select Asc.

- b. In the Group By box, select the entity field that stores the country.
- 12. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The query is created.

## Create an Update Query

This topic describes how to create an Update query. You can also copy a query (on page 214).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Queries						
Quick Filter					+ Add new query	¢
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated	
TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A 🖉
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A / (
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A / (
🗌 Current Value 🖉	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	ê / (
Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	A 🖉
Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	â 🖉 🕯

2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window appears.

Create Query			×
Query name:			
	Create	Cancel	

3. In the **Query name** box, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

- 4. In the **Description** box, enter a value.
- 5. In the **Query Type** box, select **Update**.
- 6. In the Entity box, select an entity from which you want to update results.

The **Conditions** and **Set Data** sections appear.

Queries > DeviceList		
Description: Query Type: Entity:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> <li>device_clouds</li> </ul>	
Conditions		
+ Add		
Set Data		
device_clouds -> cloud + Add + Add a		Ŵ
	Cancel Save Save As New	Save And Exit

7. In the **Conditions** section, select **Add**, and then enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description	
Entity Field	Select one of the following values:	
	• <b>Required</b> : Select this value if the field	
	must always contain a value. For exam-	
	ple, suppose you are creating a query to	
	update account details based on the ac-	
	count number. If you select <b>Required</b> ,	
	when the query is run from an applica-	
	tion, if an account number is not spec-	
	ified, then a message appears, stating	
	that the field is required.	
	Optional: Select this value if the field	
	need not contain a value. For example,	
	suppose you are creating a query to up-	
	date account details based on the ac-	
	count number. If you select Optional,	
	when the query is run from an applica-	
	tion, if an account number is not speci-	
	fied, then all the fields will be updated.	
	Therefore, use caution when selecting	
	this value.	
	Important:	
	Exercise extreme caution while	
	selecting <b>Optional</b> . If used incor-	
	rectly, it can corrupt the data.	
Field	Select the entity field based on which you want	
	to create a condition.	
Operator	Select the operator that you want to use to com-	
	pare the value in the text box if Input Field is se-	
	lected.	
Compare with	Select one of the following values:	

Field	Description
	• Input field: Select this value if you want
	to allow application users to specify a
	value that you want to compare with the
	entity field value. After you select this
	value, enter a name for the input field in
	the text box that appears. For example,
	suppose you want to create a query to
	update all devices in a specific site, and
	you want to allow the user to specify the
	site name. In this case:
	a. Select Input Type, and then enter
	Site Name.
	b. Modify the page in the applicatio
	that contains the query to include
	the query to add an input control
	that allows the user to specify or
	select the Site Name field. Using
	the drag-and-drop method, map
	the Site Name field in the query
	with the site name control.
	When the user enters or selects
	value in the Site Name field in the
	application, and runs the query, a
	the devices with the selected site
	name are updated.
	• Fixed Value: Select this value if you war
	to specify the value that you want to
	compare with the entity field value. After
	you select this value, enter a value in the
	text box that appears. For example, if yo
	want to update the status of all devices
	the temperature exceeds 40 degrees Co
	sius:

Field	Description
	◦ In the Field box, select the field
	that stores temperature.
	<ul> <li>In the Operator box, select &gt;.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Select Fixed Value, and then enter</li> </ul>
	40 in the text box.
	• Query: Select this value to specify a
	query whose output you want to com-
	pare with the field values in the specified
	entity. After you select this value, a drop-
	down list box appears in which you can
	select a query. For example, if you want
	the query to update the status of devices
	when the temperature recorded by them
	exceeds a specified maximum tempera-
	ture, you must create a query to get the
	maximum temperature, and select that
	query in this field.

8. In the **Set Data** section, select **Add**, and then enter or select values as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Entity field	Select the entity field whose values you want to update using the query.
Value	<ul> <li>Select one of the following values:</li> <li>Input field: Select this value if you want to update values specified by application users, and then enter a name in the Input Data Name box. Add an input control for the field in the application, and map it to the input field in the query.</li> <li>Fixed value: Select this value if you want to insert a fixed value, and then enter the</li> </ul>
	value in the <b>Name</b> box.

Field	Description
Input Data Name	This field appears only if you select <b>Input field</b> in the <b>Value</b> box. Enter the name of the field that you will add in the application. Application users can then provide the value by accessing the application.
Name	This field appears only if you select <b>Fixed value</b> in the <b>Value</b> box. Enter the value that you want to update using the query.

9. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The query is created.

# Create an Insert Query

This topic describes how to create an Insert query. You can also copy a query (on page 214).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Queries						
Quick Filter					+ Add new query	¢
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated	
TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂ ∕ ≎</b>
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂ ∕ ≎</b>
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>≙ ∕ ≎</b>
Current Value	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	ê / ¢
Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	ê / ¢
Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	ê / ¢

2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window appears.

Create Query			×
Query name:			 
	Create	Cancel	

3. In the **Query name** box, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

- 4. In the **Description** box, enter a value.
- 5. In the Query Type box, select Insert.
- 6. In the Entity box, select an entity in which you want to insert results.

The Set Data section appears.

Queries > DeviceList					
Description: Query Type:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> </ul>	<u> </u>			
Entity:		Ŧ			
Set Data					
+ Add + Add a	all fields				
		Cancel	Save	Save As New	Save And Exit

7. In the **Set Data** section, select **Add**, and then enter or select values as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Entity field	Select the entity field whose values you want to insert using the query.

Field	Description
Value	Select one of the following values:
	<ul> <li>Input field: Select this value if you want</li> </ul>
	to insert values specified by application
	users, and then enter a name in the Input
	Data Name box. Add an input control for
	the field in the application and map it to
	the input field in the query.
	• Fixed value: Select this value if you want
	to insert a fixed value, and then enter the
	value in the <b>Name</b> box.
Input Data Name	This field appears only if you select Input field
	in the <b>Value</b> box. Enter the name of the field
	that you will add in the application. Application
	users can then provide the value by accessing
	the application.
Name	This field appears only if you select <b>Fixed value</b>
	in the <b>Value</b> box. Enter the value that you want
	to insert using the query.

## 8. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The query is created.

# Create a Delete Query

In the main navigation menu, select QUERIES.
 The QUERIES workspace appears.

Quer	ies								
Quicł	k Filter					+ Add new query		<	>
	Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
	TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	8	Salt	¢
	EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	0	(a)	¢
	GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	0	<b>Sat</b>	¢
	Current Value 🖉	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	Gant	¢
	Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	Gant	¢
	Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(MA)	¢

2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window

	Create Query			×	
	Query name:				
		Create	Cancel		
appears.					

3. In the **Query name** box, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

- 4. In the **Description** box, enter a value.
- 5. In the Query Type box, select Delete.
- 6. In the Entity box, select an entity from which you want to delete results.

The **Conditions** section appears.

Queries > DeviceList					
Description: Query Type:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> </ul>		<u>//</u>		
Entity:	device_clouds	Ŧ			
Conditions					
+ Add					
		Car	icel Save	Save As New	Save And Exit

7. In the **Conditions** section, select **Add**, and then enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description
Required or Optional	Select one of the following values:
	• Required: Select this value if the field
	must always contain a value. For exam-
	ple, suppose you are creating a query to
	delete account details based on the ac-
	count number. If you select Required,
	when the query is run from an applica-
	tion, if an account number is not speci-
	fied, a message appears, stating that the
	field is required.
	Optional: Select this value if the field
	need not contain a value. For example,
	suppose you are creating a query to
	delete account details based on the ac-
	count number. If you select Optional,
	when the query is run from an applica-
	tion, if an account number is not speci-
	fied, the all the records are deleted.

Field	Description
	Important: Exercise extreme caution while selecting <b>Optional</b> for a delete query. If the user does not speci- fy a value, all the data in the enti- ty will be deleted.
Field	Select the entity field based on which you want to create a condition.
Operator	Select the operator that you want to use to com pare the value in the text box if Input field is se- lected.
Compare with	<ul> <li>Select one of the following values:</li> <li>Input field: Select this value if you want to allow application users to specify a value that you want to compare with the entity field value. After you select this value, enter a name for the input field in the text box that appears. For example, suppose you want to create a query to delete devices in a specific site, and you want to allow the user to specify the site name. In this case: <ul> <li>a. Select Input Type, and then enter Site Name.</li> <li>b. Modify the page in the application that contains the query to add an input control that allows users to specify the site name. Using the drag-and-drop method, map the input control in the query with the Site Name field.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<ul> <li>tion, and runs the query, all the devices with the specified site name are deleted.</li> <li>Fixed Value: Select this value if you want to specify the value that you want to compare with the entity field value. After you select this value, enter a value in the text box that appears. For example, if</li> </ul>
are deleted. • <b>Fixed Value</b> : Select this value if you want to specify the value that you want to compare with the entity field value. Af- ter you select this value, enter a value in the text box that appears. For example, if
• <b>Fixed Value</b> : Select this value if you want to specify the value that you want to compare with the entity field value. Af- ter you select this value, enter a value in the text box that appears. For example, if
to specify the value that you want to compare with the entity field value. Af- ter you select this value, enter a value in the text box that appears. For example, if
compare with the entity field value. Af- ter you select this value, enter a value in the text box that appears. For example, if
ter you select this value, enter a value in the text box that appears. For example, if
the text box that appears. For example, if
you want to delete data received from a
device if the temperature exceeds 40 de-
grees Celsius:
<ul> <li>In the Field box, select the field</li> </ul>
that stores temperature.
∘ In the <b>Operator</b> box, select >.
<ul> <li>Select Fixed Value, and then enter</li> </ul>
40 in the text box.
• Query: Select this value to specify a
query whose output you want to com-
pare with the field values in the specified
entity. After you select this value, a drop-
down list box appears in which you can
select a query. For example, if there is
a query that returns the maximum tem-
perature recorded by a device, you can
create a query to delete all the devices
that record a temperature higher than the
maximum temperature.

The query is created.

# Create a SQL Query

This topic describes how to create a SQL query. To use a relational database in an Operations Hub application, you must:

- Create a Data Source (on page 284) with a Relational Database type and provide the details of the external database.
- Create a SQL Query, and specify the expected inputs and outputs of a Stored Procedure. (Described in this topic in the following steps.)
- Map the query in the page designer to use the query to fetch the data from the external database. See Use the Relational Database Query in the Designer *(on page 103)*.

In order to proceed you must have a working SQL database, and the selected database must have stored procedures. You must also have created a data source for the relational database in Operations Hub.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The <b>QUERIES</b> workspace appears.	

Queries								
Quick Filter					+ Add new query		¢	- Maria
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	6	Gal	٥
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	6	<b>B</b> <sup>1</sup>	٥
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	6	<b>B</b>	٥
Current Value	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	8	<b>A</b>	٥
Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	8	(M)	٥
Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	6	(and	٥

2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window appears.

3. In the **Name** field, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

- 4. In the **Description** field, enter a description for the query.
- 5. In the Type field, select Relational Database .
- 6. In the Data Source field, select the name of the data source from the list.
- 7. In the **Query Type** field, observe that the field defaults to 'Stored Procedure' when you select 'Relational Database' as the Type.
- 8. In the **Schema** field, select the database schema that you want to use. All the database schemas will be loaded for the selected data source. The default selection is *dbo*.
- 9. In the **Stored Procedure** field, select the Stored Procedure that you want to use from the selected schema.

After you selects all the required fields, the list of input parameters will be loaded if there are any, for the selected stored procedure.

The value for the input parameters can be configured either while creating the query or while consuming the query in the page builder page.

To assign the value for an input parameter while creating the query, select the type drop-down in the input parameter list. It has two options:

- Fixed Value: If this option is selected, the value given will be taken as the input to the Stored Procedure. The input parameter will not be shown in the page builder page.
- Input Field: If this option is selected, the value given will be taken as the default input to the Stored Procedure. The input parameter will be shown in the page builder page and if there is any input provided to while execution, the default value will be overridden.

After the default values for input parameters are provided, click the **Execute** button under the Test category. You will then be presented with the various fields in Result Sets and Output Parameters sent out of the Stored Procedure.

## Note:

Currently we do not support dynamic responses from the Stored Procedures. Meaning, the fields that we see while building the query after clicking the Execute button, should match the fields returned by the stored procedure while using the application.

#### 10. Add the required fields.

The following figure displays an example:

8	6) D	esigne	r							0	åk	•	i
¥			< New Query										
▦		s											
0	QUERIE	5	Name:	Get All Species									
0		URCES	Description:										
۷		s	Туре:	Database		٣							
~			Data Source:	SQL DB		×							
2			Query Type:	Stored Procedure		٠							
o;		TERS	Schema:	Species		×							
۰			Stored Procedure:	GetAllSpecies		*							
۵		E	Input Parameters										
۹		*SE	-		Default or Tes	et Value							
				RCHAR Input Field v	Senault of 165	N YELVE							
				RCHAR Input Field ~									
				RCHAR Input Field ~									
			ReptileNameOutput W										
			Output Paramete	rs									
				atatype									
			BirdNameOutput W ReptileNameOutput W	IRCHAR IRCHAR									
			Test										
			© Execute										L
			Resultset1										
			BirdName(VARCHAR)	ScientificName(VARCI	HAR) Type	eOfBird(VARC)	HAR)						
			Resultset2 ReptileName(VARCH)	R) ScientificName(VA	RCHAR) T	ypeOfReptile(	(VARCHAR)						
			OutputParameter										
			BirdNameOutput(VAF	CHAR) ReptileNameO	utput(VARCH)	AR)							
			Output Data										
			+Add field + A	idd all fields									
			Output Data										11
				44.00.60140									
			+Add field + A	dd all fields	Repub	tset1 -> Scient	tificName	~	ŝ				
			Resultset1 -> TypeOfBi			tset2 -> Reptil		~	ŝ				
			Resultset2 -> Scientific			tset2 -> Type0		~	ê				
			OutputParams -> BirdN	ameOutput 🗸 🛢	Outpu	JtParams -> Ri	eptileNameOutpu	t ~	ê				
							Cancel	Save	s	ave As New	Save An	d Evît	1

11. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The query is created.

## Create a REST Query

You can create a REST query for the GET, PUT, POST, and DELETE methods.

- Create the data source (on page 284) that you want to use in the query.
- Create an entity (on page 162) to specify the query response. The entity fields that you want to map with the query output parameters must contain the same names as the parameters.
- It is recommended that you add the environment variable, no\_proxy, to the System Variables. You
  should also add references to localhost as well as nodes which are targets of REST Queries to the
  System Variables. Be aware that the case of the environment variables for the a data source target
  in Operations Hub should match the case of the ones used by the Historian Server; environment
  variables are case-sensitive.

Note:

REST query will run even when system variable has no port number. A bad port leads to an error.

1. In the module navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

2. Select Add new query.

The Create Query window appears.

3. In the **Query name** box, enter a name, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The available options for creating the query appear.

4. Provide values in the available boxes as specified in the following table.

Вох	Description
Description	Enter a description for the query.
Туре	Select <b>REST</b> .
Method	Select the method of the API you want to use in the query. Supported methods are GET, PUT, POST, and DELETE.
Entity	Select the entity that will specify the query re- sponse fields.

Вох	Description		
	Note: When using a Historian data source, the Entity field will auto-populate with the entity associated with the Available API selected.		
Data Source	Select the data source that you want to use for the query.		
Available API	Select the API that you want to use in the query. This box contains a list of APIs that are avail- able in the data source that you have selected.		
	The list of available APIs will be filtered based on the method selected.		
	Note: Pre-existing APIs are available only for Historian data sources. For more infor- mation see: the Historian API help.		

### Note:

The **Base URL** and **Query URL** boxes are populated with the base portion (that is, the host name or IP address of the data source server) and the remaining portion of the URL. The values in these boxes together identify the complete URL endpoint. The **Base URL** box is always disabled. The **Query URL** box is disabled if you select an API for a Historian data source. If, however, you are using a custom data source, you can enter a value in the **Query URL** box.

5. In the **Parameters** section, please create parameters as needed for the API you are querying. Each parameter will require a default or test value if you wish to run the query with the Execute button.

Type of Parameter	Description	Example
Path parameters	Identify the parameters in the	For the endpoint https://
	path of the endpoint. These ap-	jsonplaceholder.typicode-

Type of Parameter	Description	Example
	pear before the query string if query parameters are present.	. com/users/1/posts, the pa- rameter between users and posts, which is the user ID, is the path parameter. The value for this parameter is 1.
Query parameters	Identify the parameters in the path of the endpoint that ap- pear after the question mark (?).	For the endpoint https:// jsonplaceholder.typicode- .com/posts?userId=1, userId is the query parameter. The value for this parameter is 1.
Header parameters	Identify the parameters that you want to include in the re- quest header. Typically, these parameters are related to au- thorization.	
Body parameters	<ul> <li>Identify the parameters in the body of the request. Typically these will be required for PUT and POST methods, although they are sometimes required for DELETE as well.</li> <li>Body parameters can be supplied in Operations Hub as a URL encoded format, raw JSON, or raw XML. In case JSON or XML is selected, the first parameter should be used to supply the full JSON body.</li> <li>Subsequent parameters can be used for dynamic substitution into that JSON body.</li> <li>JSON: If selected, the subsequent parameters should be JSON keys found in the body. The</li> </ul>	

Type of Parameter	Description	Example
	corresponding JSON	
	values will be substitut-	
	ed.	
	• XML: If selected, the	
	subsequent parame-	
	ters should be strings	
	found in the body. These	
	strings will be substitut-	
	ed. You can also supply	
	curly braces to delineate	
	the parameters from	
	text within the body. For	
	example, {{string_to	
	SUBSTITUTE } }	
	Additionally, you have the op-	
	tion to preview the substitution	
	for XML.	

Be aware that the following Historian REST queries require the multi-select input to be enabled on the EndApp page for output data to be displayed:

- Get > Raw Data
- Get > Calculated Data
- Get > Interpolated Data
- Post > Raw Data
- Post > Calculated Data
- Post > Interpolated Data

6. In the **Query Outputs** section, provide values as specified in the following table.

Вох	Description
Raw Response	Select this check box if you want to get either
	the entire JSON response or XML response
	mapped to a single entity field. You can then
	access the response by referencing that entity
	field while designing an application. If you clear
	this check box, individual components of the re-
	sponse are mapped to individual entity fields.

Entity Select the sponse field	entity that will specify the query re- elds. entity fields that you want to map to
	antity fields that you want to man to
the query is selected will be ma less of the box is clea are mappe names. In	response. If the <b>Raw JSON</b> check box d, only the first field that you select pped to the query response, regard- e field name. If the <b>Raw JSON</b> check ared, the JSON response components ed to the entity fields with matching the case of nested responses, dot s used to map to inner fields.

#### Note:

All REST queries must have a defined response. You can save the query only if you specify at least one output. This is true even for Delete REST API calls which do not normally return a response. In this case, please select any entity and entity field, regardless of name.

#### 7. In the **Execute** section, select **Run Request**.

The query output fields, as well as the query appear in the **Results** box.

#### Important:

Provide sample values leading to a successful response in order to properly test the REST endpoint. We strongly recommend using values you know will return a representative set of data; otherwise, an error occurs or the response may not return the field data that you need. For example: for Historian data queries, if the set of requested tags is different from the returned set of data (that is, if one or more tags does not have data), the call will fail. The user should modify the inputs to include only the tags for which they are confident there will be data in the response. For PUT/POST/DELETE, this action is not a test but an actual request which can change your data.

- 8. If required, select **Create Entity** from Results. This will create an entity with the appropriate output fields generated from the previous Run Request.
- 9. Select Save or Save and Exit.

The query is created.

#### Note:

While Operations Hub handles many response formats, there are some responses which it has difficulty mapping to output fields. In particular, embedded lists may be returned as strings rather than lists of objects.

#### Important:

When you have a large number of users (greater than 100) and each using an end app with multiple REST requests, coupled with a slow REST response, you can get into a situation where the server is waiting for a long time for the previous responses to return, and is therefore unable to process new requests. To avoid this situation, reduce the number of REST calls in your App. Alternatively, you may adjust the Operations Hub timeout setting in the settings.conf file in the following folder: <a href="mailto:c:\programData\GE\OperationsHub\iqp-config">c:\programData\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-config</a> \IQP\app. Use the following command so that the slower REST requests do not hold up the Operations Hub server. You can change the seconds value to increase the timeout setting further:

#REST client timeout (seconds)
rest\_timeout=30

## Create an Extension Query

Extension type queries work with multiple data sources.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

2. Select Add new query.

The New Query window appears.

3. Provide these details:

F	Field Description	
Name	Enter a name that contains at least one upper-	
	case or lowercase letter.	
Description	Enter a brief description for the query.	
Туре	Select Extension.	

Field	Description
Method	Select the type of query you want to create
	from these options:
	• Read
	• Write
	Add Comment
	The Query Parameters and Output Data are
	loaded based on the method selected for the
	query.

- 4. Provide the query parameter (on page 210) values for the required fields.
  - Fixed Value: If this option is selected, the provided value is considered as a fixed value for the field. Fixed value fields are not shown in the application page builder.
  - Input Field: If this option is selected, the provided value appears as a default value for the field in the page builder. Any value provided before executing the query overrides the default value.
- 5. Select  $\stackrel{ imeddalow}{=}$  next to the parameters you do not want to include in your query.

To retrieve deleted query parameters and output data, select **+Add All Query Params** and **+Add All Outputs** respectively.

6. Save the query.

The extension query is created.

The saved query appears in the application page builder under **PAGE DATA > Query > Entities**.

Go to the application page builder to apply and execute the query.

## **Extension Query Parameters**

Use these parameters in your extension query.

Parameter	Description		
Tag Source	Specify a tag source.		
Tag	Allows to browse and select a tag.		
Authentication	Select how to authenticate when you submit a query:		

Parameter	Description		
	• Logon User Token: Uses the user login token for authentica- tion.		
	• Provide in Query Parameters: Uses User Name and Pass-		
	word input fields for authentication.		
	• Use Data Source Credentials: Uses the write credentials		
	configured in the data source for authentication.		
	• Anonymous: No authentication.		
Tag Display Format	Select a display format for the tag name.		
Sampling Mode	Select a sampling mode for retrieving data.		
Calculated Mode	If the sampling mode is Calculated, specify the calculation mode.		
Start Time	Select the calendar icon to set a start time.		
Duration	Enter the duration.		
End Time	Select the calendar icon to set an end time.		
Sampling Time	Enter the sampling time.		
Sampling Count	Enter the sampling count.		
Sampling Direction	Direction of sampling, whether forward or backward.		
	Note: This parameter is used only when the sampling mode is RawByNumber. You must also specify the sampling count for this parameter.		
Show Comments	Select/Clear the check box to show/hide comments.		
Sort By	Defines how a Data Distributor extension query result-set should be sorted. You must enter the syntax, which is a comma-separated list of Data Distributor extension query fields. The result set is sorted by the fields specified in the list, in the given order. Examples:		

Parameter	Description			
	• timestamp, name means to sort by timestamp first, then by			
	name.			
	• name, timestamp means to sort by name first, and then by			
	timestamp.			
	Each field in the syntax can optionally have a suffix of a plus (+) or			
	minus (-) sign to indicate the sorting order for that field. For exam-			
	ple, "timestamp-,name+" means sorting by timestamp in descend-			
	ing order, and then by name in ascending order. By default, time-			
	stamp's sorting order is descending, and rest of the fields are as-			
	cending.			
	Example:			
	• timestamp-, name+ means to sort by timestamp first in a de-			
	scending order, then by name in an ascending order.			
	Each field in the syntax can be denoted either by its full output field			
	name, or a built-in one letter identifier. For example,			
	• t for timestamp			
	• n for tag name			
	• v for value			
	• $_{q}$ for quality			
	If you do not enter a syntax, or left this field blank, then the behavior			
	is to sort by timestamp descending.			
	Currently, for auto sync queries, the sorting order only applies to the			
	initial result set and not any subsequent new rows to the result set.			

# Update Preloaded REST Queries after Import

REST queries from the previous version of Operations Hub are supported. The upgrade process imports these queries to the latest version of the proloaded API. The queries will work with no need for interaction. The display fields need to be manually updated, however. The following steps describe how to update your display fields for a REST query using the Historian GET request.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

#### The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Queries						
Quick Filter					+ Add new query	¢
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated	
TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂</b> ∕ ≎
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂ ∕ ≎</b>
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂ ∕ ≎</b>
🗌 Current Value 🖉	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	ê / ¢
Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	A 🗸 🗘
Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	â / ¢

- 2. In the row containing the query you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link. The query appears, displaying a list of fields in the query.
- 3. In the API Name field, select the appropriate API from the drop-down list (the list will already be populated). Use the following tables as a guide on the renamed APIs.

v1.5 API Name	v1.6 API Name		
1.5	1.6		
Get Tag Properties	Tag Properties		
Get Tags	Tags		
Get Tags List	Tag List		
Get Raw Data	Raw Data		
Get Interpolated Data	Interpolated Data		
Get Current Value	Current Value		
Get Calculated Value	Calculated Value		
Get Sampled Data	Sampled Data		
Get Trend Data	Trend Data		

4. Select **Save** or **Save and Exit** to resave the query.

The query display field is updated.

# Update Entity Display Fields After an Import

Entities defined in the previous version of Operations Hub are supported, and imported to the latest version. They will work with no need for interaction. The display fields need to be manually updated, however. The following steps describe how to update your display fields for entities.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The QUERIES workspace appears.

Queries								
Quick Filter					+ Add new query		\$	ŀ
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A	(MA)	٥
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	ß	ø	٥
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A	<b>S</b>	٥
<ul> <li>Current Value //</li> </ul>	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(and	٥
Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(M <sup>1</sup>	٥
Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(MA)	٥

2. In the row containing the query you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link.

The query appears, displaying a list of fields in the query.

3. In the Entity Name field, select the appropriate Entity from the drop-down list (the list will already be populated). Use the following tables as a guide on the renamed Entities.

v1.5 Entity Name	v1.6 Entity Name		
1.5	1.6		
historian_gettagproperties	historian_tagproperties		

4. Select **Save** or **Save and Exit** to save your changes.

The entity display field is updated.

## Copy a Query

Creates a duplicate copy of a query.

This topic describes how to copy a query. You can also create a query (on page 182).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

#### The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Queries						
Quick Filter					+ Add new query	¢
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated	
TestHistAlarms	Relational Database		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	A 🗸
EntityTest	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂</b> ∕ <
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	<b>∂</b> ∕ <
Current Value //	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	â / ¢
Historical By Count	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	â 🖉 🕻
Historical By Interval	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	ê / (

- In the row containing the query that you want to copy, select <sup>4</sup>, then select Duplicate query. The Please enter new name screen appears, displaying the name of the query that you have selected, appended with a system-generated value.
- 3. As needed, modify the name of the query, and select **OK**.

The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter. The selected query is copied.

## Delete a Query

- You cannot delete a query if it is locked or used in an application.
- You cannot delete a preconfigured query that came with the system installation.
- 1. In the main navigation menu, select **QUERIES**.

The **QUERIES** workspace appears.

Queries								
Quick Filter		-			+ Add new quer	у	¢	*
Name	Туре	Description	Origin	Permissions	Last updated			
TestHistAlarms	Relational Data	abase	User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	6	Salt	¢
<ul> <li>EntityTest</li> </ul>	Entities		User	All Groups	2 days ago Operations Hub Admin	0	(a)	¢
GetCurrentValue	REST		User	All Groups	3 days ago Operations Hub Admin	0	(det	¢
Current Value	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(M)	¢
<ul> <li>Historical By Count</li> </ul>	Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago	0	(M)	¢
Historical By Interv	al Extension		System	All Groups	6 days ago		(A)	¢

- 2. In the rows containing the queries that you want to delete, select the check boxes.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select <sup>22</sup>, and then select **Delete queries**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the selected queries.

i) Tip:

Alternatively, in the row containing the query that you want to delete, select 🍄, and then select **Delete query**.

#### 4. Select Delete.

The queries are deleted.

# Plug-Ins

## About Plug-Ins

A plug-in is a widget that you can configure to work with the components of an application (such as entities and queries), and then use it in an application. You can thus add additional functionality to Operations Hub.

Using Operations Hub, you can embed plug-ins in an application. You can use plug-ins stored on your local machine or imported from a different site.

### Note:

When configuring input targets for plugins, ensure that no other binding exists for the target query input. To remove a binding from the query input, select the unlink icon next to the binding.

To create a custom plug-in, refer to Custom Plug-In structure (on page 222)

### **Pump Temperature Plug-In**

Suppose there is a plug-in that shows the trend graph of the highest temperature recorded in a pump.

Suppose you want to create an application that monitors the energy efficiency of the pump. In addition to the other parameters that you want to display in the application, you can use the plug-in to show the highest temperature recorded in the pump (instead of creating a trend graph from scratch).

# Access a Plug-in

This topic describes how to access custom plug-ins.

#### In the main navigation menu, select PLUGINS.

The **PLUGINS** workspace appears, displaying a list of plug-ins that are imported.

Name	Category	Version			
Boilerplate	Visualization		i	T	Ł
iquidGauge	Visualization	1.0.0	i	Î	*
Neon Gauge	Visualization	0.0.2	i	Î	*

### Import a Plug-in

This topic describes how to import custom plug-ins.

Follow these steps to import each custom plug-in to Operations Hub. Plug-ins also get imported when they are used in an application that you import to Operations Hub.

### Note:

In case you imported a newer version of an existing plugin, you need to revisit the application pages (designer) wherever the old version was in use.

- 1. Delete the old plugin version from the container. All plugin configuration settings are lost when you delete the old version.
- 2. Add the new plugin version to replace the deleted one. Reconfigure the settings for the new version.

You can also use a third party client (for example, Postman) to import plug-ins. Send a post request to https://enter your machine name/site/ajax/plugin

1. In the main navigation menu, select PLUGINS.

#### The **PLUGINS** workspace appears.

Plugins Management					
+ Import					
Name	Category	Version			
Boilerplate	Visualization		i	Î	¥
LiquidGauge	Visualization	1.0.0	i	Î	Ł
Neon Gauge	Visualization	0.0.2	i	Î	Ł

#### 2. Select Import.

3. Navigate to and select the plug-in that you want to import, and then select **Open**.

The plug-in is imported.

### Note:

If the plug-in name contains special characters, then the plug-in is not imported. You must fix the plug-in name to import it to Operations Hub. However, existing plug-ins containing special characters in their name are allowed in Operations Hub as long as they are not deleted.

In the page designer of an application, the imported plug-in appears in the **CUSTOM** section.

Use the plug-in in an application (on page 219).

# Use a Plug-in in an Application

Import the plug-in (on page 217) that you want to use in an application.

#### 1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

ALL APPS RECENTLY CRE	ATED		
🛨 Add new app 🔹 🕹 Ir	nport App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > > Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C°¢
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

2. In the **Name** column, select the application in which you want to use the plug-in.

The **PAGES** workspace appears, displaying a list of pages created in the application.

	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+/	Add new page		C <sup>®</sup> Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	0
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	0
	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the Name column, select the page in which you want to include the plug-in.

The page designer appears, displaying the elements in each container in the page. The plug-ins that are available in the site appear in the **CUSTOM** section.

Apps > Historian Analys	sis > Single Trend View Open App	Include in app navigation Cancel Save App
INPUTS 👻	Container Container	CONTAINER PROPERT PAGE DATA
DISPLAY -	FinishedWaterPumpStation > StorageTank1	Settings Visual Responsive
LAYOUTS 👻	Container	Name Name
TOOLS 🔻	Time Frame - Last 5 minutes LIVE ▶ Legend	✓ DISPLAY
INTEGRATION 🔻		Conditions  Add conditions
TAG BROWSER		☐ Hidden <b>۞</b> Show on:
Selected Items : • Browse		Mobile 🗹 Tablet 🔽 Desktop 🔽

- 4. From the list of plug-ins in the **CUSTOM** section, drag the plug-in to the container in which you want to include the plug-in.
- 5. Select Save App.

The plug-in is used in the application.

# Download a Plug-In

This topic describes how to download a plug-in.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **PLUGINS**.

The **PLUGINS** workspace appears.

Plugins Management					
+ Import					
Name	Category	Version			
Boilerplate	Visualization		i	Î	Ŧ
LiquidGauge	Visualization	1.0.0	i	T	Ł
Neon Gauge	Visualization	0.0.2	i	Ť	Ł

2. In the row containing the plug-in that you want to download, select <sup>4</sup>. The plug-in is downloaded as a .zip file.

## Delete a Plug-in

This topic describes how to delete a plug-in.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **PLUGINS**.

The **PLUGINS** workspace appears, displaying a list of plug-ins that are imported.

lugins Managemen	-				
+ Import					
Name	Category	Version			
Boilerplate	Visualization		i	Î	*
LiquidGauge	Visualization	1.0.0	i	Î	*
Neon Gauge	Visualization	0.0.2	i	Î	*

2. In each row containing the plug-in that you want to delete, select  $\blacksquare$ 

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the plug-in.

3. Select OK.

The plug-in is deleted.

# Custom Plug-In structure

This topic describes how to use plug-in components.

A plug-in must contain the following components:

- index.html (on page 223): Contains the plug-in html code.
- main.js (on page 227): Contains the plug-in javascript code.
- manifest.json (on page 224): Contains the plug-in configuration details.
- style.css: Contains the plug-in stylesheet details.
- The scripts folder: Contains external scripts.

Get started with the sample templates to build your own plug-in.

Template Type	How to Use
Download the sample template for simple plug-in	Use this template to build a simple plug-in.
Includes examples using data source.	<ol> <li>Unzip the downloaded file. The unzipped file contains a folder called template with com- ponents to build a simple plug-in.</li> <li>Modify the plug-in components.</li> <li>Rename the template folder to match with the typeName (plug-in name) in manifest.j- son.</li> <li>Create a zip file of your modified folder (do not zip only plug-in components). The zip filename should also be the plug-in name. For example, if your plug-in name is table, then the zip file and the folder within should also be named as table.</li> <li>Import (on page 217) the modified zip file to Operations Hub to load as a plug-in.</li> </ol>
Download the sample template for advanced plug- in	Use this template to build an advanced plug-in.

Template Type	How to Use
<ul> <li>Includes examples using data source and</li> </ul>	1. Unzip the downloaded file.
data target.	2. Perform $npm$ install in the root folder to
<ul> <li>Loads external scripts (tools.zip) imported</li> </ul>	download dependencies.
using webpack.	3. Modify the plug-in components.
<ul> <li>Loads DevExtreme using manifest (scripts</li> </ul>	4. To generate a zip file of the modified tem-
element).	plate:
• tools.js contains color conversion script	• Perform npm run build to generate a
and connecting to datasources for manual,	development package.
global, query, or formula.	• Perform npm run buildProd to gener-
	ate a production package (minified).
	5. The generated zip file is saved to the $dist$
	folder in the project folder.
	${\sf Local Disk(C_i) \ > \ dev \ > \ Plugins \ > \ ui-plugins \ > \ template-adv \ > \ dist \ > \ }$
	Name Date modified Type template-adv 10/25/2021 3:38 PM File folder tip 10/25/2021 3:38 PM File folder
	6. Import <i>(on page 217)</i> the zip file to Opera- tions Hub to load as a plug-in.

### The index.html file

Each plug-in must contain an index.html file in the root folder of the plug-in.



### Note:

If html code is not required, create a blank file.

The markup defined in the index.html file is included in the body of a page in an application. Therefore, tags such as html, head, meta will be omitted.



#### Important:

Do not use the script tag because of the asynchronous behavior of the tag outside of the html head.

### **JavaScript Dependencies**

The easiest way to add external javascript dependencies is to place them in the scripts folder (in the root folder) and reference this dependency in the manifest.json file.

#### Important:

I

When using this method, all javascript dependencies are included in the global scope of the application, which can create conflicts between different plug-ins. Therefore, we recommend that you use a build tool like Webpack to manage dependencies of plug-ins.

### The manifest.json file

Every plug-in must contain a manifest.json file in the root folder of the plug-in. This file provides the essential information about the plug-in to Operations Hub.

The following table provides the parameters that you must include in the manifest.json file.

Parameter	Description
typeName [String]	The unique name of the plug-in.
	Does not support special characters. For example, comma, period, ampersand, dollar sign, percent sign, parenthesis, asterisk, etc.
pluginId [String]	The unique ID of the plug-in. The value for this pa- rameter must be a long, random one.
Type [String]	The type of the plug-in.
category [String]	The category of the plug-in.
description [String]	The description of the plug-in. This value appears in Operations Hub when you design an application to include the plug-in.
info	The following information about the plug-in:
	<ul> <li>version</li> <li>update</li> <li>size</li> <li>developer</li> </ul>
scripts [Array]	The array for the scripts that you want to use in the plug-in.
customIcon [String]	The icon that will appear next to the name of the plug-in in Operations Hub when designing an application to include the plug-in.

Parameter	Description
origin [String]	The origin of the plug-in. Provide the value custom for this parameter.
placeholder [String]	A placeholder for the plug-in, which will appear in Operations Hub when designing an application to include the plug-in.
preview [String]	The picture preview of the plug-in that will appear in Operations Hub when designing an application to include the plug-in.
fieldsDescription [Object]	The plug-in description for informational mes- sages.
isNotAllowToAddFields [Boolean]	Indicates whether to allow the user to add more da- ta fields when designing an application to include the plug-in. If you do not want the user to add data fields, enter true.
schema{}	An array of the following types of schema:
	• JSONSchema{} • UISchema{}

### Schema

The schema is based on JSON. It is used in the manifest.json file to specify the plug-in input and output.

- Input: The input for a plug-in can be static or dynamic. Static data is available in any of the following JSON schema types:
  - string
  - number
  - integer
  - ∘ boolean
  - ∘ null
  - object
  - array

The dynamic data is available in an Operations Hub component such as a query, global variable, or manual entry of data.

• Output: The output of a plug-in is defined in the Operations Hub target, such as a query with inputs or a global variable.

The schema defined in the manifest.json is presented in Operations Hub in the html format. This format is implemented using the react-jsonschema-form library, which introduces the concept of UI schema to provide the information about the form behavior and to give an extensive API for the form customization. Customization is typically done using custom fields and widgets that become part of the default form registry. The library renders all form fields leveraging the Bootstrap semantics, so that it can be styled with bootstrap themes or custom CSS.

 Tip: The following websites provide information on creating plug-ins:
 React-JSON-Schema Documentation
 React-JSON-Scheme Playground

### **Supported Widgets**

The following table provides the supported widgets for each field type.

Field Type	Supported Widgets
Boolean	• Check box
	Radio button
	• Select
String	• Text
	• Password
	• Email
	• URI
	Radio button
	Select
	• Text area
	Datetime
	• Color
Number	• Text
	• Select
	Range
	Radio button

### The main.js file

The plug-in API is exposed through the global object EMBED. You can access this object when the plug-in source code is included in Operations Hub. The following table provides the methods used in EMBED.

Method	Description
EMBED.getRootElement()	Returns the jqLite element, which must be used as the mounting point of the root element of the plug- in.
EMBED.onChangeData(callback)	This method is a general data change listener. call- back - function, which is invoked with one argu- ment every time when data change event is trig- gered.
EMBED.getData()	Returns existing page data.

The following table provides the four main methods to work with the Data Source and Data Target fields.

Method	Description		
EMBED.subscribeFieldToQueryChange(field, call-	Field object: Data Source		
back)	Callback: Function that is invoked when query change event received. Callback is invoked with one argument, which is a data selection as per field configuration.		
EMBED.subscribeFieldToGlobalChange(field, call-	Field object: Data Source		
back)	Callback: Function that is invoked when global change event received. Callback is invoked with one argument, which is a global data as per field configuration.		
EMBED.subscribeFieldToDataChange(field, call-	Field object: Data Source		
back)	Callback: Function that is invoked when global or query change event received.		
EMBED.submitTarget(field, value)	Field object: Data Target		
	Value: javascript primitives or Object/Array		
	This method targets the input of a query or a global variable, as per field configuration.		

# Upgrade Plug-in Schema

This topic describes how to update old plug-ins and use them in Operations Hub.

You must perform these steps if you are prompted to upgrade your custom plug-ins using old schema.

- 1. Migrate your old plug-in/s to the new React JSON schema (on page 225).
- 2. Write a transformation specification for plug-in upgrade (on page 155).
- 3. Place the plug-in transformation files in this location folder ... \ProgramData\GE\Operations Hub \iqp-config\plugin-transform-spec.
- 4. Import the plug-in *(on page 217)* updated with the new schema to Operations Hub. Plug-ins also get upgraded when you upgrade applications *(on page 157)* in Operations Hub.

# **Events**

# About Events

In Operations Hub, you can create events that will trigger actions when specific conditions are satisfied. To create an event, you must create a trigger and then create an action.

- Trigger: When you create a trigger, you define the set of conditions that must be satisfied for the event to happen. You can create a trigger based on conditions on values added or updated in an entity or values received from a device.
- Action: When you create an action, you define what should happen if the conditions specified in the trigger are satisfied (that is, when the event is triggered). You can create one or more of the following actions:
  - Send an email: You can create an action to send an email when the event is triggered. You
    can enter the email addresses manually, fetch them from a query, or allow application users
    to specify the email addresses.
  - Run a query: You can create an action to run a query when the event is triggered.
  - Send a command to a device: You can create an action to send a command to a device when the event is triggered. Before you do so, you must configure IQP MQTT to communicate with the device to which you want to send a command.

Creating an event in the event editor only creates a template for the event. It does not activate the event. The event is activated when a notifier is added and turned on in an event settings widget in an application.

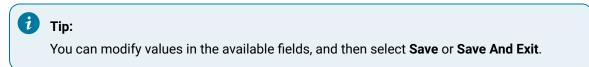
### Access an Event

1. In the main navigation menu, select **EVENTS**.

The **EVENTS** workspace appears.

Events		
+ Add new event	Quick Filter	
Name	Last updated	
ES_HighHumidity	Yesterday by Docs Team	0
ES_HighTemp	Yesterday by Docs Team	٥

2. In the row containing the event that you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link. The event appears, displaying a list of fields in the event.



## Create a Trigger Based on an Entity

This topic describes how to create a trigger based on conditions on values stored in an entity. You can also create a trigger based on conditions on values received from a device *(on page 229)*.

- 1. Access the event (on page 229) for which you want to create a trigger.
- 2. Select Add Entity Condition.

#### The Entity and Condition sections

Trigger			
	Entity Name		
1. Entity	Select	<b>v</b>	
	Entity Field	Operator Value	
Condition:	Select	¥ = ¥	Allow End User to set value
+ Add Entit	ty Condition 🗕 🕂 Add D	vevice Condition	
ear.			

- 3. In the **Entity Name** box, select the entity based on which you want to create a trigger. In the **Entity Field** box, a list of fields in the selected entity appears.
- 4. In the Entity Field, Operator, and Value boxes, select values that you want to use in the trigger. If you want to create a trigger if the temperature recorded in the entity exceeds 40 degrees Celsius, then in the Entity Field, Operator, and Value boxes, select or enter Temperature, >, and 40, respectively.
- 5. If you want to allow the end user to set the value manually, then select the **Allow End User to set** value check box, and then enter a value in the **Input Name** box.

If you want to create a trigger when the temperature stored in the entity field reaches a certain limit, and you want application users to specify that limit, then:

- a. In the Input Name box, enter Maximum Temperature.
- b. In the application, add an event settings widget, and then select the event that you have created.

In the application, the widget contains an input field labeled Maximum Temperature, which allows the user to change the value that you have specified in the event.

6. If there is more than one condition, and if you want to create a trigger only if all the conditions are satisfied, select **Meet ALL of the conditions**. By default, this option is selected. If, however, you want to create a trigger if at least one of the conditions is satisfied, select **Meet ANY of the conditions**.

#### Create an action (on page 229).

## Create a Trigger Based on a Device

Register the device details and metrics that you want to use in the trigger, using baseline entities.

- 1. Register at least one device type and metric using the supported\_device\_gateway and the metrics\_device\_type entities, respectively.
- 2. Register at least one device group and device for the device type using the M2M\_groups and device\_gateway entities, respectively.

This topic describes how to create a trigger based on conditions on values received from a device. You can, however, create a trigger that will cover only a single device, a group of devices, or all the devices of a given type.

You can also create a trigger based on conditions on values stored in an entity (on page 229).

- 1. Access the event (on page 229) for which you want to create a trigger.
- 2. Select Add Device Condition.

#### The Device Gateway and Condition sections

	Device Type		Device Group		Device Units				
2. Device Gateway	Select	•	Select	Ŧ	Select	T	Ŵ		
	Single Trigger								
	Metric		Operator Input So	urce	Value				
Condition:	Select	۳	= • Fixed V	'alue	T			Allow End Us	er to set value

appear.

3. In the **Device Type**, **Device Group**, and **Device Units** boxes, select the type, group, and unit of the device, respectively.

The following table provides values that you can select in these boxes, and which devices will be filtered accordingly.

Device Type	Device Group	Device Units	Result
MyDevice- Type	Any	Any	All devices of the type MyDevice- Type.
MyDevice- Type	MyGroup	Any	All devices in the group MyGroup.
MyDevice- Type	MyGroup	MyDevice	The device named MyDevice.

In the Metric box, a list of metrics registered for the device type appears.

4. In the **Metric**, **Operator**, **Input Source**, and **Value** boxes, select or enter the metric, operator, input source, and value, respectively.

If you want to create a trigger when the temperature recorded by the device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius, in the **Metric**, **Operator**, **Input Source**, and **Value** boxes, select or enter Temperature, >, Fixed Value, and 40, respectively.

5. If you want to allow the end user to set the value manually, select the **Allow End User to set value** check box, and then enter a value in the **Input Name** box.

If you want to create a trigger when the temperature stored in the entity field reaches a certain limit, and you want application users to specify that limit:

- a. In the Input Name box, enter Maximum Temperature.
- b. In the application, add an event settings widget, and then select the event that you have created.

In the application, the widget contains an input field labeled Maximum Temperature, which allows the user to change the value that you have specified in the event.

6. If there is more than one condition, and if you want to create a trigger only if all the conditions are satisfied, select **Meet ALL of the conditions**. By default, this option is selected. If, however, you want to create a trigger if at least one of the conditions is satisfied, select **Meet ANY of the conditions**.

#### Create an action (on page 230).

## Create an Action to Send an Email

This topic describes how to create an action to send an email. You can also create an action to perform the following steps:

- Run a query (on page 234)
- Send a command to a device (on page 236)

Create a trigger based on an entity condition (on page 229) or a device condition (on page 230).

- 1. Access the event (on page 229) for which you want to create an action.
- 2. Select Send e-mail.

#### The Send an E-mail section

Send an E-mail		
	Default E-mails (separate addresses by ,)	
Recipient's address:		Allow End User to set e-mail address
	+ Add Query Recipients	
Encoll to an older		
Email template:	Select Email Template	
O-hadalaa		
Scheduler	<ul> <li>Take action only on initial trigger</li> <li>Take action on every trigger</li> </ul>	

appears.

3. Enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description		
Recipient's address	Enter the email address of the user who will re-		
	ceive an email when the event is triggered. You		

Field	Description			
	can enter multiple email addresses separated by commas.			
Allow End User to set e-mail address	Select this check box if you want to allow application users to provide the email addresses of the users who will receive an email, and then enter the name of the input field that you will add in the application.			
Add Query Recipients	Select this button if you want to add email ad- dresses of the recipients using a query. When you select this button, the <b>Query Name</b> box ap- pears, displaying a list of Get queries created in the site.			
Query Name	Select the query that returns a list of email ad- dresses to which you want to send the email. If the query that you have selected requires input values, then the corresponding fields appear. If that happens, enter values in the fields.			
Email template	Select the email template that you want to use. If, however, you want to create an email tem- plate <i>(on page 240)</i> , select <b>Create Email Tem-</b> <b>plate</b> , enter values as needed, and then select <b>Save and Return</b> .			
Scheduler	<ul> <li>Select one of the following options:</li> <li>Take action only on initial trigger: Select this option if you want to run the query after switching from the state of not meeting the condition to meeting the condition. By default, this option is selected. For example, suppose you have created an action to send an email when the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by the device is a follows: 35, 38, 41, 45, 39, 42. In this scent</li> </ul>			

Field	Description
	nario, the email is sent when the temper-
	ature is 41 and 42.
	• Take action on every trigger: Select this
	option if you want to send an email every
	time the event is triggered. For exam-
	ple, suppose you have created an ac-
	tion to send an email when the temper-
	ature recorded by a device exceeds 40
	degrees Celsius. Suppose the tempera-
	ture recorded by the device is as follows:
	35, 38, 41, 45, 39, 42. In this scenario, the
	email is sent when the temperature is 41,
	45, and 42.

#### 4. Select Save or Save and Exit.

The event template is created.

When the event is triggered, an email is sent to the email addresses that you have specified.

### Note:

Gmail integration is possible on allowing access to less secure apps for the account. Alternatively, you can enable a 2-Step verification for the account and use the Google account "App passwords" feature. This will generate a password to use in conjunction with the email address to configure email server in Operations Hub Admin Console.

## Create an Action to Run a Query

This topic describes how to create an action to run a query. You can also create an action to:

- Send an email (on page 232)
- Send a command to a device (on page 236)

Create a trigger based on an entity condition (on page 229) or a device condition (on page 230).

- 1. Access the event (on page 229) for which you want to create an action.
- 2. Select Run a Query.

The Run a Query section appears.

Run a Query			
	Query Name		
Query:	Select	•	
Scheduler	Take action only on initial t	rigger	<ul> <li>Take action on every trigger</li> </ul>

3. Enter or select values as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Query	Select the query that you want to run when the event is triggered. If the query that you have se lected requires input values, the corresponding fields appear. If that happens, enter values in
	the available fields.
Scheduler	<ul> <li>Select one of the following options:</li> <li>Take action only on initial trigger: Select this option if you want to run the query after switching from the state of not meeting the condition to meeting the condition. By default, this option is selected. For example, suppose you have created an action to run a query when the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by the device is as follows: 35, 38, 41, 45, 39, 42. In this scenario, the query is run when the temperature is 41 and 42.</li> <li>Take action on every trigger: Select this option if you want to run the query every</li> </ul>
	time the event is triggered. For exam-
	ple, suppose you have created an ac- tion to run a query when the tempera-

Field	Description
	ture recorded by a device exceeds 40 de-
	grees Celsius. Suppose the temperature
	recorded by the device is as follows: 35,
	38, 41, 45, 39, 42. In this scenario, the
	query is run when the temperature is 41,
	45, and 42.

#### 4. Select Save or Save and Exit.

The event template is created.

When the event is triggered, the query that you have specified is run.

# Create an Action to Send a Command to a Device

This topic describes how to create an action to send a command to a device. You can also create an action to:

- Run a query (on page 234)
- Send an email (on page 232)
- 1. Configure IQP MQTT to communicate with the device to which you want to send a command.
- 2. Create a trigger based on an entity condition *(on page 229)* or a device condition *(on page 230)*.
- 1. Access the event (on page 229) for which you want to create an action.
- 2. Select Send Command to Device.

The Send a command to a device section

Send a command to a device					
	Function Name				
Function:	Select	Ψ.			
Scheduler	Take action only on ir	nitial trigger	<ul> <li>Take action on every trigger</li> </ul>		

appears.

3. Enter or select values as described in the following table.

Option	Description		
Function	Select <b>Send_MQTT_Command</b> to send a com- mand to a device that is configured with IQP MQTT. The <b>Input Source</b> and <b>Value</b> boxes ap- pear for topic and payload.		
Input Source	Select <b>Fixed value</b> if you want to send a fixed value to the device when the event is triggered.		
Value	Enter the fixed value that you want to send to the device when the event is triggered.		
Allow End User to set value	Select this check box if you want application users to set the value, and then enter a name in the <b>Input Name</b> box that appears.		
Scheduler	<ul> <li>Select one of the following options:</li> <li>Take action only on initial trigger: Select this option if you want to send the command after switching from the state of not meeting the condition to meeting the condition. By default, this option is selected. For example, suppose you have created an action to send the command when the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by the dvice is as follows: 35, 38, 41, 45, 39, 42. In this scenario, the command is sent when the temperature is 41 and 42.</li> <li>Take action on every trigger: Select this option if you want to send the command every time the event is triggered. For example, suppose you have created an action to send a command when the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by the device is as follows: Suppose the temperature recorded by the device is as follows: 40 degrees Celsius. Suppose the temperature recorded by the device is as follows: 40 degrees Celsius.</li> </ul>		

Option	Description
	lows: 35, 38, 41, 45, 39, 42. In this sce-
	nario, the command is sent when the
	temperature is 41, 45, and 42.

#### 4. Select Save or Save and Exit.

The event template is created.

When the event is triggered, the command is sent to the MQTT broker.

### Delete an Event

You cannot delete an event if it is locked or used in an application or a parameter.

#### 1. In the main navigation menu, select **EVENTS**.

#### The **EVENTS** workspace appears.

Events			
+ Add new event		Quick Filter	
Name Vame	Last updated		
ES_HighHumidity	Yesterday by Docs Team		٥
ES_HighTemp	Yesterday by Docs Team		٥

- 2. In the rows containing the events that you want to delete, select the check boxes.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select  $\stackrel{\circ}{\cong}$ , and then select **Delete Events**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the event.

### i Tip:

Alternatively, in the row containing each event that you want to delete, select <sup>4</sup>, and then select **Delete event**.

#### 4. Select Delete.

The events are deleted.

# **Email Templates**

# About Email Templates

Email templates store information about the default content and structure of an automated email, which can be sent when an event is triggered. The template allows you to include fixed or dynamic content so that the email is customized to the event that triggered it. You can define the default structure for the following sections in an email template:

- Subject
- Body
- URL

# Access an Email Template

1. In the main navigation menu, select **EMAILS**.

The **EMAIL TEMPLATES** workspace appears.

Emai	l Templates				
+	Add new email template	¢		Quick Filter	
	Name		Last updated		
	HighTemp		1 hour ago Docs Team		0

2. In the row containing the email template that you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link.

The email template appears, displaying the Subject, Body, and URL sections.

Email Templa	tes> HighTemp			
Subject				
Jubjeer				
Add text	Add Parameter			
Body				
Add text	Add Parameter	Add Paragraph	Add Newline	
7 Tip:				

If needed, modify the email template, and then select Save or Save and Exit.

# Create an Email Template

This topic describes how to create an email template. You can also copy an email template *(on page 242)*.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **EMAILS**.

The **EMAILS** workspace appears.

Emai	il Templates				
+	Add new email template	¢		Quick Filter	
	Name		Last updated		
	HighTemp		1 hour ago Docs Team		۰

2. Select Add new email template.

The Create Email Template window appears.

Create Email Template			×		
Email Template Name:					
	Create	Cancel			

3. Enter a value in the **Email Template Name** box, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The **Subject**, **Body**, and **URL** sections of the email template appear.

4. In the Subject, Body, and URL sections, select the options for which you want to add details.

Option	Description
Add Text	When you select <b>Add Text</b> , a text box appears in the corresponding section. You can enter the text that you want to include in the email tem- plate.
Add Parameter	Parameters (on page 244) allow you to add dynamic content to the email based on values from the event. When you select <b>Add Parame-</b> <b>ter</b> , a drop-down list box appears in the corre- sponding section. You can select the parameter that you want to include in the email template.
Add Paragraph	When you select <b>Add Paragraph</b> , a resizeable text box appears in the corresponding section. You can enter the text that you want to include in the email template. You can add a paragraph only in the <b>Body</b> section.
Add Newline	When you select <b>Add Newline</b> , a line appears af- ter the current element.

5. As needed, in the URL section, enter a URL that you want to include in the email template.

6. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The email template is created.

# Copy an Email Template

This topic describes how to copy an email template. You can also create an email template *(on page 240)*.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **EMAILS**.

The **EMAILS** workspace appears.

Email Templates				
+ Add new email template	¢		Quick Filter	
Name		Last updated		
HighTemp		1 hour ago Docs Team		0

2. In the row containing the email template that you want to copy, select the link. The email template appears.

Email Templates > HighTemp
Subject
Add text Add Parameter
[Alert]: High tempe
Body
Add text Add Parameter Add Paragraph Add Newline
Temperature in the

3. Modify the email template as needed, and then select Save As New.

A window appears, asking you to enter a name for the email template. By default, the name contains the name of the original email template, appended with a system-generated value.

Modify the default name, and then select OK.
 The email template is copied.

## Delete an Email Template

You cannot delete an email template if it is used in an event.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **EMAILS**. The **EMAILS** workspace appears.

Emai	l Templates				
+	Add new email template	¢		Quick Filter	
	Name		Last updated		
	HighTemp		1 hour ago Docs Team		¢

2. In the workspace heading, select 🍄, and then select **Delete email templates**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the email templates.



Alternatively, in the row containing each email template that you want to delete, select <sup>4</sup>, and then select **Delete email template**.

#### 3. Select Delete.

The email template is deleted.

# Parameters

## **About Parameters**

Parameters store values that you can use in an email template. These values can be fixed or generated at runtime. You can create one of the following types of parameters:

- Fixed: Stores a fixed value that you specify when you create the parameter.
- Event Variable: Stores event time values from an entity field or a device field that is used in an event condition.
- From Query: Stores the results of a Get query with inputs from event time values. This allows you to retrieve additional data about the device or entity that triggered the event from another entity on the system.

Suppose you want to send an automated email when the temperature recorded by a device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius. In the email, you want to include the temperature, date, and time recorded by the device. In this case:

- 1. Create an event as follows:
  - Create a condition such that the event is triggered when the temperature recorded by the device exceeds 40 degrees Celsius.
  - Create an action such that an email is sent when the event is triggered.
- 2. Create a parameter to store the temperature recorded by the device.
- 3. Create another parameter to store the date and time recorded by the device.
- 4. Create an email template, and include both the parameters in the template.
- 5. Use the email template in the event that you have created in step 1.

### Access a Parameter

1. In the main navigation menu, select **PARAMETERS**.

The **PARAMETERS** workspace appears.

Parai	meters				
+	Add new parameter	¢		Quick Filter	
	Name		Last updated		
	Temperature		Yesterday Docs Team		0

2. In the row containing the parameter that you want to access, in the **Name** column, select the link. The parameter appears.

Parameters > Temperature				
Select Existing Parameter 💌				
Value Source				
<ul> <li>Fixed 24</li> <li>Event Variable</li> <li>From Query</li> </ul>				
		Cancel Save	Save As New	Save And Exit
<i>i</i> Tip: If needed, you can modif Exit.	y values in the avai	lable fields, and the	n select <b>Save</b> (	or Save and

### Create a Parameter

This topic describes how to create a parameter. You can also copy a parameter (on page 249).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **PARAMETERS**.

The **PARAMETERS** workspace appears.

Para	meters				
+	Add new parameter	¢		Quick Filter	
	Name		Last updated		
	Temperature		Yesterday Docs Team		¢

2. Select Add new parameter.

The Create Parameter window appears.

Create Parameter	-		×
Parameter name:			
	Create	Cancel	

3. Enter a name in the **Parameter name** box, and then select **Create**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The parameter appears.

Parameters > Temperature				
Select Existing Parameter *				
Value Source				
<ul> <li>Fixed 24</li> <li>Event Variable</li> <li>From Query</li> </ul>				
	Cancel	Save	Save As New	Save And Exit

4. Enter or select values as described in the following table.

Option	Description
Fixed	Select this option if you want to create a para- meter with a fixed value, and then enter the val- ue. By default, this option is selected.
Event Variable	Select this option if you want to create a para- meter using an event variable, and then select values in the <b>Select Event</b> , <b>Event Condition</b> , and <b>Condition Value</b> boxes that appear.

Option	Description
	Select Event: Select the event whose
	variable you want to use while creating
	the parameter. After you select the even
	the Event Condition box contains se-
	quential numbers of conditions in the
	event. For example, if there are three co
	ditions in the event, the Event Condition
	box contains the values 1, 2, and 3.
	Event Condition: Select the sequential
	number of the condition that you want
	to use. If you select a number, the Con-
	dition Value box contains a list of enti-
	ty fields or device fields depending on
	whether you have selected an event cor
	dition or a device condition.
	Condition Value: Select the entity field
	or device field whose values you want t
	store in the parameter.
From Query	Select this option if you want to create a para-
	meter using a query, and then select the query
	in the Select Query box that appears. It con-
	tains a list of Get queries in the site. If the que
	that you have selected requires input values, the
	corresponding fields appear. If that happens,
	enter values as needed.
	Note:
	The query that you want to use in a pa-
	rameter should return only a single val-
	ue.

5. Select Save or Save And Exit.

The parameter is created.

### Copy a Parameter

This topic describes how to copy a parameter. You can also create a parameter (on page 249).

1. In the main navigation menu, select **PARAMETERS**.

The **PARAMETERS** workspace appears.

Parameters				
+ Add new parameter	¢		Quick Filter	
Name		Last updated		
Temperature		Yesterday Docs Team		٥

2. In the row containing the parameter that you want to copy, select the link.

Parameters > Temperature

 Select Existing Parameter \*

 Value Source

 • Fixed 24

 • Event Variable

 • From Query

The workspace for the parameter appears.

3. As needed, modify values in the available fields, and then select **Save As New**.

A window appears, asking you to enter a name for the parameter. By default, the name contains the name of the original parameter, appended with a system-generated value.

4. Modify the name of the parameter, and then select **OK**.

The parameter is copied.

# Delete a Parameter

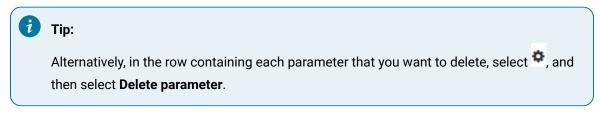
1. In the main navigation menu, select PARAMETERS.

The **PARAMETERS** workspace appears.

Para	meters				
+	Add new parameter	٥		Quick Filter	
	Name		Last updated		
	Temperature		Yesterday Docs Team		0

- 2. In the rows containing the parameters that you want to delete, select the check boxes.
- 3. In the workspace heading, select 🚔, and then select **Delete parameters**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the selected parameters.



4. Select **Delete** or **Delete All**.

The parameters are deleted.

# Users

## About Users

Using Operations Hub, you can create the following types of users:

- Developers: Users who will develop an application. These users can access the pages for creating an application. When you create a developer, an application user is also created for the developer with the same credentials.
- Application users: Users who will use an application. These users can only access applications to which they have been granted access. They cannot access the pages for creating an application.

### Access a User

1. In the main navigation menu, select MANAGE.

The **Developers** workspace appears, displaying a list of users who are developers.

Developers			
+ Add new user	1 Users		Quick Filter
Username		Last Name	First Name
DocsTeam		Team	Docs

2. If you want to access an application user, in the module navigation menu, select **App Users**. The **App Users** workspace appears, displaying a list of application users.

App Users			
+ Add new app user	3 Users		Quick Filter
Username		Last Name	First Name
DocsTeam		Team	Docs
Operator		Operator	PLC
Supervisor		Assembly line	Supervisor

In the row containing the user that you want to access, in the Username column, select the link.
 The Account <user name> window appears, displaying the details of the user.

Ac	count Do	ocsTeam		×
User	name	DocsTeam		
First	Name			
Doc	s			
Last	Name			
Tear	m			
			Cancel	Save
i	-	u can modify the first and last names	-	
	Save to save other user ac	your changes. You cannot, however, r count.	nodify the first and last	names of any

# Create a User

Only a tenant administrator can create and manage developers.

- 1. In the main navigation menu, select **MANAGE**, and then select **Developers** or **App Users**.
- 2. Select Add new user.

The **New Account** window appears.

New Account	×
Username	
E-mail	
First Name	
Last Name	
Password	
Repeat Password	
Groups 🔽 Only	y GE groups
Select UAA groups	

3. Enter values in the available fields as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Username	Enter the user name that the user will use to log in to Operations Hub. The value must be unique.
E-mail	Enter the email ID of the user. The value must be unique.
First Name	Enter the first name of the user.

Field	Description
Last Name	Enter the last name of the user.
Password	Enter a password that the user will use to log in to Operations Hub. The password must meet the following criteria: • Must contain between 8 and 15 charac- ters • Must include at least one number • Must include at least one uppercase or lowercase letter
Repeat Password	Enter the password that you have entered in the Password field.
Only GE Groups	Select this check box if you only want to view groups associated with GE products in the Groups list box.
Groups	Select the UAA group that you want to assign to this user.

#### 4. Select Create.

The user is created. If you have created a developer, an application user is also created.

If you have created an application user, provide access to one or more applications to the user.

#### Grant Access to a Role

This topic describes how to grant access to a role. You can also grant access to an application *(on page 138)*.

1. In the main navigation menu, select MANAGE, and then select App Users.

The **App Users** workspace appears, displaying a list of application users.

App Users			
+ Add new app user	3 Users		Quick Filter
Username		Last Name	First Name
DocsTeam		Team	Docs
Operator		Operator	PLC
Supervisor		Assembly line	Supervisor

2. In the row containing the user to whom you want to grant access, in the **Username** column, select the link.

The Account <user name> window appears, displaying the details of the user.

Account DocsTeam			×	
Username	DocsTeam			
First Name				
Docs				
Last Name				
Team				
			Cancel	Save

- 3. In the Apps box, select the applications to which you want to grant access to the user.
- 4. In the **Role Groups** box, select the check boxes corresponding to the categories and groups to which you want to grant access to the user.

### i Tip:

When you select a category or a group, all the underlying groups in the hierarchy are selected. You can clear the check box corresponding to a category or a group if you do not want to grant access to it.

#### 5. Select Save.

The user can now access the selected applications, categories, and groups.

# Revoke Access to an Application

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app	App 🔅 📢 4	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

2. In the  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Name}}$  column, select the application for which you want to revoke access.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

+/	Add new page 🔹 🔒		Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	<
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	Contract (1997)
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	Contract (1998)
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	Contract (1997)
)	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	<
	Template	A template for new pages	

3. In the main navigation menu, select **APP USERS**.

The APP USERS workspace appears, displaying a list of application users created in the site.

App Users			
+ Add new app user	3 Users		Quick Filter
Username		Last Name	First Name
DocsTeam		Team	Docs
Operator		Operator	PLC
Supervisor		Assembly line	Supervisor

4. In each row containing a user whose access you want to revoke, clear the check box, and then select **Submit changes**.

Access to the application is revoked for the selected users.

#### Delete a User

You cannot delete your user account.

 In the main navigation menu, select MANAGE, and then select App Users. The App Users workspace appears.

+	Add new app user	Submit changes 3 Users	Only app users	Quick Filter	
	Username	Last Name	First Name	Last Login	
•	DocsTeam	Team	Docs	19 hours ago	
	Operator	Operator	PLC		
	Supervisor	Assembly line	Supervisor		

2. In the row containing the user that you want to delete, select the link in the **USERNAME** column.

The Account <user name> window appears, displaying the details of the user.

Account DocsTeam				
Username:	DocsTeam			
First Name				
Docs				
Last Name				
Team				

Apps:

ES Event Map View Building Monitor_Step2 Building Monitor_Step3
Building Monitor_Step4
👷 Asset Testing 🗽 Building Monitor_Step1 🗽 Asset Management
😠 Widget font testing 2



Cancel	Save

3. Select Delete.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the user.

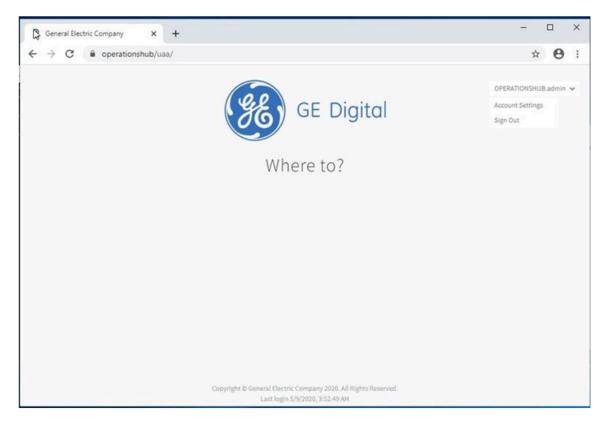
4. Select OK.

The user is deleted.

### Change Your Password

If a user wants to change his or her password in Operations Hub, use the following steps to do so.

- 1. Log out of all instances of Operations Hub, and close your browser.
- 2. Reopen your browser, and go to this page: https://machineName/uaa/login. The following screen appears.



3. In the upper right-hand corner of the screen, click Account Settings.

#### The following screen appears.

General Electric Company ×	+	- 🗆 X
← → C 🔒 operationshub/uaa	/profile	± <b>⊖</b> :
C2	GE Digital	OPERATIONSHUB.admin 🗸
	Account Settings	
	admin@ge.com Change Email Change Password	
	Third Party Access You have not yet authorized any third party applications.	
	Copyright © General Electric Company 2020. All Rights Reserved. Last login 5/9/2020, 3:52:49 AM	

4. Select the Change Password link.

The next screen appears.

General Electric Company × +	- 🗆 X
← → C 🔒 operationshub/uaa/change_password	⊶ ☆ \varTheta :
GE Digital	OPERATIONSHUB.admin 🗸
Change Password	
Current password	
New password	
Confirm new password	
CHANGE PASSWORD	
Copyright © General Electric Company 2020. All Rights Reserved. Last login 5/9/2020, 3:52:49 AM	

- 5. In the **Current Password** field, enter the existing password.
- 6. In the **New Password** field, enter the new password that you want to use to log in to Operations Hub.

The password must meet the following criteria:

• Must contain between 8 and 15 characters

#### Note:

For the 2.0 release, the password cannot be 15 characters long.

This rule applies only when setting up the password for the first time for the first user account (OphubAdmin). After the completion of iqp-provisioner, the initial password for OphubAdmin can also be updated to a password of 15 characters length. Subsequent user accounts (including LDAP, external IDP accounts) can have a password length of 15 characters.

- Must include at least one number
- Must include at least one uppercase or lowercase letter
- 7. In the **Confirm New Password** field, enter the new password again.
- 8. Click Change Password to proceed.

# Roles

### About Roles

You can create roles to define which users can access specific information. When you create a role, you create a category and a group within that category. You can create multiple categories containing multiple levels of groups.

#### **Managing Access to Data Fields**

Suppose you have created an application that provides the following details of users, and you want only the Finance personnel to view the salary details:

- User name
- User ID
- Joining date
- Salary

In this case, you will perform the following tasks:

- 1. Create a category named Department.
- 2. In the Department category, create a group named Finance.
- 3. Modify the **Roles Conditions** section of the query that fetches the user account details as follows:
  - a. In the **Entity field** box, select the field that stores the salary details.
  - b. In the Access box, select Permitted Roles.
  - c. In the **Roles** box, expand the Department category, and select the check box corresponding to the Finance group.
  - d. Save the query.

When the query is run, the user name, user ID, and joining date details are returned to all users. However, users who belong to the Finance department will also see the salary details.

#### **Managing Access to Data Rows**

Suppose you have created an application that provides the following details of users, and you want all users to only see rows from their location:

- User name
- User ID
- Joining date
- Salary
- Location

In this case, you will perform the following tasks:

- 1. Create a category named Locations.
- 2. In the Location category, create groups for each location.
- 3. Modify the Roles Conditions section of the query that fetches the user account details as follows:
  - a. In the Apply conditions to section, select All roles.
  - b. In the Row visibility box, select Filter rows.
  - c. In the Entity field box, select the field that stores the location of the user.
  - d. In the In user's role tree box, select the Locations category.
  - e. Save the query.

When the query is run, users will only see records where the Location field matches the Location role that has been allocated to them.

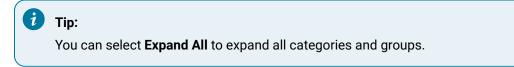
#### Access a Category or a Group

1. In the main navigation menu, select MANAGE, and then select Roles.

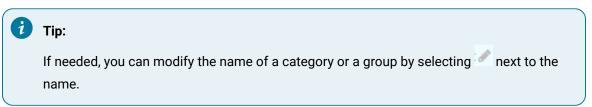
The Roles workspace appears, displaying a list of categories and groups.

Roles			
+ Add New Category + Collapse All			Save
✓ Department	+ Add New Group	×	
Finance //	+ Add New Group	×	
Supervisors //	+ Add New Group	×	
Human Resources	+ Add New Group	×	
◆ Location	+ Add New Group	×	
Japan	+ Add New Group	×	
✔ India	+ Add New Group	×	
Bangalore	+ Add New Group	×	
Hyderabad	+ Add New Group	×	

2. In the row containing the category that you want to access, select . The category expands, displaying a hierarchical view of groups.



3. If you want to access a group, navigate to the group in the hierarchy.



### Create a Category

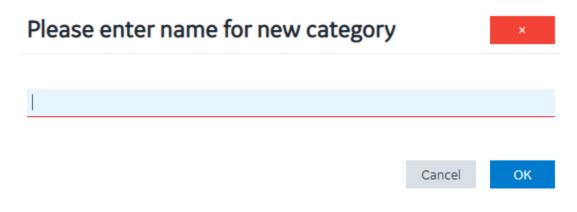
1. In the main navigation menu, select **MANAGE**, and then select **Roles**.

The **Roles** workspace appears, displaying a list of categories.

Roles	;		
+ /	Add New Category + Collapse All		Save
٩	Department	+ Add New Group ×	
	Finance	+ Add New Group ×	
	Supervisors	+ Add New Group ×	
	Human Resources	+ Add New Group ×	
•	✓ Location <i>I</i>	+ Add New Group ×	
	Japan∌	+ Add New Group ×	
	✔ India	+ Add New Group ×	
	Bangalore 🖋	+ Add New Group ×	
	Hyderabad	+ Add New Group ×	

#### 2. Select Add New Category.

A window appears, asking you to enter a name for the category.



3. Enter a name, and then select **OK**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The category is created.

Create a group (on page 264).

#### Create a Group

Create a category (on page 264).

In the main navigation menu, select **Roles**.
 The **Roles** workspace appears, displaying a list of categories.

S			
Add New Category + Collapse All			
▶ Department ∕	+ Add New Group	×	
Finance	+ Add New Group	×	
Supervisors	+ Add New Group	×	
Human Resources	+ Add New Group	×	
Location /	+ Add New Group	×	
Japan	+ Add New Group	×	
✔ India	+ Add New Group	×	
Bangalore	+ Add New Group	×	
Hyderabad	+ Add New Group	×	

In the row containing the category in which you want to create a group, select Add New Group.
 A window appears, asking you to enter a name for the group.

Please enter name for new group		×
	Cancel	ОК

3. Enter a name, and then select **OK**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

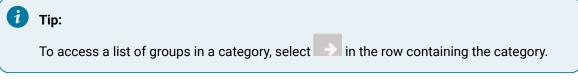
The group is created.

# Delete a Category or a Group

1. In the main navigation menu, select **MANAGE**, and then select **Roles**.

The Roles workspace appears.

Department	+ Add New Group ×
Finance	+ Add New Group ×
Supervisors /	+ Add New Group ×
Human Resources	+ Add New Group ×
✓ Location	+ Add New Group ×
Japan 🖋	+ Add New Group ×
✔ India	+ Add New Group ×
Bangalore	+ Add New Group ×
Hyderabad.	+ Add New Group ×



3. Select OK.

The category or group is deleted.

# Administration

### **Runtime Model**

Create a model to build the runtime structure and content.

You can set up the types of equipment to use, the instances of equipment to appear in the runtime context, the information to display about the equipment, and the data sources for supplying data. The Model Editor user interface helps you create and modify your model.

### Model Editor

Use the Model Editor to create and modify asset object types and asset objects in your model.

To begin building a model, follow these tasks:

- Create Data sources (on page 284)
- Configure Data Distributor Settings (on page 271)
- Set Up the Data Model Structure (on page 271)
- Define Objects (on page 272)
- Set Up Runtime Navigation (on page 274)

# Supported Characters for the Model

Before creating object types, objects and data variables, review the following tables to see which characters are supported as well as restricted.

#### **Supported Characters**

Character	Description
!	Exclamation Point
@	At sign
٨	Caret
\$	Dollar Sign
0	Parentheses
1	Pipe
•	Period
、	Grave Accent

Character	Description
~	Tilde
-	Hyphen
-	Underscore



A single space is allowed but a succession of spaces is not.

# **Unsupported Characters**

Character	Description
#	Number Sign
%	Percent Sign
١	Backslash
,	Comma
?	Question Mark
,	Semicolon
+	Plus Sign
:	Colon
П	Quotation Marks
1	Apostrophe
< >	Greater than/Less than Symbols
0	Braces
/	Slash
=	Equal Sign
*	Asterisk
&	Ampersand

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#### Manage Data Source Servers

Access the details for the data source servers that are used to populate data in your model.

This is a view-only section in Operations Hub.

To access the data source server details:

- 1. In the Administration environment, select **Set Up** and then **Server**.
- 2. The **Server Details Management** screen appears with a list of servers set up in your system along with their details:

Column	Description
Name	The server name.
Connection Type	The connection type, whether OPC UA or Histo- rian.
Datasource Name	The data source name associated to the server.
Refresh Rate (Seconds)	The time set for refreshing the application, for example, every 5 seconds.

Assets			
Visualizations	Composition True	e Datasource Name	Refresh Rate (Seconds)
Set Up     CIMP_OPO	Connection Type	e Datasource Name urn:WIN-PB2PJM6E2G0:GE-II	
Server IGS_OPCU		urn:CHEWY:Intellution.Intellu	
Data Distributor Historian	Server HISTORIAN	webhmitaco	N/A
iFIX_OPCI	JA OPCUA	urn:WebHMITaco:MyCompan	ny:iFix:FIX N/A

To configure data sources for Historian and OPC UA, refer to Create a Data Source (on page 284).

# Configure Data Distributor Settings

#### Create a Data Source (on page 284).

Data distributor is a component in Operations Hub that communicates with the Historian servers configured with Operations Hub. It performs the following tasks:

- Fetches a list of Historian tags.
- Fetches Historian data based on the parameters that you have specified.
- Reads and updates notes.
- Subscribes for updates on Historian tag value changes.

Using the data distributor settings, you can specify the log level of the data distributor. For example, you can choose a verbose log level to help you troubleshoot issues with fetching data from the Historian server.

- 1. In the administrative environment, select Set Up > Data Distributor.
- 2. In the **Logging level** box, select one of the following log levels:
  - Info
  - Error
  - Warn
  - Debug
  - Verbose

The data distributor settings are configured.

### Set Up the Model Structure

Object types define the structure of the equipment pieces within your model. For each object type, such as a StorageTank, you set up all the data variable names, such as TankLevel, that any asset object associated with this type can reuse in its own definition.

Using the **Contained Types** area, you set up the parent/child relationship of asset object types in the model. For example, StorageTank1 and SuctionValve2 are the children that comprise the FinishedWaterPumpStation. In Runtime, the children appear under the parent in the navigational context.

1. In the Administration environment, navigate to **Assets > Object Types > New**.

#### The **Object Type Information** screen appears.

- 2. Enter a unique name for the new object type and provide a description.
- 3. Select Save.
- 4. Select **Data Variables** to add variable names whose data will come from the data sources.

- 5. To add a variable name for this object type, do the following:
  - a. Select + above the table.
  - b. In Variable, enter the name of the data variable, such as Pressure.
  - c. In Data Type, select the type of data this variable stores: Boolean, String, or Number.
  - d. In **Description**, explain the purpose of the data variable.
- 6. Repeat the above steps for each new object type.
- 7. To define an asset object type as a parent of other types, do the following:
  - a. Select Contained Types.
  - b. Choose the parent by selecting an object type on the left panel.
  - c. Select + above the table to add children to the parent.
  - d. Select the object type to become a child and provide an alias name.
- 8. Select Save.

### **Define Objects**

Asset objects are the instances of equipment pieces, such as StorageTank1, to appear in the model. For each object, you determine which data variables derived from its object type to reuse, and then define them accordingly.

- Objects appear alphabetically.
- Always use a unique object name.
- 1. In the Administration environment, navigate to Assets > Objects.

If objects are already defined, the left panel lists them.

2. To add a new object, select New.

The New Object screen appears.

3. Select the object type for this object.

The children of the object type appear under **Contained Objects** if defined. The system automatically generates a contained object name from the alias and appends an instance number to it, such as DPump1\_1. The next time another asset object reuses the object type with this contained object, the instance number is increased by one, which in this example is DPump1\_2.

- 4. Type a unique name for the new object and provide a description.
- 5. Select Save.

The new object appears with the data variables of its object type.

6. Define each data variable that you want to use for this object by doing the following:

Column	Description
RealTime Data Alias	You receive real time data from data sources such as iFIX, CIMPLICITY, IGS, or any other thirc party OPC UA server. Select to choose a data source from the list of available data sources.
	Data TypeRealTime Data AliReal Time Data ScSTRING••BOOLEAN••STRING••BOOLEANIGS_OPC•STRING••STRING••BOOLEAN••BOOLEAN••STRING••BOOLEAN•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
RealTime Data Source	Select to browse the data source and se- lect items that feed live data to this variable, which can appear in the trend chart or a widget that is configured with this model property. Refer to Browse Data Sources (on page 300).
Historical Data Alias	You receive historical data from the Historian data source. Select to choose a data source from the list of available Historian data sources.

Column	Description			
	) Data Sc	Historica	Data Al	Historical Data S
		Histori	~	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Server	<b>^</b>	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Historia		FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Historia	n	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Histori	-	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
		Histori	~	FIX.FWT_FWI ····
Historical Data Source	Select to select Historian tags that feed Proficy Historian data to this variable, which can appear in the trend chart or a widget that is configured with this model property. Refer to Browse Data Sources (on page 300).			
	Refer to I	Browse Dat	a Source	s (on page 300).

7. Select Save.

# **Duplicate Objects**

When an object uses similar data variables and contained objects as a configured object, you can duplicate the configured object to create new objects for your model.

- 1. In the Administration environment, navigate to **Assets > Objects**.
- 2. Select Duplicate.

The duplicated object appears highlighted in the left panel with Copy appended to its name.

3. Change the name in the Name field and select Save.

The renamed asset object appears in the left panel. You cannot rename the asset after selecting **Save**.

4. To duplicate more instances of the same object, continue to select **Duplicate** and repeat step 3. The duplicated objects appear highlighted in the left panel with Copy and a number appended to their names, such as pump1\_copy(1), pump1\_copy(2), and so on.

# Set Up Runtime Navigation

Use the Navigation app to visually structure the runtime hierarchy of objects.

Changing the root of an existing runtime navigation hierarchy requires that you clear the entire hierarchy and then rebuild it.

- In the Administration environment, navigate to Visualizations > Navigation.
   All objects appear in the left panel with check boxes.
- Select the parent check box and then select + at the top of the left panel. The parent object instance appears in the app area. The following shows the FinishedWaterPumpStation parent.

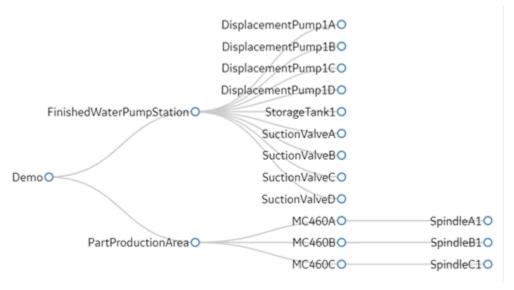
O FinishedWaterPumpStation

- 3. Select the parent object in the app area, select its children in the left panel and select +.
- 4. In the app area, expand the parent object to show its children by selecting its filled circle. In this example, the FinishedWaterPumpStation has three DisplacementPump



children.

5. To add object instances to a child, select the child in the app area and select its descendants in the left panel.



In this example, SpindleA1, B1, C1 are descendants of MC460A, B, C.

6. You can also drag and drop objects within the hierarchy to change their order, as shown in this example. SunctionValveA is now a child of FinishedWaterPumpStation.



- 7. **Optional:** To delete an object from the hierarchy, select its check box and then at the top of the left panel.
- 8. **Optional:** At any time, you can remove the hierarchy and start with a blank app area by selecting **Clear Hierarchy**.
- 9. To save the runtime hierarchy that you created, select **Save**.

# Modify Object Types

You can remove an asset object type and delete and modify its data variable names but you cannot change the name of an object type. All changes made to an object type are reflected in its object instances.

You cannot delete an asset object type that has existing objects using its data structure.

1. In the Administration environment, navigate to Assets > Object Types.

The **Object Type Information** screen appears listing the object types.

- 2. In the left panel, select the object type to modify.
- 3. Make changes as needed and select **Save**.
- 4. To remove an object type, select it in the left panel, select **Delete**, and confirm the delete.

# **Remove Contained Types**

When you delete a child from an asset object type, it is also removed from all objects using it.

1. In the Administration environment, navigate to Assets > Object Types.

The Object Type Information screen appears listing all the asset object types.

- 2. In the left panel, select the asset object type whose children you want to modify.
- 3. Select the Contained Types tab.
- 4. To remove children from a parent, select the check box next to each child you want to remove, and select above the table.
- 5. Select Save.

# **Replace Contained Objects**

You can quickly replace contained objects by browsing through a list of similar objects that are assigned to the same object type.

- 1. In the Administration environment, navigate to Assets > Objects.
- 2. Select the object type.
- 3. Select Contained Objects.
- 4. Select the arrow next to the contained object that you want to replace. A list appears with similar objects that are associated with the selected object type, as shown in the following image:

Data Variables	Contained Objects	
Name		¢
<u>StorageTan</u>	<u>k1</u>	~
SuctionValv	reA	~
SuctionValv	<u>eB</u>	~
SuctionValv	<u>eC</u>	~
SuctionValv	<u>eD</u>	~
Displaceme	ntPump1D	*
	DisplacementPump1A	
	DisplacementPump1B	
	DisplacementPump1C	
	DisplacementPump1D	

- 5. Select the object to replace the contained object. This selected object is now a contained object for the object type.
- 6. **Optional:** To view the details of a contained object, such as its data variables, select its hyperlinked name in the **Name** column.
- 7. Select Save.

# **Modify Objects**

You can remove an asset object as well as change its data sources.

If an object has contained objects, you can change their auto-generated names but not their aliases.

- 1. In the Administration environment, navigate to **Assets > Objects**.
  - The **Object** screen appears.
- 2. In the left panel, select the object to modify.
- Make the changes as needed and select Save.
   You cannot modify data variables.
- 4. To remove an object, select it in the left panel, select **Delete**, and confirm the delete.

### Export the Model

Model configuration is exported and saved to a CSV format for later use.

#### 1. Go to **ADMIN > Import/Export**.

2. Provide a file name for the model you want to export.

Export	
Enter export file name Custom Model5	
	Export

#### 3. Select Export.

The model data is exported to a .csv file.

#### Note:

The data source connectivity information in the model is not preserved during export. As an alternative, export the application *(on page 149)*.

4. Retrieve the model file from the Windows Downloads folder.

#### Import a Model

If you want to replace an existing model, you must first delete *(on page 280)* the old one before importing the new one. You can also merge the new model with the existing model during import.

#### Note:

Data source connectivity information is not preserved in the model you import to your system. After importing the model, reconfigure the data source properties in the model.

#### 1. Go to **ADMIN > Import/Export**.

2. Select Browse to navigate to the .csv model file, and then select Import.

Import	
Select file to import Browse_ Hist_OPC.csv	3
	Import Delete Model

#### Note:

Always import files that are of size 13 MB or less at a time. If the CSV is larger than 13 MB, split the file into multiple smaller files and import them one by one to Operations Hub. You can use a free .csv splitter tool to break the large file into smaller files.

3. Follow these instructions to view and download the log file in these browsers:

Option	Description
Chrome	<ul> <li>To view the log file, right-click [log] to open it in a new tab.</li> <li>To download and then view the log file, click [log]. You can view the file in the Downloads folder.</li> </ul>
Microsoft Edge	<ul> <li>To view the log file, click [log], and then Open.</li> <li>To download and view the log file, click [log], and then Save. You can then view the log file by selecting View downloads.</li> </ul>

4. To view the model in runtime, select **Runtime** from the user icon drop-down list at the top right of the screen.

By default, the highest asset point in the model hierarchy appears.

5. To navigate through the asset objects in the hierarchy model, select the Asset Context Selector, **S**. The model displays the relevant data in context to each asset object selected in the navigation scheme.

### **Define Trend Data**

You can view trend-line analysis of variable data for a selected time frame in Historian. You select which historical variables to view.

- 1. In the Administration environment, navigate to Visualizations > Designer.
- 2. Select Types.
- 3. In the left pane, select the asset object type containing the data variables to display in trend lines.
- 4. Select Trend Card.
- 5. Select the check box next to each variable containing the data to use as a trend point.
- 6. Select Save.

### Delete a Model

If importing a model fails or you want to replace a model with a new one, you may choose to delete the model. Before deleting the model, we recommend that you export *(on page 278)* it for a backup. You can then import it again or import a new model.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **ADMIN**.

The **ADMIN** workspace appears.

2. Select Delete Model.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the model.

3. Select Delete.

The model is deleted.

#### **Import Mimics**

HMI graphics are imported as mimics to Operations Hub.

Verify iFIX pictures or CimEdit screens were exported as JSON files.

- In Proficy iFIX, go to **Tools > Publish Picture** to export pictures.
- In Proficy CIMPLICITY, export CimEdit screens.

Process diagrams created in an HMI/SCADA system are imported and used as mimics in Operations Hub.

- 1. Go to ADMIN > Visualizations > Mimic Management.
- 2. Select Import.
- 3. In the **Import Mimics** screen, browse and select the JSON zip file you want to import to Operations Hub, then select **Import**.

The zip files contain exported iFIX pictures or CimEdit screens.

4. Repeat the steps to import more files.

All the imported files are listed on the Mimic Management screen.

#### Assign Mimics to Assets

Assign a mimic to object types and objects.

Import Mimics (on page 280).

When you assign a mimic to an object type, the mimic is assigned to all the objects that belong to the object type.

- 1. Go to ADMIN > Visualizations > Designer.
- 2. Select an item under the **Object Types** tab and perform these tasks:

<b>Details</b> tab	<ul> <li>a. Select a <b>Mimic</b> from the drop-down list to associate with this object type.</li> <li>b. Select <b>Save</b>.</li> </ul>
Mimic Card tab	<ul> <li>Mimic fields represent animation sources within a mimic. For example, @Flow@ and @OpenClose@ are mimic fields for displaying data for the Suction Value object type.</li> <li>Choose any of these: <ul> <li>On the Mimic Binding tab, for each Mimic Field, select a Data Variable from the drop-down list.</li> <li>Select Autobind tab to allow automatic binding of data by matching the data variables to the mimic fields.</li> <li>For example, the TPump object type with Flow variable is auto binded to a picture representing a pump with the @Flow@ animation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

3. Repeat the steps to assign a mimic to another object type.

The selected mimic is assigned to the object type and their objects. You can choose to override and assign a different mimic *(on page 282)* for a particular object.

### Override an Assigned Mimic

Assigning a new mimic to an object overrides the mimic assigned at the object type level.

A mimic is already assigned at the object type level, which applies to all the objects belonging to that type.

At runtime, the newly assigned mimic appears for the object instead of the mimic assigned for the object type.

- 1. Go to ADMIN > Visualizations > Designer.
- 2. Under **Objects**, select the object for which you want to modify the assigned mimic.
- 3. On the Details tab, for the Mimic field, select a different mimic from the drop-down list.
- 4. Select Save.

A new mimic is assigned to the object. The original mimic appears in the list with 'default' before its name, such as *Default - FWPS*, *Pump*.

### Set Up Mimic Target Zones

Target zones represent areas on a mimic that were set as selectable in the HMI/SCADA system. You set the navigation of these target zones for an operator.

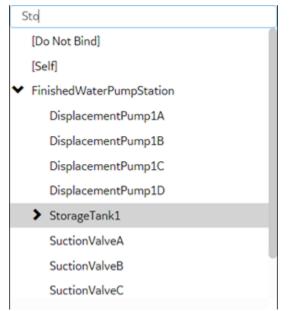
You define a target zone to navigate to any asset in the model and view historical data.



These steps are also applicable for mimics bound at the asset level.

- In iFIX, set regions on a picture as Is Selectable to appear as clickable targets on the Mimic Card.
- In CIMPLICITY, only groups with the mouse-up or mouse-down event show as selectable targets on the Mimic Card. When defining a mouse-up or mouse-down event for a group, you must specify the script action, and then create an empty script.
- Assign the mimic to an asset type.
- 1. Go to **ADMIN > Visualizations > Designer**.
- 2. Under Object Types, select an object type.
- 3. For the selected item, go to Mimic Card > Click Target Binding.
- 4. To enable an operator to navigate to a particular asset object in the model, do the following:

a. In the **Referenced Object** column and next to the target name, select or search for the asset object in the model hierarchy tree. You can do a partial search, such as sto, and Operations Hub highlights all assets containing Sto, as shown in this example.



#### b. Select the related Action field and then Navigate.

In Runtime, the background of a target zone changes to blue when an operator hovers over it. After an operator selects a target on the mimic card, the target asset becomes the active one, changing the mimic and content in the trend and alarm cards accordingly.

5. Select Save.

# **Data Sources**

#### About Data Sources

To create applications in Operations Hub, you can fetch data from the following sources:

- Data stored in Operations Hub: This data is created and stored in entities, which are database tables. To create data, you can:
  - Manually enter the data in an entity.
  - Import data using a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.
  - Insert data into entities using insert queries, which you can create using Operations Hub.
  - Send data from an MQTT client to an M2M entity. In addition, you can also use pivot tables to send data dynamically.
  - Create an API that will work with the Operations Hub APIs to send data to an entity.

- Data stored externally: This data is stored in an external database, such as a Historian server. You can use this data in an Operations Hub application. To do so:
  - 1. Create a data source to provide the details of the external database whose data you want to use.
  - 2. Create a REST or SQL query to specify the expected inputs and outputs of a REST endpoint (as defined in the REST API).
  - 3. Run the query to fetch the data from the external database.

# Note:

The data will still be stored only in the external database; it will not be stored in Operations Hub.

# Access a Data Source

- From the main navigation menu, select **DATASOURCES**.
   The **DATASOURCES** workspace appears, displaying a list of data sources.
- 2. Select the data source that you want to access. The data source appears.

### Create a Data Source

1. From the main navigation menu, select DATASOURCES.

The **DATASOURCES** workspace appears, displaying a list of data sources.

2. Select Add New Data Source, and then enter values as specified in the following table.

Field	Description
Name	Enter a unique name for the data source.
Product	Select one these products for the data source: • Proficy CIMPLICITY • Proficy Historian • Proficy iFIX • OPC UA • Relational Database • REST API • Proficy Workflow • Proficy Batch

Field	Description	
Description	Enter a brief description of the new data	
	source.	

- 3. For relational database, refer to Add Relational Database Data Source (on page 285).
- 4. For Historian and REST API, refer to Add Historian or Custom REST Data Source (on page 287).
- 5. For CIMPLICITY, iFIX, and OPC UA, refer to Add a Data Source with OPC UA Configuration (on page 292).
- 6. For Batch, refer to Add a Batch Data Source (on page 299).
- 7. Save the data source.

Option	Description
Save	Select to save the data source details and re- main on the screen.
Save As New	Select to copy the details and save as a new da- ta source.
Save And Exit	Select to save the data source details and exit the screen.

### Add Relational Database Data Source

Creates a relational database data source.

Provide a name, product, and description for your data source (on page 284).

1. Select the check box for Enable Relational Database Connection and enter these details:

Field	Description
Database Type	Currently, Microsoft SQL Server is the only supported database type.
Host	Enter the IP address or host name of database server. <i>For example: 10.181.213.211 or databaseserver01.</i>
	<b>Note:</b> If using a SQL named instance, enter the host name in the format server- Name \InstanceName. For example: databaseserver01\SQLEXPRESS.

Field	Description				
Port	Enter the port number to connect to the SQL Server.				
	Note: If using a SQL named instance, enter the exact port of the SQL named in- stance.				
Database	Enter the database name to connect.				
Certificate Required	Select the check box if connecting to the data source requires SSL certificates.				
	Select Choose Certificate to browse to your system and add certificates.				

2. Provide SQL server authentication details:

Field	Description
User Name	Enter the user name for the database you want to access.
Pass- word	Enter the password of the user configured in the database.
Test	Select to check whether the database connection is established using the server and authentication details.
	A message confirms on a successful connection to the database.
	If test fails, the message provides more details on the failure.

#### A successful SQL Database

🫞 Design	ner	0		- OpshubAdmin	•	i
S APPS	< RelationalDB-SQL					
	Database type: Microsoft SQL Server *					
QUERIES     DATASOURCES	Host: webhmitaco					
♥ PLUGINS	Port: 1433 Database: AFDatabase					
📁 EVENTS	Database: AEDatabase Certificate Required					
MAILS	SQL Authentication Settings					
📽 parameters	User Name: 5a					
🔅 ADMIN	Password: @					
Collapse	Crest Successfully connected to the Database					
nection.	Cancel	Save S	Save As N	lew Save A	nd Exit	

3. Select Save.

### Add Historian or Custom REST Data Source

Creates a Historian or Custom REST data source.

Provide a name, product, and description for your data source (on page 284).

1. Select the check box for **Enable System Connection** and provide these details to authenticate the Historian system API:

Field	Description
Hostname	Enter the hostname of the Historian data source.
Authentication	Select the check box if connecting to the data source requires authentication.
Required	Enter the <b>Username</b> and
	Password of the user who can access the APIs.
Test	Select to verify the authentication details. A message appears, confirming whether connection to the system API is established.

2. Select the check box for Enable REST Connection and provide these details:

Note:

#### Field

#### Description

Base Enter the URL of the data source in the following format: https://<host name or IP address</li>URL of the data source>:<port number>

The port number should not be used if your data source is Historian 8.x.

REST Select the check box if authentication to a REST API is required. If selected, OperationsAu- Hub sends authorization details along with a request while connecting to a data source.

then-

tica-

tion

Re-

quired

Auth Appears when the **REST Authentication Required** check box is selected.

**Type** Select one of the following types of authentication:

- Basic Auth: Sends a verified user name and password along with the request.
- Bearer Token: Sends an access key along with the request.
- **OAuth**: Retrieves an access key to access an API, and then uses the key to authenticate future requests.

#### Important:

For connecting to a Custom REST data source such as eAndon, select **OAuth** for authentication.

Depending on the authentication type you select, a few boxes appear.

Auth Appears when the Bearer Token authentication type is selected.

To- Enter the access key required to authenticate the APIs. The access key is included in the request header.

Auth Appears when the OAuth authentication type is selected.

**Grant** Select one of the following types of granting the authentication:

- Type client\_credentials
  - password

<ul> <li>URL the authorization code for an access token.</li> <li>Auth Appears when the OAuth authentication type is selected.</li> <li>Client I dentifier issued to the client during the application registration process.</li> <li>Auth Appears when the OAuth authentication type is selected.</li> <li>Auth Appears when the OAuth authentication type is selected.</li> <li>The client secret issued to the client during the application registration process.</li> <li>Se-</li> <li>ret</li> <li>Select the check box if verifying SSL certification can be ignored. Normally, this check box</li> </ul>	Field	Description
Client The client identifier issued to the client during the application registration process. Id Auth Appears when the OAuth authentication type is selected. Client Se- cret Ig- Select the check box if verifying SSL certification can be ignored. Normally, this check box is cleared when using the data source in a production environment, which implies that SSL TLS/ certification will be verified while connecting to the data source. If, however, you want to troubleshoot issues with connecting to a data source, you may select this check box to isolate certification issues. Cer- Select the check box if connecting to the data source requires SSL certificates. Select Choose Certificate to browse to your system and add certificates. cate Re- quired Auth If you want to provide a certificate for authentication, select Choose Certificate and navi- cer- gate to the certificate. Alternatively, you can select the Use Datasource Certificate check tifi- box if you want to use the same certificate that is used by the data source.		Enter the URL for the endpoint of the authentication server. This value is used to exchange the authorization code for an access token.
Client       The client secret issued to the client during the application registration process.         Se- cret       Select the check box if verifying SSL certification can be ignored. Normally, this check box nore is cleared when using the data source in a production environment, which implies that SSL TLS/ certification will be verified while connecting to the data source. If, however, you want to SSL troubleshoot issues with connecting to a data source, you may select this check box to isolate certification issues.         Cer-       Select the check box if connecting to the data source requires SSL certificates.         tfi-       Select Choose Certificate to browse to your system and add certificates.         cate       Re-         quired       Auth         If you want to provide a certificate for authentication, select Choose Certificate and navi- gate to the certificate. Alternatively, you can select the Use Datasource Certificate check tifi- box if you want to use the same certificate that is used by the data source.	Client	
<ul> <li>nore is cleared when using the data source in a production environment, which implies that SSL certification will be verified while connecting to the data source. If, however, you want to troubleshoot issues with connecting to a data source, you may select this check box to isolate certification issues.</li> <li>Cer- Select the check box if connecting to the data source requires SSL certificates.</li> <li>Select Choose Certificate to browse to your system and add certificates.</li> <li>cate Re- quired</li> <li>Auth If you want to provide a certificate for authentication, select Choose Certificate and navi- gate to the certificate. Alternatively, you can select the Use Datasource Certificate check tifi- box if you want to use the same certificate that is used by the data source.</li> </ul>	Client Se-	
<ul> <li>tifi- select Choose Certificate to browse to your system and add certificates.</li> <li>cate</li> <li>Re- quired</li> <li>Auth If you want to provide a certificate for authentication, select Choose Certificate and navi- gate to the certificate. Alternatively, you can select the Use Datasource Certificate check box if you want to use the same certificate that is used by the data source.</li> <li>cate</li> </ul>	nore TLS/	troubleshoot issues with connecting to a data source, you may select this check box to
<ul> <li>Cer- gate to the certificate. Alternatively, you can select the Use Datasource Certificate check</li> <li>tifi- box if you want to use the same certificate that is used by the data source.</li> <li>cate</li> </ul>	tifi- cate Re-	Select <b>Choose Certificate</b> to browse to your system and add certificates.
You can use certificates only in the base-64-encoded format. A DER-encoded cer-	Cer- tifi-	gate to the certificate. Alternatively, you can select the <b>Use Datasource Certificate</b> check box if you want to use the same certificate that is used by the data source.           Note:

You can use certificates only in the base-64-encoded format. A DER-encoded certificate is not supported.

**Test** Select to test the connection. A message appears, confirming whether token from the OAuth data source is retrieved. The connection is tested using the authentication details of the REST APIs, including the authentication URL; the data source base URL is not used.

### Note:

You can create multiple data sources with the same URL. After you restart the services, the Data Distributor service uses the most recently saved System API au-

#### Field

#### Description

thentication settings for the URL. Therefore, if the most recently saved credentials do not work, you cannot connect to the data source. To fix this issue, modify the data source to specify working credentials, and then test the data source. We recommend that you do not save the data sources that do not pass the test or data sources with the same URL.

#### 3. Select Save.

Look at the following examples for configuring a data source for Historian 7.x and Historian 8.x.

Historian 7.x requires entry of port used – in this instance, port 8443 – whereas Historian 8.x does not require any port to be specified.

The Auth Client ID is admin for Historian 7.x, whereas Historian 8.x requires the Auth Client ID to be of the form MachineName.admin, where MachineName is case sensitive.

#### Example of Historian 7.2 Data Source:

Name:	Hist7.0	
Product:	Proficy Historian 💌	
Description:		
Enable System	n Connection - This connection is used for trending.	
Hostname:	Ex: HISTORIANSERVER01	
	✓ Authentication Required	
Username :	admin	
Password:	······	
🗘 Test		
Enable REST C	Connection - This connection is used for queries.	
Base URL:	https://hist7server:8443/	
	REST Authentication Required	
	Ignore TLS/SSL	
	Certificate Required	
	Cancel Save	

Example of Historian 8 Data Source:

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<ul> <li>HistorianServer</li> </ul>						
Name:	HistorianServer					
Product:	Proficy Historian 🔹					
Description:						
Enable System	n Connection - This connection is used	for trending				()
Hostname:	webhmitaco					
	<ul> <li>Authentication Required</li> </ul>					
Username :						
Password:						
		0				
🗘 Test						
Enable REST C	onnection - This connection is used for	queries.				(j)
Base URL:	https://webhmitaco		Auth Type:	OAuth *		
	REST Authentication Required		Auth Grant Type:	client_credentials *		
	□ Ignore TLS/SSL			✓ Use Datasource Certificate		
	Certificate Required		Auth Certificate:	Choose Certificate WebHMiTacoRoot.o	cer	
Certificate:	Choose Certificate WebHMiTacoRoot.cer					
Auth URL:	https://webhmitaco/uaa/oauth/token					
Auth Client Id:	WebHMITaco.admin					
Auth Client Secret:		0				
🗘 Test						
				Cancel	Save Save As New	Save And Exit
Note:						
The Au	uth Client ID field is cas	se sens	itive. For e	xample, if the Histori	an server nam	e
<b>is</b> hist	esserver, the user must	use hi	.st8Server	.admin and not HIST85	Gerver.admin C	or

## Hist8Server.admin, otherwise REST authentication will fail.

## Add a Data Source with OPC UA Configuration

Creates a data source with OPC UA configuration.

#### Provide a name, product, and description for your data source (on page 284).

You cannot add multiple data sources to use the same database connection. Make sure that the Endpoint URL and Application URI configuration is unique to every data source.

1. If you selected Proficy iFIX, Proficy CIMPLICITY, or OPC UA as the product, provide these details to Enable OPC UA Connection.

End-Enter the machine name and port number to connect to an OPC UA server. For example:

point opc.tcp://MyServer:51400.

URL In iFIX, you can copy the URL from here:

• Applications > OPC UA Configuration screen.

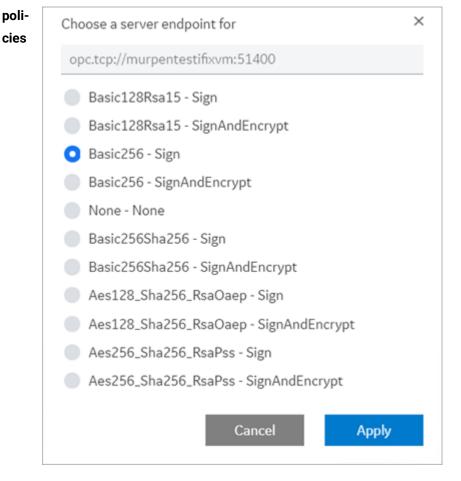
In CIMPLICITY, you can copy the URL from here:

• Project > Properties screen.

Select to discover and display all the security profiles supported by the OPC UA server to Disestablish a secure connection. The display list is based on the entered endpoint URL; the cov-

security modes and policies supported by either iFIX, CIMPLICITY, or IGS. er

poli-



From the discovered list for the endpoint URL, select the security profile you want to use for this connection, then select Apply.

This field is auto populated after defining a security profile for the OPC UA server.
This field is auto populated after defining a security profile for the OPC UA server.
Note: If security mode is None, the connection is not secured. This is acceptable if you simply want to test a connection. Make sure to change this setting later to ensure that you have adequate security enabled for your connections.
This field is auto populated after defining a security profile for the OPC UA server.
For a secured connection, security certificates must be exchanged between Operations Hub and the OPC UA server. Select to view the OPC UA server certificate, and if <code>Untrusted</code> , select <b>Trust</b> .

Certificate Chain	Description
Name	Trust Status
FIX@MURPENTESTIFIXV	/M Untrusted
Certificate Details	
SUBJECT	
Common Name :	FIX@MURPENTESTIFIXVM
Country:	
DomainComponent :	murpentestifixvm
Locality :	
Organization :	MyCompany
Organization Unit :	iFIX
ISSUER	
Common Name :	FIX@MURPENTESTIFIXVM
Country:	
DomainComponent :	murpentestifixvm
Locality :	
Organization :	MyCompany
Organization Unit :	iFIX
VALIDITY	
Valid From :	2020-11-03T11:44:41.000Z

Field

The server certificate gets added to the C:\ProgramData\GE\Operations Hub\pki\trusted\certs folder in your machine running Operations Hub.

The certificate status now appears as Trusted.



Select **Cancel** to close the trusted server certificate screen.

!	Important:
	Operations Hub client certificate must also be trusted on the OPC UA server (iFIX,
	CIMPLICITY, IGS) to establish a secured connection.
	<ul> <li>To trust the certificate on the CIMPLICITY server,</li> </ul>
	a. Start the CIMPLICITY project.
	b. Attempt to connect via the Data source dialog box.
	c. Trust the certificate on the Data source dialog box.
	d. Go to the CIMPLICITY project's $\pki\rejected\certs$ folder, and copy
	the rejected certificate to the \pki\trusted\certs folder.
	e. Test the connection again; it should now work.
	<ul> <li>To trust the certificate on the iFIX server,</li> </ul>
	a. Access the iFIX OPC UA Server Configuration Tool dialog box.
	b. On the <b>Trust List</b> tab, select the failed entry and trust it.

Field			ſ	Descrip	tion				
	•	ifix op	UA Server C	onfigura	tion Tool				
		Server Log	ing Security	Alarms	Certificate	Trust List			
		Filter 🔘	All O Tru	sted (	Issuers	O Rejected			
		Sub	ect Name				CA	Has CRL	Valid 1
		🗸 00=	VebHMI, O=P	roficy, DC	=MUR20OPS	SHUBVM			2025-0
		🗸 0U=	NebHMI, O=P	roficy, DC	-MUROPSH	UB20VM			2025-0
		X 0U=	NebHMI, O=P	roficy, DC	-MUROPSH	UB20VM			2025-1
		View	Add		Trust	Delete			4
	The failed entry appears when you attempt to test the connection in Operations Hub client.						tion in		
	Another option	n is to dire	ctly copy	the Op	erations	Hub certif	icate f	rom the cl	ient lo-
	cation (C:\Pro	gramData	GE\Operat	ions H	ub\pki\o	wn\certs)	to ser	ver locatio	<b>n (</b> \pki
	\trusted\cert								
	Ensure that yo	u modify	the certifi	cate fil	e name if	f you plan	to cop	y more tha	an one

Operations Hub certificate to the CIMPLICITY trusted folder, to avoid replacing the already trusted clients.

2. Select the authentication type for read and write access to the database.

It is recommended that you select Username/Password to provide the highest level of encryption. Anonymous does not provide any protection for accessing data or login.

#### Field

#### Description

Read To authenticate read access:

- Select User Name/Password and enter the credentials in the text field.
- Enter the user name to connect to the OPC UA server (iFIX, CIMPLICITY, IGS).
- Enter the password for the user name to connect to the OPC UA server.

Write To authenticate write access:

#### Field

#### Description

• Select Logged On User Token if you want to use token-based authentication.



To validate tokens, make sure to configure the OPC UA server with Proficy Authentication (UAA).

- Select User Name/Password (provided by user) if you want to enter credentials to authenticate.
- Select the check box for **Use Read Credentials for Write** to use the same user name and password that you provided for read access.

TestSelect to test the OPC UA connection. If the details provided to establish the connectionConnec-are correct, a message appears confirming the successful connection.

tion To troubleshoot connection related issues, refer to Error Messages (on page 621).

3. Select Save.

Name:	iFix_6.1	Description:
Product:	Proficy iFIX *	
Enable OPC UA	Connection	
Endpoint URL:	opc.tcp://murpentestifixvm:51400	
Application URI:	urn:MURPENTESTIFIXVM:MyCompany:iFix:FIX	
Security Mode:	Sign	×
Security Policy:	Basic256	✓ Discover Policies
	View Certificate	
Authenticati	on	
Read		Write
🔵 Anonymous 💿	User Name/Password	✓ Use Read Credentials for Write
User Name	e: ophubadmin	Logged On User Token User Name/Password (provided by user)
Password	: (3)	
Test Connection		
		Cancel Save As New Save And Exit

## Add a Batch Data Source

Provide a name, product, and description for your data source (on page 284).

- 1. Select the check box for **Enable Batch Connection**.
- Enter the Endpoint URL of the Batch server you want to access.
   Only REST URLs are allowed. For example, <a href="https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRESTAPI">https://perfbatch2vm:4867/BatchRESTAPI</a>. The host name is the machine where you installed the Proficy Batch application.
- 3. Select Save And Exit.

### Rename a Data source

Data source aliasing is necessary for renaming a data source.

- After upgrading from Operations Hub 2.0, resave all the queries and their respective pages. This practice directs them to use the data source aliasing instead of the machine name. This also ensures that the queries and pages created in 2.0 are compatible with renaming data sources in the current version.
- If importing an application (on page 151) that was exported from version 2.0, resave all the queries and pages after importing to the upgraded version of Operations Hub.
- 1. From the main navigation menu, select **DATASOURCES**. The **DATASOURCES** workspace appears, displaying a list of data sources.
- Select the data source that you want to rename.
   The data source appears.
- Enter the new name for the data source in the Name text box.
   The new name must be a unique name.
- 4. Select Save.

The data source is successfully renamed.

In case you want to export an application *(on page 149)* after renaming a data source, save all the associated queries and pages before application export. The application and the queries have references to the renamed data source.

## Delete a Data Source

- 1. From the main navigation menu, select **DATASOURCES**. The **DATASOURCES** workspace appears.
- 2. Select <sup>‡</sup>, and then select **Delete**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the data source.

3. Select Delete.

The data source is deleted.

### **Browse Data Sources**

Allows to browse a data source and select the properties or tags.

Option	Description
Assets / Objects	This is the asset model configured in the sys- tem. You can browse through the asset hierar- chy, and add properties to the trend chart from any hierarchy level. You can add or remove data variables of the asset from the trend chart.
Historian	The Historian servers configured in the system. You can browse through the servers for tags that you want to add to the widgets.
Proficy iFIX	The iFIX servers configured in the system. You can browse through the servers for tags that you want to add to the widgets.
Proficy Cimplicity	The Cimplicity servers configured in the system. You can browse through the servers for tags that you want to add to the widgets.
OPC UA	The OPC UA servers configured in the system. You can browse through the servers for tags that you want to add to the widgets.

1. From the **select** drop-down, select a server alias and its data source to browse through the server properties and tag IDs.

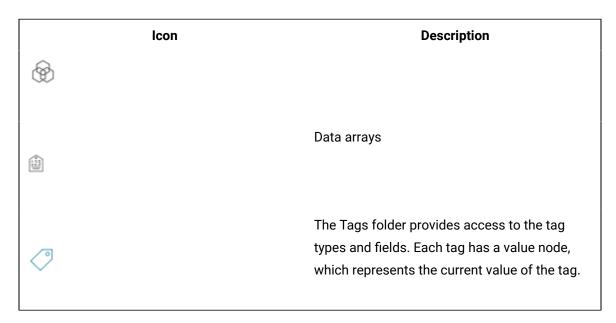
A list of server nodes appear in a tree structure. For the Historian data source, a list of native tags from the data source appear.

2. Expand the tree structure and select the check box for only value volume to pull de source.

to pull data from the data

The tree structure is made up of nodes, each with a unique NodelD.

lcon	Description
	Objects are assets from a data source.
	The Alarms folder contains alarm area nodes.
	Servers



- 3. For Historian, you can search and select (on page 304) from the list of native tags.
- 4. Save or close the screen.

The selected properties or tags are applied.

## Create a SQL Data Source

1. From the main navigation menu, select **DATASOURCES**.

The **DATASOURCES** workspace appears, displaying a list of data sources.

2. Select Add New Data Source, and then enter values as specified in the following table.

Item	Description
Name	Enter the unique name of the data source.
Description	Enter the description of the data source.
Datasource Type	Select Relational Database.
Database Type	Observe that this field defaults to Microsoft SQL Server, currently the only supported data- base type.
Host	Enter the IP address or host name of database server. <i>For example: 10.181.213.211 or data-baseserver01.</i>

Item	Description
	This field only appears if you select Relational Database as the Datasource Type.
Port	Enter the port you want to use to connect to the SQL Server.
	This field only appears if you select Relational Database as the Datasource Type.
Database	Enter the database name that you want to con- nect to.
	This field only appears if you select Relational Database as the Datasource Type.
Certificates Required	Select the check box if connecting to the data source requires SSL certificates. If you select this check box, the <b>Choose Certificate</b> button appears, allowing you to select the certificate.
User Name	In the SQL Authentication section, provide the user name for the database you want to access.
Password	In the SQL Authentication section, provide the password of the user configured in the data- base.
Test button	After the required fields are filled in, click the <b>Test</b> button.
	On a successful connection check, a message is shown beside the Test button as "Success- fully connected to the Database" indicating that test connection to database can be established using the above details.
	If it fails, it reads: "Failed to connect to the Data- base. More Details." Click the "More Details "link to view detailed reason in a popup.

3. Select the Test button.

The following example shows a successful SQL Database connection.

	B Desigr	ner			3	🖸 🐣 OpshubAdm	in 🗭	i
÷		< RelationalDB-SQL						
▦		Database type:	Microsoft SQL Server					
0		Host:						
i	DATASOURCES		webhmitaco	_				
¥		Database:	AEDatabase	_				
*			Certificate Required					
		SQL Authenticat	on Settings					
¢ŝ		User Name:	Sa					
۵		Password:		0				
4		the Tarakan Supposed	ully connected to the Database					
•		C Test Successf	my connected to the DataDaSe				A 15 3	
					Cancel Save S	Save As New Save	e And Exit	

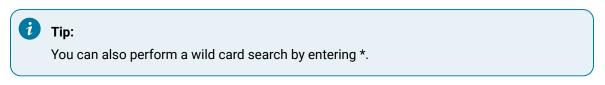
If it fails, a message appears stating: Failed to connect to the Database. Click on **More Details** link to view detailed reason in a popup.

4. Select Save.

## Search for Tags

Allows to search for tags by tag name and description.

1. Enter a keyword in **Search** and select  $\mathbf{Q}$ 



By default, only tags that match the keyword in their name and description are displayed.

2. To streamline your search, use these options:

Field	Description
Tag name	This is the default search filter. Select the
	check box to match the keyword only to tag
	names.

Field	Description
	Additionally, to view the description for tags re-
	turned in keyword search, select on ext to <b>Description</b> .
Description	Select the check box to match the keyword only to tag descriptions.
	Additionally, to view the names of tags returned
	in keyword search, select next to <b>Tag</b> name.
Both	Select the check box to match the keyword with
	tag name or description, and return results.

# Pages

## **About Pages**

Using Operations Hub, using the application editor, you can create pages that appear in an application. You can use pages in multiple ways, such as:

- Display information to users in the application. Information can be displayed in plain text or using multiple components, such as tables, images, graphs, and other components.
- Display a form to allow application users to enter or modify data. Forms can include items such as text, numbers, dates, times, and uploaded images from a mobile device.
- Allow application users to control assets by sending commands via MQTT or REST services.

## Grant Group Access to Page within an Application

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**. The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app 🕹 Import A	pp 💠 📢 4	1 > Duick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	a c •
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

2. In the Name column, select the application to which you want to grant access.

The **PAGES** workspace appears, including a column summarizing the current page permissions. By default, newly created pages display "All users", indicating all users who have access to the application will have access to the page.

- 3. In the **Permissions** column, select the page to which you wish to grant access. The page permission dialog appears.
- 4. In the **Manage Page Permissions** dialog box, if you wish to grant visibility to select groups only, select the "Selected Groups" option.
- 5. In the groups field, select the group or groups you would like to grant access to this page and then select **Submit changes**.

The selected groups can now access the page. Please note these users must already have the ability to access the app.

6. In each row containing an application user to whom you want to grant access, select the check box, and then select **Submit changes**.

The selected users can now access the application.

#### Note:

It is possible to create a circular reference by nesting a parent group into its child. If there are circular references, the child groups will not display in the permissions dialog box.

### Access a Page

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The APPS workspace appears, displaying a list of applications created in the site.

ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATE	D		
+ Add new app	rt App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

2. In the Name column, select the application that contains the page that you want to access.

Apps > Asset Management >	rages	
+ Add new page 🔹 🔒		C <sup>*</sup> Preview A
Name	Description	
1 Dashboard	Homepage	
2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	
3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	
4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	
5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	
Template	A template for new pages	

The PAGES workspace appears, displaying a list of pages created in the

application.

3. In the **Name** column, select the page that you want to access.

The page designer appears, displaying the elements in each container in the page.

Apps > Historian Analysi	s > Single Trend View	en App Include in app navigation Cancel Save App
*	Container Container	CONTAINER PROPERT PAGE DATA
INPUTS V DISPLAY V	FinishedWaterPumpStation > StorageTank1	Settings Visual Responsive
LAYOUTS 👻	Container	Name  Name
TOOLS 🔻	Time Frame - Last 5 minutes LIVE ▶Legend	▼ DISPLAY
INTEGRATION 🔻		Conditions  Add conditions
TAG BROWSER		☐ Hidden <b>④</b> Show on:
Selected Items : Browse		Mobile 🗹 Tablet 🗹 Desktop 🗹

### 7 Tip:

If needed, you can add or remove components from a container in the page, or modify the properties of a container *(on page 564)*, and then select **Save App** to save your changes.

## Create a Page

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears, displaying a list of applications created in the site.

\pp	)S					
ALI	APPS RECENTLY CREATED					
+	• Add new app 🔹 Import A	pp 🔅 📢 4	1 🕨 🎽 Quick Filter			
	Name	Description	Last updated			
	Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ì	ß	¢
	Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	ì	C	¢
	Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ì	C	¢
	Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	ì	ď	¢
	Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	ì	C	¢
	Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	¢
	ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ď	¢
	ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â	ľ	¢
	Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team		ď	¢

2. In the **Name** column, select the application in which you want to create a page.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

	opps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ 4	dd new page 🔹 🔒		C Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	0
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	٥
	Template	A template for new pages	٥

3. Select Add new page.

The Create Page window appears.

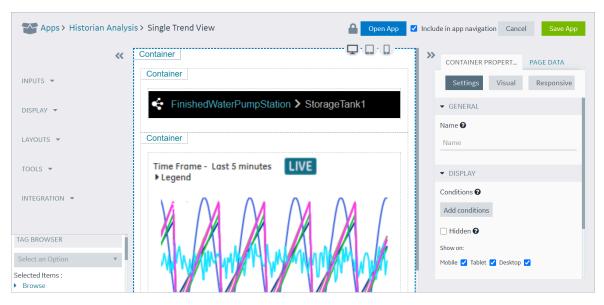
Create Page ×					
Page name:					
Page description:					
Include in app navigation:					
	Create	Cancel			

4. Provide values as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Page name	Enter a name for the page. The name must con- tain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.
Page description	Enter a description for the page.
Include in app navigation	Select this check box if you want this page to be included in the application navigation. By de- fault, this check box is selected.

#### 5. Select Create.

The page is created, and the page designer appears.



The container and the left/right panels on the page designer are flexible to use.

• Drag the left/right sides of the container to resize for a wider view.



• Select and to show or hide left/right panels.

- 6. As needed, add components to the page (on page 564).
- 7. As needed, add queries to the page. Set options for the query, including query submission options.

Several queries require the multi-select parameter to be selected on the App Page, otherwise no output data will be displayed.

The following Historian REST queries require the multi-select input to be enabled on the EndApp page for output data to be displayed:

- Get > Raw Data
- Get > Calculated Data
- Get > Sampled Data
- Post > Calculated Data
- Post > Interpolated Data
- 8. Bind the inputs and outputs of widgets to page data, such as manually entered values, queries, formulas, and globals.
- 9. Select Save App.

The changes made to the page are saved.

#### Note:

At any point in time, if you attempt to navigate away from the page, a confirmation message appears to confirm whether you want to stay on the page, and finish your work.

### Copy a Page

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREAT	ΈD		
+ Add new app 🕹 Imp	ort App 🔅 🍕 🖣	1 🕨 🍽 Quick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	🔒 C' 💠
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C° 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

2. In the  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Name}}$  column, select the application that contains the page that you want to copy.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

54	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ /	Add new page 🔅 🔒		Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	•
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	¢
	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. Select the check box for the page you want to copy and choose one of these options.

Option	Description
Copy a single page	Select 🍄 in the row, then select <b>Duplicate page</b> .
Copy multiple pages	Select 🍄 in the header, then select <b>Duplicate</b> Pages.

A confirmation message appears.

4. Select **OK** to proceed to duplicate the page/s.

Select an Application screen appears.

5. From the drop down, select the application to copy this page.

You can copy page/s from one application to another, and also within the same application.

6. Provide a name for the page.

Option	Description
Copy a single page	Enter a name for the duplicate page. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lower- case letter.
Copy multiple pages	By default, unique names are assigned to each duplicate page.

- 7. Copying page/s from one application to another requests for handling globals.
  - **Duplicate Globals**: Creates page globals with a different name. Recommended when globals have the same name but are of different types.
  - Attempt to reuse Globals: Reuses the page globals. Does not create new globals with the same or duplicate name.
- 8. Select OK.

The pages, along with the UI components, queries, and global variables used in them, are copied.

### Delete a Page

When you delete a page, the global variables used in the page are also deleted.

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREAT	ΈD		
+ Add new app 🔹 Imp	ort App 🔅 📢 📢	1 🕨 🍋 Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

2. In the **Name** column, select the application that contains the page that you want to delete.

The  $\ensuremath{\textbf{PAGES}}$  workspace appears.

	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ /	Add new page 🔅 🔒		Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	•
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	0
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	0
	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the workspace heading, select \*, and then select **Delete Pages**.

A message appears, stating that the global variables used in the page will also be deleted.

### i Tip:

Alternatively, in each row containing a page that you want to delete, select 🍄, and then select **Delete page**.

#### 4. Select OK.

The pages are deleted.

## Navigation

## **About Navigation**

Using navigation, you can configure the navigation menu of an application by performing the following tasks:

- Add a page to the navigation menu of the application.
- Remove a page from the navigation menu of the application.
- Specify the name of the page that should appear in the navigation menu of the application.
- Specify the sequence of the pages that should appear in the navigation menu of the application.
- Select the icon that should appear for each page in the navigation menu of the application. By

default, 🔄 is selected.

When you access the application, a list of pages that you have added appear in the navigation menu of the application, displaying the icon that you have specified for each page. You can expand the navigation

menu of the application by selecting **W**. It will then display the name of each page along with the icon. Using navigation, you can configure the navigation menu of an application by performing the following tasks:

- Add a page to the navigation menu of the application.
- Remove a page from the navigation menu of the application.
- Specify the name of the page that should appear in the navigation menu of the application.
- Specify the sequence of the pages that should appear in the navigation menu of the application.

## Add a Page to the Navigation Menu of an Application

By default, when you create a page, it is included in the navigation menu of the application. This topic describes how to add a page to the navigation menu of an application in case it has been removed from the navigation menu.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears, displaying a list of applications in the site.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED	1		
+ Add new app	tApp 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

2. In the **Name** column, select the application for which you want to add a page to the navigation menu.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

+ /	Add new page 🔅 🔒		C Preview Ap
)	Name	Description	
)	1 Dashboard	Homepage	4
)	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	4
)	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	4
)	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	
)	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	*
1	Template	A template for new pages	

3. In the main navigation menu, select **NAVIGATION**.

The **NAVIGATION** workspace appears, displaying a list of pages that have been added to the navigation menu of the application.

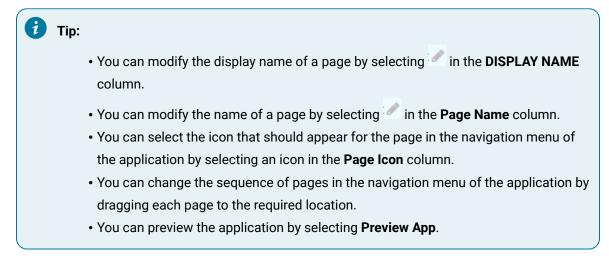
4. Select Add Pages.

The **Add Pages** window appears, displaying a list of pages that have been created in the application, but have not been added to the navigation menu.

Add Pages		×
5 Device Type Groups		
3 Manage Devices		
4 Device Type Metrics		
Template		
2 Supported Devices Types		
🗅 Manage pages	Cancel	Add

5. Select each check box that corresponds to a page that you want to add to the navigation menu of the application, and then select **Add**.

The selected pages are added to the navigation menu of the application.



## Remove a Page from the Application Navigation Menu

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The **APPS** workspace appears, displaying a list of applications in the site.

lpps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATE	D		
+ Add new app 🕹 Impo	rt App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🌣
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈

2. In the **Name** column, select the application in which you want to change the application navigation menu.

#### The **PAGES** workspace appears.

<b>F</b>	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ 4	vdd new page 🔅 🔒		C <sup>*</sup> Preview App
)	Name	Description	
]	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
)	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
)	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	¢
)	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	¢
)	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	¢
)	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the main navigation menu, select NAVIGATION.

The **NAVIGATION** workspace appears, displaying a list of pages that have already been added to the application navigation menu.

Apps > Asset Manage	ement > Navigation		
+ Add Pages			C Preview App
Display Name	Page Name		
Dashboard	1 Dashboard	e* 🔒	

4. In the row containing the page that you want to remove, select  $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \hline m \end{array}$  .

The page is removed from the application navigation menu.



The page is removed only from the application navigation menu; it is not deleted. You can still access it in the application by performing an action such as selecting a button or an image.

# Explorer

## About Explorer

Explorer provides a hierarchical view of the following items:

- Containers and UI elements used in each page in the application, which appear in the Pages hierarchy.
- Variables defined in the application, which appear in the Globals hierarchy.

Using Explorer, you can view the links between variables and UI elements on application pages, which will help you follow the application structure.

The variables defined in an application are classified as follows:

- System
- Output
- UI
- Custom
- URL

When you expand a variable in the hierarchy, one of the following options appears:

- app global: true: Indicates that the variable is visible in every page of the application.
- app global: false: Indicates that the variable is visible only in the page where it is defined.

If a variable contains an initial value, that value also appears in the hierarchy.

# Themes

## About Themes

Themes are used to specify the default background color, font color and type, border color, style, width, and other attributes. These attributes are used in the headings, tables, containers, and other elements in an application. Themes help you create a common look and feel across all the pages in your application.

Operations Hub contains a few baseline themes. You cannot modify or delete them. You can, however, copy them.

## Access a Theme

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREAT	TED		
+ Add new app	port App 🔅 📢 📢	1 I Quick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	a c 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	a c 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	£ ♂ ≎

2. In the Name column, select an application.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

+,	Add new page 🔹 🔒		C <sup>*</sup> Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	o
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	¢
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	¢
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	¢
	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the main navigation menu, select **THEME**.

The **THEME** workspace appears, displaying a list of themes. The theme that is applied to the application is indicated by 2.

4. In the row containing the theme that you want to access, select 🧖.

The workspace for the theme appears, displaying the settings for each attribute.

Apps > Asset Management Themes > BM_MD_BKG_Transfer_153906621					
	Cancel Save theme				
General					
Text Color	<b>*</b>				
Background Color	Use gradient				
Background Image URL	http://www.info.iqpiot.com/Bluemix/image/Green.jpg				
Font Type	Arial, Helvetica, Sans-Serif				
Loader color					
Headers					
Header 1 background	Use gradient				
Header 1 text	~				
Header 2 background	Use gradient				
Header 2 text	· · ·				
Header 3 background	Use gradient				
Header 3 text	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Tip:					
	odify the settings, and then select <b>Save theme</b> to save your changes. You				
	cannot, however, modify a baseline theme.				

## Create a Theme

When you create a theme, it is automatically used in the application that you have selected. You can, however, use a different theme in the application.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app 🕹 Import A	vpp 🗢 📢 📢	1 > > Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	à ♂ ¢
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

2. In the **Name** column, select an application.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

5	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+/	Add new page 🔅		Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	0
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	٥
	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the main navigation menu, select **THEME**.

#### The **THEME** workspace

	App:	s> Asset Management> Themes		
	+ Creat	te new theme		
		Name	Palette	
		BM_MD_BKG_Transfer_1539066212786		۰ 🖋 ک
		BM_MD_GE_Transfer_1539066227763		• / •
		BM_MD_Green 2_Transfer_1539066212786		۰ 🖋
		BM_MD_Green_Transfer_1539066212786		۰ 🖋
		BM_MD_Navy_Transfer_1539066212786		• / ¢
		ES_Theme_Transfer_1539066212786		• / •
		Font testing_Transfer_1539085026126		• / ¢
	•	IQP AM_Theme_Transfer_1539066190326		• / ¢
		IQP AT_Theme_Transfer_1539066190326		۰ 🖋
opears.		IQP Defaults		• / \$

4. Select Create new theme.

The Create new theme window appears.

Create new them	×			
Theme name:				
	Save	Cancel		

5. Enter a name for the theme, and then select **Save**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The workspace for the theme appears, displaying the default settings for each attribute.

6. As needed, modify the settings, and then select **Save theme**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to use the theme for the application.

7. Select Yes.

The theme is created and used in the application.

# Copy a Theme

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app	App 🔅 📢 📢	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔅
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🔹
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 💠
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🛊

2. In the Name column, select an application.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

<u>~</u>	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ /	Add new page 🔹 🔒		Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	0
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	0
	Template	A template for new pages	٥

3. In the main navigation menu, select **THEME**.

The **THEME** workspace appears.

App App	os > Asset Management > Themes		
+ Crea	ate new theme		
	Name	Palette	
	BM_MD_BKG_Transfer_1539066212786		۵ 🖋 🔅
	BM_MD_GE_Transfer_1539066227763		۵ 🖋 🗘
	BM_MD_Green 2_Transfer_1539066212786		۵ 🖋 🗘
	BM_MD_Green_Transfer_1539066212786		@ # \$
	BM_MD_Navy_Transfer_1539066212786		@ # \$
	ES_Theme_Transfer_1539066212786		• / ¢
	Font testing_Transfer_1539085026126		• / ¢
	IQP AM_Theme_Transfer_1539066190326		@ # \$
	IQP AT_Theme_Transfer_1539066190326		۵ 🖋 🗘
	IQP Defaults		• / ¢

4. In the row containing the theme that you want to copy, select 🍄, and then select **Duplicate theme**.

The **Create new theme** window appears, asking you to enter a name for the theme that you want to copy.

Create new them	×			
Theme name:				
	Save	Cancel		

5. Enter a name for the theme, and then select **Save**. The name must contain at least one uppercase or lowercase letter.

The theme is copied.

# Delete a Theme

You cannot delete a baseline theme or a theme that is used in an application.

1. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app	App 🗢 📢 4	1 > P Quick Filter	
Name Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🗘
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🗘
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C 🕈
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	ê C ¢
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C ¢
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	ê ♂¢

2. In the Name column, select an application.

The **PAGES** workspace appears.

	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
<b>+</b> A	Add new page 🔅 🔒		Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	0
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	0
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	0
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	0
_	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the main navigation menu, select **THEME**.

The **THEME** workspace appears.

🏠 Ap	ops > Asset Management > Themes		
+ Cre	eate new theme		
	Name	Palette	
	BM_MD_BKG_Transfer_1539066212786		• / ¢
	BM_MD_GE_Transfer_1539066227763		• / ¢
	BM_MD_Green 2_Transfer_1539066212786		@ 🖋 🗘
	BM_MD_Green_Transfer_1539066212786		• / \$
	BM_MD_Navy_Transfer_1539066212786		@ 🖋 🌣
	ES_Theme_Transfer_1539066212786		۰ ۶۵
	Font testing_Transfer_1539085026126		۰ 🖋 🔅
	IQP AM_Theme_Transfer_1539066190326		@ / \$
	IQP AT_Theme_Transfer_1539066190326		• A 🗘
	IQP Defaults		@ 🖋 🗘

4. In each row containing a theme that you want to delete, select the check box.

5. In the workspace heading, select \*\*, and then select **Delete themes**.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to delete the themes. If, however, a theme is used in an application, a list of applications that use the theme appears, and you cannot delete the theme.

## *i* Tip:

Alternatively, in each row containing a theme that you want to delete, select <sup>4</sup>, and then select **Delete theme**.

#### 6. Select Delete.

The themes are deleted.

# Settings

# **About Settings**

You can configure the following settings for an application:

- Display brief or detailed error information in the error messages
- Display or hide a button for accessing trace information
- Display or hide a busy indicator to indicate that a page is loading data from a query
- Display or hide the title of the application
- Display or hide the user pages, which are used to change the password of the user and access user settings from the application
- Automatically close error pop ups without manual intervention

# **Modify Settings**

1. In the main navigation menu, select APPS.

The **APPS** workspace appears.

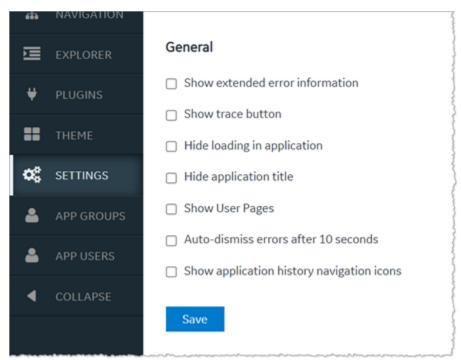
Apps			
ALL APPS RECENTLY CREATED			
+ Add new app 🕹 Impor	tApp 🔅 📢 📢	1 > > Quick Filter	
Name	Description	Last updated	
Asset Management	Manage Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Asset Testing	Test Devices	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step1	Simple Sample App	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step2	Step 1 with History	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step3	Step 2 with Repeater	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step4	Step 3 and gauges	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Building Monitor_Step5	Step 4 with data from Pivot Entity	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🕈
ES Event Map View	Monitor Tags and Events with Map	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
ES_M2MvsPivot	M2M vs Pivot Comparison	3 months ago by Docs Team	â C 🛊
Store Temp App	temp	2 months ago by Docs Team	🔒 C° 💠

2. In the **Name** column, select the application whose settings you want to modify. The **PAGES** workspace appears.

<b>F</b> 4	Apps > Asset Management > Pages		
+ /	Add new page 🔅 🔒		C Preview App
	Name	Description	
	1 Dashboard	Homepage	0
	2 Supported Devices Types	Manage device types	٥
	3 Manage Devices	Manage devices	٥
	4 Device Type Metrics	Manage metrics	\$
	5 Device Type Groups	Manage groups	¢
	Template	A template for new pages	0

3. In the main navigation menu, select **SETTINGS**.

The **SETTINGS** workspace appears.



4. As needed, modify values as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Show extended error information	Select this check box if you want detailed error
	information to appear in error messages. You

Field	Description
	can use this information to troubleshoot issues in the application.
Show trace button	Select this check box if you want to display a button that allows you to access information or the data retrieved from queries, functions, and global variables that are used in the application It also includes data that is inserted or updated using queries. When you select this check box (and save your changes), a <b>Trace</b> appears in the application. You can select this button to view the trace information.
Hide loading in application	Select this check box if you do not want to dis- play a busy indicator to indicate that a page is loading data from a query.
Hide application title	Select this check box if you do not want the title of the application to appear when you access the application.
Show User Pages	Select this check box if you want to display user pages in the application navigation menu. These pages are used to change the password of the user and access user settings using the application. If you select this check box, the op- tion to access the user pages appears in the ap plication title. If, however, the <b>Hide application</b> <b>title</b> check box is selected, the option is moved to the navigation menu of the application.
Auto-dismiss errors after 10 seconds	Select this check box to automatically dismiss error messages after 10 seconds if they pop up in the end application. Recommended for hands-free environments.
how navigation icons for application history	Select this check box to show Θ Θ navigation icons on the banner of your application. The

Field	Description
	back/forward navigation icons work within the
	scope of an individual application.
	Use the navigation icons to Go to previous
	page or Go to next page. The icons are activat-
	ed based on the entries for the current applica-
	tion session history.

#### 5. Select Save.

The settings are modified.

# Widgets

# **About Widgets**

When you design a page for an application, you can add widgets to the page to display the required information. This article provides information on using the following widgets available in Operations Hub.

## **Native Widgets**

- Inputs:
  - Check Box (on page 336)
  - Radio Button (on page 337)
  - Dropdown (on page 339)
  - Input (on page 341)
  - Slider (on page 344)
  - Toggle (on page 345)
  - Button (on page 346)
  - Camera (on page 348)
  - Text Area (on page 348)
- Display:
  - Text (on page 349)
  - Header (on page 350)
  - Image (on page 351)
  - Graph (on page 351)
  - Visualization (on page 355)
  - Big Data (on page 359)
  - Grid (on page 363)

- Map (on page 366)
- Table (on page 371)
- List (on page 373)
- Gauge (on page 373)
- Html (on page 378)
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- Layouts:
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#### **Integration Widgets**

- CIMPLICITY HMI Webspace (on page 417)
- Date Picker (on page 439)
- Breadcrumb (on page 441)
- Trend Card (on page 445)
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- Indicator (on page 465)
- Alarm Card (on page 470)
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- Mimic Card (on page 482)
- Solid Gauge (on page 499)
- Timeline (on page 503)
- Sparkline (on page 509)
- Pareto Chart (on page 511)
- Spider Chart (on page 513)
- Variwide Chart (on page 516)
- Bullet Graph (on page 518)
- Value Display (on page 523)
- iFrame (on page 529)
- DataGrid (on page 531)
- Dropdown (on page 539)

- Pivot Grid (on page 542)
- DateTime Range Picker (on page 547)
- Batch (on page 549)

## **Custom Widgets**

Custom widgets can be added to Operations Hub through use of the Plug-in infrastructure. To learn more about plug-ins, refer to the About Plug-Ins *(on page 216)* section.

# **Native Widgets**

## Inputs

# **Check Box**

A check box widget is used to allow application users to choose between two mutually exclusive options. For example, you can use a check box to allow the application user to specify whether the user has read the license agreement. You can also use a check box to display or hide other widgets on the page.

## **Check Box Settings**

When you use a check box widget, in addition to providing values for the default fields for a widget, you must define the following settings:

Type of the Setting	Description
Target Data	If this check box only represents input to a single query, you can select the target input from the list of inputs to the queries that have been added in the <b>Page Data</b> section.
Source	Identifies the source of the check box value. You can specify one of the following types of sources:
	• <b>Data</b> : Select the source of data from the list of outputs from the queries that have been added in the <b>Page Data</b> section.

• Manual: Select this option if you want to set true and false as the check box options.

## Using a Check Box to Display or Hide a Camera Button

To use a check box widget to display or hide a **Camera** button, perform the following steps:

×

- 1. Add the check box and camera widgets to the page.
- 2. In the CHECKBOX PROPERTIES section, enter values in the Label and Id boxes, and then select the Global Data check box.
- 3. In the CAMERA PROPERTIES section, select Add conditions.
- 4. In the **Camera Conditions** window, select **Add condition**, and then enter or select values as shown in the following image.

# **Camera Conditions**

Home - CB	▼ =	▼ Manual ▼ True ▼ 💼	
+ Add condition			Done
Noto:			
_	Note: In this case, CB was the ID specified for the check box widget.		

5. Select **Done**, and then save the application.

In the application, the **Camera** button appears only if you select the check box.

# **Radio Button**

A radio button is a graphical user interface element that allows a user to select one option out of a set of predefined options. Unlike check boxes, which allow multiple selections, radio buttons require that only one option is selected.

Property	Description
Target Data	The target data defines where the information will
	be sent.
Options	Radio buttons require multiple options that are mu-
	tually exclusive. Use these available options to cre-
	ate items for each radio button:

#### **Table 5. Radio Button Properties**

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Select Hard Coded to manually create items</li> </ul>
	for radio buttons.
	1. Select + Add Option.
	2. Enter Option text.
	3. Enter <b>Option value</b> .
	<ul> <li>Select Dynamic to create items using</li> </ul>
	queries.
	1. Select a <b>Value</b> from the database.
	2. Select the <b>Display</b> text.
Data	Select this option if you want to provide data by
	means of a query output or a global parameter.
Manual	Select this option if you want to manually provide
	data.
Submit on change	Select the check box if you want to submit the
	query whenever the input value is updated.

#### Table 5. Radio Button Properties (continued)

## **Possible Uses**

Radio buttons require only one selection out of multiple options. If there are only two options, a radio button is unlikely to be the best widget choice. One example could be selecting an answer on a questionnaire where the choices are: Agree, Neutral, and Disagree. Only one of these answers can be selected, because they are mutually exclusive.

#### Example

- 1. Add a radio button and a header on a page.
- 2. Specify the name in the **Id** box.
- 3. Select the **Global Data** check box to set the selected value to global.
- 4. In the **Options** box, select **Hard Coded**.
- 5. Select **+ Add Option** three times, and enter Agree, Neutral, and Disagree, and the corresponding values of 1, 2, 3.
- 6. For the header, in the **Data** box, select the global value of **RB** that was set in step 3.
- 7. Save the application, and preview it.

The corresponding values appear in the header.

# Dropdown

Allows to use standard features of a dropdown.

A dropdown is a graphical user interface element that allows a user to select one option out of a set of predefined options. Dropdowns are characterized by a wider set of options than that of a radio button. Radio buttons rarely have more than three options, while dropdowns can contain many more options. For advanced features, use the multi-feature Dropdown *(on page 539)*.

Property	Description	
Required	Select the check box to send the input to the query.	
Target Data	The target data defines where the information will be sent.	
Options	Dropdowns require multiple options that are mutu- ally exclusive. Use these available options to popu- late dropdown list items:	
	<ul> <li>Select Hard Coded to manually enter and fill items for the dropdown.</li> <li>1. Select + Add Option.</li> <li>2. Enter Option text.</li> <li>3. Enter Option value.</li> <li>Select Dynamic to populate dropdown list items using queries.</li> <li>1. Select a Value from the database.</li> <li>2. Select the Display text.</li> </ul>	
Data	Select this option if you want to provide data by means of a query output or a global parameter.	
Manual	Select this option if you want to manually provide data.	
Submit on change	Select the check box if you want to submit the query whenever the input value is updated.	
First Option	By default, the first option in a dropdown is blank. It is recommended to manually enter option text	

## Table 6. Dropdown Properties

#### Table 6. Dropdown Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	such as ${\tt please}$ ${\tt select}$ , instead of a dropdown that
	appears empty. Enter its option value to be $none$ .

#### **Possible Uses**

Dropdowns are similar in nature to radio buttons in that they require a mutually exclusive selection. However, while radio buttons are generally used for options between only a few choices, dropdowns can include hundreds of choices. One example of a drop-down list box could be selecting a country of residence. Every country in the world will take up too much space if displayed as radio buttons, while in a drop-down list box, the information can be more elegantly contained. The information selected could be converted to other information depending on the target data. For example, the country could be changed to a telephone prefix by setting the value to be telephone prefix and the display as the country name.

*Example*: An entity named Wiki has been already defined to store the prefecture names in Japan. The direct option value entering of 47 prefecture names is not productive. This entity value usage is productive. The necessary steps are just to specify this entity in the property after allocating dropdown on a page. In this sample, an entity field called PREF is specified both for Display and Value, where the prefecture names are stored.

- 1. Drag-and-drop the dropdown widget to a container.
- 2. Select the dropdown widget in the container to access the **DROPDOWN PROPERTIES** tab
- 3. Under the **GENERAL** section, provide the details as specified in the table:

Field	Description
Label	Enter Select an option.

4. Under the **DATA** section, provide the details as specified in the table:

Field	Description
Target Data	Select a query.
Options	Select Dynamic.
Value	Select pref.
Display	Select pref.
Submit on change	Select the check box.

In the practical application, a query can be executed based on the option selection in dropdown and the facility or company status in the prefecture can be displayed on a map as markers.

#### Input

The input widget is a graphical user interface element that contains a text box.

The input widget differs from a standard text box in that its purpose is to allow the end user to insert information into a database.

#### **Properties**

- **Type**: There are several options for the type of data that can be added via an input widget. Depending on the data type set, the system will automatically validate and confirm specific data sets. For example, while a Text type can be anything written in the input, an email address may have specific requirements such as the use of an at sign character (@). If the data type is set for email, the user must include an at sign character (@). If not, an error message appears. The following options are available:
  - ∘ Text
  - Password
  - Number
  - Hidden
  - Date
  - Time
  - DateTime
  - URL
  - ∘ E-mail

#### Note:

This DateTime output is not compatible with Historian queries. Use Date Picker (on page 439) instead.

- **Target Data**: Check boxes can alter information in an entity via a query. Target Data indicates where this information will change and how depending on which query inputs are attached.
- **Source**: The data source can be selected based on which queries have been added in the Page Data section. It is also possible to manually insert the data source or to use a formula.
- Required: Specify if an input must be sent to the query.
- Disabled: If selected, the data input is not allowed.

The input has a wide variety of uses. One basic example is that of a login or registration form. Such a form requires specific information to be stored in a database including data such as an email address, name, birthday, password, and other information. The input allows an end user to enter information in various forms in to a database.

In this example, we will create a simple input form using an entity and a query.

- 1. Add two input widgets to a page for address and name.
- 2. Add a button to indicate to add the information entered by the input widgets.
- 3. Create an entity named Wiki Form, and add the following entity fields: ADDR and NAME (data type: string).
- 4. Create an Insert query named Wiki Form Add to insert data into the entity, as shown in the following image.

Queries > Wiki Form Add	t			
Query Name: Description:	Wiki Form Add			
Query Type:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> </ul>			
Source:		Wiki Form	T	
Set Data				
Wiki Form -> ADDR	▼ Value: Input	field 🔹 Input Data Nam	e: ADDR	Û
Wiki Form -> NAME	▼ Value: Input	field   Input Data Name	e: NAME	۵

5. Add the query to the application in the **Data Page** section, as shown in the following image.

Containe	r Properties	Page Data	
Query	Wiki For	m Add 🔹	Add
<ul> <li>Wiki For</li> </ul>	m Add		0
Auto up	date bmit on input	as data is ava change	iilable)
Row Limit	50		
Inputs			
	(String)		
	(String)		

- 6. Drag and drop the query input fields to the connect them to the input widgets.
- 7. In the Button Properties section for the button widget, specify the action to execute the insert query, as shown in the following image.

Button Proper	ties Page	Data
Settings	Visual	Responsive
General		
Text 😧	Submit	
d		
Conditions 😧	Add conditio	ons
Hidden 😧		
Behavior		
Actions	Submit Wiki Form A	.dd v

8. Save the application, and preview it.

In the application, when you enter values and submit, the information is stored in the entity.

## Slider

A slider is a graphical user interface element that is used to indicate an amount or value by means of an indication hash marker that can move on a horizontal plane that has a value indication.

## **Slider Settings**

- **Source**: The data source can be based on which queries have been added in the **Page Data** section. It is also possible to manually insert the data source or to use a formula.
- **Required**: Specify if an input must be sent to the query.
- **Submit on Charge**: If selected, changing the value of the input submits the query to which this input is assigned.
- Step: The spacing between variables on the horizontal plane of the slider.

- **Minimum**: Sets the minimum variable on the horizontal plane of the slider. This number appears on the left side of the plane.
- **Maximum**: Sets the maximum variable on the horizontal plane of the slider. This number appears on the right side of the plane.

A slider can be used for any of the following purposes:

- To provide a number selector.
- To indicate the volume on an audio recorder or a maximum/minimum price.
- To allow a user to select a price they would be willing to pay as part of a filter system for search results.

# Toggle

A toggle button contains two opposing, binary states based on Boolean logic. On/Off is the default for the button, because this is the most common use.

## **Toggle Settings**

When you use a check box widget, in addition to providing values for the default fields for a widget, you must define the following settings.

Setting	Description
Source	The data source can be based on which queries have been added in the <b>Page Data</b> section. It is also possible to manually insert the data.
Required	Specify if an input must be sent to the query.
Submit on Change	If selected, changing the value of the input submits the query to which this input is as- signed.
True Label	There are two states on a toggle button. The <b>True Label</b> setting refers to the label of the ac- tive state.
False Label	There are two states on a toggle button. The <b>False Label</b> setting refers to the label of the in- active state.
Width	The width of the toggle button.

## **Possible Uses**

Toggle buttons are generally used for on/off actions. For example, if a setting or feature is active/inactive, this can be controlled with a toggle button.

This example describes the device on/off switching using a Toggle button.

# Note:

Without an actual device or a simulator, the real action result cannot be seen.

- 1. In the page designer, add a toggle widget and two input widgets.
- 2. In Page Data section, add a function to the page, such as IQAW Set Immobilizer State.
- 3. Drag the function parameters to connect to the input widgets and the toggle widget. Note that function (command) itself (IQAW Set Immobilizer State) should be connected to the toggle widget.

## **Button**

Buttons are used to start any action. By default, the text Submit appears on a button. It indicates that it is used to submit information that an application user provides using other widgets.

## **Button Settings**

Buttons can perform a variety of actions, and can even perform multiple actions. Each specific action has its own choices. For example, if the action of selecting a button is to go to a specific page, that page can be selected after the action is selected in the same grey box.

In addition, you can arrange actions in a sequence. For example, if the selecting a button will both hide a component and submit data entered by a user, the action can first hide the component, and then submit the data, or vice versa.

You can configure the following actions for a button widget.

Action	Description
Submit	Sends information to an entity.
Go to page	Redirects to a different page in the application (for example, from the home page to a different page in the navigation).
Go to previous page	Redirects to one page back in history based on the entries created for the current application session.
	In the absence of previous session entries, the but- ton does not redirect to any page.
Go to next page	Redirects to one page forward in history based on the entries created for the current application ses- sion.

Action	Description
	In the absence of forward (next) session entries, the button does not redirect to any page.
URL	Redirects a user to a URL outside the application.
Set global value	If selected, the data here will be available globally. Global data means that an entity changed in one part of the application will change across the appli- cation.
Show Component	Displays a hidden component.
Hide Component	Hides a component.
Toggle Show/Hide	Some widgets are marked as shown or hidden and the <b>Toggle Show/Hide</b> action will switch between hidden and shown views of a component.

#### Visual

Button types are design presets that can help create a better hierarchy and a better look and feel for an application. It is recommended to use button types to fit a button to its use. For example, a delete button might be a Negative type. The following button types are available:

- Primary
- Secondary
- Positive
- Negative
- Link

## **Possible Uses**

Buttons can be used for a variety of purposes. In general, buttons are used in conjunction with other widgets. For example, if a user makes a series of selections with drop-down list boxes, check boxes, and radio buttons, they can then select a **Submit** button that will record the user's choices in an entity. Buttons can also be used to refresh a page, send a user to another page, set a global value, or show/hide content depending on how the button is configured.

This example shows how to create a window.

- 1. Add a button widget in the page designer.
- 2. Add a container below the button widget, and provide an ID for the container.

- 3. In the container, add several input widgets, and set the display condition of the container to Hidden.
- 4. In the **Button Properties** section of the button, set the action of Show Component, and specify the container ID.
- 5. Save the application, and preview it.

In the application, if you select the button, the container appears.

## Camera

The camera widget is a button that will open a default camera based on the device used by the application user. If a camera does not exist, you can select an image. For example, if you use an iPhone to access the application, and they select the camera button, the default iPhone camera options page appears. After you capture an image with the default camera, the image is held in the local memory of the application until you perform an action (such as linking the image display so the image appears in the application).

## **Camera Settings**

When you use a camera widget, in addition to the default settings, the following settings are available.

Setting	Description
Max Width	The maximum width of the uploaded image in pixels. This setting is optional.
<b>Max Height</b> The maximum height of the uploaded image in pixels. This setting is optial.	

## **Possible Uses**

You can use the camera widget to allow an application user to add images to an application or database. Example:

- If an application deals with selling goods, a user can upload an image of the goods that they want to sell.
- If an application deals with car rentals, a user can capture a photo to report a car accident, and then save it to the database. The rental agency can then view the image.

# Text Area

The text area widget allows a user to provide large amount of text using an application. This widget contains a scroll bar.

## **Text Area Settings**

To use a text area widget, in addition to the default settings, the following settings are available.

Setting	Description
Source	The source of data based on which queries have been added in the <b>Page Data</b> section. You can also enter the data source manually or use a formula.
Required	Identifies if an input must be sent to the query.
Submit on Charge	If selected, changing the value of the input submits the query to which this input is assigned.

A standard text box can handle large amounts of text, but it may not be user-friendly because not all of the text can be seen or edited at once. If a user wants to submit a comment, for example, a text area allows them to write several sentences and view the text as a paragraph (for example, license agreement or privacy policy, which usually contains a large amount of text).

# Display

# Text

The text widget allows you to display text in an application. An application user can read the text, but cannot modify it.

# **Text Settings**

To use a text area widget, in addition to the default settings, the following settings are available.

Set- ting	Description		
Source	The source of data based on which queries have been added in the <b>Page Data</b> section. You can also enter the data source manually or use a formula.		
For- mat	You can select one of the following values:		
	• Text		
	DateTime		
	• Date		
	• Time		

The default value is Text.

Since this widget can be connected to a query in the **Page Data** section, updated information can be displayed in the application. For example, if the application is used to display sports scores, the text box can be connected to an entity via a query that will display the score in a sport. The user can read the text, but cannot modify it.

## Using a Text Widget to Display the Current Date and Time

- 1. In the Page Data section, select Global.
- 2. In the **System Globals** section, select **Date time (Local)**, and then select **Add**. System globals are provided as standard functions.
- 3. Add a text widget, and enter an label.
- 4. Drag the system global that you have added to connect to the text widget. Or, select the system global in the **Data** box.
- 5. Save the application, and preview it.

The application displays the current date and time.

## Header

Headers are generally larger amounts of text that are used to create titles to divide an application in to different areas depending on their content.

## **Header Settings**

To use a header widget, in addition to the default settings, the following settings are available.

Set-	Description
ting	Description

**Type** You can create three different sizes of headers: Header 1 (largest) to Header 3 (smallest) so that a hierarchy can be created based on text size.

For- You can select one of the following values:

mat

- Text
- DateTime
- Date
- Time

The default value is Text.

If an application has several different areas, you can use a header to create order and hierarchy.

For example, a food application for a grocery store may divide food in to several categories such as dairy, meat, and produce. These larger topics (Header 1) can then be divided in to smaller parts. For example, the produce header can contain two smaller headers (Header 2) underneath for fruits and vegetables. Within the category of vegetables, there may be an additional category of root vegetables that may have a smaller sized header (Header 3) with a list of different root vegetables underneath.

## Image

Using the image widget, you can insert an image in to an application. Application users can see the image, but cannot manipulate it, since it is display-only. Images can be attached to the entities via queries and then shown to application users.

#### **Image Settings**

When you use an image widget, in addition to the default settings, the following setting is available:

• **Source**: The data source can be based on which queries have been added in the **Page Data** section. It is also possible to provide a URL or select a file from the local machine.

#### **Possible Uses**

You can add an image gallery in an application by adding several image widgets. Additionally, if application users use the camera widget, they can take an image, and then upload the image in to their application with a button. The button can send the image to an entity, and a query of that entity can use the image widget to display the picture.

Suppose you want to insert an image in an application, and want to direct the user to the home page when the image is selected. In that case, perform the following steps:

- 1. In the page designer, add an image widget to a page other than the home page.
- 2. Select the File option, and select Choose File.
- 3. Select the image that you want to insert in the application.
- 4. In the **Image Properties** section, in the **Actions** box, select the action to go to the home page.
- 5. Save the application, and preview it.

When you select the image, the home page appears.

# Graph

Graphs are data visualizations that you can add to display data in an application.



# Note:

You need external Internet access to use the graph widget.

# **Graph Settings**

To use a graph widget, in addition to the default settings, you must specify one of the following types of graphs.

Type of Graph		Description		
Bars	Bar graphs bar graph:	s show comparison among categories vertically. Specify the following settings for a		
	Setting	Description		
	X-axis Label	Displayed below the graph horizontally.		
	Y-axis Data	The data source for the bars.		
	Y-axis Label	Displayed on the left side of the bar graph.		
	Add All Fields	This will add all the columns from the chosen entity. Each column can be labeled independently.		
	Sort By	Since an entity can contain several different types of data, it is possible to sort the data depending on the data in an entity.		
Columns	-	raphs are similar to bar graphs but are shown vertically instead of horizontally. Spec- owing settings for a column graph:		
	Setting	Description		
	X-axis Label	Displayed below the graph horizontally.		
	X-axis Data	The data source for the columns.		
	Y-axis Label	Displayed on the left side of the graph.		

Type of Graph		Description		
	Setting	Description		
	Add All Fields	This will add all the columns from the chosen entity. Each column can be labeled independently.		
	Sort By	Since an entity can contain several different types of data, it is possible to sort the data depending on the data in an entity.		
Lines		ns show how data changes over specific intervals of time. Specify the following set- I line graph:		
	Setting	Description		
	X-axis Label	Displayed below the graph horizontally.		
	X-axis Data	The data source for the lines.		
	Y-axis Label	Displayed on the left side of the graph.		
	Add All Fields	This will add all the columns from the chosen entity. Each column can be labeled independently.		
	Sort By	Since an entity can contain several different types of data, it is possible to sort the data depending on the data in an entity.		
Pie		aph, rather than axis points, there is a value that can be set to a query to post data graph. Specify the following settings for a pie graph:		
	Set- ting	Description		
	Val- The ue	e data source for the pie graph.		
	Title Th	e title of the graph.		
	<b>Y-</b> Dis	splayed on the left side of the bar graph.		
	axis			
	La- bel			

Type of Graph		Description		
	Set- ting	Description		
	Sort	Depending on the data, sorting may be necessary in order to highlight certain informa-		
	Ву	tion. Once the sort feature has been selected, it is possible to select ascending or de-		
	2	scending order.		
			Submit	Settings Visual Responsive Mobile Tablet Desktop  Type Columns Bars
historian_da	ata.Data.Tag			Columns Lines
Table Data		Table Data	Table Data	Pie X-axis Label
Table Data		Table Data	Table Data	Label
				Y-axis Label
				Label

Graphs are a way to show data visually. For example, if 50 students enrolled for a course, you can use a graph widget to show how their grades have changed over time or it may be beneficial to show what grades the students received by percent.

When you plot the data stored in the M2M Entities using a graph widget, timestamp values are displayed in the following format: hh:mm

## Downloading Data from a Graph

You can download data from an entity in a Microsoft Excel worksheet using a graph widget. To do so, in the **Graph Properties** section, select the **Allow Download** check box. The download button appears in the upper-right corner of the widget in the application.

#### Note:

- Downloading occurs based on the query last executed as shown in the graph.
- If the query is executed for the specific date range using Input boxes, for example, data is downloaded based on the condition specified.
- The entity data connected to the graph is downloaded, not the graph itself.
- If multiple queries are connected to the graph, a separate Microsoft Excel worksheet is generated for each query, and it is downloaded in a single worksheet.
- In the time\_stamp related fields of the M2M\_data Entity, the values of milliseconds are also stored. However, only hour, minute, and second values can be displayed when you use the graph widget.

# Visualization

A visualization widget is a graph with additional features. The following features are available in a visualization widget:

- Line chart
- Area chart
- Bar chart
- Stacked bar chart
- Donut chart
- Multiple charts
- Additional y-axis
- Zooming in or out
- Grid lines
- Rotation
- Support of negative values
- · Improved look and feel of tooltips
- Ability to focus on a specific field on the chart
- Grouping using a query field

#### Important:

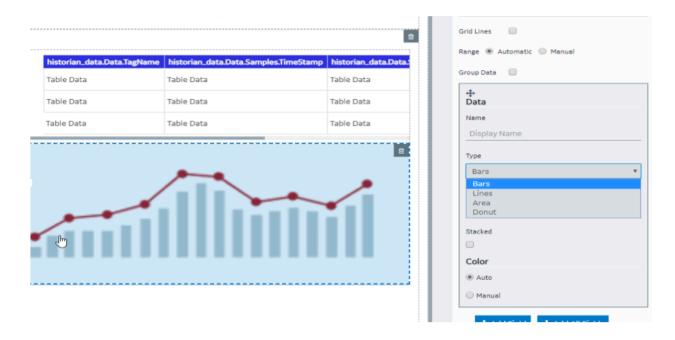
Due to the format of the data returned by Historian REST calls, the Visualization widget cannot display data from Historian sources.

## **Visualization Settings**

When you use a visualization widget, in addition to the default settings of a widget, the following settings are available.

Setting	Description
Flow	Select the query (from the ones added in the <b>PAGE DATA</b> section) that should be used to retrieve information in the graph.
Switch Row/Column	Select this check box if you want to switch the x- axis and y-axis data.
X-axis	Provide values in the following boxes for x-axis set- tings:
	<ul> <li>Data: Select the query field whose data should be plotted on the x-axis.</li> <li>Label: Enter a label for the x-axis.</li> <li>Rotate Ticks: Select this check box.</li> <li>Grid lines: Select this check box if you want to show grid lines.</li> </ul>
Y-axis	Provides values in the following boxes for y-axis settings:
	<ul> <li>Label: Enter a label for the y-axis.</li> <li>Grid Lines: Select this check box if you want to show grid lines.</li> <li>Range: Select whether the range of the y-axis should be set automatically or manually. If you select Manual, the Min and Max boxes appear, in which you must enter values.</li> </ul>
Data	Provide values in the following boxes for the data settings:
	<ul> <li>Name: Enter the name of the graph.</li> <li>Type: Select the type of the graph: Bars, Lines, Area, or Donut.</li> <li>Data: Select the data source of the graph.</li> </ul>

Setting	Description	
	<ul> <li>Stacked: Select this check box if the graph</li> </ul>	
	should be plotted as a stacked bar chart.	
	This option is available only for a bar chart.	
	<ul> <li>Color: Select whether the color of the graph</li> </ul>	
	should be selected automatically or manual-	
	ly.	
Add Field	Select this button if you want to plot another field	
	on the graph.	
Add All Fields	Select this button if you want to plot all the entity	
	fields.	



## Using a Visualization Widget

Suppose you want to plot the following information on a graph:

- Sales amount for two branches Tokyo and Tel Aviv, plotted as a line chart and an area chart, respectively.
- Sales amount for two products V26 and V27, plotted as a stacked bar chart.
- Breakdown of sales amount per branch plotted as a donut chart.

To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create an entity to store the sales amount for the two branches and the two products.
- 2. Create a Get query to retrieve the sales amount.
- 3. In the page designer, in the PAGE DATA section of the container, add the query.
- 4. Add two visualization widgets to the container.
- 5. Add the following headers for the visualization widgets:
  - Lines/Area and Stacked
  - Donut
- 6. For the Lines/Area and Stacked chart, provide values as described in the following table for the xaxis.

Setting	Description
Flow	Select the query that you have created.
Data	Select the daily field of the query.
Rotate Ticks	Select the check box.
Grid Lines	Select the check box.

#### 7. Select Add Field.

An additional **Data** section appears for the other y-axis.

8. Provide values as specified in the following table for the two y-axes.

Setting	Description for the First Y-Axis	Description for the Second Y-Axis
Label	Enter Amount.	Enter Product.
Grid Lines	Select the check box.	Not applicable
Туре	Select Lines.	Select Area.
Data	Select the field that stores the sales amount for the Tokyo branch.	Select the field that stores the sales amount for the Tel Aviv branch.
Y-axis side	Select Left.	Select Left.

9. Select **Add Field** twice. Two additional **Data** sections appear for the two y-axes.

10. Provide values as specified in the following table for the two y-axes.

Setting	Description for the First Y-Axis	Description for the Second Y-Axis
Туре	Select Bars.	Select Bars.
Data	Select the field that stores the sales amount for the product V27.	Select the field that stores the sales amount for the product V26.
Stacked	Select the check box.	Select the check box.
Y-axis side	Select <b>Right</b> .	Select <b>Right</b> .

11. For the Donut chart, select Add Field twice, and provide values as specified in the following table.

Setting	Description
Flow	Select the query that you have created.
Donut Title	Enter Breakdown Per Branch.
Туре	Select <b>Donut</b> for both the boxes.
Data	Select the field that stores the sales amount for V26 and V27, respectively.

12. Save the application, and preview it. The first graph displays a line chart and an area chart for the sales amount of Tokyo and Tel Aviv, respectively. It also displays a stacked bar chart for the sales amount of the two products, V26 and V27. The second graph displays a donut chart for the sales amount of V26 and V27.

# **Big Data**

The bid data widget is a visualization widget that supports big data. Compared to the visualization widget, the big data widget allows you to specify the range more accurately.



#### Note:

You cannot plot a donut chart or change the format of a date-time variable on x-axis for a big data widget.



Due to the format of the data returned by Historian REST calls, the Big Data widget cannot display data from Historian sources.

## **Big Data Settings**

When you use a big data widget, in addition to the default settings of a widget, the following settings are available.

▼ Data	
Flow:	SU_Get_Visualiz *
Switch Row/Column	
Stack Multiple Bars	
X-axis	
Data	SU_Visualization *
Label:	
🔘 Data	
Manual	
Label	
Rotate Ticks	
Grid Lines	
Range	<ul> <li>Automatic</li> </ul>
	○ Manual
Disable 🔲 Zoom	

Tick Culling	Automatic
	OManual
Y-Axis	
Label:	
🔘 Data	
Manual	
Label	
Grid Lines	
Range	<ul> <li>Automatic</li> </ul>
	Manual
Disable	
Zoom	
Group Data	

Data		
Name	Data	
Туре	Lines	•
Data	SU_Visualizati	•
Color		
🔾 Auto		
Manual	•	
Data		
	Data1	
Name		•
<b>Data</b> Name Type Data		•
Name Type Data	Lines	•
Name Type	Lines	•

For instructions on configuring these settings, refer to Visualization (on page 355).

#### About Zooming In and Zooming Out

Since the data displayed using a big data widget is huge, you can zoom in a selected area on the graph. To do so, you must specify the area precisely by dragging the mouse pointer on the area.

You can drag the mouse pointer in horizontal, vertical, or diagonal directions.

- If you drag the mouse pointer in a horizontal direction, the zoom-in area is set for only the x-axis.
- If you drag the mouse pointer in a vertical direction, the zoom-in area is set for only the y-axis.
- If you drag the mouse pointer in a diagonal direction, the zoom-in area is set for both x-axis and yaxis.

You can perform the following actions to zoom in or zoom out the widget:

- Zoom in a selected area by selecting
- Pan across the widget by selecting 🐄.
- Zoom in from the center of the widget by selecting
- Zoom out from the center of the widget by selecting
- View the complete range of the graph by selecting .
- Reset the zoom level by selecting

## Grid

A grid widget functions similar to a table widget. In addition, you can perform the following tasks:

- Change the width of a grid dynamically.
- Rearrange or remove the columns of a grid from an application.
- Export the data displayed in a grid to a .csv file. In addition, you can export data from selected columns.
- Sort the data displayed in a grid.
- View the data in a tree structure.
- Scroll till the end of the grid regardless of the number of rows the grid contains.

#### **Grid Settings**

When you use a grid widget, in addition to the default settings of a widget, the following settings are available.

Setting	Description
Allow Export	Select this check box if you want to provide an op- tion to application users to export the data in the grid to a .csv file.
	<b>Note:</b> This option is not available on iOS.
Tooltips	Select this check box if you want tooltips to appear in the application.

Setting	Description
Flow	Select the query that should be used to retrieve in- formation in the grid.
Tree View	Select this check box if you want to display data in a hierarchical view. When you select this check box, the <b>Nested flow</b> box appears, allowing you to select the query that fetches the data for the child level in the hierarchy.
Name	Enter the name of the grid column.
Data	Select this option if you want data in the column to be retrieved from an entity field using a column, and then select the field in the drop-down list box.
Formula	Select this option if you want data in the column to be displayed based on a formula. For example, if an entity stores the marks scored by students for individual courses, you can create a formula to dis- play the aggregate marks scored by each student.
Show <number> rows at a time</number>	Identifies the number of rows that should appear by default in the grid. By default, the value in this box is 10. After you enter a value, the following op- tions are available:
	<ul> <li>Load all: If you select this option, the grid will contain all the rows on the same page. However, if you access the application on a mobile device, each page in the grid will contain the number of rows that you specify. You can navigate to the other pages to access the rest of the rows.</li> <li>Infinite scroll: If you select this option, the grid will contain all the rows on the same page.</li> </ul>

Setting	Description
	<ul> <li>Paging: If you select this option, each page</li> </ul>
	in the grid will contain the number of rows
	that you specify. You can navigate to the
	other pages to access the rest of the rows.

#### Using a Grid

Suppose you want to use a grid to display a list of managers in an organization and the employees reporting to each manager. To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create an entity named Wiki Manager, add the fields Manager ID and Manager Name, and add the IDs and names of managers.
- 2. Create a Get query named Wiki Get All Managers to get all the records from the Wiki Manager entity.
- 3. Create an entity named Wiki Employee, add the fields Manager ID, Employee ID, and Employee Name, and add the respective details.
- 4. Create a Get query named Wiki Get Employee by Manager ID with settings as specified in the following image:
- 5. Create an application, and add a grid using the page designer.
- 6. In the **PAGE DATA** section, add the Wiki Get All Managers query, and connect all the fields to the grid.
- 7. Select the Auto submit (as soon as data is available) check box.
- 8. In the GRID PROPERTIES section, select the Tree View check box.
- 9. In the **Nested flow** box, select the Wiki Get All Employee by Manager ID query. Two boxes named **Row Limit** and **Manager ID** appear.
- 10. In the Manager ID box, select Wiki Get All Manager.Manager ID.
- 11. In the Flow box, select Wiki Get All Managers.
- 12. In the Name box, enter Manager Name.
- 13. In the **Data** box, select the field that stores the names of managers.
- 14. Select **Add Field**, and then provide values as specified in the following table.

Вох	Description
Name	Enter Manager ID.
Data	Select this option, and then select Wiki Manag-
	<b>er</b> in the drop-down list box that appears.

	Вох	Description
Mapping		Select Wiki Employee.

15. Save the application, and preview it. A grid appears, displaying two sections. The first section contains a list of IDs and names of managers. The second section contains a list of employees that report to each manager.

# Мар

A map widget is used to display a map in an application. It uses the Google Maps feature. You can use the map widget to display the location of a place on a map (for example, the location of each site of a company).

To display asset locations on the map, you must access the API key generated by Google (on page 58).

### **Map Settings**

When you use a map widget, in addition to providing values for the default fields for a widget, you must define the following settings.

Setting	Description
Label	Identifies the title of the map.
Display	Identifies the type of the map. You can select one of the following values:
	<ul> <li>Roadmap: Displays the streets of an area. By default, this value is selected.</li> <li>Satellite: Displays a satellite view of the Earth.</li> <li>Terrain: Displays the geographical features of an area.</li> </ul>
Layers	Identifies the layer that you want to display on the map. You can select one of the following values:
	<ul> <li>Transit: Displays the public transit network of an area.</li> <li>Traffic: Displays real-time traffic informa- tion on the map.</li> </ul>

Setting	Description
	<ul> <li>Bicycling: Displays the bicycling paths of an area.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>None: Does not display any layer.</li> </ul>
CENTER	Identifies the center point of the map. You can
	specify the center point using one of the following sources:
	<ul> <li>Data: Select a query output or a global parameter whose value is the center point of the map.</li> <li>Manual: Enter the address or the latitude and longitude details of the center point manually, separated by a comma (for example, 35.681168, 139.767059).</li> <li>User Location: Select this option to specify that the location of the device used by the application user is the center point of the map. If you select this option, the Update Center check box appears. If you select this check box, the map center is automatically updated when the user moves.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Note: If you select the User Location option, when you access the map for the first time in the application, a message appears, asking you to allow the application to access your location.</li> <li>Automatic by Markers: Select this option to specify that the center point of the map is positioned such that all the markers are visible on the map. This option is enabled only after you add a marker.</li> </ul>

Setting	Description
	Note: The Zoom box contains a value that determines the zoom level of the map. This box is disabled when you select the Automatic by Markers option.
MARKERS	Identifies the markers that should appear on the map. Select <b>Add Marker</b> , and then enter or select values in the following sections or boxes that appear.
	Sec- tion
	<ul> <li>Po- Select one of the following options:</li> <li>si- tion</li> <li>Data: Select this option if you want to specify the position of the marker by means of a query or a global pa- rameter.</li> <li>Manual: Select this option if you want to specify the position of the marker manually, and then enter the address or the latitude and longi- tude details.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>La- Select one of the following options:</li> <li>bel</li> <li>Data: Select this option if you want to specify the label of the marker by means of a query or a global parameter. This option is enabled only if you select Data in the Position section.</li> </ul>

Setting	Description
	Sec- Description tion
	• <b>Manual</b> : Select this option if you want to specify the label of the marker manually, and then enter the label.
	<b>Mark-</b> Select the icon and color of the marker. er Icon
	<ul><li>Con- Select Add conditions, and then specify the</li><li>di- conditions for displaying the marker.</li><li>tion</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Tip: You can add multiple markers. For example, if you want one marker to represent sites whose overall plant efficiency is above 95 percent and another marker to represent sites below 95 percent, you can add the two markers with the same posi- tion data, and specify the condi- tions appropriately on each one.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ac- Select Add Action, and then specify the</li> <li>tions action that should be triggered when the</li> <li>marker is selected (for example, display</li> <li>more details about the location).</li> </ul>
SHAPES	Identifies the circle that covers the area of a loca- tion. For example, if the map displays the locations of sensors that capture the radio signals within a radius of 1 km, you can add a shape to each mark- er to indicate the area covered by each sensor. Select <b>Add Shape</b> , and then enter or select values in the following sections or boxes that appear.

Setting		Description
	Sec- tion	Description
	Po- si-	Select one of the following options:
	tion	<ul> <li>Data: Select this option if you want to specify the position of the shape by means of a query or a global parameter.</li> <li>Manual: Select this option if you want to specify the position of the shape manually, and then enter the address or the latitude and longitude details.</li> </ul>
	Ra- dius	Select one of the following options:
	aius	<ul> <li>Data: Select this option if you want to specify the radius of the shape by means of a query or a global parameter.</li> <li>Manual: Select this option if you want to specify the radius of the shape manually, and then enter the radius in km.</li> </ul>
		Note: The radius can also be used as a vi- sual indicator of other parameters, such as signal strength.
	Col- or	Select the color of the shape. You can also specify the opacity.
	di-	Select <b>Add conditions</b> , and then specify the conditions. For example, if you want the marker to represent the signal strength received by a sensor, you can add multiple

Setting		Description	
	Sec- tion	Description	
	positi	es with different colors and the same ion data, and then specify different sig- rength conditions on each shape.	

# Table

A table displays information, which can include text, links, and/or images. Each column in the table represents an entity field. The information that appears in a table cell is defined by selecting a query output or by using a formula.

## **Table Settings**

When you use a table widget, in addition to the default settings for a widget, the following settings are available.

Setting	Description
Allow Download	Select this check box if you want to provide an op- tion to application users to download the data dis- played in the table.
	Note: The download feature is available only for entity data.
Flow	Select the query or function that should be used to retrieve information for the table. Without a flow, a table will not display any data.
Name	Enter the name of the table column.
Data	Select this option if you want data in the column to be displayed from an output field of the selected flow, and then select the field in the drop-down list box.
Formula	Select this option if you want data in the column to be displayed based on a formula. For example,

Setting	Description
	if the data retrieved by a query represents a test score, you can use a formula to display the score as a percentage of the total score.
Output data type	Select the data type of the data displayed in the column.
Add Action	Select this button if you want an action to be per- formed when a user selects a cell in this column.
Add Field	Select this button if you want to add another col- umn to the table.
Add All Fields	Select this button if you want to add columns for all the output fields from the selected flow.
Load <number> rows at a time</number>	Identifies the number of rows that should appear in the table. By default, the table displays all the rows retrieved by the query. If you select this check box, the <b>Paging</b> and <b>"Load more" button</b> options appear to allow the user to view more data.
	<ul> <li>Paging: If you select this option, each page in the table will contain the number of rows that you specify. You can navigate to the other pages to access the rest of the rows.</li> <li>"Load more" button: If you select this option, the table will initially contain the number of rows that you specify. A Load more button appears in the application, which allows the application user to retrieve additional rows in the same page.</li> </ul>

#### **Possible Uses**

Tables are a way to display information in an organized way. For example, if application users fill in their name and phone number in an application, a table can display the information in an easily understandable format. A more advanced example may be that employees in a company with a hundred employees enter the time they arrive and the time they leave each day. Each employee has a name, entry time, exit time, and ID in an entity. Using a table, you can display each employee's attendance record.

# List

A list is a representation of data in bulleted points.

## **List Settings**

When you use a list widget, in addition to the default settings of a widget, the following setting is available.

Setting	Description
Source	Identifies the source of the list values. You can specify one of the following types of sources:
	<ul> <li>Hard Coded: Select this option to enter the list items manually.</li> <li>Dynamic: Select this option to generate the list items dynamically from a query output field.</li> </ul>

### **Possible Uses**

You can use a hard-coded list to display prerequisites to perform a task. You can use a dynamic list to display a list of asset IDs returned by a query.

## Using a List

Suppose you want to display a list of features available in an application by dynamically fetching the list from an entity. To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create an entity named Features to store the list of features.
- 2. Create a query to get the list of features from the entity.
- 3. In the page designer, add a List widget.
- 4. In the **PAGE DATA** section, add the query that you have created.
- 5. In the LIST PROPERTIES section, in the Source box, select Dynamic.
- 6. In the Value box that appears, select the query output that fetches the list of features.
- 7. Save the application, and preview it.

The list of features stored in the entity appear in the application.

# Gauge

Using a gauge widget, you can plot data on a visual display. Some of the gauge widgets use a color-coded scale. The color of the reading indicates the risk level associated with the value.

### Types of Gauge Widgets

The following types of gauge widgets are available:

• Battery: In this gauge type, the value is plotted on a horizontal scale. This is the default gauge type. For example, the following image can represent a gauge that plots the speed of a vehicle in kph. The color-coded scale highlights whether the speed of the vehicle is safe or risky.

) kM/h	100	160	200	260 kM/h

 Meter - Arc: In this gauge type, the value is plotted on a curved scale. For example, the following image can represent the percentage of unplanned power outage events out of the total number of power outage events. The color in which the plotted value appears indicates whether the percentage is acceptable.



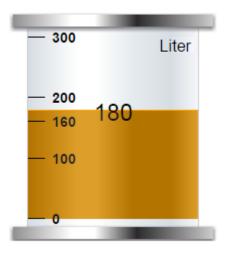
• Meter - Radial: In this gauge type, the value is plotted on a circular scale. The gauge can be an internal radial or an external radial depending on whether the scale appears inside the radial or outside. For example, the following image represents an external radial meter gauge that plots the temperature inside an engine combustion chamber.



The following image represents an internal radial meter gauge that plots the pressure inside an engine combustion chamber.



• Tank: In this gauge type, the value is plotted on a vertical scale. For example, the following image can represent the amount of remaining lubricant in a tank with a capacity 300 liters. The color in which the plotted value appears indicates whether the lubricant level is safe or risky.



## **Gauge Settings**

When you use a gauge widget, in addition to providing values for the default fields for a widget, you must define the following settings:

Type of the Set- ting	Applic- able Gauge Types	Description
Туре	All gauges	Identifies the type of the gauge. You can select Battery, Meter, or Tank.
Style	Meter	Identifies the meter style. You can select one of the following values:
		<ul> <li>Internal radial: This is the default option. If you select this style, the markings appear on the dial.</li> <li>External radial: If you select this style, the markings appear outside the dial.</li> <li>Arc Meter: If you select this style, the meter appears as a color-coded semi-circle (instead of a dial). In addition, the Scale and Needle settings appear.</li> </ul>
Source		Identifies the source of the values plotted on the gauge. You can specify one of the fol- lowing types of sources:

Type of the Set- ting	Applic- able Gauge Types	Description	
		gauge. • Manual: Enter a	uery or a global parameter whose output you want to plot on the value manually that you want to plot on the gauge. a formula to calculate the value that you want to plot on the
Sector	Bat- tery, Tank, Meter -	Identifies the start position, color, and range for each sector in the gauge. For exam- ple, suppose you want to plot the speed of a vehicle. You want to categorize the speed range as follows:	
	Arc	Speed Range (in kph)	Category
		0 - 100	Acceptable
		101 - 160	Slightly risky
		161 - 200	Risky
		200 - 260	Highly risky
		In this case, you will cr	eate four sectors and define the following settings:

	Sector number	Start position	Color	Label
1		0	Green	Acceptable
2		101	Yellow	Slightly risky
3		161	Or-	Risky
			ange	
4		200	Red	Highly risky

# i Tip:

In the **Color** box, you can enter a color name or the hexadecimal code of the color.

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Type of the Set- ting	Applic- able Gauge Types	Description
Range	All gauges	Identifies the minimum and maximum values of the widget range, and units of measure of the gauge. You can also specify the color for the first sector of the gauge. In the pre- vious example, you will enter the values 0, 200, kph, and green in the <b>Minimum</b> , <b>Maxi- mum</b> , <b>Units</b> , and <b>Default Color</b> boxes, respectively.
Scale	Meter - Arc	Indicates whether you want to show the marking for each sector or just the minimum and maximum markings of the gauge. In the Scale settings, select one of the following options:
		<ul> <li>Full: Select this option if you want to show the markings for each sector of the gauge. By default, this option is selected. In the previous example, if you select Full, the following markings appears: 0, 101, 161, 200</li> <li>Min/Max: Select this option if you want to show only the minimum and maximum markings of the gauge. In the previous example, if you select Min/Max, the following markings appear: 0, 200</li> </ul>
Nee- dle	Meter - Arc	Indicates whether you want to show or hide the needle for the reading. By default, this check box is selected.
Visual	All gauges	Identifies the color for the markings and the background of the widget. The following settings are available:
		<ul> <li>Custom Colors: Select this check box if you want to use custom colors for the markings and the background. If you select this check box, the Color and Back-ground Color boxes appear.</li> <li>Color: Select the color for the markings.</li> <li>Background color: Select the background color of the widget.</li> <li>Palette: Select the background color of the dial of the radial meter gauge. This box appears only if you want to use a meter gauge.</li> </ul>

# Html

The html widget is used to provide html code to create an application. For example, to add a drop-down list box to an application, instead of using the dropdown *(on page 339)* widget, you can use html code, along with css code, to create the drop-down list box with a customized look and feel.

## Note:

The interaction of the html code can change based on how the responsive design works for some elements.

When you use the html widget, in addition to the default properties of a widget, the following properties are available.

Property	Description
Flow	Select the query <i>(on page 179)</i> that should be used to retrieve information for the widget. Without a flow, the widget will not display any data.
	To populate values here, bind the html widget to a query on its <b>PAGE DATA</b> tab.
Select Data	Select an entity field <i>(on page 168)</i> . Values in this drop-down list are populated based on the entities <i>(on page 159)</i> available in the selected query. Using these fields, you can connect data to components that you create using the html widget. Next, select <b>+ Add Field</b> to add the selected entity field to the application for which you can add the html code.
	<i>i</i> <b>Tip:</b> You can select <b>+ Add All Fields</b> to add all the entity fields at once.
Name	Provide a name for the added entity field.
Data	Select this option if you want to retrieve informa- tion from an output field.
	Next, select the output field from <b>Output data type</b> . This drop-down list contains the output fields avail- able in your selected query.

#### Table 7. Html Properties

#### Table 7. Html Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	Note: Select Data value must be set to single to update the output fields.
Manual	Select this option if you want to provide manual values to retrieve information. Enter the value.
Formula	Select this option if you want to retrieve informa- tion based on a formula. Build a formula.
Edit Code	Select this button to access a code editor for html, css, and javascript. You can enter the custom code in the code editor.
	<i>i</i> <b>Tip:</b> The javascript code editor contains in- structions on how to use the javascript API.
Scoped css?	Indicates whether the css code must be applied only to the html widget or globally.
	<ul> <li>If you want the css code to be applied only to the elements in the html widget, select this check box.</li> <li>If you want the css code to be applied globally, clear this check box.</li> </ul>

#### Using the Html Widget

*Example 1:* Suppose you want to stream videos from YouTube based on values selected in a drop-down list box. To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. When designing application pages (on page 308), drag-and-drop the html and dropdown widgets to a container.
- 2. Select the dropdown *(on page 339)* widget in the container to access the **DROPDOWN PROPERTIES** tab.

a. Under the **GENERAL** section, provide the details as specified in the table:

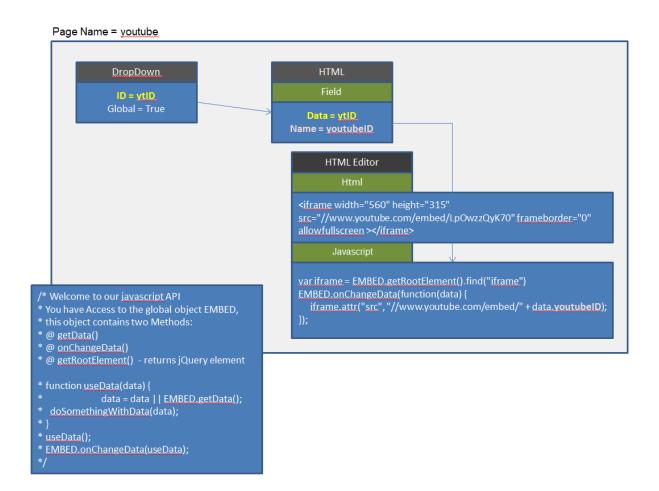
Field	Description
Label	Enter Select an option.
Id	Enter ytID.
Global Data	Select the check box.

3. Select the html widget in the container to access the HTML PROPERTIES tab.

a. Under the **DATA** section, provide the details as specified in the table:

Field	Description
Flow	Select a query.
Select Data	Select an entity field from the query, and do the following:
	• Name: Enter ytID.
	Select Data.
	<ul> <li>Output data type: Select the global</li> </ul>
	variable ( $_{ ext{ytid}}$ ) that stores the drop-
	down list box values.

A relationship is created between the dropdown and html widgets as shown in the following image.



**Example 2:** Suppose you want to create an application with the following pages:

- Compass: Displays a compass with the needle indicating the angle that an application user enters.
- Stylish Header: Displays text in a header with special effects.
- Tiles: Displays tiles of various colors.
- Marquee: Displays text that moves from one end to the other of the page.

To do so create the application pages *(on page 308)* for compass, stylish header, tiles, and marquee. Design the page layout for each as follows:

#### For Compass:

1. Add an input *(on page 341)* widget to a container, and provide **INPUT PROPERTIES** as specified in the table:

Field

Description

General > Label

Enter Enter Angle:

Field	Description
General > Id	Enter direction
General > Global Data	Select the check box.

2. Add a html widget below the input widget, add a field, and provide values as shown in the image.

Field	Description
General > Id	Enter compass
Data > Name	Enter angle
Data > Select Data	Select compass - direction from the list.
Data > Output data type	Select Text field from the list.

3. Select **Edit Code** to access the code editor, and save these lines of code:

Enter these lines of code as shown in the following image:	
<div class="compass"></div>	
<pre><div class="compass-inner"></div></pre>	
<div class="north">N</div>	
<div class="east">E</div>	
<div class="west">W</div>	
<div class="south">S</div>	
<div class="main-arrow"></div>	
<pre><div class="arrow-up"></div></pre>	
<pre><div class="arrow-down"></div></pre>	

	Html       Css       Javascript         1 <div< td="">       class="compass-inner")         3       <div< td="">       class="north"/N         4       <div< td="">       class="compass")         5       <div< td="">       class="compass")         6       <div< td="">       class="compass")         6       <div< td="">       class="compass")         6       <div< td="">       class="compass")         6       <div< td="">       class="compass")         7       <div< td="">       class="main-arrow",         8       <div< td="">       class="arrow-down"         9       <div< td="">       class="arrow-down"         10            12</div<></div<></div<></div<></div<></div<></div<></div<></div<></div<></div<>
Css	Enter the following lines of code:
	compass {
	width: 150px;
	height: 150px;
	font-size: 10px;
	<pre>background-color: transparent;</pre>
	border-radius: 100%;
	<pre>position: relative;</pre>
	margin: 0 auto;
	font-family: 'Lobster Two', Comic Sans MS;
	color: #2d2d2d;
	} .compass-inner {
	width: 85%;
	height: 85%;
	background-color: transparent;
	border-radius: 100%;
	<pre>position: relative;</pre>
	left: 6.9%;
	top: 6.9%;
	border: 2px solid #2d2d2d;
	} .main-arrow {

```
height: 100%;
width: 7.5%;
left: 46%;
position: relative;
padding-top: 3%;
box-sizing:border-box;
-webkit-transform: rotate(50deg);
-moz-transform : rotate(50deg);
-o-transform: rotate(50deg);
 -ms-transform: rotate(50deg);
transform: rotate(50deg);
} .arrow-up, .arrow-down {
width: 0;
height: 0;
border-bottom: 57px solid red;
border-left: 4px solid transparent;
border-right: 4px solid transparent;
position: relative;
} .arrow-down {
border-bottom-color: #2d2d2d;
-webkit-transform: rotate(180deg);
-moz-transform : rotate(180deg);
-o-transform: rotate(180deg);
-ms-transform: rotate(180deg);
} .north {
position: absolute;
left: 45%;
top: 2.5%;
} .east { position: absolute;
left: 88%;
top: 44%;
} .west {
```

```
position: absolute;
left: 7%;
top: 44%;
} .south {
position: absolute;
left: 45%;
top: 82%;
} @media (max-width: 600px) {
.compass {
 width: 150px;
 height: 150px;
 font-size: 11px;
}
.arrow-up, .arrow-down {
border-bottom: 57px solid red;
border-left: 4px solid transparent;
border-right: 4px solid transparent;
} .arrow-down {
border-bottom-color: #2d2d2d;
} } @media (max-width: 769px) {
.compass {
 width: 150px;
 height: 150px;
  font-size: 11px;
 }
.arrow-up, .arrow-down {
border-bottom: 57px solid red;
border-left: 4px solid transparent;
border-right: 4px solid transparent;
} .arrow-down {
```



4. Save the compass page.

#### For Stylish Header:

1. Add a html widget, select Edit Code, and save these lines of code:

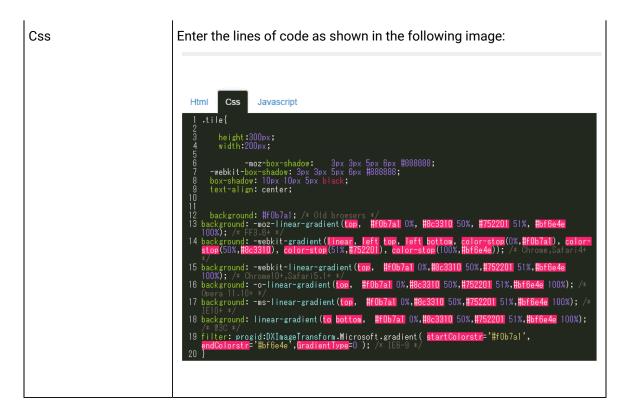
Html	Enter the following lines of code:	
	<hl>3d text effect</hl>	
Css	Enter the following lines of code:	
	<pre>body{   text-align:center;   background:#dfdfdf; } h1{   text-transform:uppercase;   font-size:72px;   font-family:'Verdana';   padding:30px; }</pre>	
Javascript	<pre>Enter the following lines of code: jQuery(document).ready(function(){     \$('h1').mousemove(function(e){     var rXP = (e.pageX - this.offsetLeft-\$(this).width()/2);     var rYP = (e.pageY - this.offsetTop-\$(this).height()/2);     \$('h1').css('text-shadow', +rYP/10+'px '+rXP/80+'px rgba(227,6,19,.8),     '+rYP/8+'px '+rXP/60+'px rgba(255,237,0,1), '+rXP/70+'px '+rYP/12+'px     rgba(0,159,227,.7)');     }); });</pre>	

2. Save the stylish header page.

#### For Tiles:

1. Add a html widget, select **Edit Code**, and save these lines of code:

Html	Enter the following lines of code:
	<div class="tile"></div>



2. Save the tiles page.

#### For Marquee:

1. Add a html widget, select Edit Code, and save these lines of code:

Html	Enter the lines of code as shown in the following image:



2. Save the marquee page.

Save and preview the application. The application has four pages built using a html widget.

# Interactive Map

An interactive map widget is used to display interactive markers or icons on a static background (for example, an image representing an asset or a static map). The position of a marker on the image is defined by the offset from the top and left borders.



Note:

You need external Internet access to use the map widget.

In addition, using an interactive map, you can create an application that will:

- Provide an overview of the current state of an asset.
- Allow you to access a page to view more information.
- Send a command to control the asset.

#### **Interactive Map Settings**

To configure settings for an interactive map, you must add an image, and then configure the settings for each marker. To do so:

- 1. In the page designer, add the interactive map widget to the page.
- 2. Select **Upload Image**, and then select the background image file.

#### Note:

- If you want to change the background image, you can upload a new image without affecting any markers that you have added.
- Background image filename must not exceed 40 characters.
- 3. Double-click the image where you want to add a marker.

A marker is created at the position at which you clicked.

4. Select the marker.

The settings for the marker appear in the **INTERACTIVE MAP PROPERTIES** section. The coordinates are populated automatically; they identify the position of the marker.

#### i Tip:

To fine-tune the position of the marker, you can drag the marker to the required position or modify the coordinates manually.

Setting	Description
Marker Type	<ul> <li>Identifies the type of the marker. You can select one of the following options:</li> <li>Shape: If you select this option, you can select one of the predefined shapes available in Operations Hub. By default, this option is selected.</li> <li>Image: If you select this option, you can upload an image for the marker.</li> </ul>
Color	Identifies the color of the marker. This setting appears only if you have selected <b>Shape</b> in the <b>Marker Type</b> setting.
Shape	Identifies the shape of the marker. This setting appears only if you have selected <b>Shape</b> in the <b>Marker Type</b> setting. You can select one of the following options: • Round • Square
Image	Identifies the image for the marker. This setting appears only if you have selected <b>Image</b> in the <b>Marker Type</b> setting.
	For example, if the marker identifies the posi- tion of a radiator fan, you can upload the image of a fan instead of using a predefined round or square shape for the marker.
Size	Identifies the multiplier for the marker shape or image size. For example, if you enter 2, the marker size is double the default size. By de- fault, the value in this box is 1.
Label	Identifies the text for the marker label if you want to display the label.
Label Color	Identifies the color of the label as it appears in the application.

5. Select **Add Marker**, and then enter values as specified in the following table.

Setting	Description
Data Label	Identifies the data that is associated with the marker.
	For example, suppose the interactive map plots the temperature of various components of a car. For a marker that identifies the position of a radiator fan in a car, you can map the data la- bel with the output of the query that retrieves the temperature of the fan. When you access the application, the temperature value retrieved from the query is displayed for the radiator fan.
	<ul> <li>You can select one of the following types of data labels:</li> <li>Data: Select this option if you want to display the data retrieved by a query, and then select the query output that want to display.</li> <li>Manual: Select this option if you want to enter the data manually, and then enter the value.</li> </ul>
Data Label Color	Identifies the color and opacity of the data la- bel.
Conditions	Identifies the condition to show or hide the marker. For example, you can add a condition to show the marker only if the temperature of the component reaches 50 degrees Celsius.
Actions	Identifies the actions to be performed when the marker is selected.

# Note:

You can add multiple markers to a single position. Each marker can have a different shape, icon, or color to indicate different conditions. For example, if the temperature of a radiator

fan in a car exceeds a certain limit, the green marker can be replaced with a red marker to indicate that the temperature is high. You can also configure a set of actions for each marker when selected.

# Layouts

# New Line

A new line widget is used to add a line to separate the components of a page.

### **Possible Uses**

If widgets are placed too close to one another, adding a new line creates a blank space between the widgets to enhance readability.

# Separator

A separator widget is used to add a line between widgets, thus creating a better or clearer order between the widgets.

#### **Possible Uses**

If an application displays a questionnaire, you can use a separator to divide the individual questions. This will arrange and group the questions together.

# Container

A container widget is a layout element that creates a specific area for widgets within an application. A container is similar to the div element used in html. It is used as a box (invisible in the application) that helps organize the widgets in the application.

#### **Container Settings**

When you use a container widget, in addition to the default settings of a widget, the following settings are available.

Setting	Description
Show/Hide	You can show or hide a container from the applica-
	tion for each of the following device types:

Setting	Description
	• Mobile
	• Tablet
	• Desktop
Conditions	When you specify conditions to a container, they
	are applied to all the widgets added to that contain-
	er. For example, you can add a check box to the ap-
	plication to allow application users to show or hide
	the container.
Performance	By default, this check box is cleared, indicating that
	data within the container is loaded only when the
	container is shown in the application. If you se-
	lect the check box, the data within the container
	is loaded, regardless of whether the container is
	shown or hidden. Selecting this check box can re-
	duce the performance of the application.

#### **Possible Uses**

Container are used for the following purposes:

• Organization of content: You can use containers to organize widgets in rows and columns. You can then set information on varying planes to indicate the importance or sequence of information provided by the individual widgets in the container.

For example, suppose you want to create an application to allow application users to enter their user account details. In that case, add a container with two columns. The first column can contain fields for the user's first name, last name, and phone number, whereas, the second column can contain fields for the user's email address and personal website address, along with a **Submit** button.

• Conditional content: You can use container to apply conditions to all the widgets in the container.

# Repeater

A repeater is a widget that is used to repeat the content layout for each item in a list returned by a query. For example, if a query returns a list of assets, the repeater can display the state of multiple parameters associated with each asset type using a combination of different widgets.

Using a repeater has the following advantages.

- You can create a dashboard-type application that monitors multiple assets at the same time.
- You can use different layouts and styles for each widget in the repeater to match the data type of an asset parameters and to enhance visibility.
- The layout of the content only needs to be defined once in the designer and it will be repeated for each item in the list that you want to monitor.
- The content that is repeated is automatically updated when the underlying query is updated (for example, new assets are added or the list of assets is updated by means of conditions in the query).

For example, if an entity stores the temperature recorded by assets, you can use a repeater to display not only the temperature recorded by each device, but also a gauge to indicate whether each value is in the acceptable range, as shown in the following image.

Device_ID	Latest Time Stamp	Measured Data	Gauge Display		
TESTDev_0	2016/12/28 1:17:21.110	48.76	<b>0</b> ℃	50	<b>100</b> °C
TESTDev_1	2016/12/28 1:17:21.211	61.57	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100</b> °C
TESTDev_2	2016/12/28 1:17:21.313	45.44	<b>0</b> ℃	50	<b>100</b> ℃
TESTDev_3	2016/12/28 1:17:21.415	37.36	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_4	2016/12/28 1:17:21.516	50.51	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_5	2016/12/28 1:17:21.616	38.63	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_6	2016/12/28 1:17:21.717	57.86	<b>0</b> ℃	50	<b>100</b> °C
TESTDev_7	2016/12/28 1:17:20.808	55.65	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100</b> ℃
TESTDev_8	2016/12/28 1:17:20.908	51.88	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100</b> ℃
TESTDev_9	2016/12/28 1:17:21.008	38.15	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100</b> ℃

#### **Repeater Settings**

When you use a repeater, in addition to providing values to the default fields for a widget, you must define the following settings.

Setting	Description
Flow	Identifies the query to use to fetch data displayed in the repeater.
Multi-select	This setting is used in combination with a map or a graph widget. If you select this check box, a check box appears in each row of the repeater in the ap- plication, allowing the user to select which items

Setting	Description
	should appear on the map or the graph. By default, this check box is cleared.
Checked	If you have configured the Multi-select setting, this setting indicates the initial state of the check box in each row of the repeater in the application. By default, this check box is cleared. If you select this check box, all the check boxes in the application are selected.
Action	Identifies the action that should be performed when the repeater is selected. For example, sup- pose you want to allow the application users to se- lect an asset, and then retrieve more information about the asset. In that case, select <b>Set global val-</b> <b>ue</b> , and then select the global variable that stores the asset ID. The value set in this global variable is then used as an input to another query to retrieve data about the asset.
	You can add multiple actions.
Load <number> rows at a time</number>	Identifies the number of rows that should appear by default in the repeater. By default, the value in this box is 10. If you select this check box, the <b>Pag-</b> <b>ing</b> and <b>"Load more" button</b> options appear.
	<ul> <li>Paging: If you select this option, each page in the repeater will contain the number of rows that you specify. You can navigate to the other pages to access the rest of the rows.</li> <li>"Load more" button: If you select this option, the repeater will initially contain the number of rows that you specify. A Load more but- ton appears in the application, which allows the application user to retrieve additional rows in the same page.</li> </ul>

Setting		Desc	ription	
Item Horizontal Alignment	Identifies the number of repeater instances that will appear horizontally next to one another before moving to the next row. For example, suppose you want to display the fol- lowing information in the repeater.		ne another before to display the fol-	
	De- vice II	Latest Tin	ne Stam	ıр
	Device	1 2019/12/22 8	:04:37:0	037
	Device	2 2019/12/22 2	2:14:31	:545
	Device	3 2019/12/22 8	:04:40:	040
	Device	4 2019/12/21 5	:28:59:	059
	-	nter 2 in this box, the repeater.	the tabl	e is split as fol-
	De- vice ID	Latest Time Stamp	De- vice ID	Latest Time Stamp
	De-	2019/12/22	De-	2019/12/22
	vice 1	8:04:37:037	vice 2	22:14:31.545
		2019/12/22	De-	2019/12/21
	vice 3	8:04:40:040	vice 4	5:28:59:059

### Using a Repeater for a Basic Operation

Suppose you want to use a repeater to display temperature recorded by multiple sensors, which is stored in the M2M\_data entity. In addition to displaying the temperature, you can use a gauge widget in the repeater to highlight whether the temperature is in the acceptable range, as shown in the following image.

Device_ID	Latest Time Stamp	Measured Data	Gauge Display		
TESTDev_0	2016/12/28 1:17:21.110	48.76	<b>0°</b> C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_1	2016/12/28 1:17:21.211	61.57	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_2	2016/12/28 1:17:21.313	45.44	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> ℃
TESTDev_3	2016/12/28 1:17:21.415	37.36	<b>0 °</b> C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_4	2016/12/28 1:17:21.516	50.51	<b>0°</b> C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_5	2016/12/28 1:17:21.616	38.63	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_6	2016/12/28 1:17:21.717	57.86	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_7	2016/12/28 1:17:20.808	55.65	<b>0 °</b> C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_8	2016/12/28 1:17:20.908	51.88	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 °</b> C
TESTDev_9	2016/12/28 1:17:21.008	38.15	<b>0</b> °C	50	<b>100 ℃</b>

To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create the following queries:
  - GetDistinctDeviceIDs: To fetch a distinct list of device IDs from the M2M\_data entity. Enter or select values as shown in the following image.

Queries > GetDistinctDeviceIDs	Ê
Description: Query Type <sup>2</sup> © Get © Update © Insert © Delete	
Entity: M2M_data *	
Output Data	
Field Function Access	
M2M_data -> device_id         ♦         None ♦         All users         ♦	
+ Add field + Add all fields	
Conditions	
Required       M2M_data -> metric       =       \$       Fixed value       \$       \$       Temperature         * Add       Add       Image: String strin	9
Role Conditions	
+ Add role condition	
Advanced	
Distinct: ♥ Order By: M2M_data -> device_id ♥ Order: Asc ♥ 會 ♥ Add Group By: ♥ Add	

 GetLastDeviceTemperature: To fetch the measurement time (that is, time stamp) and the measured value of the temperature for each device. Enter or select values as shown in the following image.

Queries > GetLastDevice	Temperature	<b>D</b>
Description: Query Type.* Entity:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> <li>M2M_data</li> </ul>	
Output Data		
Field M2M_data -> device_id M2M_data -> data M2M_data -> timestamp + Add field + Ad	Function     Access	
Conditions Required \$	M2M_data -> device_id	Ê
Required $\Rightarrow$	M2M_data → metric ¢ = ¢ Fixed value ¢ String Temperature 🗊	
Add role condition		
Advanced		
Distinc Order B Group B	y: M2M_data→timestamp ¢ Order: Desc ¢	

- 2. Create an application, and then add a page.
- 3. Add a container to the page for the heading row, and perform the following steps:
  - a. Split the container into four columns.
  - b. In each column, add a header widget to contain the column headings.
  - c. Specify the following column headings:

- Device ID
- Last Reading
- Temperature
- Gauge
- d. In the **Visual** section for each heading, select the **Custom Colors** check box, and in the **Color** box, select the white color.
- 4. In the **Visual** section, select the **Custom Colors** check box, and in the **Background Color** box, select the dark blue color.
- 5. Add a repeater for the data rows, and perform the following tasks:
  - a. Split the repeater into four columns.
  - b. In the first column, add a text widget and an input widget.
  - c. In the second column, add a text widget.
  - d. In the third column, add two text widgets.
  - e. In the fourth column, add a gauge widget.

The widget appears as shown in the following image.

DeviceID	Last reading	Temperature	Sauge		
peater					
Text Field	Text Field	Text Field		50	100

- 6. Select **PAGE DATA**, and then perform the following steps:
  - a. Add the two queries that you have created.
  - b. For the GetDistinctDeviceIDs query, configure the settings as shown in the following image.

•	GetDistinctDeviceIDs	Θ
	Set different submission options for Mobil vices	e
1	Auto submit (as soon as data is available)	
	Auto update	
	Auto sync	
	Auto submit on input change	
	Multi-select input	
Ro	w Limit	0
50	)	

c. For the GetLatestDeviceTemperature query, configure the settings as shown in the following image.

<ul> <li>GetLastDeviceTemperature</li> </ul>	Θ
<ul> <li>Set different submission options for M devices</li> </ul>	Iobile
<ul> <li>Auto submit (as soon as data is availa</li> </ul>	ble)
Auto update	
Auto sync	
Auto submit on input change	
Multi-select input	
Row Limit	0
1	٢

- 7. In the **REPEATER PROPERTIES** section, in the **Flow** box, select the query GetDistinctDeviceIDs.
- 8. In the **PAGE DATA** section, from the the GetDIstinctDeviceIDs query, drag M2M\_data.device\_id to the text widget and the input widget in the first column of the repeater.
- 9. In the INPUT WIDGET PROPERTIES section, select the Disabled and Hidden check boxes.
- 10. In the **PAGE DATA** section, from the GetLastDeviceTemperature query:
  - Drag DeviceID to the input widget in the first column of the repeater.
  - Drag M2M\_data.timestamp to the text widget in the second column of the repeater.
  - Drag M2M\_data.data to the two text widgets in the third column and the gauge widget in the fourth column of the repeater.

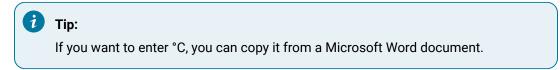
- 11. Select the text widget in the second column, and in the **TEXT PROPERTIES** section, in the **Format** box, select **DateTime**.
- 12. Select the first text widget in the third column, and in the **TEXT PROPERTIES** section, select **Add Conditions**, and then specify values as shown in the following image.

Text Conditions				
M2M_data.data 💠 <= 💠 Manual 💠 50 🔟				
+ Add condition	Done			

- 13. Select the second text widget in the third column of the repeater, and in the **TEXT PROPERTIES** section, perform the following steps:
  - a. In the **Visual** section, select the **Custom Colors** check box, and then in the **Color** box, select red.
  - b. Select **Add Conditions**, and then specify values as shown in the following image.

Text Conditions				
M2M_data.data 💠 🔶 Manual 🕏 50 🗎				
+ Add condition	Done			

- 14. Select the gauge widget in the repeater, and in the **GAUGE PROPERTIES** section, perform the following steps:
  - a. Delete two of the color sections.
  - b. In the Start Position and Label boxes for the remaining color section, enter 50.
  - c. In the Maximum box, enter 100.
  - d. In the **Units** box, enter degrees Celsius.



The repeater widget appears as shown in the following image.

DeviceID	Last reading	Temperature	🗧 Gauge		
peater					
[M2M_data.device_id]	[M2M_data.timestamp]	[M2M_data.data]	0 °C	50	100

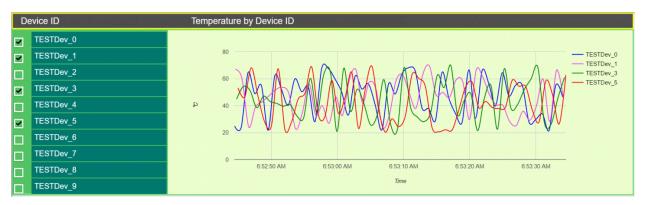
15. Save the application, and preview it.

The application appears as shown in the following image.

DeviceID	Last reading	Temperature	Gauge
ev1230	03/12/2019 06:10:58.295 pm	45.03	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1231	03/12/2019 06:10:58.497 pm	44.16	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1232	03/12/2019 06:10:58.703 pm	51.88	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1233	03/12/2019 06:10:58.908 pm	55.7	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1234	03/12/2019 06:10:59.112 pm	52.65	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1235	03/12/2019 06:10:59.318 pm	45.53	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1236	03/12/2019 06:10:59.521 pm	57.99	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1237	03/12/2019 06:10:59.727 pm	42.5	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1238	03/12/2019 06:10:59.930 pm	43.5	0 °C 50 100 °C
ev1239	03/12/2019 06:11:00.134 pm	47.32	0 °C 50 100 °C

#### Using a Repeater for a Multi-Select Operation

Suppose you want to use a repeater to plot a trend graph of temperature recorded by selected devices. You want to allow application users to select the devices whose temperature you want to plot in real time, as shown in the following image.



To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create the following queries:
  - GetDistinctDeviceIDs: To fetch a distinct list of device IDs from the M2M\_data entity. Enter or select values as shown in the following image.

Queries > GetDistinctDeviceIDs	Ê
Description: // Query Type? © Get © Update © Insert © Delete	
Entity: M2M_data +	
Output Data	
Field     Function     Access       M2M_data -> device_id     None      All users      Image: Comparison of the comparison of	
Conditions       Required	9
Add role condition	
Advanced	
Distinct:	

• GetLatestDeviceTemperature: To fetch the measurement time (that is, time stamp) and the measured value of the temperature for each device. Enter or select values as shown in the following image.

Queries > GetLastDevice	Temperature	•
Description: Query Type.* Entity:	<ul> <li>Get</li> <li>Update</li> <li>Insert</li> <li>Delete</li> <li>M2M_data</li> </ul>	
Output Data		
Field M2M_data -> device_id M2M_data -> data M2M_data -> timestamp	Function     Access	
+Add field + Add	all fields	
Required \$	M2M_data -> device_id	Ê
Required \$	M2M_data -> metric \$ = \$ Fixed value \$ String Temperature \$	
Role Conditions		
Advanced		
Distinct Order By Group By	M2M_data -> timestamp Add	

- 2. Create an application, and then add a page.
- 3. Add a container with six columns.
- 4. Except for the first column, merge the other five columns.
- 5. Add a repeater and a graph widget to the container, and add a header widget to the repeater, as shown in the following image.

Container		 	 	
Repeater	0			
Header				

- The repeater provides a list of devices that the application users can select.
- The graph plots the temperature recorded by the selected devices.
- 6. Select **PAGE DATA**, and perform the following steps:
  - a. Add the two queries that you have created.
  - b. For the GetDistinctDeviceIDs query, configure the settings as shown in the following image.

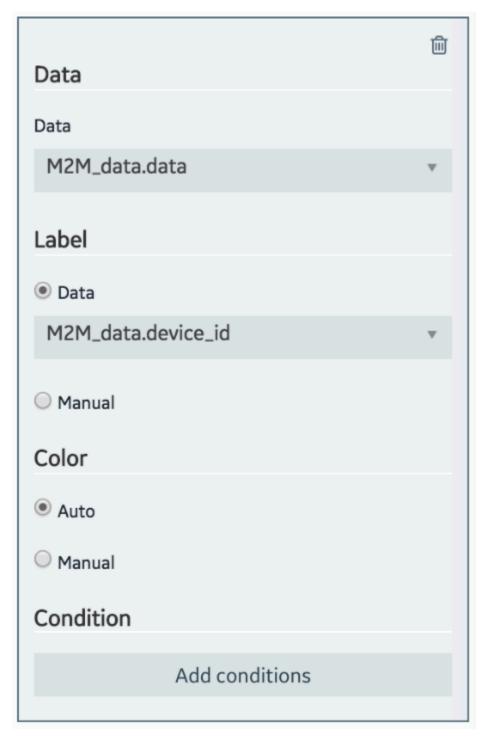
•	GetDistinctDeviceIDs	0
	Set different submission options for Mobil vices	e
1	Auto submit (as soon as data is available)	
	Auto update	
	Auto sync	
	Auto submit on input change	
	Multi-select input	
Ro	w Limit	0
50	)	

c. For the GetLatestDeviceTemperature query, configure the settings as shown in the following image.

<ul> <li>GetLastDeviceTemperature</li> </ul>	Θ
Set different submission options for Mobi devices	le
<ul> <li>Auto submit (as soon as data is available)</li> </ul>	)
<ul> <li>Auto update</li> </ul>	
Interval 2	
Units	
Seconds	ŧ
Auto sync	
Auto submit on input change	
<ul> <li>Multi-select input</li> </ul>	
DeviceID *	
Row Limit	0
50	

- 7. In the **REPEATER PROPERTIES** section, in the **Flow** box, select the query GetDistinctDeviceIDs, and then select the **Multi-select** and **Checked** check boxes.
- 8. In the GRAPH PROPERTIES section:
  - In the **Type** box, select **Lines**.
  - In the X-axis Data box, select M2M\_data.timestamp from the GetLatestDeviceTemperature query.
  - In the X-axis Label box, enter Time.
  - In the Y-axis Label box, enter Temperature.
  - In the **Data** box, select M2M\_data.data from the GetLatestDeviceTemperature query.

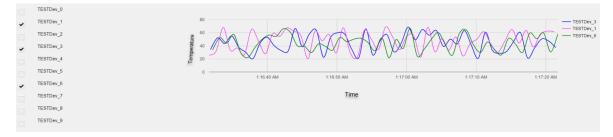
• In the Label box, select M2M\_data.device\_id from the GetLatestDeviceTemperature query.



- 9. In the GRAPH PROPERTIES section, in the Responsive subsection, set the height to 50 percent.
- 10. Select the header widget, and then in the **HEADER PROPERTIES** section, select **Data**, and then select M2M\_data.device\_id from the GetDistinctDeviceIDs query.
- 11. Select PAGE DATA, and then perform the following steps:

- a. For the GetDistinctDeviceIDs query, point to the row containing M2M\_data.device\_id, and then select . This will create a global variable for the ID.
- b. For the GetLatestDeviceTemperature query, drag the input DeviceID to the global variable that you have created.
- 12. Save the application, and preview it.

The application appears as shown in the following image. You can use the check boxes to display or hide the temperature curve for each device.



## Tools

### **Event Settings**

An event settings widget is used to allow users to turn on or off event notifications using the application.

#### Using the Event Settings Widget to Control an Event

Suppose you want to trigger an event to send email notifications when the temperature recorded by a device reaches a certain limit, and you want users to specify the limit using the application. To do so, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create an email template named Temperature\_Warning, which you will use to send email notifications.
- 2. Create an event named Temperature\_Warning. In the event:
  - Create a trigger based on a device.
  - Create an action to send an email using the email template that you have created.

#### i) Tip:

For information on creating an event, refer to the Events (on page 228) section of the documentation.

- 3. Using the page designer, add the event settings widget to the relevant page of the application.
- 4. In the EVENT SETTINGS PROPERTIES section, in the Event box, select the event High\_Temperature.

5. Save the application, and then access it.

The event settings widget appears in the application.

High_Temperature				
	Add new notifier			

6. Select Add new notifier to add an instance of the event.

The Event notifier section appears, displaying the settings that you have configured.

High_Temperature				
Event notifier			OFF	
MaxTemp	40			
Create		C	ancel	
Add new notifier				

7. Change the settings as needed, switch the **ON** toggle, and then select **Create**.

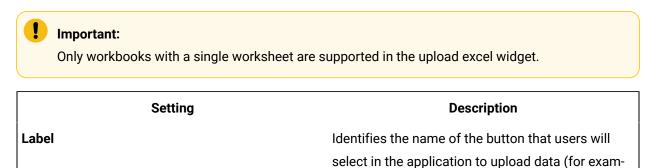
The event is now active and will be triggered when the temperature reaches the specified limit.

## Upload Excel

The upload excel widget is used to upload data from a Microsoft Excel workbook. This data is used to update an entity that has been created in Operations Hub.

#### **Upload Excel Settings**

When you use an upload excel widget, in addition to providing values for the default fields for a widget, you must define the following settings.



Setting	Description
	ple, Upload Employee Data). By default, the value in this box is <b>Upload Excel</b> .
Entity	Identifies the entity to be updated with the data from the Microsoft Excel workbook. When you se- lect the entity, the entity fields appear along with a check box next to each field. These check box- es are selected by default, indicating that the da- ta for the corresponding fields will be included in the Microsoft Excel workbook. If you do not want to include data for a field, clear the corresponding check box.
Actions	Identifies the actions to be performed after the da- ta is uploaded. For example, you can add a table to the application to display the data that has been uploaded, and then use a submit query action to update the table.

#### **Updating Data of Sales Representatives**

Suppose you want to update the data of sales representatives that is stored in the SalesRep entity. It contains the following fields:

- Rep\_Code
- Rep\_Name
- Department
- Car\_No

To update the entity using the upload excel widget, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create a Microsoft Excel workbook with the data that you want to update. It is recommended that the column names match the field names in the entity.
- 2. Using page designer, add the upload excel widget to the application.
- 3. In the Upload Excel Properties section:
  - a. In the Label box, enter Upload Sales Rep Data.
  - b. In the Entity box, select SalesRep.
- 4. Save the application, and preview it.

A button labeled **Upload Sales Rep Data** appears in the application.

5. Select **Upload Sales Rep Data**, and then select the workbook that you created.

The Select Column Mapping window appears.

6. Enter or select values as specified in the following table.

Setting	Description
Use Header Row Names	Select this check box if you want to use the names specified in the heading row in the workbook. When you select this check box, the <b>Header Row Number</b> box appears.
Header Row Number	Enter the row number that contains the column names. Suppose the column names appear in the first row of the workbook. In that case, enter 1.
Import da- ta from row <number> to row <num-< th=""><th>Enter the starting and ending rows in the workbook whose data you want to upload. Suppose the data for the four fields that you want to upload appears in the first four rows in the workbook. In that case, enter 1 and 4.</th></num-<></number>	Enter the starting and ending rows in the workbook whose data you want to upload. Suppose the data for the four fields that you want to upload appears in the first four rows in the workbook. In that case, enter 1 and 4.
ber>	<ul> <li>Tip:</li> <li>If you want to import data in all the rows in the workbook, leave the to row box blank.</li> </ul>
Append Da- ta to existing data	Select this option if you want data from the workbook to be appended to the exist- ing data in the entity. By default, this option is selected.
Overwrite existing data	Select this option if you want data from the workbook to overwrite the existing da- ta in the entity.
Specify Col- umn Map- pings	For each field in the entity, select the column name in the workbook that you want to map. Suppose you want to map the Rep_Name field in the entity with the Repre- sentative Name column in the workbook. In that case, select <b>Representative Name</b> in the box that appears next to <b>Rep_Name</b> .

7. Select Import.

The SalesRep entity is updated with the data from the workbook.

# **Upload Devices**

Using the upload devices widget, you can upload a list of assets to Operations Hub. This data is stored in the baseline M2M entities.

### Using the Upload Devices Widget

To use an upload devices widget, save the asset data in a CSV file with the following columns.

Col- umn Head- ing	Purpose	Usage		Mapped to Enti- ty Field
de- vice_u- nique name	Identifies the unique ID of the device gateway or asset. This is the ID that the device will use when sending data using REST APIs or MQTT APIs.	This column is required.	de- vice gate- way	de- vice_id
			M2M group- s_de- vice thing	-
de- vice type	Identifies the type of the device gateway or asset.	This column is required.	de- vice gate- way	de- vice type
			sup- port- ed_de- vice gate- way	de- vice type
	- Identifies the unique address of the de- vice gateway (for example, imei number, mac address, unit ID).			unique ad- dress
url	Identifies the URL for the device gate- way.	If there is no URL, enter None. This column is required if the unique_ad- dress column is blank.	de- vice gate- way	url

Col- umn Head- ing	Purpose	Usage	••	Mapped to Enti- ty Field
thing u- nique name	This parameter is obsolete.	This column is required and must be blank.		
thing type	This parameter is obsolete.	This column is required and must be blank.		
group name	Identifies the name of the device group. If the group does not exist in Operations Hub, it will be created.	This column is required. If devices are not grouped, we recommend that you enter the same value as in	groups	group name group
		the device_type column.	group- s_de- vice thing	•
group type	Identifies the group type. The supported group type is gateway.	This column is required.	M2M groups	group type

In addition, the CSV file can contain the following columns:

• Columns mapped to the device\_gateway entity:

- ${\scriptstyle \circ}$  device\_location
- device\_altitude
- device\_latitude
- device\_longitude
- device\_lationg
- device\_username
- device\_password
- device\_firmware\_ver
- $\circ$  device\_description
- device\_generic\_1
- device\_generic\_2

• Columns mapped to the supported\_device\_gateway entity:

- supported\_description
- supported\_manufactor
- supported\_product\_code
- supported\_generic\_1
- supported\_generic\_2
- Columns mapped to the M2M\_groups entity:
  - o group\_generic\_1
  - o group\_generic\_2
  - group\_description

## **Integration Widgets**

### **CIMPLICITY HMI Webspace**

Use the widget to access CIMPLICITY CimView screens.

Employ the Webspace widget with other Operations Hub widgets for better consolidation and visualization of data. This provides you with an end-to-end solution for better data analysis, visualization and monitoring. Refer to Integrating Webspace with Operations Hub (*on page 418*).

The Webspace widget is available under **Integration > HMI**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop the widget to a container, and configure its properties.

#### Note:

Only a single instance of the CIMPLICITY HMI Webspace widget per app is supported. If using multiple instances of webspace widgets across multiple pages, you may encounter access error messages when navigating between pages that contain webspace instances. After confirming the message, the widget loads as expected.

Property	Description
Webspace server	Specify the machine that has CIMPLICITY Web- space running on it.
CIMPLICITY screen path	Specify the path to the CimView screen to load. This path is where the file resides on the Web- space system (C:\ProjectsFolder\screens\Screen- Name.cim).

#### Table 8. Webspace Properties (continued)

Property	Description
Port for the Webspace Session Manager	9443 is the default port setting.

#### **CIMPLICITY HMI Webspace at Runtime**



The first time a strong encrypted session is loaded, a message appears stating that the Proficy Webspace Strong Encryption license has been updated and needs a restart. If this error occurs, then restart these services in the following order (on the Webspace node):

- 1. Proficy WebSpace License Manager
- 2. Proficy WebSpace Application Publishing Service
- 3. Webspace Session Manager Microservice

# Integrating Webspace with Operations Hub

This topic describes the setup and configuration of Operations Hub with CIMPLICITY WebSpace.

Install the following applications:

- CIMPLICITY 11.1
- WebSpace 6.0 (with update 6.0.3, and Strong Encryption License)
- Operations Hub 2.0 (with SIM 4)
- Google Chrome (installed on each node)

You must have the following account information:

- Operations Hub secret (from installation)
- Operations Hub Administration Username/Password (default usually 'ophubadmin')
- 1. Add Operations Hub root certificate to the root certificate store on Operations Hub machine *(on page 46)*.
- 2. Enable the encrypted transport for communications via the Webspace server (on page 419).
- 3. Set up the IIS to listen on port 443 (on page 420).
- 4. Configure the Windows firewall (on page 425).
- 5. Export the CIMPLICITY self-signed certificate (on page 425).
- 6. Import the CIMPLICITY self-signed certificate to Operations Hub (on page 429).
- 7. Set up CIMPLICITY project properties (on page 432).
- 8. Set up CIMPLICITY project user security (on page 434).
- 9. Configure CIMPLICITY options (on page 435).

## Webspace - Enable Encrypted Transport

You must enable the encrypted transport for communications via the WebSpace server.

- 1. Open the WebSpace Administrator on the server running WebSpace.
- 2. Go to Tools > Host Options > Security.
- 3. For Transport, select Encrypted.
- 4. Browse to the CIMPLICITY installation\ScadaConfigPki folder, then select the server\_cert.crt file. For a default installation, the certificate location would be: C:\Program Files (x86)\Proficy \Proficy CIMPLICITY\ScadaConfigPki\server\_cert.crt

Host Options
Session Startup Session Shutdown Client Access Security Log General
Connections
Transport: Encrypted  Port: 491 Encryption: 56-bit DES
X.509 Certificate: Proficy CIMPLICITY\ScadaConfigPki\server_cert.crt
Notify users when connections are secure
Authentication
Standard authentication (prompt for user name and password)
Cache passwords on the client
Integrated Windows authentication
OK Cancel

5. Select **OK** to save and close **Host Options**.

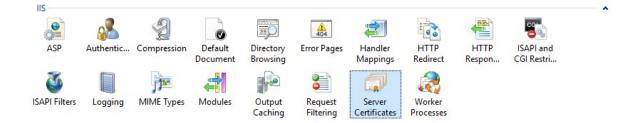
# IIS Configuration - Set up HTTPS Binding for port 443

You must set up the Microsoft Internet Information Services to listen on port 443 so that it can be used for https requests, which are necessary for the Operations Hub integration.

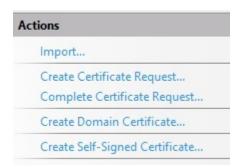
- 1. Log in to the CIMPLICITY/Webspace machine.
- 2. Go to Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools.
- 3. Open Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- 4. On the left-hand pane, select the root of the IIS Server, usually listed as the computer name.

lnternet Information	n Services (IIS) Manager
< → <	CIM11RC3B
File View Help	
Connections	
😪 - 🔒 🖄 🥵	
Start Page	
V 📲 CIM11RC3B (CI	M11RC3B\Administrator)
- Application	Pools
> 🥘 Sites	

5. Select Server Certificates.



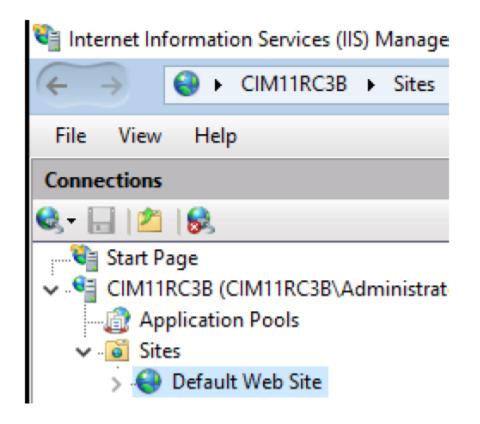
6. On the right-hand pane, select **Create Self-Signed Certificate**.



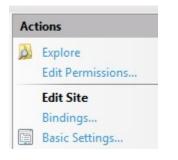
7. Enter name as ProficyWebspace, and select **Personal** as the certificate store.

Create Self-Signed Certificate	?	×
Specify Friendly Name		
Specify a file name for the certificate request. This information can be sent to a certificate authority for signing:		
Specify a friendly name for the certificate:		
ProficyWebSpace		
Select a certificate store for the new certificate: Personal		
ОК	Cancel	

- 8. Select **OK** to save.
- 9. On the left-hand pane, select the root of the IIS Server, usually listed as the computer name.
- 10. On the left-hand pane, select **Default Web Site**.



11. On the right-hand pane, go to **Edit Site > Bindings**.



- 12. Select Add to open Edit Site Binding.
- 13. Select https as type.
- 14. Select **All Unassigned** as the IP address.
- 15. Enter 443 for port.
- 16. Enter the computer name of the Webspace system as host name.
- 17. Select ProficyWebspace as the SSL Certificate.

dit Site Bindin					
Type:		IP address:		Port:	_
https	$\sim$	All Unassigned		~ 443	
Host name:					
CIM11RC3B					
Require Se	erver Nam	e Indication			
Require Se SSL certificat		e Indication			
	e:	e Indication	~	Select	View
SSL certificat	e:	e Indication	~	Select	View

- 18. Select OK.
- 19. On the **Site Bindings** dialog, select **Close**.

e Bindir	ngs				? ×
Туре	Host Name	Port	IP Address	Binding Informa	Add
http		80	*		Edit
https	CIM11RC3B	443	*		Editiii
					Remove
					Browse
					Close

20. On the left-hand pane, select the root of the IIS Server, usually listed as the computer name.

21. On the right-hand pane, select **Restart** to restart the IIS Server.

## **Configure Windows Firewall**

Open the Windows Firewall ports on each system so that the two nodes (WebSpace/Operations Hub) can communicate properly.

Open Windows Powershell as an administrator to run the commands.

- 1. On the Operations Hub system, run the following commands to open the firewall ports.
  - a. Open Operations Hub port 443 (Operations Hub reverse proxy port):

New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "my\_port\_443" -Direction Inbound -Action Allow -Protocol TCP -LocalPort 443

- 2. On the CIMPLICITY/WebSpace system, run the following commands to open the firewall ports.
  - a. Open CIMPLICITY port 9443 (Public external REST port for NGINX):

New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "my\_port\_9443" -Direction Inbound -Action Allow -Protocol TCP -LocalPort 9443

b. Open CIMPLICITY port 443 (the WebSpace/IIS port):

New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "my\_port\_443" -Direction Inbound -Action Allow -Protocol TCP -LocalPort 443

c. Open CIMPLICITY port 491 (the WebSpace server port):

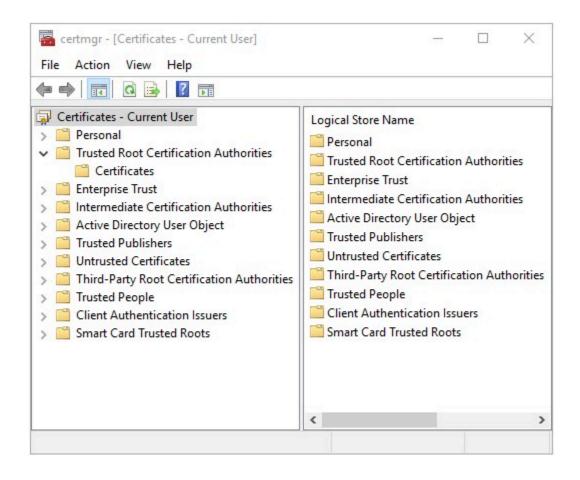
New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "my\_port\_491" -Direction Inbound -Action Allow -Protocol TCP -LocalPort 491

# Export CIMPLICITY Self-Signed Certificate

Export this certificate that was created when CIMPLICITY was installed on the system.

The certificate is exported and then imported into the Trusted Certificate store on the Operations Hub computer.

1. Open Windows Run, and enter certmgr.msc.



- 2. Go to Trusted Root Certification Authorities > Certificates.
- 3. Select the certificate named CIMPLICITY<computer\_name><datetime>@SelfsignedRootCA.

• 🔿 🖄 📷 🖌 🗞 🗶 📾 🔒				
Certificates - Current User	Issued To	Issued By	Expiration Date	Intend
Personal Trusted Root Certification Authorities	AddTrust External CA Root	AddTrust External CA Root	5/30/2020	Server
Certificates	Baltimore CyberTrust Root	Baltimore CyberTrust Root	5/12/2025	Server
Enterprise Trust	CIM11RC3B	CIM11RC3B	3/23/2022	Server
Intermediate Certification Authorities	CIMPLICITYCIM11RC3B 8:56:13.677835@SelfSignedRootCA	CIMPLICITYCIM11RC3B 8:56:13.67	3/12/2023	<all></all>
Active Directory User Object	Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority	Class 3 Public Primary Certificatio	8/1/2028	Server
Trusted Publishers	COMODO RSA Certification Authority	COMODO RSA Certification Auth	1/18/2038	Server
Untrusted Certificates	🔄 Copyright (c) 1997 Microsoft Corp.	Copyright (c) 1997 Microsoft Corp.	12/30/1999	Time S
Third-Party Root Certification Authorities	DigiCert Assured ID Root CA	DigiCert Assured ID Root CA	11/9/2031	Server
Trusted People	DigiCert High Assurance EV Root CA	DigiCert High Assurance EV Root	11/9/2031	Server
Client Authentication Issuers	GlobalSign Root CA	GlobalSign Root CA	1/28/2028	Server
Smart Card Trusted Roots	G Microsoft Authenticode(tm) Root Authority	Microsoft Authenticode(tm) Root	12/31/1999	Secure
	Microsoft Root Authority	Microsoft Root Authority	12/31/2020	<all></all>
	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority	Microsoft Root Certificate Authori	5/9/2021	<all></all>
	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority 2010	Microsoft Root Certificate Authori	6/23/2035	<aii></aii>
	Microsoft Root Certificate Authority 2011	Microsoft Root Certificate Authori	3/22/2036	<all></all>

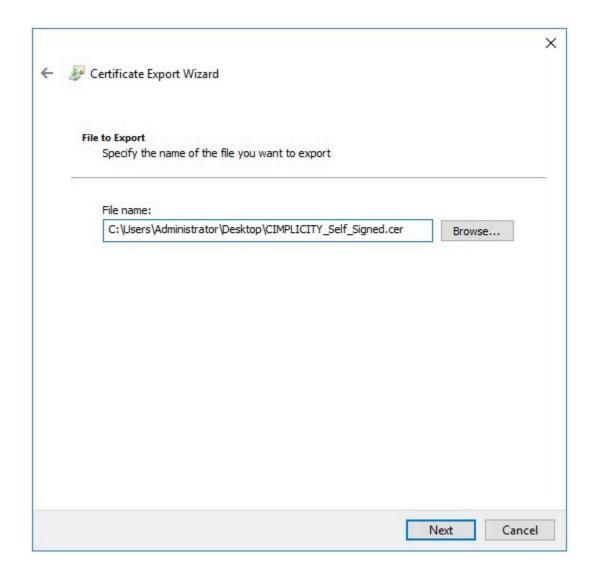
4. Right-click CIMPLICITY self-signed certificate, then select **All Tasks > Export**.

The Certificate Export Wizard appears.

- 5. Select Next.
- 6. When prompted for the Export File Format, select DER encoded binary X.509 (.CER).
- 7. Select Next.

Export File Format				
Ce	rtificates can be exported in a variety of file formats.			
Sel	ect the format you want to use:			
	DER encoded binary X.509 (.CER)			
	Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER)			
	O Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard - PKCS #7 Certificates (.P7B)			
	Include all certificates in the certification path if possible			
	Personal Information Exchange - PKCS #12 (.PFX)			
	Include all certificates in the certification path if possible			
	Delete the private key if the export is successful			
	Export all extended properties			
	Enable certificate privacy			
	O Microsoft Serialized Certificate Store (.SST)			

8. Select **Browse**, enter file name of CIMPLICITY\_Self\_Signed and choose to save on the Desktop.



- 9. Select Next.
- 10. Select Finish.

You have successfully completed the Certificate Export wizard. You have specified the following settings: File Name       C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\CIMP         Export Keys       No         Include all certificates in the certification path       No         File Format       DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)	C	ompleting the Certificate Exp	port Wizard
File Name       C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\CIME         Export Keys       No         Include all certificates in the certification path       No         File Format       DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)	Ye	ou have successfully completed the Certificate	Export wizard.
File Name       C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\CIMP         Export Keys       No         Include all certificates in the certification path       No         File Format       DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)			line (
Export Keys No Include all certificates in the certification path No File Format DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)			C \Users\Administrator\Deskton\CIMPI
Include all certificates in the certification path No File Format DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)	2		
File Format DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)			No
< >	1	File Format	DER Encoded Binary X.509 (*.cer)
			,

# Import CIMPLICITY Self-Signed Certificate

Import the CIMPLICITY self-signed certificate to the Operations Hub computer.

Export CIMPLICITY Self-Signed Certificate (on page 425).

- 1. Copy the exported certificate on the Operations Hub computer.
- 2. Right-click the certificate, and select Install Certificate.

The Certificate Import Wizard appears.

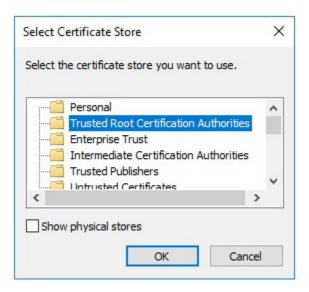
3. Select Local Machine, then select Next.

4	Certificate Import Wizard	
	Welcome to the Certificate Import Wizard	
	This wizard helps you copy certificates, certificate trust lists, and certificate revocation lists from your disk to a certificate store.	
	A certificate, which is issued by a certification authority, is a confirmation of your identity and contains information used to protect data or to establish secure network connections. A certificate store is the system area where certificates are kept.	
	Store Location	
	Local Machine	
	To continue, dick Next.	

4. Select Place all certificates in the following store.

e certificate.	cally select a certific lect the certificate s ates in the following	cate store, or you store based on th	kept. u can specify a location for ne type of certificate Browse
ndows can automatic e certificate. O Automatically sel Place all certificat	cally select a certific lect the certificate s ates in the following	cate store, or you store based on th	u can specify a location for ne type of certificate
e certificate. O Automatically sel O Place all certificat	lect the certificate s ates in the following	store based on th	e type of certificate
Place all certificat	ates in the following		
22 M CONTRACTOR STREET	a particular a second second second	store	Browse
Certificate store	2:		Browse
			Browse
			Next Cancel

5. Select Browse to access the Select Certificate Store.



- 6. Select Trusted Root Certification Authorities at the store, then select OK.
- 7. Select **Next** in the import wizard.
- 8. Select Finish.

The certificate is imported successfully.

## Set up CIMPLICITY Project Properties

Configure CIMPLICITY to interact with the Webspace widget in Operations Hub.

- 1. Open the CIMPLICITY project that you have access via Operations Hub, in the CIMPLICITY workbench.
- 2. Go to Project > Properties

The Project Properties dialog appears.

General	Options	Settings	Change Management	OPC UA Server	Operations Hub	
		ub Configu	iration	_		
Ser	ver name:				Test Connection	
Por	t:	443				
Use	er name:					
SS	L Security					
$\sim$	Require f	trusted cor	nnection		View Certificate	
-114	<u>۵/۵۵</u> #b2	Configurat	tion			
			OAuth2 server			
	-		O'Autriz server			
	Server UF	3L:				
	Requir	e trusted o	connection		View Certificate	
				OK	Cancel	Help

3. Select the **Operations Hub** tab, and provide these details:

Field	Description	
Server name	Enter the computer name of the Operations Hub server.	
Port	Enter 443.	
User name	Enter the administrator account for the Opera- tions Hub Server, i.e. OpHubAdmin.	
SSL Security	If (Not Trusted), follow these steps:	

Field	Description	
	<ul> <li>a. Select the check box for <b>Require trusted</b> connection.</li> <li>b. Select <b>View Certificate</b>. The certificate fields should be populated.</li> </ul>	
	Note: The certificate retrieved from the Operations Hub server is placed in the <project>/da- ta/WebHMIPki/server_certs fold- er. C. Go to <project>/data/WebHMIPki/serv- er_certs/ folder, and copy the certifi- cate called <opshub servername=""> Root CA <datetime>.cert d. Paste the certificate in <project>/da- ta/WebHMIPki/trusted_issuers/ folder. e. Verify if SSL Security is updated to (Trusted).</project></datetime></opshub></project></project>	
Test Connection	After updating all the details, test the connec- tion.	

Connected successfully to the Operations Hub server.

# Set up CIMPLICITY Project User Security

To avoid having to login on the Webspace container to the project, for each user that is configured in Operations Hub, a matching user must be configured in the CIMPLICITY project.

- 1. Open the CIMPLICITY Project in the CIMPLICITY Workbench.
- 2. Go to **Security > Users**.

3. For each user in the Operations Hub configuration, create a CIMPLICITY user of the same name with a security type of CIMPLICITY.



The passwords for the user between Operations Hub and the CIMPLICITY project do not need to match.

## **Configure CIMPLICITY Options**

Set up CIMPLICITY options to ensure that sessions are properly created.

- 1. On the CIMPLICITY/WebSpace node open **CIMPLICITY Options**.
- 2. Select the **Webspace** tab.
- 3. On the left pane, select General.
- 4. Select the check box for Autostart Webspace Session Manager.
- 5. Verify the port is 4957, then select **Apply**.

Projects	Startup Options	Security	Hosts	Historian Connections
Broad	cast Sessions	Firewa	ll l	Webspace
General	Webspace Adm	nin Console		
Server	Create We			
	Create CimLayou	ut Web Page		
	Disallow file op	en in CimView		
		Webspace Sessio ebspace Session N		
	Port: 4957	ebspace Session in	ianayei	

A message appears to restart the Webspace Session Manager service.

- 6. Select **Yes** to restart the service.
- 7. On the left pane, select **Server**.

Projects	Startup Options	Security I	losts	Historian Connections
Broad	cast Sessions	Firewall		Webspace
General	Use this tab to con running Webspace	figure Operations Hub \ e.	Webspace	settings when
Server	Windows Server	Credentials		
	User name:			Test
	Password:			
	Operations Hub (	JAA/OAuth2 Setup		
	Server URL:			Test
	Use proxy			
	Trust UAA	View Certificate	Ge	nerate UAA Client
	Untrusted			Not generated
	Single/Relay Serv	/er Dependent Server	-	
	Set Session M WSM admin	anager Credentials		
	Admin passw	vord:		
	Confirm pass	sword:		

8. Provide these details:

Field	Description
Windows Server Credentials	a. Enter a valid <b>User name</b> and <b>Password</b> for the Webspace system.
	Note: The user must be authorized to launch CimView.exe, as well as access the screens directory for

Field	Description
	the screens that are accessed via the Webspace widget.
	<ul> <li>b. Select <b>Test</b>. If successful,</li> <li>Trust UAA appears as <b>Untrusted</b></li> <li>Generate UAA Client appears as <b>Not generated</b></li> </ul>
Operations Hub UAA/OAuth2 Setup	<ul> <li>a. Enter the Server URL for the Operations Hub server. For example, https://opshub- system:443/uaa.</li> <li>b. Test for a successful connection.</li> <li>c. Select Trust UAA to change its status from untrusted to trusted.</li> </ul>
	Note: When trusted, the UAA certificates are copied to the <cim- PLICITY installation&gt;\web- space-session-manager\pki \trusted directory.</cim- 
	<ul> <li>d. Select Generate UAA Client to enter the credentials for UAA Administrator.</li> <li>i. Client Id: admin</li> <li>ii. Client Secret: Enter the Operations Hub secret, which was entered during installing Operations Hub.</li> <li>iii. Select Generate.</li> <li>The status changes to Generated on successful generation of the UAA Client.</li> </ul>
Single/Relay Server	Provide the session manager credentials, and select <b>Apply</b> .

Field	Description
	<ul> <li>WSM Admin User: Enter a user name (example: Administrator)</li> <li>Admin Password: Enter a password (ex-</li> </ul>
	ample: pass1234) • Confirm Password: Enter the same pass- word to confirm.
	Note: This can be any user name/password and does not have to match any specif- ic windows user name or password.

A message appears to restart the Webspace Session Manager service.

9. Select Yes to restart the service.

### Date Picker

Add a calendar to display date and time in a variety of formats.

The calendar allows you to select specific date and time to use with queries and other data in the end application. All time related queries can make use of the date and time selection.

The date picker widget is available under **INTEGRATION > GENERAL**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEDatePicker** to a container.

(	Container		
	1/1/2020	۵	
			2

Specify these plugin properties:



Note:

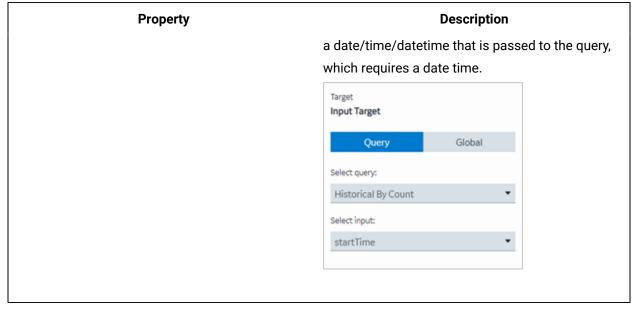
When configuring input targets for plugins, ensure that no other binding exists for the target query input. To remove a binding from the query input, select the unlink icon next to the binding.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (*on page 564*).

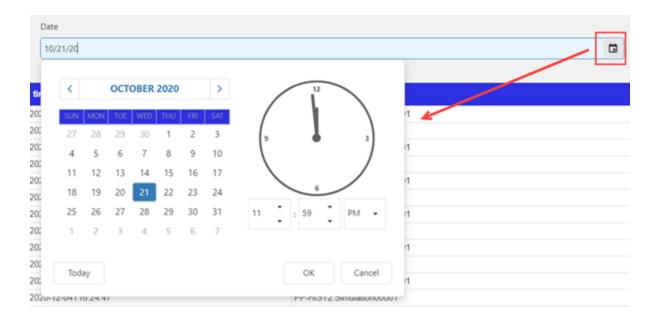
#### Table 9. DatePicker Properties

Property	Description		
Title	Provide the text that appears as a label above the plugin in the end application.		
Туре	Select from these options for display in the end ap- plication:		
	<ul> <li>date: displays only date</li> <li>time: displays only time</li> <li>datetime: displays both date and time</li> </ul>		
Display Format	Select the format for the date and time display.		
Timezone	Select the timezone as local or UTC.		
	<b>Note:</b> For Historian sources, use 'local' for time- zone.		
Source Input Value	Set this value to allow the plugin to start displaying a specific date and/or time when it loads in the end application.		
	Source Input Value		
	Query Global Manual Formula		
	Select query:		
	Historical By Count		
	Select output field:		
	none		
	+Add Field +Add All Fields		
Input Target	This is the value the plugin provides as an output in		





### **Date Picker at Runtime**



### Breadcrumb

With the GEBreadcrumb plugin, you can navigate through the asset model.

The purpose of a breadcrumb is to allow you to access an asset's information located anywhere in the asset model hierarchy. A breadcrumb navigation also defines the relationship between different assets in a model.

The breadcrumb navigation is available for all the widgets in Operations Hub. You can navigate in the trend card using breadcrumb.

In the end application UI, to access the breadcrumb, select and browse your model.

à	FinishedWaterPumpStation			
ļ	Select your context			
>		FinishedWaterPumpStation >		

Apps > Historian Analy	sis≻ Multiple Trend View	Open App 🗹 Include in app navigation Cancel Save App
	container	GEBREADCRUM PAGE DA
LAYOUTS -	Container	Settings Visual Respon
TOOLS 👻	FinishedWaterPumpStation > Store	rrageTank1
INTEGRATION 🔻	Container	
GENERAL 👻	Time Frame - Last 5 minutes	DISPLAY Conditions @
SEBreadcrumb v3.0.0 ₽	$\Lambda \wedge \Lambda \wedge \Lambda$	Add conditions
TAG BROWSER		Show on:
Select an Option   Selected Items :	A WARD WARD AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	Mobile 🖉 Tablet 🖉 Desktop 🖉

You must specify these breadcrumb properties:

#### Note:

When configuring input targets for plugins, ensure that no other binding exists for the target query input. To remove a binding from the query input, select the unlink icon next to the binding.

#### ltem

#### Description

Source Asset Select the source (asset name) for an asset context. The selected context appears as a default breadcrumb view in the end application. This asset name must exist in your asset model (on page 271).

Source Asset Context							
Query	Global	Manual	Formula				
Select query:							
Historical By Count							
Alias:							
Select output field:							
timestamp	0		•				
+Add Fie	d +Ad	d All Fields					

Target AssetSelect the target for an asset context. This target defines where that output goes on se-Contextlecting an asset in a breadcrumb, so that it can be fed either to a query or a global.

Target Asset Context	
Query	Global
Select query:	
Historical By Count	•
Select input:	
tag	•

Target Exten-Select the target for an extension query. This is a formatted string with a list of proper-sion Query forties that defines the hierarchy of the breadcrumb in the end application. For example,

#### ltem

#### Description

Asset Context consider these crumbs in a hierarchy - first is 'pump', second is 'pump pressure', 'pump Properties frequency', 'pump vibration', or 'pump flow'.

Target Extension Query for Asset Context Properties					
Query	Global				
Select query:					
Historical By Count		•			
Select input:					
tagDisplayFormat		•			

The breadcrumb is customizable, enabling you to add conditions for display navigation. Refer to Page Components (on page 564) for common widget properties.

## **Trend Card**

Use the trend card widget to build trend charts in your application.

Refer to Trend Chart Overview (on page 445) for more information.

The trend card widget is available under Integration > General. When designing application pages (on

page 308), drag-and-drop GETrendCard to a container.

#### Table 10. Trend Card Properties

Property	Description
Asset Name (Optional Override)	Select an asset name.
Select Favorite	Contains a list of saved favorites. Select a favorite chart view from the drop-down list. The selected view loads by default when you launch the trend chart at runtime.
Default Sampling Mode	Select a sampling mode. This mode is set as de- fault, and loaded at runtime for historical sources on both Live and Historical trends.

Property	Description
Height	Sets the height of the widget.
Show Trend Legend	Select to show legend on a trend chart.
Show Favorites	Select to show favorites on a trend chart.

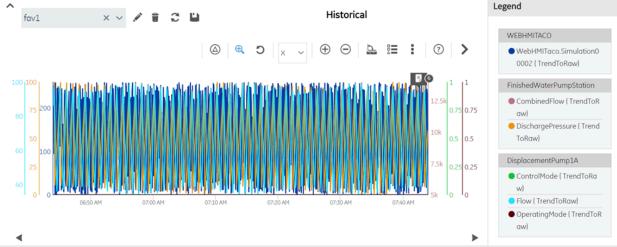
#### Table 10. Trend Card Properties (continued)

### **Trend Chart Overview**

The trend chart allows you to plot real time data from OPC UA servers and historical data from Historian servers. You can plot the data using the context of a model or browse for a Historian or OPC UA server. You can then add tags to the chart.

The model contains asset types and assets. The assets have properties associated with them, which are, in turn, associated with tags defined in Historian or OPC UA.

The following image shows an example of a trend chart. ~ Historical fav1 × × 1 2 🗎



The following table describes the tasks that you can perform on a trend chart.

Task	Procedure
Access the properties used in a trend chart.	The properties used in a trend chart appear in the <b>Legend</b> section.
Remove a property from a trend chart.	To delete a property from the trend chart, select the property, then select 🚳.

Task	Procedure				
	FinishedWaterPumpStation         CombinedFlow (Trend Strokaw)         DischargePressure (Trend ToRaw)				
Increase the area of a trend chart.	<ul> <li>Hide the toolbar by selecting</li> <li>Hide the Legend section by selecting</li> </ul>				
Pause the data flow of a trend chart.	<ul> <li>This option is available only for the live mode.</li> <li>On the toolbar, select to pause trending.</li> <li>You can resume the data flow by selecting .</li> </ul>				
View the delta value between two data points.	The delta values for the trend is displayed in the Legend section.				

Task	Procedure
Drill down a trend chart.	On the toolbar, select $\bigoplus$ to drill down or zoom into a trend chart
	for more granular information. To zoom out, select $\Theta_{\cdot}$
	If you want to zoom in or zoom out a single axis, select the axis in
	the drop-down list box next to $^{igodelymbol{\oplus}}$ .
	If you want to enlarge an area on the chart, select $^{igoplus}$ , and then select the area on the chart.
	Data is refetched only in historical mode when zoomed in/out (changes chart start time/duration) of a chart. For example, con- sider trending 500 samples from 1-2pm, then zoom in to 1:00 -1:10pm to request 500 samples data for that 10 minute span.
Pan across a trend chart.	You must zoom in/out of a chart to be able to pan across a trend chart. The pan icon is enabled when you perform the zoom opera- tion.
	The pan icon is visible only in the <b>Live</b> mode.
	• Zoom in/out of a chart <i>(on page 447)</i> .
	• On the toolbar, select 💠, and then drag the icon to the area
	on the chart that you want to view.
	<ul> <li>Move the icon left/right to pan across the x-axis.</li> <li>Move the icon up/down to pan across the y-axis.</li> </ul>
	In <b>Historical</b> mode:
	• Zoom in/out of a chart <i>(on page 447)</i> .
	• Use the scroll icons (on page 449) for Shift Left/Right to
	move horizontally on the x-axis.
	• Use the scroll icons <i>(on page 449)</i> for Shift Up/Down to move vertically on the y-axis.
Mark a trend chart view as fa- vorite. It is an easy way to view the trend chart for commonly used	On the toolbar, select 🟠, enter a name for the view, and then se- lect <b>Add</b> .

Task	Procedure					
	Enter a name for your new favorite: sampling Cancel Add					
	Important: Do not include these special characters in your favorite name as they are not supported. ? / \ # ; %					
	To load a favorite view, select the view from the drop-down list box next to $\overleftrightarrow$ .					
	You can also access the list of saved favorites while creating appli- cation pages (on page 308) in Operation Hub. Under Trend Card widget properties, select a favorite chart view from <b>Select Favorite</b> drop-down list. The selected view loads by default when you launch the trend chart at runtime.					
View the statistics of tags plotted on a trend chart.	The statistical data for the Historian tags used in the trend chart appear below the chart.					
	<ul> <li>On the toolbar, select to show the statistical data.</li> <li>To hide statistics, select again.</li> </ul>					
	In historical mode, tag statistics are refetched on zooming in/out (changes chart start time/duration) of a chart.					
Export the trend chart data.	The trend chart data is exported and saved as a CSV file.					

Task	Procedure					
	On the toolbar, select , then select to export data.					
Print a trend chart.	On the toolbar, select i, then select i. You have the option to provide a title that appears above the trend chart.					
Reset the trend chart options.	On the toolbar, select , then select . Any changes you have made to the duration, start time, axis preferences, and properties are reverted.					
Scroll through the historical data.	Select <a>and</a> to move back and forth in the chart, and access historical data. Scrolling back and forth changes the start time for the chart.					

Task	Procedure				
	For example, if you are currently viewing trends during 1-2pm, you can scroll back in time to view 12:45-1:45pm, then return to current view.				

### **Recommendations While Using a Trend Chart**

When you create a trend chart, we recommend that you apply the following guidelines:

- When you add a trend chart to a page using the page designer, use separate containers for the breadcrumb and the chart. For the trend chart, set the height to 100%.
- When accessing a trend chart on a mobile device:
  - $\circ$  Use a device with medium to high resolution.
  - Use the device in landscape mode.
  - To print a trend chart using an Android device, use the screen capture feature rather than selecting 👆 .
  - Configure the trend chart using a desktop rather than an Android device. This is because when you attempt to search for an asset or a Historian tag on an Android device, the in-built keyboard of the device appears, which may not allow you to enter the search criteria.
  - When you view the delta between two data points, the value may not be clearly readable on a mobile device with low to medium resolution. Therefore, we recommend that you view the delta value on a desktop or a mobile device with high resolution.
  - When you view statistical data, the trend chart area may be limited. To avoid this issue, plot up to two properties on the trend chart.
  - $^\circ$  To pan across the trend chart or drill down the trend chart on an iPad, use the Zoom feature

of the iPad rather than selecting  $\Leftrightarrow, \oplus, or \Theta$ , respectively.

## Configuring a Trend Chart

Use the trend configuration settings to create or modify your charts.

Create a Data Source (on page 284) for Historian or OPC UA.

For information on building trend charts, refer to these topics:

- Use the Trend Widget for OPC UA Data Sources (on page 111)
- Use the Trend Widget for Historian Data Source (on page 86)

- 1. Access the trend chart whose settings you want to configure.
- 2. In the toolbar of the chart, select

The Trend Configuration window appears.

Trend Configuration									
Mode	Live		Historical						
Duration	1M	51	м	30M	1H	2H	4H	8H	
	24H	Cus	stom						
	0	:	1	:	0 :	0			
End	202	1-0	5-24	12:	:27:43	苗			
	Now			Ð	;				
Sampling Increment									
By Time ∨ 5			Sec	ond		~	0		
Notes	0								
> Specification Limits									
> Chart Y Axis Configuration									
Sources									
+ Add Tags for Trend									

3. Modify the trend chart settings as specified in the following table.

Setting	Description
Mode	Select the mode of the trend chart. The follow-
	ing options are available:
	• Live: Plots real-time data from a Histori-
	an server and/or OPC UA server.
	<ul> <li>Historical: Plots historical data from a</li> </ul>
	Historian server.

Setting	Description	
	Note: Changes made to Live affect Historical as well. For example, if you add/delete properties from the chart in the Live mode, these changes reflect when you move to the Historical mode as well.	
Duration	<ul> <li>Select a duration for which you want to plot the data. The selected duration is subtracted from the End time to deliver past trends. You can go back in time in minutes, hours, or provide a customized duration.</li> <li>1, 5, or 30 minutes</li> <li>1, 2, 4, 8, or 24 hours</li> <li>Choose Custom and enter a different duration in the time format text box.</li> </ul>	
End	Allows to set an end date and time for trending historical data. Select DatePicker to update a specific date and time.	
	<ul> <li>If you have set a date and time in the past, select <b>Done</b> to apply.</li> <li>If you want to set the current date and time, select <b>Now</b> to apply. The current time can also be set by enabling the toggle switch.</li> </ul>	
Now	Allows to update the <b>End</b> time to your current system time. The toggle is enabled by default when you enter the <b>Historical</b> mode for the first time. Choosing a different date and time auto- matically disables the toggle.	

Setting	Description
	<ul> <li>Select Storefresh 'Now' configured charts. Use this option to instantly update the end time to current time if the chart is already configured for 'Now'.</li> <li>You can also save a 'Now' configured chart as your favorite. When you reload such charts from favorites, the end time is set to the current system time, and trends are displayed.</li> </ul>
	Note: After upgrading to 2.1, values from previously saved favorites are updated to represent the range for end time instead of the start time. The 'Now' toggle re- mains disabled for old favorites.
Sampling Increment	Select whether you want to increment the sampling data based on time or count, and then specify the time or count, respectively.           Sampling Increment         By Time         5         Second         1           Notes         By Count         Second         1         1
	Note: The sampling increment may not al- ways be honored. The maximum num- ber of data points plotted on the trend chart is 3000 when sampling by time, and 8000 when sampling by count. You can zoom in to view more accurate da- ta.

Setting	Description
Notes	You can add notes only to historical trends, and not for OPC UA based trends.
	Switch the toggle to enable viewing or adding a note on the trend chart.
	On the trend chart: • To add a note for the first time for a spe- cific data point, select the data point, and then select . • To access a note, select .
	<b>Note:</b> You cannot modify or delete a note; if you want to augment a note, you can add additional notes.
	<ul> <li>To add an additional note for a data point, select <sup>1</sup></li> <li>To navigate through multiple notes, use</li> </ul>
	When you access an existing note, the time- stamp and tag values that appear during the ini- tial loading of the note correspond to the x-axis and y-axis values for the data point, respective- ly. If you select each individual note, the actu- al raw and timestamp values to which the com- ment was added in the Historian archive ap- pear.
	If you add a note to an interpolated value, it is added to the nearest raw value. Due to this, the value displayed in the note may not always match the value plotted on the chart.

Setting	Description
Sources	Data can be plotted to the trend chart using properties from an asset model. In the absence of an asset model, you can also directly browse the data source address space and select tags for the trend chart.
	Select <b>Add Tags for Trend</b> to select the properties or tags that you want to add to the trend chart <i>(on page 300)</i> .
	Add Sources
	<ul> <li>If How_Object</li> <li>If Iow_Object6</li> <li>If Iow_Object7</li> </ul>
	CLOSE
	Tags marked as <sup>(H)</sup> are from the Historian da- ta source. Tags marked as <sup>(R)</sup> are from the re- al time data sources such as iFIX, CIMPLICITY, and any other OPC UA server.

Setting	Description
	Note: Nodes only work for plotting historical data. They do not work in Live mode.
AMPLING MODE	For each tag <b>SOURCE</b> , you can add multiple sampling modes. This option is available only for the historical mode.
	Select <b>[Add Sampling Mode]</b> to add addition- al sampling modes for a tag. For example, you can have 3 different sampling modes for a sin- gle tag in the trend chart. Highlight each mode with a different line color, style, and thickness.
	Sources + Add Tags for Trend FinishedWaterPumpStation ↓ CombinedFlow TrendToRaw X
	SOURCE [Add Sampling Mode]
	SAMPLING MODE Trend To Raw COLOR LINE WEIGHT LINE STYLE
	These are the modes available to plot data:
	• Trend To Raw • Minimum • Maximum
	<ul> <li>Average</li> <li>Total</li> <li>Standard Deviation</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Interpolated</li><li>Lab</li></ul>

• Lab To Raw

Setting	Description
	You can trend each tag-sampling mode combi- nation only once. For example, if <i>Trend To Raw</i> mode is applied to <i>Water Temp</i> tag, this mode becomes inactive for this tag. The other modes
	are available to use.
	To delete a plotted sampling mode, select 🗙 next to the tag.
Specification Limits	Select to define upper, lower, and targeted lim-
	its to monitor the process performance.
	✓ Specification Limits
	UPPER LIMIT
	COLOR LINE WEIGHT LINE STYLE
	TARGET     20     COLOR     LINE WEIGHT     LINE STYLE
	LOWER LIMIT COLOR LINE WEIGHT LINE STYLE
	Enter values for all or any of the limits to plot these lines on the trend chart. You can highlight each plotted line with a unique line color, thick- ness, and/or style.
	You can set the specification limits for both live and historical mode, and save the chart to fa-

vorites.

identification.

Select to color code each trend line for unique

COLOR

Setting	Description
LINE WEIGHT	Select to highlight each trend line with a unique line width.
LINE STYLE	Select to highlight each trend line with a unique line style.
Chart Y Axis Configuration	<ul> <li>Allows to compare two or more tags/sources by having a common Y-axis on the trend chart.</li> <li>Individual Y Axis for each source: Select this option to include an individual Y-axis for each source on a trend chart. For example, if you have multiple tags trending on your chart, each tag has its own Y-axis.</li> <li>Single Y Axis for all sources: Select this option to include a common Y-axis for all the sources on a trend chart. For example, if you have multiple tags trending on your chart, all the tags share only a single Y-axis.</li> </ul>
SHOW Y-AXIS	Select the toggle to switch between showing or hiding the y-axis on a trend chart. This option is available under each tag/source if you selected individual y-axis for each source.
AUTOFETCH LIMITS	By default, the toggle is always turned on, to automatically fetch minimum (Low) and max- imum (High) limits. Turn off the toggle if you want to provide manual limits for the chart. Enter values for <b>AXIS LOW</b> and <b>AXIS HIGH</b> to trend the data accordingly. In case you do not enter High and Low limits when the toggle is off, the values are auto scaled.

Setting	Description
	For Individual Y-axis, the option to set limits is available under each tag/source.
	For Single Y-axis, you can browse and select the tag/source, and set custom limits. Turn on the toggle to be able to browse tag/source.

## **Task Client**

## Configure the Task Client

This topic describes how to enable the task client widget to operate in the Operations Hub web server environment.

Install the Workflow and the Operations Hub applications on different servers.

To configure the task client widget, equipment models from the Workflow application are exported to a .csv file, and imported into the Operations Hub application.

- 1. In the Workflow server, do the following:
  - a. Select an equipment model you want to export, and then select **Generate Operations Hub Model**.

	9 🕐 🕕 WF255P4MCEXT01 👔
Navigate Search Find in Model	Add Duplicate Delete
Models Quick Find  Proficy S	ystem Folders
eSOP	
Events Proficy System	Sm Custom Property Types Databases
Global Displays     Material	Historian
A Personnel	Models
🖏 Production	OPC UA 🗰
Proficy System     Workflow	OpcClient 🗰
worknow	Portal V
Displays	Proficy System -> Generate Operations Hub Model
▼ ₩. HW/SW Configuration	Generate Operations Hub Model
archive Management	Use this display to export your Workflow equipment model as an Operations Hub compatible CSV file. You can optionally exclude some equipment from the export. Children of the ex
Audit/E-Signature	
Email	Configuration
Event View	Output File Path: C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\simtest.csv
Part Generate Operations Hub Model	
Import/Export	Select any equipment to exclude from the export: Select
E System Status	
Getain Configuration	Generate
	Model file successfully generated.

b. Provide a location to save the exported file, and select Generate.

The equipment model data is exported to a .csv file format, and saved in the specified location.

- 2. In the Operations Hub server, do the following:
  - a. Import the .csv file created in step 1 to Operations Hub. For steps, refer to the Import Equipment Model *(on page 461)* topic.
  - b. In the main navigation menu, select **APPS**, and then select Workflow Tasklist application. The Pages workspace appears.
  - c. Select Tasklist View.

The pages associated to the task list appear in a container. TASK LIST, and TASK COUNT are system widgets that cannot be deleted.

d. Select the **Task List** page in the container.

The **GETASKLIST PROPERTIES** tab settings appears on the right pane.

e. Provide **DATA** settings as specified in the table below:

### Note:

Scroll down in the settings section to find the data settings after the general and display settings.

Parameter	Selection	Description
WorkflowServer	Manual	Enter the URL address of the Workflow server to connect.
RefreshRate	Manual	Enter the time in seconds at which rate the task client will refresh to get the latest da- ta from the Workflow server (for example, 5).
Height	Manual	Enter the preferred height of the task client widget (for ex- ample, 600).

#### f. Select Save App.

The application settings are saved.

Log in to the Operations Hub web client to connect and work with the task client widget. Refer to the Access the Task Client (on page 461) topic.

# Import Equipment Model

By importing the Workflow equipment models, you can manage the tasks assigned to you from within the Operations Hub application.

Ensure that the Workflow equipment models are exported to a Web HMI model .csv file.

An equipment model is configured in the Workflow application. For more information, refer to the Equipment Model topic in the *Resource Information and Configuration* section of the complete Workflow user guide.

- 1. Access Operations Hub.
- 2. In the main navigation menu, select **ADMIN**.
- 3. In the Admin workspace, select Import/Export.

The Model Import/Export page appears.



4. To import, browse and select the exported .csv file from Workflow, and select Import.

The imported information is visible under Objects and Object Types in the Admin workspace.

### Access the Task Client

Use the Task Client widget to display task lists from the Workflow application in Operations Hub.

Create identical user accounts for the Operations Hub web server and the Workflow server. You must be able to log in to both the servers using the same username and password combination. Refer to the Configure the Task Client *(on page 459)* topic.

The Workflow Task List is integrated with Operations Hub. You do not have to log in to the Workflow application to manage your tasks. You can log in to the Operations Hub application, and connect to Workflow with the help of the task client widget to manage tasks.

Log in to the Operations Hub web client.
 The login page to connect to the Workflow server appears.

Username:	admin
Password:	
Server Address:	https://wftrunkl:8447/
	Log On

2. Enter the details as specified in the following table:

Field	Description
Username	The account username that has permission to access the Workflow application.
Password	The password for the username you entered in the <b>Username</b> box.
Server Address	The URL address to connect to the Workflow server. This URL is populated based on the properties provided for the Task Client widget in Operations Hub.

### 3. Select Log On.

The task count icon indicates the status of your workflow connection.

Status	Description
	<ul> <li>Indicates that the Workflow server is disconnected due to either of these reasons: <ul> <li>You are not logged in to the server.</li> <li>Internet connection is lost.</li> <li>Workflow server is down.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: <ul> <li>All tasks in Operations Hub remain disabled until a connection is established.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Indicates that the Workflow server is connect- ed.

Status	Description
	Once connected, the task count shows the
	number of workflow tasks. If the count is 0, it
	means there are no workflows.

The user login credentials are encrypted and stored under **ENTITIES** in Operations Hub. You will not be prompted for login details again for the saved user accounts.



Whenever the Workflow server is down, or if there is no internet, the lost connection status is indicated in red. All tasks in Operations Hub remain disabled until a connection is established.

4. Select to show the workflow equipment context navigation. For more information, refer to the Equipment Context topic in the *Operator Task List in the* 

Workflow Client section of the complete Workflow user guide.

5. Select or to navigate and select any of these equipment contexts: Big Enterprise, Big Unit, or Big Area.

The equipment context set up shown in Operations Hub is created in the Workflow application. The list of tasks for the selected equipment context appears. Based on the list of tasks, the task

count number 🕮 also gets updated.

### Note:

Logged in users in Operations Hub can view only the tasks that are assigned to them in the Workflow application.

6. Use these options to work with the tasks:

lcon	Description
Y	Select to filter tasks or task steps by task name,
	priority, personnel assignment, step state, and
	expiry values. For more information, refer to the
	Task List Filtering topic in the Operator Task

lcon	Description
	<i>List in the Workflow Client</i> section of the complete Workflow user guide.
	Select the <b>Tasks for Equipment</b> toggle to show or hide the tasks associated to the equipment location only.
	Select to start and run scheduled tasks. For more information, refer to the Start Task topic in the <i>Operator Task List in the Workflow Client</i> section of the complete Workflow user guide.
$\bigcirc$	Select to manually start a specific task step.
Ţ	Select to view and save a copy of the linked documents. For more information, refer to the Document(s) topic in the <i>Operator Task List in</i> <i>the Proficy Client</i> section of the complete Work- flow user guide.
	Select to view the instructions to complete a task or task step. This option is available only when there are work instructions defined for the task or task steps.
	<ul> <li>Select to access the following menus, and perform task related actions:</li> <li>Set Priority: You can set a priority number for the task to run.</li> <li>Jump to Task Step: You can skip some steps and jump to a specific task step in a scheduled flow.</li> <li>Enter Expiry Comment: You can enter a reason for the task delay. The option to add a comment is available only after the task or task step has expired.</li> <li>Cancel Task: You can cancel running a specific task or task step.</li> </ul>

Description
• Reassign Personnel: You can reassign
specific task steps to a different persor
or equipment location.
Acquire: You can acquire a specific task
step if it is available.
Release: You can only release those
steps that you have acquired. When you
release a task step, it is available for ot
er operators to acquire.
For more information, refer to the complete
Workflow user guide.
Select to access the forms attached to a task
step, and update them. For more information,
refer to the Forms and User Displays Authorin
Guide section of the complete Workflow user
guide.
Note:
You can load only HTML forms in the
Operations Hub Task Client. Windows
presentation framework (WPF), Sil-
verlight, and .NET rich client forms are
not supported.
not supported.

# Indicator

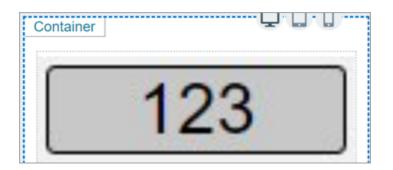
Use the indicator widget to monitor and interpret the status of your industrial systems.

verification before accomplishing any task related action.

You can apply different colors and introduce gif animations to communicate a value or state effectively. The indicator widget helps to draw attention towards the changing status of a system and the indication to take corrective actions, if necessary.

The indicator widget is available under Integration > General. When designing application pages (on page

308), drag-and-drop 123 Indicator to a container.



Bind the widget to a query and set the properties to appear at runtime. You can define unique properties for values within specific ranges, and also for values that are outside of any range.



This rule applies if you have upgraded to a SIM version. Make sure to upgrade your applications *(on page 157)* before attempting to modify them in Operations Hub.

Table 11. Indicator Propertie	es
-------------------------------	----

Property	Description
Multistate Indicator Value	The value is populated when you bind the indicator widget to a query.
Indicator Mode	Select to display output in any of these modes:
	<ul> <li>Analog: In this mode, the widget provides analog values as output. You can choose to add a background image, and use several</li> </ul>
	other options to indicate the current status.

Table 11. Indicator Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Status: In this mode, the widget functions as a simple indicator status. It provides a push button to indicate the change in current status. You can also choose to show the analog values.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Image: In this mode, you can provide a back- ground image to indicate the change in cur- rent status. You can also choose to show the analog values along with the image.</li> </ul>
Display Value?	Select the check box to display the analog value.
Repeat Background Image	Analog indicator mode:
	Select the check box to apply the background im- age repeatedly to provide a continuous background across the widget.
Width	Analog indicator mode:
	By default, the indicator widget occupies the width of its container. Reset the width in percentage or pixels.
Height	Analog indicator mode:

### Table 11. Indicator Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	By default, the indicator widget occupies the height of its container. Reset the height in percentage or pixels.
Size	Image and Status indicator modes:
	For the image mode, enter the image size in pixels.
	For the status mode, enter the size to set the diam- eter of the indicator button.
Decimal Precision (Whole Number Only)	Enter the number of significant digits after the dec- imal point to consider for formatting large numbers (for example 2, 3, 4). Based on the significant dig- its, the displayed value is rounded off to the near- est whole number.
Insert Commas	Select the check box to use comma as a thou- sands separator. A comma is inserted for every three digits.
Prefix Units	Enter the unit of measurement to appear as a pre- fix for the value.
Suffix Units	Enter the unit of measurement to appear as a suf- fix for the value.
Label Above	Enter the text to appear above the value.
Label Below	Enter the text to appear below the value.
Font Size	Enter the size of the font for the label text.
Font Family	Select a font family for the label text.
Font Color	Select a font color <i>(on page 573)</i> for the label text.
Background Color	Select a color <i>(on page 573)</i> to fill in the back- ground for labels and values.
Background Image	Allows to set a background image for the widget. You can:

Table 11. Indicator Properties (o	continued)
-----------------------------------	------------

Property	Description
	• Enter the file name of the image if copied to
	this location on the server $C:\Program Files$
	\GE\Operations Hub\iqp-endapp\public\cus-
	tom/Images (OR)
	• Enter the complete URL address for the im-
	age from a different server.
	Note:
	For background image visibility, make sure
	that your background color has the alpha
	channel set to include some transparency.
	You can even apply a partial transparency
	to tint the image.
Border Type/Style	Select a border style for the widget.
Border Width	Enter the width size if the widget has a border.
Border Radius	Enter the radius size to style the corners of a bor- der.
Border Color	Select a color (on page 573) for the border.
+Add Item	Select to customize settings for values within a specific range. Create an input range and highlight with unique colors and style.
Input Range Low (Greater than or Equal)	Enter the lowest value to create an input range.
Input Range High (Less than)	Enter the highest value to create an input range.

### About Custom Range Settings

You can add several custom ranges to the widget; each with a different input range. The custom ranges are implemented in the specified order, from first to last. If the input ranges overlap with each other, the custom range setting at the top of the order is applicable. Arrange the custom ranges in the order you want them to be implemented.

- Select  $\uparrow$  for the custom range to move upwards in a list.
- Select  $\checkmark$  for the custom range to move downwards in a list.
- Select for the custom range to remove from the list. These inputs are deleted.

## Alarm Card

Use the alarm card to monitor your industrial assets. Get information from the HMI/SCADA system on alarms generated by their severity levels.

The alarm card widget is available under Integration > HMI. When designing application pages (on page

308), drag and drop A GEAlarmCard to a container.

Property	Description
View All Alarms by default (Disabling this option will display context based alarms)	This is a default setting to show all alarms irre- spective of context when the page loads at run- time.
	If using the bread crumb widget along with the alarm card, then alarms are displayed according to the context.
	If an alarm contains an OPC UA tag that is not as- sociated with a model property, then the source server of the tag is displayed in the alarm grid.
Asset Name (Optional Override)	Select your own asset to display alarms. The se- lected asset overrides the default asset name at runtime.
Data Source (default data source used to filter alarms on page load)	Select a data source to set as default for filtering alarms on page load at runtime.
Page Size - Number of alarms to display per page	Enter a number to specify the number of alarms that appear on a page at runtime. The maximum number of alarms you can display per page is 100.
Auto Hide Columns	Select to automatically hide the table columns if screen space is a constraint.

#### Table 12. Alarm Card Properties

Property	Description
	<b>Note:</b> This option is enabled by default. To hide any of the other columns at runtime, you must clear the check box for this option.
Hide Acknowledge Column	Select to hide the <b>Ack.</b> column at runtime. This col- umn contains the status to indicate whether the alarm is acknowledged in the HMI/SCADA system or not. A check mark in this column indicates that the alarm is acknowledged.
Hide Severity Column	Select to hide the <b>Severity</b> column at runtime. This column contains the icon that indicates the alarm severity status.
Hide Start Time Column	Select to hide the <b>Start Time</b> column at runtime. This column contains the start time and date for the alarm.
Hide Source Column	Select to hide the <b>Source</b> column at runtime. This column contains the tag associated to the alarm.
Hide Current Value Column	Select to hide the <b>Current Value</b> column at run- time. This column contains the query value such as whether the alarm is running or stopped.
Hide Asset Column	Select to hide the <b>Asset</b> column at runtime. This column contains the asset name associated to the alarm.
Hide Property Column	Select to hide the <b>Property</b> column at runtime.
Hide Description Column	Select to hide the <b>Description</b> column at runtime.
Hide State Column	Select to hide the <b>State</b> column at runtime. This column contains the alarm's current status.

### Table 12. Alarm Card Properties (continued)

### **Alarm Card at Runtime**

To acknowledge alarms (on page 481), you must have the permission to do so in the supporting HMI/ SCADA system.

0 2 😳 0	0 📀 1 🤀 0	Total Alarms: 3			[	Acknowledge Se	elected A	Acknowledge Page	Acknowledge All
Ack.	Severity	State	Start Time 🚽	Data Source	Source	Cur	rrent Value	Asset	Property
	0	HighHigh	06/22/2021 1:56:	WEBHMIDEMO	TANK1.To	nkLevel 52		Tank1	TankLevel
	0	HighHigh	06/22/2021 1:56:	WEBHMIDEMO	Cimplicity	/Tag1 52		WEBHMIDEMO	CimplicityTag1
~	8	Low	06/22/2021 1:40:	WEBHMIDEMO	Write	12		WEBHMIDEMO	Write

Select **Y** to filter alarms (on page 478) based on specific conditions.

Each icon has a corresponding number to indicate the number of alarms currently active for that severity level. The alarm count *(on page 482)* in the banner shows the number of alarms per severity level for all assets in the model, whereas the alarm card displays the number of alarms per severity level for the selected context.

The severity of an alarm is based on the priorities set in the HMI/SCADA system (iFIX or CIMPLICITY). Each alarm icon is color-coded and contains a specific number of dots to indicate its severity level, as shown in this table.

## Note:

The alarm severity ranges are hard-coded in the application. Access the application.properties file to modify alarm severity ranges.

You can modify the property rank.ranks in C:\Program Files\GE\Operations Hub\webhmi-tomcat \webapps\alarm-microservice\WEB-INF\classes\application.properties and restart webHMI tomcat service.

Icon	Description
•	Alarm is critical.
•	Alarm is high priority.
0	Alarm is medium priority.

Icon	Description
<b>⊕</b>	Alarm is low priority.

Alarm information is not displayed if data sources are disconnected. Select 🎌 to get more information.

### Note:

Currently, if a data source is deleted from Operations Hub, the alarms configured to the deleted data source are still displayed at runtime. To clear such alarms, restart the data distributor service.

## Configure iFIX for Alarms

When using the iFIX HMI/SCADA system as your data source, follow this quick walkthrough to successfully get data and alarms flowing for the first time into Operations Hub.

First install iFIX, and then install Operations Hub on the same server.

- 1. Start the iFIX application.
- 2. Log in to iFIX with a default/guest account.
- 3. Go to Applications > Security > Security Configuration Utility.

Security is available in the System & Security group.

- 4. On the Security toolbox, select User Account.
- 5. Select Add to create a user account.

The User Profile dialog appears.

6. Provide iFIX security for the user account:

Field	Description
Full name	Enter a name for the new user account.
Login name	Enter a login name for the user account.
Password	Enter a password for the user account.
Group Membership	Select <b>Modify</b> to add any/all available groups to the user account, then select <b>OK</b> .
Security Areas	Select <b>Modify</b> to add any/all security areas to the user account, then select <b>OK</b> .

Field	Description
Application Features	Select Modify to add any/all application fea-
	tures to the user account, then select <b>OK</b> .

7. Select **OK** to save the user profile.

The **Password Confirmation** dialog appears.

8. Enter the password again and select **OK**.

The user account is saved with the credentials and added to the Current Users list.

9. On the Security toolbox, select Configuration and select **Enabled**.

#### 10. Go to **Applications > OPC UA Configuration**.

The iFIX OPC UA Server Configuration Tool screen appears.

- 11. On the Server tab, select the check box for Server Enabled.
- 12. On the Alarms tab, select the check box for Alarms Enabled.
- 13. Select Save and Exit to save the selections, and close the screen.
- 14. Go to Applications > Database Manager.

The iFIX Database Manager spreadsheet appears.

- 15. Open an existing database, or select **Create New** on the spreadsheet toolbar to save a new database.
- 16. On the spreadsheet toolbar, select **Add** to add blocks to your database.

The Select a block type screen appears.

- 17. Select any block type, then select **OK**. The selected block type screen appears.
- 18. On the **Basic** tab:
  - a. Enter Tag Name.
  - b. Enter I/O Address.
  - c. Select Save.
- 19. On the Alarm tab:
  - a. Select the check box for Enable Alarming.
  - b. In the **Alarm Options** table, enter the alarm values. For example:

High High	60	
High	40	
Low	20	

Low Low 10

- c. Select Save.
- 20. On the **Advanced** tab:
  - a. Select the check box for Enable Output.
  - b. Select Save.

The tag name configured with an alarm is added to the spreadsheet.

- 21. Repeat steps 8-12 to add more blocks to your database.
  - Create a data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.
  - Use the alarm card (on page 470) and alarm count (on page 482) widgets in your application.
  - Acknowledge Alarms (on page 481).
  - Apply Filters to View Alarms (on page 478).
  - Configure CIMPLICITY for Alarms (on page 475).

**Related information** 

Configure iFIX for Mimics (on page 484)

# Configure CIMPLICITY for Alarms

When using the CIMPLICITY HMI/SCADA system as your data source, follow this quick walkthrough to successfully get data and alarms flowing for the first time into Operations Hub.

- Install the latest versions of CIMPLICITY and Operations Hub on different servers or on the same server.
- Create an administrative user that you can use for both CIMPLICITY and Operations Hub. The user IDs must match in order to connect and manage communications and operations between the two systems, but the passwords must be different.
- 1. Start the CIMPLICITY Workbench application.
- From the Workbench toolbar, go to File > New > Project.
   The Create User for New Project dialog appears.

## 3. Provide these details for the new user account:

FieldDescriptionUsernameEnter the user name for the new account.PasswordEnter a password.

Field	Description
Confirm password	Enter the password again to confirm.

### Note:

You will use the credentials to establish a secure connection with authentication for the CIMPLICITY data source in Operations Hub.

#### 4. Select Next.

The Create As dialog appears.

5. Enter the name and location for the new project.

### Note:

For write operations to work, the project name and the CIMPLICITY data source name in Operations Hub should be the same.

- 6. Select product options and protocols that will be included in the project.
- 7. Select Create.
- 8. After creating the project, go to **Project > Properties**.

The Project Properties screen appears.

- 9. On the OPC UA Server tab, perform these steps.
  - a. Select the check box for **Enable Server**.
  - b. Select **Security Configuration**, then select the check box for all the security options you want to enable for the OPC UA server.
- 10. On the **Operations Hub** tab, perform these steps.
  - a. Provide the following details:

Field	Description
Server name	Enter the name of the Operations Hub serv- er to connect.
Port	Enter the port number for Operations Hub UAA. For example, 443.
User name	Enter the account username that is used to log in to the Operations Hub application.

b. Select the check box for Require trusted connection.

- c. If (Not Trusted), go to the CIMPLICITY project's \data\WebHMIpki\server\_certs folder and copy the root certificates.
- d. Paste the copied certificates in the CIMPLICITY project's \data\WebHMIpki\trusted\_issuers folder.
- e. On the **Operations Hub** tab, select **Test Connection**. A success message appears updating the connection status as (Trusted).
- 11. From the CIMPLICITY Workbench project directory, right-click **Points > New**, to create a new device point.
- 12. Provide the following information for the new point and select **OK**.

Field	Description
Point ID	Provide a unique name that identifies the CIM- PLICITY point.
Туре	Select Virtual.
Class	Select Analog.

The Point Properties screen appears.

13. On the Virtual tab, provide these details:

Field	Description
Initialization	Select Initialized.
Initial value	Enter 0.
Calculation	Select Equation and build an expression. For more information on calculation types, refer to the <i>Configure Virtual Calculations</i> topic in the CIMPLICITY help guide.

#### 14. On the Alarm tab, provide these details:

Field	Description
Alarm message	Select Point ID. For more information on alarm message variables, refer to the <i>Enter an Alarm</i>
	Definition topic in the CIMPLICITY help guide.
	Bommion topio in the onthe Elori i help guide.

Field	Description
Alarm limits	Enter the alarm limits. For example:
	• HiHi: 60
	• Hi: 40
	• Lo: 20
	• LoLo: 10

15. Select **OK** to save and close the **Point Properties** screen.

- 16. Repeat steps 6-10 to create more device points.
- 17. Run the CIMPLICITY project.
  - Create a data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.
  - Use the alarm card (on page 470) and alarm count (on page 482) widgets in your application.
  - Acknowledge Alarms (on page 481).
  - Apply Filters to View Alarms (on page 478).
  - Configure iFIX for Alarms (on page 473).

#### **Related information**

Configure CIMPLICITY for Mimics (on page 491)

# Apply Filters to View Alarms

Apply conditions to filter and display alarms.

You can use filters to narrow down your search for the exact alarm information you want to view.

Condition		Operator		Value			
Severity	~	Equal	~	Critical	~	And	~
Severity	~	Equal	~	😳 High	~	And	×
Data Source	~	Contains	~	PARTPRODUCTIO	N ~	And	~

### Table 13. Filter Criteria for Alarms

Field	Description
View Alarms By	Use the toggle to switch between these states:
	<ul> <li>Set to All if you do not have an asset model. You can filter alarms from all the available data sources.</li> <li>Set to Context if you have an asset model. From the breadcrumb, navigate to your as- set context to filter respective alarms.</li> </ul>
Condition	Select any of these conditions to filter and display alarms:
	<ul> <li>Acknowledged: Displays only the list of ac- knowledged alarms.</li> <li>Severity: Displays alarms based on a select- ed severity value - critical, high, medium, or low.</li> <li>Start Time: Displays alarms based on a se- lected date and time.</li> </ul>

Table 13	Filter	Criteria	for Alarms	(continued)
----------	--------	----------	------------	-------------

Field	Description
	<ul> <li>Source: Displays only alarms from the selected tag/source.</li> <li>Data Source: Displays only alarms from the selected data source.</li> </ul>
Operator	Select an operator to describe the relationship be- tween the condition and the value. Based on the selected condition, the following operators are available: Equal, NotEqual, GreaterThan, GreaterOr- Equal, LessThan, LessOrEqual, Contains, NotCon- tains, etc.
Value	Select the value you want to filter. Values for filter- ing alarms are populated based on the selected condition and operator. If condition is data source, it takes about 30 sec- onds to initially populate the list of available OPC UA data sources in your system. In case you delet- ed a data source from your system, the deleted da- ta source still appears in the <b>Value</b> drop-down list. To clear deleted data sources, restart these ser- vices in the following order:
	<ol> <li>GE Operations Hub WebHMI Tomcat Web Server</li> <li>GE OpHub Data Distributor</li> </ol>
+ Add Filter	Select to insert a new filter criteria. Use the <b>And</b> , <b>Or</b> operators to describe the relationship between two or more filter criteria.
Reset	Select to clear all the filters. To clear individual fil-
	ters, select 😢 next to the filter you want to delete.
Арріу	Select to apply the filters and display only alarms that match the filter criteria.

# Acknowledge Alarms

Alarms are acknowledged in the HMI/SCADA system.

Alarms are displayed based on the applied filter conditions (on page 478). You have the option to acknowledge,

- all the alarms at once
- only the specific number of alarms listed per page
- only the selected alarms

Configure iFIX (on page 473) or CIMPLICITY (on page 475) to be able to acknowledge alarms.

- 1. To acknowledge only selected alarms:
  - a. Select the rows for the alarms in the table.
     To unselect, select the row again.
  - b. Select **Acknowledge Selected**. A confirm dialog appears.
  - c. Select Acknowledge to confirm.
- 2. To acknowledge all the alarms listed on a page:
  - a. Select **Acknowledge Page**. A confirm dialog appears.
  - b. Select Acknowledge to confirm.Only alarms on the specific page are acknowledged.
- 3. To acknowledge all the alarms at once:
  - a. Select **Acknowledge All**. A confirm dialog appears.
  - b. Select Acknowledge to confirm.

All the displayed alarms for the applied filter condition are acknowledged.

A check mark  $\checkmark$  appears for the acknowledged alarm in its **Ack** column. The alarm severity icon also indicates a check mark  $\textdegree$  if successfully acknowledged in the HMI/SCADA system.

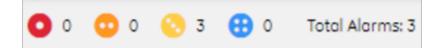
# Alarm Count

This widget provides only the count of alarms per severity level for all the assets in a model.

You can use the alarm count widget when you want to provide only a summary of alarms in your application.

The alarm count widget is available under Integration > HMI. When designing application pages (on

*page 308*), drag and drop **GEAlarmCount** to a container. The alarm count is displayed as a banner at runtime with the number of alarms currently active for the severity level.

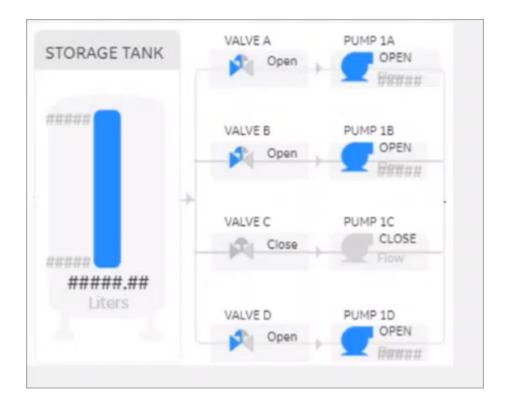


# Mimic Card

A mimic card provides a specific view of a process diagram associated with an asset. This allows you to monitor and control production equipment and processes.

The mimic card widget is available under Integration > HMI. When designing application pages (on page

308), drag and drop E GEMimicCard to a container.



The mimic card also allows you to update values during runtime *(on page 498)*, and get results immediately.

You can use the mimic card with or without a model. When not using a model, create pages and assign direct tags.

Table	14.	Mimic	Card	Properties
-------	-----	-------	------	------------

Property	Description
Asset Name (Optional Override)	Provide the asset name for which you want to re- place its currently assigned mimic.
	Note: You can opt to override either an asset name or a mimic name. If you attempt to override both, only the asset name is con- sidered.
Mimic Name (Optional Override)	Provide the mimic name to replace the currently assigned mimic. The new mimic must use only di-

Table 14.	Mimic Card	Properties (	(continued)	)
14010 1 11			(0011111000)	

Property	Description
	rect tags (not model-based) for its data sources.
	Also, the new mimic cannot use click-target navi-
	gation as the mimic has no context for navigation
	when loaded in this manner.
	Note:
	If you do not specify an override for both
	the asset name or mimic name, then the
	mimic from the selected asset context in
	a breadcrumb is considered. When not us-
	ing the breadcrumb in an application, it is
	mandatory to provide an override either for
	the asset name or the mimic name.
Height	Allows to set the height of the widget at runtime.
	You can set the values in percent or pixels. For ex-
	ample, 100%, 50%, 300, etc.

# Configure iFIX for Mimics

When using the iFIX HMI/SCADA system as your data source, follow this quick walkthrough to successfully get mimics into Operations Hub.

Install iFIX and Operations Hub on different servers or on the same server.

## Note:

You can display booleans and enumerations as strings in your mimics. When creating the mimic, use the  $A_{cv}$  attribute on your data sources. If you use  $F_{cv}$ , numeric values are rendered. For inline edits, only booleans currently support selecting a value via a dropdown box.

- 1. Log in to Proficy iFIX and perform these tasks:
  - a. Go to C:\Program Files (x86)\GE\iFIX and open the secmgr.clr.dll.config file in a notepad.
  - b. Save the dll file after verifying and updating these details:

Ensure that uaa\_oauthHost points to the UAA server that provides the authentication services. If default UAA server is installed with Operations Hub, this will generally be the hostname (short or FQDN) used during Operations Hub installation.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<configuration>
<appSettings>
 <add key="oauthHost" value="127.0.0.1"/>
 <add key="oauthPort" value="8443"/>
 <add key="oauthEndPoint" value="oauth"/>
 <add key="strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
        <add key="ifix_oauthIssuer" value="ifix_auth_service"/>
 <add key="ifix oauthHost" value="localhost"/>
 <add key="ifix oauthPort" value="4857"/>
 <add key="ifix_oauthEndPoint" value="ifix-auth-service/v1/oauth"/>
 <add key="ifix_strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
        <add key="confighub_oauthIssuer" value="ConfigHubAuthService"/>
 <add key="confighub oauthHost" value="localhost"/>
 <add key="confighub_oauthPort" value="5678"/>
 <add key="confighub_oauthEndPoint" value="confighub-auth/v1/oauth/"/>
 <add key="confighub_strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
 <add key="uaa_oauthHost" value="localhost"/>
 <add key="uaa oauthPort" value="443"/>
 <add key="uaa oauthEndPoint" value="uaa"/>
  <add key="uaa strictCertificatePolicy" value="false"/>
</appSettings>
</configuration>
```

- c. Create pictures supporting the Operations Hub objects. To make an object a click target in a Operations Hub mimic, set its is selectable property to true.
- d. To enable an operator to update an iFIX data source tag on a picture and answer an update confirmation question, access the **Datalink** screen and select the source tag. In the **Data Entry** section, select In-Place in the **Type** field, and then select the **Confirm** check box, as shown below.

Datalink ?	x
Source	J
Data Entry     Error Configuration       Type:     In-Place     ✓       Confirm     ✓     Use Error Table	
Formatting       Raw Format     Type:       Numeric     ✓       Justity:     Left       Vhole Digits:     5	
QK Qancel Help	

e. In the iFIX Tools Ribbon, select **Publish to Operations Hub** to export selected pictures in GRF format in to a Picture folder as shown below. These GRF files are exported in to JSON ZIP files. These pictures become mimics (process diagrams) that you associate with asset object types in Operations Hub.

Publish to Operations Hub	×
Minic selection	
AdvPumpFaceplate grf AdvVatveFaceplate grf CharGroupDemo grf directTags grf Dynamo Faceplate grf FixAtrTest grf FixAtrTest grf FixAtrTest grf	-
HistorianDataEntryWard grt     HistorianDateExportWard grt     HistorianDateExportWard grt     Hist_Friendy_FWPS_Pump grt     Hist_Friendy_FWPS_Tank.grt     Hist_Friendy_FWPS_We grt     Hist_Friendy_FWPS_We grt     LineChartPopulatist.grt     ModelBaseTaps.grt     Oct.1022/788_FaultiSatus.grt     Oct.1022/788_FaultiSatus.gr	_
Export mimic path	_
C\Program Files (x86)\GE\/FIX\PIC\WebExport\	
Mimic publish configuration           Overwrite existing export files           Publish to Operations Hub           Image: Overwrite existing mimics in Operations Hub	
Publish Cancel Help	

f. Verify the values in the Advanced section of the Configure iFIX OPC AE Server screen conform to the OPC A&E specification guidelines and use the Operations Hub default dividing point values to separate the alarm severity ranges, as explained in Alarm Microservice.

	iFIX Field Name	Attribute Name		User Field1:	A_
7 S	ourceTag	SourceTag		oser rielon.	<u></u>
7 M	essage Type	Message Type		User Field2:	A_
	larm Priority	Alarm Priority			
A	reas	Areas	=	User Field3:	A_
N	ode	Node			×.
P	hysical Node Name	Physical Node Name		User Field4:	A_
A	pplication	Application			
_	pplicationVersion	ApplicationVersion		Advanced	
	essage ID	Message ID		Priority Rank	Sevenity Number
_	larm Status	Alarm Status		INFO	40
10		CV	_	LOLO	80
	ngUnitLabel	EngUnitLabel	-	LOW	150
	ag Description	Tag Description	-	MEDIUM	500
	ser Field1	User Field1	-	HIGH	850
	ser Field2	User Field2	~	HIHI	900
1				CRITICAL	950
	Select All cknowledgement Sec equire Web HMI Secu			Queue Size	1000

The following provides a sample **Configure iFIX OPC AE Server** screen.

- 2. Log in to Operations Hub.
- 3. Create a data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.

#### Note:

The datasource name should match the iFIX node name.

- 4. Import the mimic (on page 280).
- 5. Create an application (on page 146).
- 6. Create application pages (on page 308) for Alarm card (on page 470) and Mimic Card (on page 482).
- 7. Run the application and check to see if mimics are working.

#### **Related information**

Reference a Model Property in an Animation (on page 488)

Using the Operations Hub Toolbox (on page 488)

Controlling Data Sources in a Picture by Group Selection (on page 489)

Automatically Binding Child Assets to Click Zones using Group Names (on page 490)

# Reference a Model Property in an Animation

You can reference a model property within an animation.

To reference a model property in an animation, you must type @ (at sign) at the beginning and at the end of the property name. This allows the Operations Hub software to differentiate the property name from ordinary text.

#### Example:

To enter a reference in an animation to the pump1.speed property in the model:

- 1. Enter the following in the Fill Expert as the Fill Data Source: @pump1.speed@
- 2. Export the picture using the Export Web HMI Picture utility. The following line appears in the JSON file: "tag": "@pumpl.speed@"

# Using the Operations Hub Toolbox

The Operations Hub Toolbox contains buttons for objects and picture composition tools that allow you to quickly create high performance HMI pictures. You can click and drag the Operations Hub Toolbox to a position anywhere on your picture, or click and drag one of its edges to resize it.

The Operations Hub Toolbox automatically appears by default when high performance HMI graphics are enabled under **User Preferences > General**.

You can disable the Operations Hub Toolbox by toggling the Toolbox button on the Tools tab in the Operations Hub group of the WorkSpace ribbon.

The following table lists the names of the Operations Hub Toolbox buttons. The layout of the cells in this table mimics the layout of the corresponding buttons in the Operations Hub Toolbox. A description of each button can be found in the Creating Pictures ebook.

Pointer Selec-	Cut	Сору	Paste	Rectan- gle	Rounded Rectan-	Oval	Chord	Polygon	Pie
tion					gle				
Arc	Line	Polyline	Line	Right	Text	Datalink	Bitmap	Set Col-	Toggle
			Connec-	Line		Stamper		or	Grid
			tor	Connec-					
				tor					

Space	Space	Align	Align	Align	Align	Align	Align	Group	Ungroup
Evenly	Evenly	Тор	Left	Bottom	Right	Horizon-	Vertical		
Vertical	Horizon-					tal Cen-	Center		
	tal					ter			
Bring to	Send to	Set Lay-	Display	Fill Ex-	Rotate	Fore-	Visibility	Undo	
Front	Back	er	Layer	pert	Expert	ground	Expert		
						Color Ex-			
						pert			

# Controlling Data Sources in a Picture by Group Selection

Operations Hub allows you to write to tag values associated with an asset's properties in the Asset Model. It is possible to define a group of objects in a picture that can be selected at runtime, resulting in a control card appearing in which the operator can write to controllable properties of a given asset. This is accomplished with the <code>IsSelectable</code> property in the exported picture JSON file, which is only exported for iFIX Group objects that have **Enable Select** enabled in iFIX pictures.

sic Animation	Dialog			<b>२ ×</b>
General Object Name:	Group1			
Description:	Enable <u>T</u> oolTip		ble Highlight	Enable Select
Color	0 - TooltipDescrip	Movement		Fill 📄 Fill Percentage
Edge		<u>S</u> cale	±≩ ⊘	Visibility
Command			<u> </u>	Additional Animations
Current Comm	and: (None)	<u></u> K	<u>H</u> elp	Configure

With traditional iFIX pictures, selecting the **Enable Select** property allows an object to be selected in the runtime environment.

With iFIX pictures that are intended for export to Operations Hub, selecting the **Enable Select** property of a group designates that group as a "click zone" in that picture. A click zone allows properties of a certain asset to be controlled or modified by writing to the associated iFIX tags. When you click on a selectable group that has an asset associated with it, a control card opens to show the current values for a specified set of properties for that asset. Both controllable and non-controllable properties display, based on the configuration of the properties. (Controllable properties are indicated with a gear icon.) Clicking on the control card changes it to Edit view. Edit view allows you to enter new values for those properties. The new values are written to the iFIX database tags when the Confirm button is selected.

# Automatically Binding Child Assets to Click Zones using Group Names

When creating the iFIX picture for a certain asset type, specifying a selectable group's name in a certain way results in the click zone being automatically associated with a child asset without further configuration once the exported iFIX picture is associated with an asset type.

In order to take advantage of this automatic click zone binding, the group name must be the same as the child asset's property name in the GE Operations Hub Asset Model. Each child asset in the model hierarchy is represented as a property of a parent asset. In order for the automatic binding to associate a click zone with a certain child asset, the group name must exactly match the name of the desired child asset property and the exported iFIX picture must be associated with the parent asset.

### Example:

For example, say you have an asset type named StorageTank, which has two child asset properties defined in the model, – InletPump and OutflowPump, of asset type Pump. When creating an iFIX picture for the StorageTank asset type to use with GE Operations Hub, you can automatically enable the control card for each of these child assets by:

- 1. Creating a selectable group of objects within the iFIX picture for each of the child assets.
- Naming these groups InletPump and OutflowPump. These are the child asset property names as defined in the asset model, (not the child asset instance names for a certain instance of StorageTank).
- 3. Exporting the iFIX picture from WorkSpace.
- 4. Importing the exported picture to GE Operations Hub and associating it with the StorageTank asset type (assuming that the asset model has already been created/imported).

After doing this, navigating to any StorageTank in GE Operations Hub at runtime and viewing the HMI display allows an operator to click on either of these groups of objects to display the control card for that

child asset – without the need to navigate to that child asset. This allows control of child assets while in the context of a parent asset.

#### **Rules for Automatic Binding of Group Names**

- You must name the group the same as the child asset property of an asset type.
- Only child or other descendant assets of a given asset type can be bound to a click zone in a picture associated with that asset type.
- You can access the control card for grandchild assets and below by using double underscores

   (\_\_) in the group name to separate each asset level. For example, if the above Pump asset type
   had a child asset property named RestrictionValve, a click zone could be auto-bound to this
   grandchild asset from the StorageTank picture by defining a selectable group with the name
   InletPump\_RestrictionValve or OutflowPump\_RestrictionValve. This shows the control card for
   one of these RestrictionValves, depending upon which name you used.
- You can display the control card for the asset type that is associated with the IFIX picture, rather than one of its descendants, by naming the selectable group the same as the asset type. In the previous example, naming a selectable group StorageTank would result in the click zone displaying the control card for the StorageTank itself when that group is selected at runtime.

### Note:

It is not necessary to name the selectable groups in a certain way for them to be able to show the control card for an asset. It is only necessary in order to take advantage of the automatic binding feature. If you do not name them in this way, the click zones will still be selectable at runtime in GE Web HMI, but will require further configuration in GE Operations Hub Administration in order to associate them with the desired assets for control at runtime.

# Configure CIMPLICITY for Mimics

When using the CIMPLICITY HMI/SCADA system as your data source, follow this quick walkthrough to successfully get mimics into Operations Hub.

- Install the latest versions of CIMPLICITY and Operations Hub on different servers or on the same server.
- Create an administrative user that you can use for both CIMPLICITY and Operations Hub. The user IDs must match in order to connect and manage communications and operations between the two systems, but the passwords must be different.

By integrating Operations Hub and CIMPLICITY, you can view CIMPLICITY data in Operations Hub using screens called mimics that were created in CimEdit.

## Note:

You can display booleans and enumerations as strings in your mimics. When creating the mimic, use the <u>.value</u> attribute on your data sources. If you use <u>.\$RAW\_VALUE</u>, numeric values are rendered. For inline edits, both booleans and enumerations display a dropdown box with the possible values.

- 1. Start the CIMPLICITY Workbench application.
- 2. From the Workbench toolbar, go to File > New > Project and create a new project.
- 3. After creating the project, go to **Project > Properties**.

The Project Properties screen appears.

- 4. On the OPC UA Server tab, perform these steps.
  - a. Select the check box for **Enable Server**.
  - b. Select **Security Configuration**, then select the check box for all the security options you want to enable for the OPC UA server.
- 5. On the **Operations Hub** tab, perform these steps.

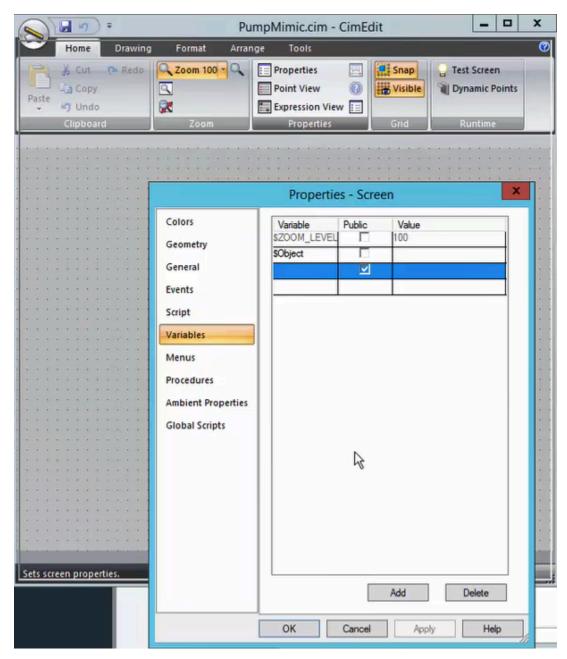
Field	Description
Server name	Enter the name of the Operations Hub serv- er to connect.
Port	Enter the port number for Operations Hub UAA. For example, 443.
User name	Enter the account username that has per- mission to access the Operations Hub appli- cation.

a. Provide the following details:

- b. Select the check box for **Require trusted connection**.
- c. Select View Certificate and if Untrusted, select Trust.

The certificate gets added to the CIMPLICITY project's \data\webHMIpki\server\_certs folder. The certificate status now appears as Trusted.

- d. Copy the certificate files from the CIMPLICITY project's \data\WebHMIpki\server\_certs folder, and paste them to the project's \data\WebHMIpki\trusted\_issuers folder.
- 6. In the CIMPLICITY project, create a TPump class with an alarm enabled.
- 7. Create a Pump01 object that corresponds to the class.
- 8. Create a visual representation (PumpMimic) of the TPump on the CimEdit screen.
- 9. On **Properties**, enter *sobject* in the **Variable** column. CIMPLICITY uses this value to reference the context in the Operations Hub model, which is the TPump in this example.



10. On **Text**, type (*sobject*).onoff in the **Display value Expression** field. This value represents the onoff value on the **TPump** object type in the Operations Hub model.

	PumpMimic.cin		Properties - Object	×
Home Drawing	Format Arrange Tools	Text	String: Text	Edit
Resize / Line Reshape Rotate		Colors Geometry	Anchor position: 171 pt Font   Fort  Interference of the second se	216 pt Vert. alignment Top
Edit Shape	es Illustrations	General Movement	✓ Translate     ○ Center     ✓ Multiline     ○ Right	O Center O Bottom
		Scaling	Word wrap	
		Rotation/Fill	Enable Writin constraint	
		Color Animation	Display value Expression: {\$Object}.OnOff	
		Transparency Shadow	Display format: Configured	*
		Events	Translate result value	Advanced
		Script		
	Text	Variables		
		Menus Procedures		

- 11. To export or publish the mimic, right-click on the CIMPLICITY screen and select **Publish to Operations Hub**.
- 12. In Operations Hub, do the following:
  - a. Create a data source with OPC UA configuration (on page 292) in Operations Hub.
  - b. Import the mimic (on page 280).
  - c. Associate the mimic to the TPump object type (on page 281).
  - d. Create an application (on page 146).
  - e. Create application pages (on page 308) for Alarm card (on page 470) and Mimic Card (on page 482).
  - f. Run the application and check to see if mimics are working.

#### **Related reference**

Referencing Data in CimEdit Screen Animations (on page 495)

## Referencing Data in CimEdit Screen Animations

You can use the following two methods to reference data in CimEdit screens that will work in Operations Hub mimics.

#### Important:

I

The CIMPLICITY OPC UA Server does not support enterprise points; therefore, they are not supported in exports for Operations Hub. If you use enterprise points in your CIMPLICITY screens, they will not be available in the imported Operations Hub mimic.

Method	Description
Method 1	Continue to directly reference your CIMPLICITY point database in your anima- tions – This method retrieves data directly from CIMPLICITY and shows the val- ues of the points in the database. This is often useful when referencing data that is global to or outside of the model context you build in Operations Hub. For example, OverallPartCount.
Method 2	Reference model context-based data that resolves in accordance with the mod- el context you are in when you display the mimic in Operations Hub. This is the most powerful way to use Operations Hub mimics because it allows you to cre- ate screens as templates using CIMPLICITY's existing local variable mecha- nisms that resolve at Operations Hub runtime. For example, if you have creat- ed a Operations Hub object type to represent a pump and created 2 pumps ob- jects from that type, you can build one screen in Operations Hub to represent the pump object type, and then have the data resolve and appear in that screen/ mimic based on the Pump instance that is selected.

You can reference both direct CIMPLICITY database points and context references in the same screen.

Use the \$OBJECT local variable to reference context-based data. You must define this variable at the screen level and leave the value blank when you export the screen as a mimic for Operations Hub. You can use this local variable to represent the model context with which this screen is displayed. For example, a pump screen is shown when in the Pump01 or Pump02 context.

_	Propertie	es - Scre	en	
Colors	Variable	Public	Value	
Geometry	\$Object \$ZOOM_LEVEL		100	
General				

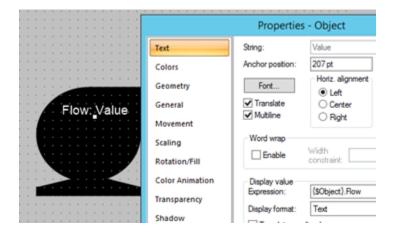
### Note:

You should build the model in Operations Hub before you build Operations Hub mimics in CimEdit. If you reference model object variables using the same names, Operations Hub can automatically map your model context references in your animations to the model when you import the mimic into Operations Hub.

## Example 1: Referencing Contained/Child Model Object Variables

When in the Inlet pump context, the animation shown below displays the value of Inlet Pump's flow. If on the Outflow Pump context, this same screen will show Outflow Pump's flow.

\$Object.Flow



### **Example 2: Referencing Contained/Child Model Object Variables**

You can also reference contained object properties in your Operations Hub mimics that will be exported from CimEdit. For example, if I want to build an overview screen to show two pumps in my pump station, then I can build a CimEdit screen where the \$Object represents PumpStation01 and I reference my animations to show the individual pump values as follows:

{\$Object}.InletPump.Flow

{\$Object}.OutflowPump.Flow

### **Example 3: Referencing CIMPLICITY Point Attributes in Operations Hub Example**

You can continue to reference CIMPLICITY attributes like engineering units, description, alarm limits, and so forth, in Operations Hub screens on direct point references and model context references as follows:

{\$Object}.Flow.Description or

{\$Object}.InletPump.Flow.EU\_LABEL

### Using Linked Objects to Generate Operations Hub Screens

In order to build Operations Hub screens using linked objects, any Linked Object local variables that are used to reference Operations Hub Object variables must eventually resolve back to the screen \$Object variable in which they are placed. When you create the source of a linked object, you create a public "\$Object" local variable in your source group object. Use this \$Object local variable to reference Operations Hub model variables.

For example:

{\$Object}.Flow

When you create a linked object from this source group object, you set the value of the inherited \$Object local variable to point to the screen \$Object defined in the screen in which you created the linked object using local variable syntax like {..\\$Object} or {..\\$Object}.InletTank"

Inherted	Value
Yes	{\\$Object}
No	

# Update Values on Mimic Cards

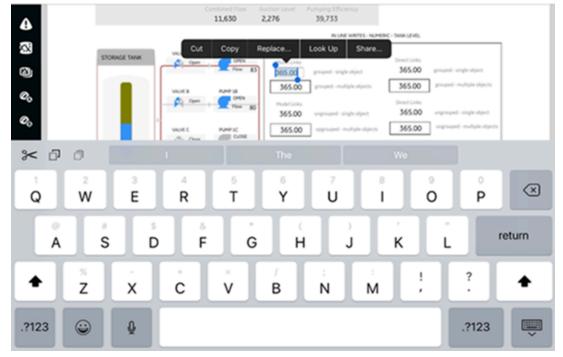
When configured, you can modify values in the HMI/SCADA data source directly on mimic cards.

You must have permissions in the HMI/SCADA data source to perform this task.

1. Hover over the value you want to update on the mimic card.

If the background of the value changes to blue, you can update the value.

- Enter the new value in its entirety and press Enter or select the value from a drop-down list.
   If you specify an invalid value in any entry box on the mimic card, the box becomes outlined in red.
- 3. Optional: For mobile devices:



a. Select the entry field whose value you want to update. If its background changes to blue, you can edit this value, as shown below:

- b. Select the entry field again and specify the new value or select it from a drop-down list.
- c. **Optional:** Click outside the field if you do not want to update the current value.
- d. If an update confirmation window appears, answer accordingly.
- 4. If an update confirmation window appears, answer accordingly.

An error can occur when you are not connected to the data source, you do not have permissions to write to your data source, or you entered a numeric value not within the acceptable minimum and maximum range for that value.

# Solid Gauge

Use the widget to insert circular charts and monitor the status of industrial systems.

You can use both thin and thick gauges of these types:

- Half
- Three-fourths
- Full

The solid gauge widget is available under Integration > Display. When designing application pages (on

page 308), drag-and-drop

GESolidGauge to a container.

Property	Description
Title	Enter a title to help identify the solid gauge at run- time.
Engineering Unit	Enter the unit of measurement for the values on the gauge.
Width (px) (0 equals Dynamic)	Enter a width for the solid gauge. If set to 0, the widget occupies 100% of its container, and fills the area in the application.
Background Color	Select a background color <i>(on page 573)</i> to fill the widget.
Font Color	Select a font color <i>(on page 573)</i> for the widget text.
Font Size (px) (0 equals Dynamic)	Specify a font size in pixels for the solid gauge dis- play text. If set to 0, the font resizes to match with the width of the widget.
Min	Enter the minimum value for the solid gauge scale.
Max	Enter the maximum value for the solid gauge scale
Number of decimals	Enter the number of decimal places to format val- ues.
Sparkline	The sparkline data is created based on the query applied to the widget. We can see a sparkline only if the query returns multiple records from the data source. The sparkline is not displayed for a single record even if it is enabled.
	Select the check box to enable the sparkline for the selected <b>Gauge Variant</b> at runtime.
Gauge Variant	List of different types of guages you can use in your application.

#### Table 15. Solid Gauge Properties

Description
Select a position to display text for the solid gauge at runtime.
<ul> <li>Top Left is the default position.</li> <li>You can choose to position the text at the Center of the gauge.</li> </ul>
You can specify one or more ranges to display in different colors.
<ol> <li>Select +Add Item.</li> <li>Enter a value for limit. At runtime, the gauge is displayed in the selected color on reaching this value.</li> <li>Select a color (on page 573) for the range limit.</li> <li>Use ↑ and ↓ to reorder ranges. The ranges are implemented in the specified order.</li> <li>Select ● to delete a range.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>You can add one or more alerts on a gauge, each with unique values.</li> <li>1. Select +Add Item.</li> <li>2. Enter a value for limit. At runtime, a line alert is displayed on the gauge on reaching this value.</li> <li>3. Select a color (on page 573) to identify the line alert.</li> <li>4. Use  and  to reorder alerts. The alerts are implemented in the specified order.</li> <li>5. Select  to delete an alert.</li> </ul>

### Table 15. Solid Gauge Properties (continued)

Property	Description
Value	To get values for the widget from a data source, use any of these options:
	<ul> <li>Select a query output.</li> <li>Select a global parameter.</li> <li>Enter source data manually.</li> <li>Add a formula.</li> </ul>
Result Set Index	This property is applicable for REST queries only. It allows to define which index of the result set the widget should use as input data. Default is 0.
	For example, consider a Historian REST query that returns data for three tags.
	<ul> <li>If you want the widget to use the first tag da ta from the query result set, then set the index value as 0.</li> <li>To direct the widget to use the second tag data, enter the index value as 1.</li> <li>Similarly, you can set index values as 2, 3, 4, etc. based on the data to provide as input to the widget.</li> </ul>
Reverse Order	This property helps to reverse the query result set. Select the check box to provide the bottom record
	value as input to the widget. Clear the check box to provide the top record value as input to the widget.
	When you apply this property to REST queries that return more than one record for each input tag, the records of the selected tag (use <b>Result Set Index</b> to select the tag) are reversed.
	For example, consider a Historian REST query with two input tags (tag1 and tag2); each with 100

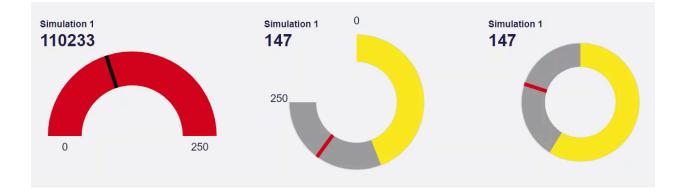
### Table 15. Solid Gauge Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	records as result. Set the <b>Result Set Index</b> as <b>0</b> and
	verify the following:
	<ul> <li>If you selected the Reverse Order check</li> </ul>
	box, then the 100th record (last) value of
	tag1 is displayed on the gauge.
	<ul> <li>If you cleared the Reverse Order check box,</li> </ul>
	then the first record value of tag1 is dis-
	played on the gauge.

## Table 15. Solid Gauge Properties (continued)

### Solid Gauge at Runtime

The change in values are indicated with changing colors.



# Timeline

Use the timeline widget to visually monitor the progress of your events.

Generally used for time-based events, the timeline widget can monitor the status of a machine and update the events that occurred over a time period. It can capture data on how long a machine was running, or remained in an idle state. To visualize multiple events against a single time period, add multiple timelines aligned to the same X-axis on a chart.

The timeline widget is available under **Integration > Charts**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GETimeline** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

Property	Description
BEHAVIOR > Event Selected	Trigger actions on the timeline selected event.
Title	Enter a title to help identify the timeline at runtime.
Font Color	Select a font color <i>(on page 573)</i> for the widget text.
Show Border	Select the check box to add a border to the time- line widget. A border frames the widget and pro- vides a clean look.
Border Color	Select a color (on page 573) for the border.
Show X-axis Labels	Select the check box to show the X-axis ticks on the widget at runtime. Clear the check box to hide the ticks.
Width	Enter a width for the timeline widget.
Height	Enter a height for the timeline widget.
Event Table Datasource	The event table helps to match the colors and la- bels. It enables the widget to assign a specific col- or and label to an incoming event.
	When a value from the result set <i>(on page 506)</i> matches a value from the event table, then the con figured color and label applies to that entry. You can configure an event table either manually <i>(on page 505)</i> , or get data from a data source.
	Select the output fields in this order:
	• Value • Label • Color
	Use any of these options to get data from a data source:

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Select a query output.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Select a global parameter.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Enter source data manually.</li> </ul>
	• Add a formula.
	Note:
	Currently, we only support the option to
	use a query output to retrieve data.
Point Primary Color	Serves as the first color in the zebra striped color pattern. Select a primary color <i>(on page 573)</i> to apply to the timeline event table if not retrieving values from a datasource.
Point Secondary Color	Serves as the second color in the zebra striped color pattern. Select a secondary color <i>(on page 573)</i> to apply to the timeline event table if not retrieving values from a datasource.
Event Table Manual	You can create event table entries manually. In the absence of an <b>Event Table Datasource</b> , these en- tries are used for retrieving data for the timeline events.
	<ul> <li>Select +Add Item to create an event table</li> </ul>
	entry.
	<ul> <li>For each event table entry, enter these de-</li> </ul>
	tails:
	∘ Value
	• Label
	∘ Color
	Events that do not match an entry from the event
	table are assigned the <b>Point Primary Color</b> or <b>Point</b>
	Secondary Color.

#### Table 16. Timeline Properties (continued)

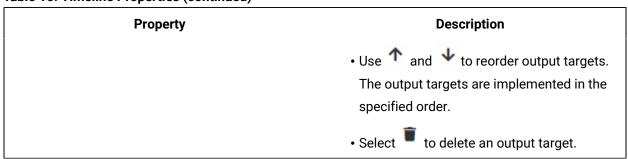
Description
Configure one or more data sources to get values for the timeline widget. When you add multiple da- ta sources, you get a single view for multiple time- lines all aligned to the same X-axis. It allows you to compare data at different time intervals. To config- ure a data source:
1. Select <b>+Add Item</b> .
Note: You must add an item even if you want to drag and drop the data to bind to the widget.
2. Enter a <b>Name</b> to identify the data source at runtime.
The name is shown next to the timeline and on the tooltip. If you do not provide a name for the data source, the query name appear on the tooltip.
<ul> <li>3. Use any of these options to get data from a data source: <ul> <li>Select a query output.</li> <li>Select a global parameter.</li> <li>Enter source data manually.</li> <li>Add a formula.</li> </ul> </li> <li>You must select timestamp as the first value followed by other values. Select the out-</li> </ul>

Table 16. Timeline Properties (continued)	Table 16.	Timeline	Properties	(continued)
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Property	Description	
	Note:	
	<ul> <li>Currently, we only support the option to use a query output to retrieve data.</li> <li>If you drag-and-drop (on page 123) multiple tags on the timeline widget, only the last selected tag is bound to the output. Only one data source value can be bound per query.</li> </ul>	
Input Datetime Format	Select from local or UTC.	
Start Sample	Select the <b>Enable</b> check box to insert an event at the start of the timeline. Then, specify the start timestamp.	
Datasource Start Timestamp	Use any of these options to provide start time- stamp values from a data source:	
	<ul> <li>Select a query output.</li> <li>Select a global parameter.</li> <li>Enter source data manually.</li> <li>Add a formula.</li> </ul>	
	Note: When using multiple REST query data sources, ensure that the start time for all the REST query data sources closely match with one another.	
Datasource Start Value	Use any of these options to provide event value at the start (after timestamp) from a data source:	

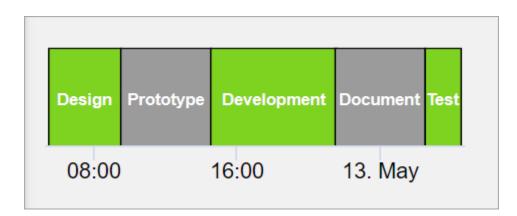
#### Table 16. Timeline Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Select a query output.</li> <li>Select a global parameter.</li> <li>Enter source data manually.</li> <li>Add a formula.</li> </ul>
End Sample	Select the <b>Enable</b> check box to insert an end time for the last event on the timeline. Then specify the end timestamp.
Datasource End Timestamp	This is the final timestamp for the last event in the query. It is required to specify an end timestamp to get all the values from last queried batch on dis- play.
	Use any of these options to provide end timestamp values from a data source:
	<ul> <li>Select a query output.</li> <li>Select a global parameter.</li> <li>Enter source data manually.</li> <li>Add a formula.</li> </ul>
Output Targets	You can configure output targets for a selected event. At runtime, these targets trigger only on se- lecting the respective event.
	<ul> <li>Select +Add Item to configure an output target.</li> <li>Select an Output Value. The available values are Start Local Time, Start Local Time ISO, Start UTC Time, Start UTC Time ISO, End Local Time, End Local Time ISO, Value, and Label.</li> <li>To specify a target source/tag, use a query or global.</li> </ul>
	You can add one or more output targets for an event.



#### Table 16. Timeline Properties (continued)

### **Timeline at Runtime**



# Sparkline

Generate simple sparkline charts to visualize data trends.

Use the sparkline widget to create compact and easy to understand line charts. Configure sparkline properties to insert inline lightweight charts. The sparkline widget is available under **INTEGRATION > CHARTS**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GESparkline** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (*on page 564*).

Property	Description
Title	Enter a title name for the sparkline. This name helps to identify the sparkline chart at runtime.
Engineering Unit	Enter the engineering unit of measurement for val- ues.

#### Table 17. Sparkline Properties

Property	Description
Height - 0 equals 100%	Set the height in pixels. If set to 0, the sparkline chart occupies 100% of its container.
Font Color	Select a font color for the title name, current value, and engineering unit.
Font Size (px) (0 equals Dynamic)	Set the font size in pixels. If set to 0, the font size becomes dynamic, which means the font is resized based on the height of the widget.
Line Color	Select a color for the line.
Line Width	Enter a value in pixels that defines the thickness of the line in the chart.
Number of decimals	Enter the number of decimal places to format values.
	For 1 decimal place, the value is rounded off to the nearest tenths; for 2 decimal places, the value is rounded off to the nearest hundredths, so on.
Source - Value	Use any of these options to provide values for sparkline. The only output field should be Value.
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab to choose from queries that return Value as output.</li> <li>Select the Global tab to choose from output fields available as global parameters.</li> <li>Select the Manual tab, and enter the value in the text field.</li> <li>Select the Formula tab to add a formula that returns an Value as output.</li> </ul>
Result Set Index	This property is applicable for Historian REST queries only. It allows to define which index of the result set the widget should use as input data. De- fault is 0.
	For example, consider a Historian REST query that returns data for three tags.

### Table 17. Sparkline Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>If you want the widget to use the first tag data from the query result set, then set the index value as 0.</li> <li>To direct the widget to use the second tag data, enter the index value as 1.</li> <li>Similarly, you can set index values as 2, 3, 4, etc. based on the data to provide as input to the widget.</li> </ul>
Reverse Sorting Order	This property is applicable for Historian REST queries only. It helps to reverse the query result set.
	Select the check box to provide the bottom record value as input to the widget.
	Clear the check box to provide the top record value as input to the widget.
	When you apply this property to REST queries that return more than one record for each input tag, the records of the selected tag (use <b>Result Set Index</b> to select the tag) are reversed.
	For example, consider a Historian REST query with two input tags (tag1 and tag2); each with 100 records as result. Set the <b>Result Set Index</b> as <b>0</b> and verify the following:
	<ul> <li>If you selected the <b>Reverse Order</b> check box, then the 100th record (last) value of tag1 is displayed on the sparkline.</li> <li>If you cleared the <b>Reverse Order</b> check box, then the first record value of tag1 is dis- played on the sparkline.</li> </ul>

### Table 17. Sparkline Properties (continued)

# Pareto Chart

Plot a pareto chart for qualitative analysis of your data.

You can use this widget to run a pareto analysis on your data. A pareto chart is a combination of colums/ bars and a line graph. The colums/bars represent individual values, and are arranged in a descending order. The pareto line represents the cumulative total of the values. This visual arrangement helps to identify the most important factors in a given dataset in order to make critical decisions.

The pareto chart widget is available under **INTEGRATION > CHARTS**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEParetoChart** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (*on page 564*).

Property	Description	
Title Configuration		
Name	Enter a title name for the pareto chart. This name helps to identify the pareto chart at runtime.	
Font Size (px)	Set the font size for the title text in pixels.	
Font Color	Select a font color for the pareto chart text.	
Width (px) - 0 equals dynamic	If set to 0, the pareto chart occupies 100% of its container.	
Height (px)	Set a height for the pareto chart in pixels.	
Label Configuration		
Y-Axis Label	Enter a label name for the Y-axis, which is dis- played at runtime.	
Axis Label Font Size (px)	Set the font size for the y-axis label name text in pixels.	
	Line Configuration	
Width (px)	Enter a value that defines the thickness of the pare- to line in the chart.	
Color	Select a color for the pareto line.	
Series Configuration		
Variant	Both variants are used to compare two or more val- ues, wherein the length of the column/bar is pro- portional to the data value. Select between:	

#### Table 18. Pareto Chart Properties

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Column: Inserts vertical columns to represent data in the chart. Use this variant for larger data sets.</li> <li>Bar: Inserts horizontal bars to represent data in the chart. Use this variant if your chart titles are long.</li> </ul>
Color	Select a color for the columns/bars in the chart.
Source - Data Source	To provide values for the pareto chart, select the <b>Query</b> tab to choose from queries that return out- put fields for the x-axis and y-axis data:
	<ol> <li>Reason (String)</li> <li>Frequency/Occurrence (number)</li> </ol>
	Note: Currently you can pass values to the wid- get using a query only.

#### Table 18. Pareto Chart Properties (continued)

# Spider Chart

Use spider charts to compare and analyze multiple data sets.

With the spider chart widget, you can:

- Create visually appealing spider graphs.
- Apply unique color coding for efficient comparison of data.
- Analyze values that change over a period of time.
- Use the resultant information for better decision-making.

The spider chart is available under **INTEGRATION > CHARTS**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GESpiderChart** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

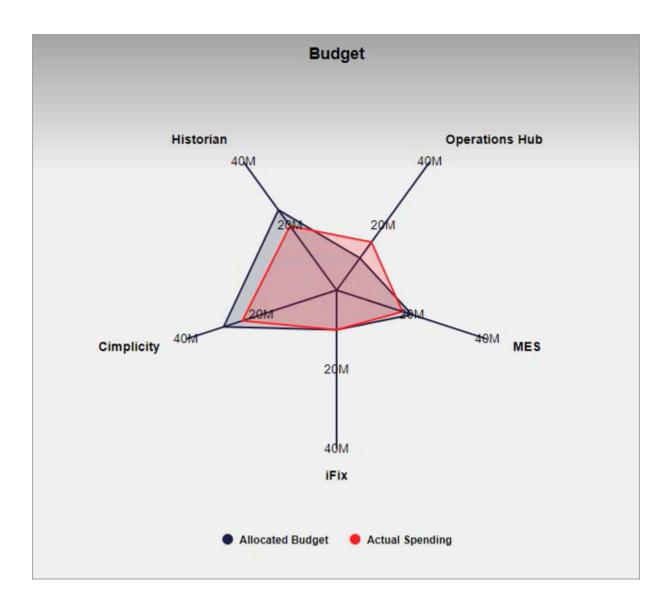
#### Table 19. Spider Chart Properties

Property	Description
Title	Enter a title name for the spider chart. The title appears at runtime.
Font Color	Select a font color <i>(on page 573)</i> for the spider chart text.
Line Color	Select a line color <i>(on page 573)</i> for the spider chart axes.
Default Min	Enter the minimum axis value.
	<ul> <li>This value is set as default.</li> <li>Applies to all the available axes on the spider chart.</li> </ul>
Default Max	Enter the maximum axis value.
	<ul> <li>This value is set as default.</li> <li>Applies to all the available axes on the spider chart.</li> </ul>
Legend	Select:
	<ul> <li>Bottom: Legend appears at the bottom of the chart.</li> <li>Right: Legend appears on the right side of the chart.</li> <li>None: Hides the legend.</li> </ul>
Max-width	Enter the maximum width the spider chart can oc- cupy in an application.
Axis Labels	Add items to create multiple axes in a spider chart. Enter the following information for each item (ax- is):

Property	Description
	• Label: A label name to identify the axis.
	• Alt. Min: Alternate minimum axis value if
	you want to override the default min (on
	page 514) value.
	• Alt. Max: Alternate maximum axis value if
	you want to override the default max (on
	page 514) value.
Series	Add items to set up a data series for the spider
	chart.
	• Name: Enter a name for the data set.
	Color: Select a line color (on page 573) for
	the data set.
	<ul> <li>Fill: If you select the check box, the data set</li> </ul>
	area is filled with the series color.
	<ul> <li>Source Value: To get values for the data set,</li> </ul>
	choose any of these options:
	<ul> <li>Query: Select a query to get output</li> </ul>
	values from a data source.
	<ul> <li>Global: Select a global value that re-</li> </ul>
	turns an array as output.
	<ul> <li>Manual: Enter semicolon separated</li> </ul>
	values.
	<ul> <li>Reverse Sorting Order: This property ap-</li> </ul>
	plies to Historian REST queries only. It helps
	to reverse the query result set.
	$_{\circ}$ If you select the check box, the bot-
	tom record value is taken as input.
	$_{\circ}$ If you clear the check box, the top
	record value is taken as input.

### Table 19. Spider Chart Properties (continued)

Spider Chart at Runtime



# Variwide Chart

A variwide chart is a column chart where each column has a separate width to represent the third dimension.

The variwide chart is available under **INTEGRATION > CHARTS**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEVariwideChart** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

#### **Table 20. Variwide Chart Properties**

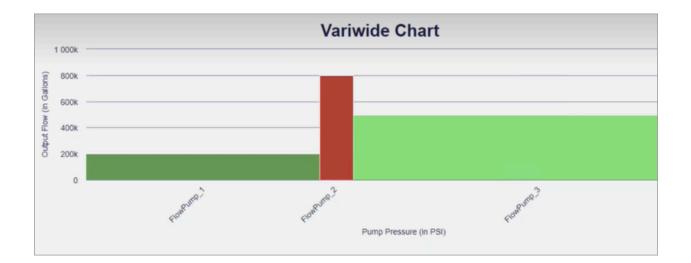
Property	Description
Title Configuration	Set a title for your variwide chart.
	• Name: Enter a title name.
	<ul> <li>Font Size (px): For the title text, enter the</li> </ul>
	font size in pixels.
	• Font Color: Select a font color for the title.
	<ul> <li>Width (px) - 0 equals dynamic: Enter a width</li> </ul>
	for the variwide chart. If set to 0, the chart
	occupies 100% of its container, and fills the
	area in the application.
	• <b>Height (px)</b> : Enter the height of the chart in pixels.
Label Configuration	Configure the axes labels in your variwide chart.
	• Y-Axis Label: Enter a label name that ap-
	pears on the chart's y-axis.
	• X-Axis Label: Enter a label name that ap-
	pears on the chart's x-axis.
	<ul> <li>Font Size (px): For the label text, enter the</li> </ul>
	font size in pixels This value applies to both
	the x and y axis labels.
Series Configuration	Select query output values from a data source to
	define a data series for your chart.
	Only three inputs from the query are considered fo
	mapping in the following order:
	<ul> <li>first output field maps to category (x-axis)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>second output field maps to value (y-axis)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>third output field value represents the width</li> </ul>
	of the column chart (z-axis)
Series color configuration - manual	Add items to configure colors in your chart. Use
	this property to override the default chart series
	color.

Property	Description
	• Label: Enter the label name if you want to
	apply a specific color for the respective la-
	bel.
	• Color: Choose a color to apply to a label (if
	label name is specified), or a column.
	If you <b>configure both label and color</b> , the column
	with the label name always appears in the speci-
	fied color.
	If you <i>configure only color</i> , the color is applied to
	a column in a sequential order.
	Columns with no color configuration adopt the de-
	fault highcharts configuration.

#### Table 20. Variwide Chart Properties (continued)

### Variwide Chart at Runtime

In the illustrated example, pump pressure is represented by the width of each column for the respective category.



# Bullet Graph

Use bullet graphs to compare the performance of any two values.

The horizontal bar in a bullet graph represents the actual value, while the vertical line represents the target value. You can add color-coded range limits to visualize the progression status of the actual value to the target value.

The bullet graph widget is available under **Integration > Charts**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEBulletGraph** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (*on page 564*).

Property	Description
Title	Enter a title name for the bullet graph. This name appears at runtime.
Engineering Unit	Enter the unit of measurement for values.
Display Engineering Unit On Graph	If you select the check box, the specified unit ap- pears next to the horizontal bar that represents the actual value in the graph. Clear the check box to hide the unit.
Target Value	Use any of these options to specify the target and actual values in the graph:
	<ul> <li>Query: Allows to select a query.</li> <li>Global: Allows to select a global parameter.</li> <li>Manual: Allows manual entry of values.</li> <li>Formula: Allows to create data formulas.</li> </ul>
	The bullet graph always compares only a single value against the target value. To compare multiple values, create multiple graphs.
	When you drag and drop a query on the bullet graph, only the source value field gets updated. By default, the source target is set to 500.
Min	Enter the minimum axis value for the graph.
Max	Enter the maximum axis value for the graph.

#### Table 21. Bullet Graph Properties

Property	Description
Variant	You have an option to use a bar graph instead of the bullet graph.
	<ul> <li>Bullet: The default bullet graph displays a background progress bar.</li> <li>Bar: Displays a single bar graph.</li> </ul>
Number Of Decimals	Enter the number of decimal places to format actu- al and target values in the graph. The decimals do not apply to ticks.
	For example, enter 1 to round off value to the near- est tenths, 2 to round off value to the nearest hun- dredths, so on.
Width (px) - 0 equals dynamic	Enter the width of the graph in pixels. For example,
	If set to o, the bullet graph widget occupies 100% of its container.
Height	Enter the height of the graph in pixels. For example, 130.
Orientation	<ul> <li>Horizontal: This is the default display orientation for the graph.</li> <li>Vertical: If you select a vertical orientation, re-adjust the width and height of the graph.</li> </ul>
Display EGU on Axis Ticks	Select the check box if you want the engineering unit to appear next to each tick mark value.
Display Axis Ticks On Opposite Side	Select the check box if you want the tick marks to appear above the graph.
	By default, ticks appear below the graph.
Ticks	Choose how to display the tick marks on the graph scale.

# Table 21. Bullet Graph Properties (continued)

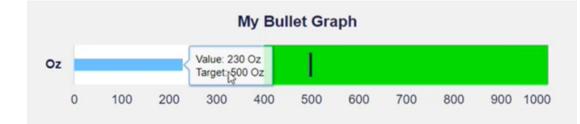
Property	Description	
	<ul> <li><b>Dynamic</b>: Dynamically selects the tick mark range to display.</li> <li><b>Min/Max</b>: Displays only min and max tick mark values.</li> <li><b>Hidden</b>: Hides the tick marks.</li> </ul>	
Font Color	Select a font color for the graph text.	
Color	Select a color for the horizontal bar in the graph that represents the actual value.	
Target Color	Select a color for the vertical line in the graph that represents the target value.	
Color Background	Select a color to apply as a background for the graph.	
Custom Limit(s)	Select <b>(+Add Item)</b> to set up custom range limits and add plot bands to your bullet graph. The plot bands appear in the background providing a visual display of performance status. 1. Choose a <b>Plot Band Option</b> .	
	Manual Select this option if you want to enter <b>from</b> and <b>to</b> values to set up a range limit.	
	Percent- age of To- talTo set up a range limit, calcu- lates the percentage of the total value (maximum axis value) provided in the bullet graph.	
	Percent- age of Tar- getTo set up a range limit, calcu- lates the percentage of the target value provided in the bullet graph.	

### Table 21. Bullet Graph Properties (continued)

Table 21	. Bullet	Graph	Properties	(continued)	
----------	----------	-------	------------	-------------	--

Property	Description
	2. Select a unique color to help identify the
	range in the graph.
	<ol> <li>Use ↑ and ↓ to re-arrange the order of the range limits.</li> </ol>
	The order of the custom range limit impacts the
	graph. In the example figure, the green band repre-
	sents the first applied range limit (90 -100 % target)
	followed by the rest of the range limits as per the
	order.
	OCZ 2000CZ 4000CZ 6000CZ 8000CZ 1000CCZ 12000 CZ
	If using the bar variant graph, the horizontal value
	bar may overlap the plot bands in your graph.
	00Z 20000Z 40000Z 60000Z 80000Z 100000Z 12000 Oz
Historian REST Options	Use this property to configure Historian REST queries. You can define which index of the result set to use as input data. The default <b>Result Set In- dex</b> is 0, wherein the widget uses the first tag da- ta from the query result set. Enter 1 to consider the second tag data, 2 for third, so on.
	Select the <b>Reverse Sorting Order</b> check box to reverse the query result set. The bottom record value is provided as input to the widget. Clear the check box to provide the top record value as input to the widget.

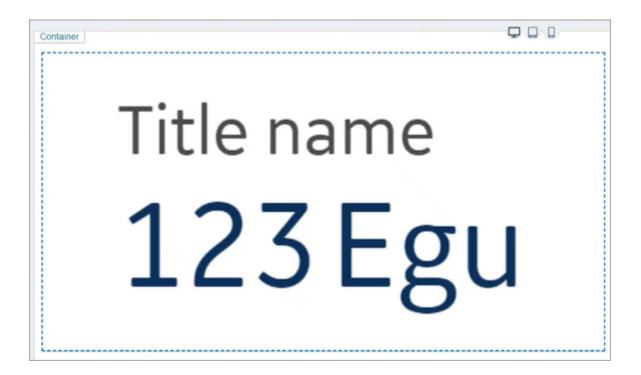
### **Bullet Graph at Runtime**



# Value Display

Use this widget to display any type of data value.

The value display widget is available under **INTEGRATION > DISPLAY**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEValueDisplay** to a container.



The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (*on page 564*).

#### Table 22. Value Display Properties

Property	Description
Title	Enter a title for the widget, which is displayed at runtime.
Engineering Unit	Enter the engineering unit of measurement for the values, which is displayed at runtime.
Height	Set a height for the value display widget in pixels.
Width	Set a width for the value display widget in pixels.
Padding	Enter a value that defines the space between the content and the widget's borders.
	Background Configuration
Options	Choose from:
	<ul> <li>Select Transparent to apply a transparent background for the widget.</li> <li>Select Color to apply a colored background for the widget.</li> </ul>
Color	If you opted for a colored background, specify a color for the background.
	Border Configuration
Width	o implies that the widget has no border.
	implies that the widget has a border. With every increasing value, the thickness of the widget's border is determined.
Radius	o implies that the widget has no round corners.
	implies that the widget has a round corner. With every increasing value, the curve at the corners are determined.
Color	Applies a color to the widget's border.
Font Size	Enter a font size for the widget's <b>Title</b> and <b>Current</b> value and EGU.

Property	Description
Font Color	Select a font color for the widget's <b>Title</b> and <b>Cur-</b> rent value and EGU.
Font Style	Select a font style for <b>Title</b> and <b>Current value and EGU</b> , whether normal, bold, or italic.
Rotate	Allows to rotate the widget based on the selected degree of rotation.
	Align
Text	Allows to align the text left, right, or center within the widget.
Horizontal	Allows to align the widget left, right, or center with- in its container.
Vertical	Allows to align the text either at the top, middle, or bottom of the widget.
State Configuration	You can configure how the widget should appear whenever there is a change in its status. Use any of these options:
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab to specify a query, which returns output values that indicate the status change. The query should include these output fields - value, operator, text-Color, borderColor, background, background-color, and blinking.</li> <li>Select the Global tab to choose from values that are available as global parameters.</li> <li>Select the Manual tab, and enter the values for all fields in the text field. However, if you are manually entering values, then it is recommended to use the Manual State property.</li> </ul>

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Select the Formula tab to add a formula that returns output values to indicate the status change.         <ul> <li>Select Add Formula &gt; Add text.</li> <li>Enter the values for all fields in the text field.</li> <li>Select Done to save and add the formula to the value display widget.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Example: For <b>Global</b> , <b>Manual</b> , and <b>Formula</b> , you can
	paste the following sample code in the text field:
	<pre>[</pre>
Manual State	You can manually configure each field (instead of applying a query) how the widget should appear on reaching a specified value. Select <b>+Add Item</b> and provide these field values that help to indicate the change:
	<ul> <li>Enter a threshold Value, and select an Oper- ator for comparison. For example, consider the value is 100 and operator is =. It means</li> </ul>

that when the widget value is equal to 100, the following changes apply to the widget.

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Selected Text Color and Border Color are applied.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Background, if not transparent applies the</li> </ul>
	selected Background Color.
	<ul> <li>If selected, applies Blinking animation on</li> </ul>
	the widget when the value is equal to $100$ .
	You can configure several manual states using <b>+Add Item</b> .
	<ul> <li>Use ↑ and ↓ to reorder manual states.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Select to delete a configured manual state.</li> </ul>
Value Configuration	You can configure the values on how they should appear at runtime.
	<ul> <li>Select a Format for the value, whether the</li> </ul>
	value should be a number or string.
	<ul> <li>If value is a number, specify the Number of</li> </ul>
	<b>decimals</b> for the value. If value is a string,
	decimals do not apply.
Value	Use any of these options to provide data source
	values for the widget.
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab to choose from queries</li> </ul>
	that return data source values as output.
	<ul> <li>Select the Global tab to choose values that</li> </ul>
	are available as global parameters.
	<ul> <li>Select the Manual tab, and enter the value in the text field.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Select the Formula tab to add a formula that</li> </ul>
	returns data source values as output.

Property	Description
Result Set Index	This property is applicable for Historian REST queries only. It allows to define which index of the result set the widget should use as input data. De- fault is 0.
	For example, consider a Historian REST query that returns data for three tags.
	<ul> <li>If you want the widget to use the first tag data from the query result set, then set the index value as 0.</li> <li>To direct the widget to use the second tag data, enter the index value as 1.</li> <li>Similarly, you can set index values as 2, 3, 4, etc. based on the data to provide as input to the widget.</li> </ul>
Reverse Sorting Order	This property is applicable for Historian REST queries only. It helps to reverse the query result set.
	Select the check box to provide the bottom record value as input to the widget.
	Clear the check box to provide the top record value as input to the widget.
	When you apply this property to REST queries that return more than one record for each input tag, the records of the selected tag (use <b>Result Set Index</b> to select the tag) are reversed.
	For example, consider a Historian REST query with two input tags (tag1 and tag2); each with 100 records as result. Set the <b>Result Set Index</b> as <b>0</b> and verify the following:

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>If you selected the Reverse Order check</li> </ul>
	box, then the 100th record (last) value of
	tag1 is displayed on the value display.
	<ul> <li>If you cleared the Reverse Order check box,</li> </ul>
	then the first record value of tag1 is dis-
	played on the value display.

### iFrame

Use the iFrame widget to load content from another website within Operations Hub.

The iFrame widget is available under **INTEGRATION > DISPLAY**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEIFrame** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

Property	Description
Source - URL	Use any of these options to provide the URL ad- dress of the website you want to load in the iFrame widget.
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab to choose from queries that return an URL as output.</li> </ul>
	Note: If the query output returns an array with multiple URLs, then the first URL value is taken into considera- tion.
	<ul> <li>Select the Global tab to choose from URL outputs available as global parameters.</li> <li>Select the Manual tab, and enter the URL ad dress in the text field.</li> </ul>

#### Table 23. iFrame Properties

#### Table 23. iFrame Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Select the Formula tab to add a formula that returns an URL as output.</li> <li>Select Add Formula &gt; Add text.</li> <li>Enter the URL address in the text field.</li> <li>Select Done to save and add the formula to the iFrame widget.</li> </ul>
Hide Scrollbars	If selected, hides the scroll bar. The horizontal and vertical scroll bars appear only when the content in the iFrame widget extends beyond the widget's width and height.
Enable Full Width	If selected, the iFrame widget occupies 100% of the width of the container. Enabling this property overrides the <b>Width (px)</b> set for the widget.
Width (px)	If you do not select <b>Enable Full Width</b> , then set a width for the iFrame widget in pixels.
Height (px)	Set a height for the iFrame widget in pixels.
Border Style	To apply a border to the iFrame widget, select from any of the available styles, or select <b>None</b> for no border.
	<ul> <li>Solid: Applies a solid border</li> <li>Inset: Applies a 3D inset border</li> <li>Outset: Applies a 3D outset border</li> </ul>
Border Width (px)	Enter a value that defines the thickness of the iFrame border.
Border Color	Select a color to apply to the four borders of the iFrame widget.

## **iFrame at Runtime**

wWidget			🕒 OphubAdmin 🛛
	🞯 webpack	DOCUMENTATION CONTRIBUTE VOTE BLOG O Y & F. O 📿 Search 🗔 🗊	
		Api Concepts Configuration Guides Loaders Migrate Plugins	
	Webpack 5 🗸	Configuration	
egGrid	Print Section      Configuration     Use different configuration file     Options	Out of the box, webpack won't require you to use a configuration file. However, it will assume the entry point of your project is src/index.js and will output the result in dist/main.js minified and optimized for production.	
	Configuration Languages     Configuration Types	Usually your projects will need to extend this functionality, for this you can create a webpack.config.js. file in the root folder and webpack will automatically use it. All the available configuration options are specified below.	
	<ul> <li>Entry and Context</li> <li>Mode</li> <li>Output</li> </ul>	Tip	
ag-grid is proud to	Module     Resolve     Optimization	New to webpack? Check out our guide to some of webpack's core concepts to get started!	
partner with webpack	<ul> <li>&gt; Plugins</li> <li>&gt; DevServer</li> <li>&gt; Cache</li> </ul>	Use different configuration file	

#### Note:

- When you print preview a webpage, it may not look like the actual web page. The print stylesheet formats the web page to print in a user-friendly format.
- Some website URLs may not load within an iFrame due to their security policies.
- To load YouTube videos within an iFrame, use the video's embed URL.

# DataGrid

Use this widget to access advanced features of a table.

The datagrid widget is available under **INTEGRATION > DISPLAY**. When designing application pages (on page 308), drag-and-drop **DataGrid** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

# Table 24. DataGrid Properties

Property	Description
BEHAVIOR > Selected Items Changed	Use this property to define the action to be taken
BEHAVIOR > Edited Rows Updated	when a value is modified in the datagrid. For this
	behavior to work, you must also configure the Add
	Table Column for the modified value.

Property	Description	
Source - Input	Use any of these options to provide values from a data source.	
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab. Choose a query and select output fields to view data on the grid. The data grid table displays the output field names as column headers. If Alias is provided for any output field, then the alias name overrides the column header name.</li> <li>Select the Global tab. Choose an output field value that is available as a global parameter.</li> <li>Select the Formula tab. Add a formula that returns columns as output.</li> </ul>	
	Note: Currently we do not support manually passing values to the widget.	
Height (px) - 0 equals dynamic	Set the height in pixels. If set to 0, the datagrid ta- ble occupies 100% of its container.	
Background Color	Select a color to apply as a background color to the datagrid.	
Border Color	Select a color for the datagrid table border.	
Show Borders	Select the check box to apply a border to the data- grid table. To remove the border, clear the check box.	
Show Column Lines	Select the check box to display column gridlines. To remove gridlines, clear the check box.	
Show Row Lines	Select the check box to display row gridlines. To re- move gridlines, clear the check box.	

Property	Description
Enable Search	Select the check box to add a search field above the datagrid widget to search the entire table.
Allow Grouping	Select the check box to allow grouping of columns at runtime.
	<ul> <li>The message Drag a column header here to group by that column is displayed at the top of the table.</li> <li>Select the column you want to group by, drag and drop on the message.</li> <li>You can also group data by multiple columns. Drag and drop columns on the message one after the other to group data accordingly.</li> </ul>
	To undo grouping, drag the columns back to their previous position.
Allow Filtering	Select the check box to allow filtering of data in every column. At runtime, to filter values:
	<ol> <li>Select and open the filter from the respective column header.</li> <li>Select the check box for the values you want to use for filtering data.</li> <li>Select <b>OK</b> to apply the filter to the column.</li> </ol>
Allow Edit	Select the check box if you want to modify grid da- ta. An edit option appears at runtime next to each row.

 Table 24. DataGrid Properties (continued)

Property	Des	Description		
	Coffee ProductionTime	Coffee ProductionAck		
	11/23/2021, 12:00 AM	~	8 9	
	11/7/2021, 12:00 AM	~	1	
	11/18/2021, 12:00 AM	~	1	
	11/30/2021, 12:00 AM		1	
			1	
	11/9/2021, 12:00 AM		1	
	The modified data value data source. To use the configure the <b>Add Table</b> <b>get</b> properties.	edit option succe	essfully,	
	Changes are written to t put data source. Hence, freshing the page.	-		
Pages or scroll	If the number of rows ex ify whether you want to scroll through data.		-	
	<ul> <li>Select Pages to of in separate page to display per page</li> <li>Select Scroll to a grid.</li> </ul>	s. Enter the numb ge in <b>Page Size</b> .	er of rows	
Rows	Use these properties to rows:	configure datagri	d table	
	<ul> <li>Header Font Size text font size in p</li> <li>Header Font Color the column head</li> <li>Body Font Size: So the datagrid.</li> </ul>	iixels. or: Select a font c er text.	olor for	

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Body Font Color: Set the font color for text in the datagrid.</li> <li>Selection Mode: single allows to select a single row in the grid. Multiple allows to se- lect multiple rows using a check box. None disables row selection.</li> </ul>
Add Animation	Use this property to highlight a row when a condi- tion is met. Boolean values are represented with 1 or 0.
	This property is similar to Add Cell Animation.
Add Table Column	Use this property to customize the datagrid columns (on page 532). Select <b>+Add Item</b> to show configuring options.
	Note: Add only the columns you want to cus- tomize. It is not required to add all the columns.
	<ul> <li>Configure column (on page 535)</li> <li>Configure output target (on page 536)</li> <li>Add image/icon (on page 536)</li> <li>Add cell animation (on page 537)</li> </ul>
	To organize table columns:
	<ul> <li>Use ↑ and ↓ to rearrange order of columns in the datagrid.</li> <li>To delete a column, select ■ next to it.</li> </ul>
Column	Use these properties to configure a column:

Table 24. DataGrid Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	<ul> <li>Data Field: Provide the column header name. This value must match the output field name (returned by query).</li> </ul>
	If an <b>Alias</b> is configured for the output field for the specific column, then the value must match the alias name.
	<ul> <li>Data Type: Specify the type of data in the column. For example, select Picture if the column contains image URLs and images will be retrieved from the data source.</li> <li>Visible: Select/Clear the check box if you want to show/hide the column in the datagrid.</li> <li>Allow Filtering: Select/Clear the check box to enable/disable filtering on column.</li> <li>Allow Sorting: Select/Clear the check box to enable/disable sorting by this column.</li> <li>Allow Edit: Select/Clear the check box to enable/disable editing the column data.</li> </ul>
Output Target	Specify the target data source for column data. At runtime, when column data is selected/modified, the target specified in this property is triggered.
	<ul> <li>Choose a query input value as target. (OR) Add or choose a global value as target.</li> <li>Select Unix timestamp format to represent all time zones at once.</li> </ul>
Add Image	Use this property to deliver an image when a condi- tion is met. Boolean values are represented with 1 or 0.
	Add as many conditions as required. Each item here refers to a separate condition.

Property	Description	
	Condition: Create a condition for the column	
	data. For example, if column value is > than	
	150, then update an image.	
	<ul> <li>Image or Font Awesome Icon: Select</li> </ul>	
	whether you want to load an image, or icons	
	from the Font Awesome Free library.	
	• URL or Icon name: For image, enter its URL	
	address. Also ensure that the column (on	
	<i>page 535)</i> <b>Data Type</b> is Picture. For font	
	awesome icon, enter the icon name.	
	• Icon Color: Select a color for the icon.	
Add Cell Animation	Use this property to highlight a cell when a condi-	
	tion is met. Add as many conditions as required.	
	Boolean values are represented with $1 \text{ or } 0$ .	
	• Column: Select a column and create a con-	
	dition for it. For example, if the value in	
	Column 1 is = to Alarm 1, then trigger these	
	changes.	
	• Font Color: Change cell text color to the se-	
	lected font color.	
	<ul> <li>Background Color: Change cell color to the</li> </ul>	
	selected background color.	
Group By	Set the default grouping of data by column.	
	<ul> <li>Columns: Select a column for default group- ing.</li> </ul>	
	• Expanded: Select/Clear the check box to ex-	
	pand/collapse data by default.	
Sort By	Set the default sorting for data grid columns. For	
	example, you can add multiple items to configure	
	default sorting first by column X, then by column	
	Y, etc in an ascending/descending order. The se-	

Table 24. DataGrid Properties (continued)

Property	<b>Description</b> quence of sorting order appears at runtime indicat- ed by a number.				
				Coffee ProductionYear 1	Coffee ProductionLbsOutput 12
					2022
		2021	40		
	2020	30			
	2019	10			
	2019	25			
	2019	20			
Selected Device Output	ers to sort in a sequ • Hold the <b>Ctrl</b> key an to clear any column	d select column headers in a sequence.			
Selected Rows Output	Specify the target data source for a selected row data. A separated string or array can be written to a				
	global variable.				
	<ol> <li>Choose a query input value as target. (OR) Add or choose a global value as target.</li> <li>Select the column to which you want to write data, and in which format.</li> <li>Specify an output separator if format is sep- arated string.</li> </ol>				

### DataGrid at Runtime

Drag a column header here to group by that column			Q Search
timestamp T Y	name <b>Y</b>	value	quality \Upsilon
٩	Q	Q	Q
2021-09-26T08:40:14.08	PP-HIST2.Simulation00002	32727.3125	0
2021-09-26T08:40:14.08	PP-HIST2.Simulation00001		0
2021-09-26T10:26:47.7	PP-HIST2.Simulation00002	23890.5	0
2021-09-26T10:26:47.7	PP-HIST2.Simulation00001		0
2021-09-26T10:26:47.7	WebHMITaco.Simulation00001		0
2021-09-26T12:13:21.32	PP-HIST2.Simulation00002	157022.625	0
2021-09-26T12:13:21.32	PP-HIST2.Simulation00001		0
2021-09-26T12:13:21.32	WebHMITaco.Simulation00001	146	0
2021-09-26T13:59:54.94	PP-HIST2.Simulation00002	195446.875	0
2021-09-26T13:59:54.94	PP-HIST2.Simulation00001	-247517.375	0
		1 2	3 4 5 50

You have the option to export and download the datagrid table data. Select runtime at the top of the table to export the data to an Excel file.

# Dropdown

Allows for multi-select, search, and select values.

Use this widget to select between multiple choices, search through a large list of choices, perform multiple selections, include a header, etc. For a simpler version, use a standard Dropdown *(on page 339)*.

The dropdown widget is available under **INTEGRATION > GENERAL**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEDropdown** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (*on page 564*).

Property	Description	
Source - Dropdown Data	Use any of these options to provide values from a data source to populate the dropdown.	
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab. Choose a query that can return dropdown values as output. Add as many output fields as required. Here's a sample query response:</li> </ul>	
	<pre>{"status":{"success":true,"code":0,"reason":"Ok" },</pre>	

#### Table 25. Dropdown Properties

Table 25. Dropdown Properties (continued)

Property	Description		
	"result":[		
	{"State		
	Data.value":"dd-historian://		
	<pre>\${his1}/KALYANMR2_Simulation.Simulation00002","S</pre>		
	<pre>tate Data.key":"graduate"},</pre>		
	{"State		
	Data.value":"dd-historian://		
	${\rm Inisl}/{\rm KALYANMR2}_{\rm Simulation.Simulation00003", "S$		
	<pre>tate Data.key":"school"}</pre>		
	],"more":false}		
	Select the Global tab. Choose an output		
	field value that is available as a global para-		
	meter.		
	<ul> <li>Select the Manual tab. In the text field, enter</li> </ul>		
	the output field value you want to pass.		
	Select the Formula tab.		
	<ul> <li>Select Add Formula &gt; Add text.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Enter the output field value in the text</li> </ul>		
	field.		
	<ul> <li>Select Done to save and add the for-</li> </ul>		
	mula to the dropdown widget.		
	These are the two basic formats to manually enter		
	values for a dropdown.		
	t		
	<pre>{"key1":"abc", "value1" : "1"},</pre>		
	{"key2":"def", "value2":"2"},		
	1		
	(OR)		
	[{"key1": "value1"}, {"key2":"value2"}]		
Target - Dropdown Target	Use any of these options to specify the target source for a dropdown value. At runtime, when you		
I	······································		

Property	Description
	select a value from the dropdown, the value gets assigned to the target specified in this property.
	<ul> <li>Select the Query tab. Choose a query input value as target.</li> <li>Select the Global tab. Add or choose a global value as target.</li> </ul>
Output Format	Specify whether the output value should be an ar- ray or string format.
Manual Input	You can also use this property instead of using op- tions in <b>Dropdown Data</b> property. Manually create values for a dropdown widget:
	<ol> <li>Select +Add Item to add a dropdown item.</li> <li>Enter Display Name and Value.</li> <li>Add as many items as required.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Use ↑ and ↓ to rearrange the items or- der of display in a dropdown.</li> </ol>
	5. To delete an item, select $\mathbf{I}$ next to it.
	Note: If you configured both Manual Input and Dropdown Data properties for the widget, then the dropdown is populated with a list of combined values. Make sure to validate and rectify your data to avoid duplicates in the dropdown.
Label	Enter a label name that appears above the drop- down widget. For example, Choose an item
Dropdown Placeholder	Enter the placeholder text that appears in the drop- down. For example, -select-

#### Table 25. Dropdown Properties (continued)

Property	Description
Dropdown height (px)	Set a height for the dropdown list in pixels.
Multiple selection	Allows to select multiple values from a dropdown. If you select this property, specify the <b>Output For-</b> <b>mat</b> and <b>Output Separator</b> .
Max Selections	Specify the maximum number of values that can be selected from the dropdown.
Enable search	Select the check box to enable a search option for dropdown values.
Output Separator	By default, multiple values are separated by a com- ma. You can also use other symbols like semi- colon.
Width (px) (0 equals Dynamic)	Enter a width for the dropdown. If set to 0, the wid- get occupies 100% of its container, and fills the area in the application.

#### Table 25. Dropdown Properties (continued)

# **Pivot Grid**

Pivot grid allows to visualize data in a multi-dimensional format.

Use the pivot grid to arrange your data in a two-dimensional table, and compare tag names and their columns against timestamps. With the pivot grid, you can:

- Rename rows/columns to replace lengthy tag names
- Apply conditional formatting to rows/columns based on values
- Calculate values quickly using totals
- Sort, filter, and summarize data
- Export pivot data to Excel

The pivot grid is available under **INTEGRATION > DISPLAY**. When designing application pages (on page 308), drag-and-drop **GEPivotGrid** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

#### Table 26. Pivot Grid Properties

Property	Description	
Source - Input	To enable the pivot grid, provide values from a data source.	
	<ol> <li>Select a query.</li> <li>Select the query output fields you want to use to get data for the pivot grid.</li> </ol>	
Height (px) - 0 equals dynamic	Set a height for the pivot grid in pixels. If set to 0, the widget occupies 100% of its container.	
Row Header Width (px) - 0 equals dynamic	Set a width for the header row in pixels.	
Show Borders	Select the check box to apply a border to the piv- ot grid table. To remove the border, clear the check box.	
Allow Sorting	Select the check box to sort the rows and columns alphabetically by default.	
Allow Sorting by Summary	Select the check box to provide an option to sort the rows by column.	
	At runtime, right-click the column you want to sort by and select the sorting option.	
Allow Filtering Row/Column Values	Select the check box to provide an option to filter data at runtime.	
Allow Expand/Collapse All	Select the check box to enable expand/collapse data levels at runtime.	
	Your pivot grid should have multiple data levels to use this property. For value-based table cell data, you can expand and collapse data details to aggre- gate values.	
Show Row Totals	Select the check box to show totals for each row.	
Show Row Grand Totals	Select the check box to show the grand totals for each row.	

Property	Description
Show Column Totals	Select the check box to show totals for each col- umn.
Show Column Grand Totals	Select the check box to show the grand totals for each column.
Field Configuration	Configure pivot grid rows, columns, and data. Map all the three areas (rows, columns, data).
	<ol> <li>Enter the tag names under Data Field.</li> <li>Select the Data Type for the entered tag names. For example, string.</li> <li>Enter a Caption.</li> </ol>
	Use this option to add user-friendly cap- tions to your row/column/data fields. Avoid lengthy captions with special characters.
	<ul> <li>4. Select the Area for the tags to appear. For example, if you select column, then the respective tags appear in the column at runtime.</li> <li>5. When area is data, define additional properties for data values.</li> </ul>
Formatting: Set default colors (on page 5	573) for the pivot grid.
Cell Color	Select a color for the pivot grid table cells.
Cell Font Color	Select a font color for the pivot grid table cell text.
Column Header Font Color	Select a font color for the pivot grid table column header text. This helps to differentiate the header text from the cell text.
Totals Background Color	Select a unique cell color for the row/column to- tals.
Totals Font Color	Select a font color for the row/column totals text.
<b>Item Configuration</b> : Allows to customize <b>+Add Item</b> for configuring options.	the pivot grid table to override the default settings. Select

+Add Item for configuring options.

Property	Description
Item Display	<ul> <li>Row/Column Value: Enter the value that is displayed in a row or column.</li> </ul>
	For example, if you're viewing OPCUA tags and their values, you can enter a tag name such as <pre>FIX.FWT_FWP_DPUMP_1A_FLOW.F_CV.</pre>
	<ul> <li>Display Value (optional): Use this option to display more user-friendly values instead of tag names. This display value overrides the Row/Column Value.</li> </ul>
	For example, enter Pump1A Flow to replace the OPC UA tag name FIX.FWT_FWP_DPUMP 1A_FLOW.F_CV entered under <b>Row/Column</b> <b>Value</b> . At runtime, the column displays val- ues for Pump1A Flow in the pivot chart.
Conditional Formatting	Apply conditions to format cells based on values. You can create more than one condition for a <b>Row/</b> <b>Column Value</b> . The conditions are applied accord- ing to their order of display. If more than one rule matches a particular cell, the first condition in the list to match takes effect and rule processing for that cell will stop. Select <b>+Add Item</b> for options to create conditions. For example, format a cell if its value is less than 9000:
	<ul> <li>Comparison: Select &lt; from the list of comparison operators.</li> <li>Value: Enter 9000.</li> <li>Cell Color: Select a color for the cells with values less than 9000.</li> <li>Cell Font Color: Select a color for the cell text with values less than 9000.</li> </ul>

#### Table 26. Pivot Grid Properties (continued)

Table 26.	Pivot (	Grid	Properties	(continued)
-----------	---------	------	------------	-------------

Property	Description	
	Tip:	
	If you want to format a row/column with a	
	color that does not change based on value,	
	apply the Always comparison operator.	

#### **Pivot Grid at Runtime**

	FIX.FWT_FWP_DPUMP_1A_FLOW.F_CV	FIX.FWT_FWP_DPUMP_1A_PRESSURE.F_CV	FIX.FWT_FWP_DPUMP_1B_FLOW.F_CV	FIX.FWT_FWP_ST
2021-09-24T06:11:30.398	34	68.79197692871094	23	
2021-09-24T08:58:32.794	-34	68.8282470703125	23	
2021-09-24T10:22:03.992	34	68.84638214111328	23	
2021-09-24T11:45:35.19	34	68.86450958251953	23	
2021-09-24T13:09:06.388	34	68.88264465332031	23	
2021-09-24T14:32:37.586	34	68.9007797241211	23	
2021-09-24T15:56:08.784	34	68.91891479492188	23	
2021-09-24T17:19:39.982	34	68.93704986572266	23	
2021-09-24T18:43:11.18	34	68.9551773071289	23	
2021-09-24T20:06:42.378	34	68.97331237792969	23	
2021-09-24T21:30:13.576	34	68.99144744873047	23	



- You can switch the position of row and column fields. To switch a field position, drag and drop the field in the desired row/column.
- You can apply multiple filters to the data to get focused results.
- You can sort fields by ascending/descending order.

All Fields	III Row Fields	
<ul> <li>✓ Grade</li> <li>✓ Name</li> <li>✓ Quarter</li> <li>✓ Subject</li> </ul>	Name	TT
✓ Teacher	Column Fields	
	Subject Select All Select All Select All	1 T
Filter Fields	Σ Math	
	ОК	Cancel

#### Note:

In **Field Chooser**, row/column/data fields may get misplaced if you remove and add fields to the pivot chart. This is a DevExtreme control behavior. For example (refer screenshot):

- 1. Under All Fields, clear the check box for Name. The field is removed from Row Fields.
- 2. Under All Fields, select the check box again for Name.

The Name field may not show up under **Row Fields**. It may show up under column or data fields. In such cases, drag and drop the field to the appropriate location.

# DateTime Range Picker

Use preset date ranges or create your own custom ranges for the calendar.

The datetime range picker widget is available under **INTEGRATION > GENERAL**. When designing application pages *(on page 308)*, drag-and-drop **GEDateTimeRangePicker** to a container.

The following list of properties are specific to this widget. For common properties, refer to Page Components (on page 564).

Property	Description	
Label	Enter a label name for the datetime range picker.	
Default Duration	This is the default date range set for the widget.	
Preset Ranges	These are pre-defined datetime ranges. Select the check box of the range to add to your calendar.	
Auto update at startup	Select the check box to allow the datetime range picker to automatically update the value of an input element it's attached to at initialization and when the selected dates change.	
	Note: Selecting the auto-update option disables datetime selection in the calendar.	
Custom Ranges	Create one or many customized datetime ranges to add to the calendar.	
Data Targets	Configure one or more target outputs to receive values from the widget.	
	Note: For Historian queries, format data target values as startLocalISO and EndLocalISO for Start Time and Stop Time respectively.	
Data Sources	Configure one or more data sources to get values for the widget.	
Show Scroll Buttons	Select the check box to allow scrolling through the dates.	

#### Table 27. DateTime Range Picker Properties

5 Minutes	<		N	lov 202	21					D	ec 202	1	
	Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr
10 Minutes	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	28	29	30	1	2	3
30 Minutes	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	5					10
4.11-	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	12	13	14	15	16	17
1 Hour	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	19	20	21	22	23	24
Last 30 Days	28	29	30				4	26	27	28	29	30	31
This Month	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	2	3	4	5	6	7
Last Month		12	:	38	: 4	4			12	: 3	38	: 44	

#### **Datetime Range Picker at Runtime**

# **Batch Widgets**

### **Batch Widgets Overview**

This topic describes the widgets used for batch processing.

Within Operations Hub, the batch widgets provide the same functionality as Proficy Batch Execution thick client. Also refer to Set up Batch (on page 126). The batch widgets use their own data source.

The batch widgets are available under **INTEGRATION > BATCH**. When designing application pages (on page 308), drag-and-drop the respective batch widget to a container and configure its properties.

- 1. Batch Menu (on page 552)
- 2. Batch List (on page 553)
- 3. Batch SFC (on page 553)
- 4. Batch Prompt (on page 554)
- 5. Batch Binding Prompts (on page 555)
- 6. Batch Alarms (on page 556)
- 7. Batch Phase Control (on page 557)
- 8. Batch Control (on page 558)
- 9. Batch Parameter (on page 561)
- 10. Batch Recipe Info (on page 561)

- 11. Batch Reports (on page 562)
- 12. Batch Step Control (on page 562)
- 13. Batch Step List (on page 563)

#### Table 28. Properties

Property	Description
Style Theme	Select either <b>Light</b> or <b>Dark</b> display theme for all the batch widgets across the application. Do not mix and match themes.
API Base URL	Enter the REST API base URL you want to access.
Data Source	Select the batch data source.
Source > Batch Serial Number	Configure the properties to these global variables.
Source > Procedure ID Source > API Batch ID Source > Batch Id Source > Step Id Source > Recipe ID Target > Selected Batch Serial Number Target > Selected Batch ID Target > Selected Batch Description Target > Selected Recipe ID Target > Selected Recipe Version Target > Selected Recipe Version	<ul> <li>SELECTED_BATCH_SERIAL_NUMBER</li> <li>SELECTED_BATCH_ID</li> <li>SELECTED_BATCH_RECIPE_ID</li> <li>SELECTED_STEP</li> <li>SELECTED_PROCEDURE_ID</li> <li>SELECTED_BATCH_CMD_MASK</li> <li>SELECTED_STEP_CMD_MASK</li> <li>SELECTED_BATCH_RECIPE_TYPE</li> </ul> The global parameter values contain batch instance information to execute batch related operations. Global variable can be a string or a number.
Target > Selected Batch SFC Branch	

Target > Selected Batch Procedure ID

Table 28. Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	Custom Globals Add
	▲ = SELECTED_BATC ✓ Number ✓ O
	▲ = SELECTED_BATC
	▲ = SELECTED_STEP   String
	▲ SELECTED_SFC   String
Enable hide columns	Select/Clear the check box to hide/show columns at runtime.
Request Interval (Seconds)	At runtime, the widget is updated with new infor- mation in the set amount of time in seconds.
eSignature Requirement	By default, e-Signatures are turned off for batch widgets, which is None. To enable e-Signatures, se- lect any of the following options:
	<ul> <li>Performed By: If you select this option, enter the user authorized to e-sign in the Performed By field.</li> <li>Performed By/Verified By: If you select this</li> </ul>
	option, enter the user/s authorized to e-sign and verify in the <b>Performed By</b> and <b>Verified</b> <b>By</b> field.
	Note: To e-sign and verify, user/s should be part of the Windows domain group on the Batch system.

#### Table 28. Properties (continued)

Property	Description
	e-Signature is available for Batch Control, Batch
	Step Control, Batch Parameter, Batch Phase Con-
	trol, Batch Prompts, and Batch Binding Prompts.
	This is an example of an e-sign user name and
	password request at runtime:
	Performed and Verified By X
	Batch Operation: Add Batch
	Performer Details
	User Name: sys_user
	Password:
	Verifier Details
	User Name: prod_user
	Password:
	OK Close

### Batch Menu

Set up a navigation menu for other batch widgets.

Configure batch menu in Operations Hub designer:

- 1. Drag-and-drop **Batch Menu** to a container.
- 2. On the properties tab, go to the **BEHAVIOR** section.
- 3. To set up an action for each batch menu header, select **Go to page**, and then select the batch widget you want to link.

At runtime, the horizontal menu bar provides quick access to Batch List (*on page 553*), Batch SFC (*on page 553*), Batch Prompts (*on page 554*), Batch Binding Prompts (*on page 555*), Batch Alarms (*on page 556*), and Batch Phase Control (*on page 557*).

🔳 Batch List	🚠 SFC 🛛 ? Prompts	? Binding Prompts 🔷 🌲 Alarms	Active Phases			
BATCHID	RECIPE NAME	BATCH DESCRIPTION	START TIME	ELAPSED TIME	BATCH STATE	BATCH MODE
BATCH_ID1	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 13:44:29	1:03:21	COMPLETE	O-AUTO
BATCH_ID2	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:07:11	1:43:26	RUNNING	O-AUTO
BATCH_ID3	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:10:05	1:40:16	RUNNING	O-AUTO

### **Batch List**

Provides a list of your batch instances at runtime.

Select a batch from the list and use the Batch Control (on page 558) widget to perform operations.

🔳 Batch List	🚠 SFC 🛛 ? Prompts	? Binding Prompts 🔹 🌲 Alarms	💄 Active Phases			
BATCH ID	RECIPE NAME	BATCH DESCRIPTION	START TIME	ELAPSED TIME	BATCH STATE	BATCH MODE
BATCH_ID1	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 13:44:29	1:03:21	COMPLETE	O-AUTO
BATCH_ID2	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:07:11	1:43:26	RUNNING	O-AUTO
BATCH_ID3	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:10:05	1:40:16	RUNNING	O-AUTO
BATCH_OP_171	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP3	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 16:50:52	0:00:00	RUNNING	O-AUTO

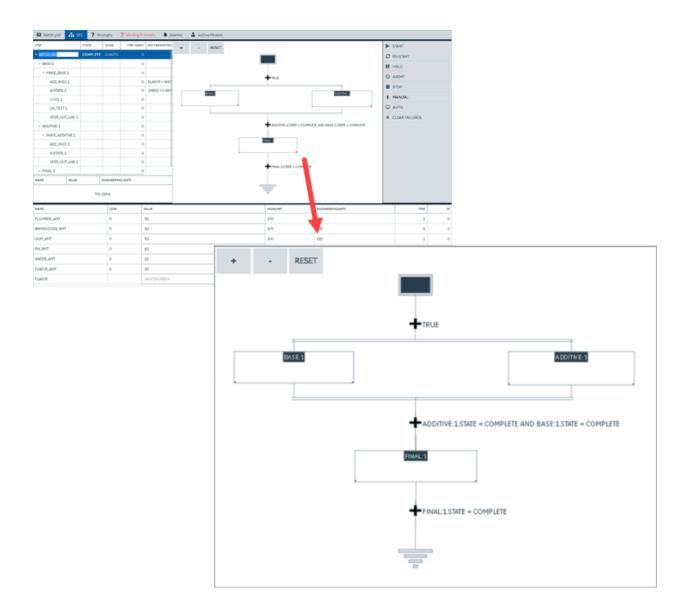
# Batch SFC

Manage your batch instances in a sequential and controlled manner.

To set up the batch SFC page in Operations Hub designer:

- 1. In the main container, drag-and-drop **Batch Menu**.
- 2. Add a secondary container and drag-and-drop **Batch Step List**, **Batch SFC**, **Batch Reports** and **Batch Step Control**.
- 3. In the main container, drag-and-drop Batch Parameter and Batch Recipe Info.
- 4. Configure properties for all the widgets added to the SFC page.

At runtime, select the **SFC** tab to review batch related sequential tasks, and control their execution process. A flow chart provides a visual representation of the executed steps.



### **Batch Prompts**

Monitor and acknowledge prompts at runtime.

To set up the batch prompts page in Operations Hub designer:

- 1. In the main container, drag-and-drop **Batch Menu** and **Batch Prompts**.
- 2. Configure properties for all the widgets added to the prompts page.

At runtime, the **Prompts** tab is highlighted to indicate pending items for acknowledgment.

#### Acknowledge Prompts

- 1. Select the **Prompts** tab.
- 2. Select the prompt you want to acknowledge.
- 3. If e-Signature is enabled, enter the user name and password to proceed.

The Acknowledge Operator Prompt screen appears.

4. Select a Value and select OK.

Acknowledge C	Operator Prompt X
Parameter	FLAVOR
Minimum Value	0
Maximum Value	0
Unit	FLAVORS
Value	WINTERGREEN
	OK Close

A message appears on acknowledging the prompt.

# **Batch Binding Prompts**

Monitor and acknowledge binding prompts at runtime.

To set up the batch binding prompts page in Operations Hub designer:

- 1. In the main container, drag-and-drop **Batch Menu** and **Batch Binding Prompts**.
- 2. Configure properties for all the widgets added to the binding prompts page.

At runtime, the **Binding Prompts** tab is highlighted to indicate pending items for acknowledgment.

#### **Acknowledge Binding Prompts**

- 1. Select the **Binding Prompts** tab.
- 2. Select the binding prompt you want to acknowledge.
- 3. If e-Signature is enabled, enter the user name and password to proceed.

The Acknowledge Binding Prompt screen appears.

#### 4. Select Binding Units and select OK.

Acknowled	lge Binding Prompt	×
Batch ID:	BATCH_ID3	
Step Name:	BASE:1	
Unit Class:	MIXER	
Default Unit:	MIX1	
Binding Units:	<automatic></automatic>	•
	Ok Close	

A message appears on acknowledging the binding prompt.

# **Batch Alarms**

Displays alarms triggered during batch processing.

To set up the batch alarms page in Operations Hub designer:

- 1. In the main container, drag-and-drop **Batch Menu** and **Batch Alarms**.
- 2. Configure properties for all the widgets added to the alarms page.

At runtime, the **Alarms** tab is highlighted to draw your attention to the triggered alarms.

🗉 Batch List	🚠 SFC 🛛 ?	Prompts <b>?</b> Bir	nding Prompts	Alarms Active Phases
BATCHID	UNIT NAME	PHASE NAME	PHASE STATE	FAILURE MESSAGE
	REACTPLAIN	XFER_IN_LNK2	IDLE	CONFIG ERROR - ORDINAL NOT DEFINED IN PHASE_FAILURES ENUMERATION SET - UNABLE TO LOCATE FAILURE DESCRIPTION: 1

### **Batch Phase Control**

Allows to individually execute a phase in a batch process.

To set up the batch phase control page in Operations Hub designer:

- 1. In the main container, drag-and-drop **Batch Menu** and **Batch Phase Control**.
- 2. Configure properties for all the widgets added to the phase control page.

At runtime,

- 1. Select the Active Phases tab.
- 2. Select a Unit and Phase.
- 3. Select Acquire Phase.

🔳 Batch List 🛛 🛃	SFC ? Prompts	? Binding Prompts	🌲 Alarms	🚊 Active Phases
PHASE CONTROL				
Unit				
MIX3		-		
Phase				
ADD_INGS3		-		
PHASE STATUS				
Batch ID	Owner			
		_		
Paused	S Failed			
State	Step Index			
IDLE	0			
Step Mode				
Ac	quire Phase			

4. After acquiring the phase, select a **Command** to execute from the available commands for the phase.

The commands are based on the status of the acquired phase.

5. Enter the batch ID for the phase and select **OK**.

Go to **Batch List** tab to verify that the phase is executed.

# **Batch Control**

Create and manage batch instances at runtime.

			Prompts 🌲 Alarms	Active Phases				-	
BATCH ID	RECIPE NAME	BATCH DESC	UPTION	START THE	ELAPSED TIME	BATCH STATE	BATCH HODE	►	START
BATCHUD1	MAKE,TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPAS	TE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 13:44:29	1:03:21	COMPLETE	O-AUTO	C	RE-START
BATCHUD2	MAKE,TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPAS	TE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:07:11	1:43:26	RUNNING	O-AUTO	0	HOLD
BATCHUD3	MAKE,TOOTHPASTE	_	TE WITH BAKING SODA BA			RUNNING	O-AUTO	0	ABORT
BA7CH,0P,171	MAKE,TOOTHPASTE,DUP3	TOOTHPAS	TE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 16:50:52	0:00:00	RUNNING	0-AUTO		STOP
								٠	MANUAL
			START					0	AUTO
								×	CLEAR FAILURES
		0	RE-START					Ŧ	DELETE
								+	ADD
		0	ABORT						
		-	ABORT						
		•	STOP						
		•	STOP MANUAL	JRES					
		•	STOP MANUAL AUTO	JRES					

#### Create a Batch

- 1. Select the **Batch List** tab.
- 2. Select ADD.

If e-Signature is enabled, you are prompted to enter user name and password to proceed.

The Recipe List screen appears.

3. Select a recipe and select **OK**.

ELECT A RECIPE TO CREATE A E	PROCEDURE DESCRIPTION	PRODUCT CODE	VERSION NUMBER	VERSION DATE
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP10	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:07:05 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP1	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:06:22 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP2	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:07:44 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP3	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:08:22 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP4	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:08:55 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP5	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:09:15 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP6	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	12:09:41 THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 20
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA	1002568790	1.0	0:03:34 SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 2010

#### The Batch Creation screen appears.

4. Enter the Batch ID and select O
------------------------------------

Batch Creation						×
Recipe ID:	RECIPE PARAMETERS					
MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP3	NAME	MINIM	1UM	VALUE	MAXIMUM	EU
Recipe Version:	BAKINGSODA_AMT 0		50	100	LBS	
1.0	FLAVOR			WINTERGREEN		FLAVORS
Batch ID:	FLAVOR_AMT 0			50	100	GAL
batch_op_171	FLUORIDE_AMT	0		50	100	GAL
Batch Scale:	GUM_AMT 0			50	100	LBS
100	PH_AMT	0		50	100	LBS
Recipe Description:	UNIT BINDING					
TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA B,	STEP		BOUND UT	NIT		
		ОК		Close		

5. Select the newly created batch and select **START**.

Batch List	SFC ? Prompts	📍 Binding Prompts 🛛 🌲 Alarms	Active Phases				
BATCH ID	RECIPE NAME	BATCH DESCRIPTION	START TIME	ELAPSED TIME	BATCH STATE	BATCH MODE	► START
BATCH_ID1	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 13:44:29	1:03:21	COMPLETE	O-AUTO	C RE-STAR
BATCH_ID2	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:07:11	1:40:56	RUNNING	O-AUTO	O HOLD
BATCH_ID3	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA	1/17/2022 15:10:05	1:37:46	RUNNING	O-AUTO	♦ ABORT
BATCH_OP_171	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE_DUP3	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BA			READY		Q ABORI
							STOP
							🕴 MANUAI
							AUTO

6. If e-Signature is enabled, you are prompted to enter user name and password to proceed.

The batch state appears as RUNNING.

### **Batch Parameter**

Displays parameters for batch processing.

Select the **SFC** tab to review the parameters.

						- START							
004.00		10 MOI 00 10000000 0 0 00000											
1941 H 1						O RE-STRAT							
- Part, 8(1) 1						1 HOLD							
400,84011		0 PLACE+WR	- m.e			Q ABORT							
A079/E5		0 19110-1 10*				1 1/0#							
0004.0		*		_		B MANUAL							
Q4,70173						O AITO							
HRUNCH1						# CLEARING	1905						
4007543			ADDREAD THE POPULATION	NET ING BADE LIDER	-1049-271								
- 7948,A007981		•	-										
AD0,94011			_										
ADDRES MERLENES		• •											
FINE 3			**************************************										
4 mut	extendenci put												
			-										
	Nodata		-										
	stw	n.4	mound	Indexteendors?			144						
CADE JUST		50	100	646			1						
		10	320	185			1	6 6					
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# Batch Recipe Info

Displays batch recipe information.

Select the **SFC** tab to review the recipe information.

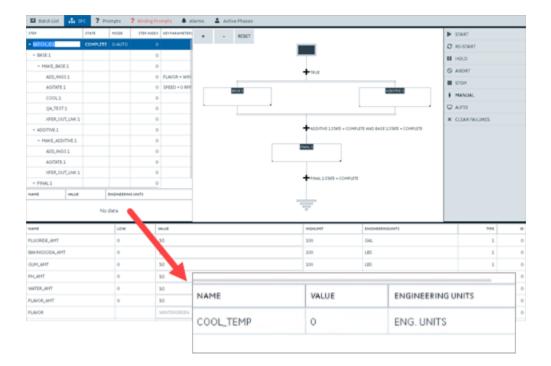
Recipe Info	mation	Procedure Information		
Id:	MAKE_TOOTHPASTE	Description:	TOOTHPASTE WITH BAKING SODA BASE	
Product Code:	1002568790			
Version I	Version Information			
Version:	1.0			
Time Stamp:	0:03:34 SATURDAY, AUGUST 28, 2010	Version	Information	
Author:	PROCESS ENGINEER	Audit Versio	n: 15	

# **Batch Reports**

Generates a report for specified steps.

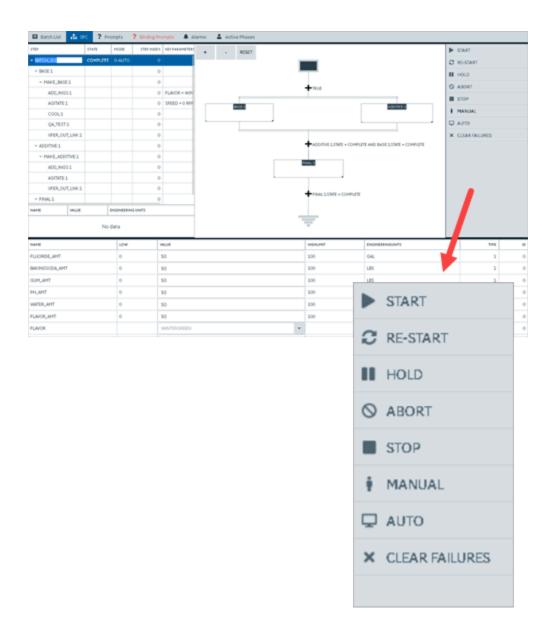
You can configure reports while creating your batch recipes. If a specific step in a batch is configured for reports, then a report is generated after the completion of the step at runtime.

Select the SFC tab to view reports.



# **Batch Step Control**

Run operations on selected batch steps at runtime.



Select the SFC tab to access step control options.

# **Batch Step List**

Displays the status of each step in a batch process.

Select the **SFC** tab to review batch related steps.

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	MAKE_ADDITIVE:1     ADD_INGS:1				0
	AGITATE:1 XFER_OUT_LNK:1				0

# **General Reference**

# Page Components

This topic describes the various UI components that you can use to design your page and configure the data.

# Page Design

You can add components (on page 334) of the following categories to a page:

Field	Description
INPUTS	Contains UI components that receive input from
	application users.
	Check Box (on page 336)
	Radio Button (on page 337)
	Dropdown (on page 339)
	• Input <i>(on page 341)</i>
	Slider (on page 344)
	Toggle (on page 345)
	• Button <i>(on page 346)</i>
	• Camera <i>(on page 348)</i>
	Text Area (on page 348)
DISPLAY	Contains UI components that display information
	in the application.
	• Text <i>(on page 349)</i>
	• Header <i>(on page 350)</i>
	• Image <i>(on page 351)</i>
	• Graph <i>(on page 351)</i>
	Visualization (on page 355)
	• Big Data <i>(on page 359)</i>
	• Grid <i>(on page 363)</i>
	• Map <i>(on page 366)</i>
	• Table <i>(on page 371)</i>
	• List <i>(on page 373)</i>
	• Gauge <i>(on page 373)</i>
	• Html <i>(on page 378)</i>
	Interactive Map (on page 391)
LAYOUTS	Contains UI components that are used to design a
	page layout.
	New Line (on page 394)
	• Separator <i>(on page 394)</i>
1	

Field	Description
	Container (on page 394)
	Repeater (on page 395)
TOOLS	Contains UI components that allow application
	users to upload an Excel worksheet to load data in-
	to an entity, upload a list of devices in a CSV for-
	mat, or manage events.
	• Event Settings (on page 411)
	Upload Excel (on page 412)
	Upload Devices (on page 414)
INTEGRATION	Contains system plug-ins/widgets.
сиѕтом	Contains custom UI plug-in components that have
	been uploaded by an application developer.

#### **Component Properties**

To access the properties of a UI component, select the component (a container, graph, or a breadcrumb).

Note:
Some of these fields are displayed based on the selected UI component. This list is not
comprehensive.

	Field	Description
Settings > General		
Label		The text that appears for components such as check boxes and drop-down list boxes.
Global Data		Allows the data to be available globally for use by other components or query inputs. This check box is enabled only after you specify an <b>Id</b> for the com- ponent.
Allow Export		Indicates whether data that appears in the compo- nent can be exported. By default, this check box is cleared.

Field	Description
Tooltips	Indicates whether data in a table cell should con- tain tooltips displaying the content. By default, this check box is cleared.
Туре	The data type of an input component. If you are configuring the settings of an component of the type graph or gauge, this field contains a list of graph or gauge types.
Style	The style of a meter-type gauge component.
Settings > Display	
Conditions	Applies a condition that executes an action at run- time. For example, you can create a condition for the component/widget to display a control button or a warning image if the temperature recorded by the sensor exceeds 40 degrees Celsius.
	Select <b>Add conditions</b> to build and apply conditions (on page 570).
Hidden	Select the check box to hide the component/widget at runtime. By default, this check box is cleared.
	When a component/widget is marked as hidden, it can be shown only on associating with a button <i>(on page 346)</i> using the toggle show/hide action.
	As a best practice, either use <b>Conditions</b> or <b>Hidden</b> . Avoid using these properties together.
Show on	Indicates that the component/widget is visible in the selected devices. By default, the options Mo- bile, Tablet, and Desktop are selected.
Settings > Data	
X-axis Label	The label of the horizontal axis of an component of the type graph.
Y-axis Label	The label of the vertical axis of an component of the type graph.

Field	Description
Required	Indicates whether it is mandatory to enter a val- ue for the component that is used as an input to a query. By default, this check box is cleared.
Target Data	The query input that is the target for the value of the component.
Source	The source from which data should be retrieved to initialize the component. If you are configuring the settings of an input component, you can select one of the following options:
	<ul> <li>Data: Fetches data that from a global variable or the output value of a query.</li> <li>Manual: Allows you to enter a value manually.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Formula: Allows you to create a formula us- ing global variables and the output values of a query.</li> </ul>
	If you are configuring the settings of a display com- ponent, you can select one of the following options:
	<ul> <li>Data: Displays data from a global variable or the output value of a query.</li> <li>Manual: Allows you to enter a value manual- ly.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Formula: Allows you to create a formula using global variables and output values of a query.</li> <li>URL: Displays an image from a URL.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>File: Allows you to upload an image for the component.</li> </ul>
Group By	Enables to group the data in a graph by the select- ed tag name.
Options	Indicates whether the values in the component are hard-coded or displayed dynamically from a query.

Field	Description
Actions	The action that should be triggered when the com- ponent is selected.
First Option	The first option that appears in an component of the type drop-down list box (for example, select an asset).
Step	The step value used for a slider component.
Settings > Behavior	
Minimum	The minimum value for an component that con- tains a range (such as a slider or a gauge).
Maximum	The maximum value for an component that con- tains a range (such as a slider or a gauge).
True Label	Customized text that appears when a toggle or an indicator is active.
False Label	Customized text that appears when a toggle or an indicator is inactive.
Width	The width of the component of the type toggle.
Show <number> rows at a time</number>	The number of rows that can appear at a time in an component of the type grid.
Validation	The validations to be applied on the value entered in an input component. You can select the follow- ing options:
	<ul> <li>Capital: Select this check box if you want application users to enter a value only in uppercase.</li> <li>Minimum character: Select this check box if you want to set a minimum character limit to values entered in the component, and then enter the number of minimum character ters that application users must enter in the</li> </ul>

component.

Field	Description
	<ul> <li>Range Limit: Select this check box if you want to set the maximum and minimum val- ues that can be entered in a numeric, date, or time input component.</li> </ul>
Disabled	Indicates whether you want the component to ap- pear as disabled in the application.
Range Limit	The range of values that application users can en- ter in the component.
Stacked	Indicates whether the bars displayed in an compo- nent of the type graph should be stacked. By de- fault, this check box is cleared.
Visual	
Rounded Corners	Applies rounded corners for the selected compo- nent.
Custom Colors	Select the check box to set these options:
	<ul> <li>Add text color.</li> <li>Add container background color.</li> <li>Add container border color, width, and style.</li> </ul>
Horizontal Alignment	Aligns the component left, right, or center.
Responsive	
Responsive Pattern	Select how the container layout must respond on web pages.

# **Apply Conditions**

Build conditional statements that execute actions at runtime.

Create an application page, and add widget/s to a container.

- 1. Select the widget for which you want to add a condition.
- 2. Navigate to the widget's properties tab, then under **DISPLAY**, select + Add condition The conditions screen for the widget appears.
- 3. Create a condition using these options:

Populates values from the query/entity added to the component/widget.	Select the first value, which is used to build a conditional statement.
Use the operators to express the relationship between two values and return results that match.	<ul> <li>returns true if the value on the left is equal to the value on the right.</li> <li>returns true if the value on the left is greater than the value on the right.</li> <li>returns true if the value on the left is less than the value on the right.</li> <li>returns true if the value on the left is greater than or equal to the value on the left is greater than or equal to the value on the right.</li> <li>returns true if the value on the left is less than or equal to the value on the left is less than or equal to the value on the right.</li> <li>returns true if the value on the left is less than or equal to the value on the right.</li> <li>returns true if the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left is less than or greater than the value on the left has any value.</li> <li>Doesn't have value returns true if the value if the value on the left is NULL.</li> </ul>
Manual	Allows to enter a hardcoded value.
Flow	Allows to select a value from a query.

To delete a condition, select next to it.

- 4. **Optional:** Select + Add condition to create more conditional statements and combine them.
  - Select AND to get values that satisfy two or more conditions.
  - Select or to get values that satisfy atleast one from the multiple conditions specified.
- 5. Select **Done** to save and add the condition/s to the widget.

### Globals

Globals are variables with a global scope, and are available to use with all the widgets in Operations Hub.

Globals are applied outside of a query. Save variables as global if you want multiple widgets to access the same data. You can also declare globals as:

- Page Global: Indicated with *P*, this global variable is applicable only to the page.
- App Global: Indicated with **A**, this global variable is applicable to all the pages in an application.

To modify an added global, select to switch between Page Global and App Global.

▼ Globals		
System Globals		
7 days ago 🗸 🗸	Add	
P ≡ System - Date - Current Date (Local) S		
A ≡ System - Date periods - 7 days ago		
Output Globals		
UI Globals		
Custom Globals	Add	

These are the different types of globals you can use with the widgets in Operation Hub:

- System Globals
- Output Globals
- UI Globals
- Custom Globals
- URL Parameters

### Sample Page with Historical Data

This topic describes how to create a sample page using historical data.

- 1. Create an application (on page 146).
- 2. Create a page (on page 308).
- 3. Design a page layout using widgets such as a guage, line graph, etc. Refer to Page Components *(on page 564)*.
- 4. Select the graph in the page container to access its **PAGE DATA**.
- 5. Under the page data tab, select **Tag Browser** from the dropdown list. A list of data options appear.
- 6. Select Historical data from the dropdown list.
- 7. Select Browse to search the data source and select tags (on page 300).

>>	GRAPH PROPERTIES	PAGE DATA	
	Tag Browser		~
	Historical By Count		٣
	Selected Items : Browse		

8. Drag this data and drop it on the graph.

A message appears that the data is bound successfully.

- 9. Select Save App.
- 10. Select Open App.

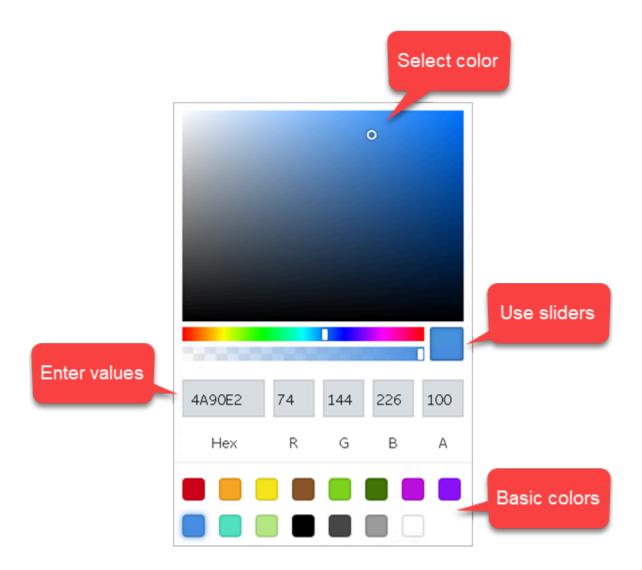
The application page opens in a web browser.

#### Select Colors

Use the color picker to select and apply a color to text, borders, and backgrounds.

You can:

- Select and apply a basic color scheme.
- Slide across the color wheel and make it lighter or darker.
- Enter the hexadecimal or RGB values to get the exact color.
- Use the alpha (A) value to set the transparency of the color.



### LIKE Operator with Wildcards

The LIKE operator is used with wildcard characters to compare a string to a pattern, and return matched values from the database.

You can use these wildcards with LIKE to build your pattern:

- % The percent symbol stands for zero or more characters in a sequence.
- \_ The underscore symbol stands for only one character. This single character can also be a number or any punctuation character.

#### Note:

If using the MS Access database, use these wildcards instead of % (percent) and \_ (underscore):

• \* Asterisk to represent zero or more characters in a sequence.

•? Question mark to represent a single character.

Ż

The LIKE pattern is case insensitive, and is set in single quotes. Employ % and \_ with any other character/ s (denoted by XY in the table) to search through your database. The wild cards can also be used in combination.

Pattern	Description
LIKE '%X'	Returns values that end with X. These values can have zero or more characters before X.
LIKE '%XY'	Returns values that end with XY.
LIKE 'X%'	Returns values that start with X. These values can have zero or more characters after X.
LIKE '%X%'	Returns values that contain X. These values can have the X character in any position (start, end, second, fourth, etc.)
NOT LIKE '%X%'	Returns values that do not contain X.
LIKE 'X%Y'	Returns values that start with X and end with Y. These values can have zero or more characters be- tween X and Y.
LIKE 'X_'	Returns values that start with X and has one char- acter after X.
LIKE 'X'	Returns values that start with X and has three char- acters (3 underscores) after X.
LIKE 'X_Y'	Returns values that start with X and end with Y, and has two characters (2 underscores) between X and Y.
LIKE 'X%'	Returns values that start with X and has two char- acters (2 underscores) after X, followed by zero or more characters.
LIKE '%_X_%'	Returns values that contain X if matches with these rules:

Pattern	Description
	• X cannot be in the first or last position.
	<ul> <li>Implies atleast 3 characters including X.</li> </ul>
	Can have zero or more characters before
	and after the 3 characters.

## Whitelist Websites

Operations Hub allows to load content from whitelisted URLs.

With Operations Hub v2.1 release, third party websites are no longer allowed to use iframe to embed End Apps into their pages because of security considerations.

Starting with Operations Hub v2.1 SIM2, it is possible to whitelist trusted sites to use iframe with End Apps. Note at this time, this whitelist applies to all End Apps.

- 1. Gather a list of one or more websites that you want to use iframe to embed EndApps.
  - a. Format each website URL as follows with the actual hostname and port number:

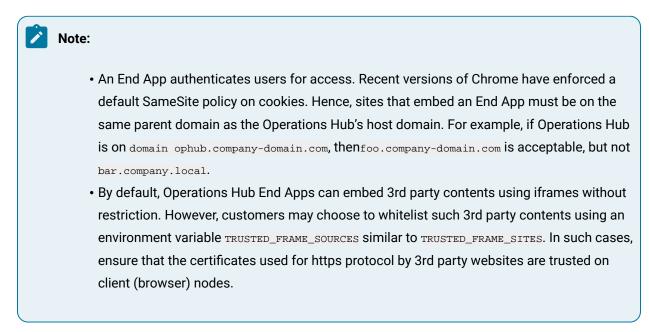
https://hostname:port

- b. For hostname, enter simple names or fully qualified domain names (FQDNs). It is recommended to include all referenced aliases.
- c. Ignore the port if it is 443.
- 2. On the host machine where Operations Hub is installed, add an environment variable TRUSTED\_FRAME\_SITES.
  - a. Open the Windows Run command.
  - b. Enter sysdm.cpl and select OK.The System Properties window appears.
  - c. On the **Advanced** tab, select **Environment Variables** The **Environment Variables** window appears.
  - d. Select New to create a system variable with Variable name TRUSTED\_FRAME\_SITES.
  - e. For **Variable value**, enter a comma-separated list of the sites gathered in the previous step. For example, https://siteb.company-domain.com,https://sitec.company-domain.com:8443

Variable	Value
OneDrive	C:\Users\JL\OneDrive
Path	C:\Users\JL\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps;C:\Users\JL\A
TEMP	C:\Users\JL\AppData\Locaf\Temp
ТМР	C:\Users\JL\AppData\Local\Temp
	New Edit Delete
stem variables	
Variable	Value ^
PROCESSOR_LEVEL	6
PROCESSOR_REVISION	5507
PSModulePath	%ProgramFiles%\WindowsPowerShell\Modules;C:\Windows\syste
TEMP	C:\Windows\TEMP
TMP	C:\Windows\TEMP
TRUSTED_FRAME_SITES USERNAME	Edit System Variable
	Variable name: TRUSTED_FRAME_SITES

- 3. Save and close all the windows.
- 4. Restart GE Operations Hub IQP EndApp service for this change to take effect.

You have successfully set up a list of whitelisted websites.



# Language Support

Updated language support is provided with a SIM, which includes additional translated strings for all languages. Operations Hub currently supports these languages:

- Chinese
- Czech
- English
- French
- German
- Italian
- Japanese
- Korean
- Portuguese (Brazilian)
- Russian
- Spanish
- Turkish

You need to update your browser settings to translate in your preferred language. For example, to change the language in Chrome browser:

## 1. Open Chrome Settings.

chrome://settings/

- 2. From the menu, go to **Advanced > Languages**.
- 3. In the languages screen, select Language to expand.
- 4. If your preferred language is not listed, select Add languages.
- 5. Select the check box for the language you want to show up in the list.
- 6. Select the More actions icon next to your preferred language.
- 7. Select the check box for **Display Google Chrome in this language**.
- 8. Restart Chrome to apply the changes.

# APIs

# Operations Hub M2M Device RESTful APIs

Operations Hub allows sensors to connect directly to the Operations Hub server using RESTful services to broadcast sensor data and receive commands. The connection to the Operations Hub server uses Standard REST POST calls.

The Operations Hub gateway identifies the information source based on the following parameters::

- Remote Device Unique Identifier: By remote device, we refer to gateways of any type supporting an http connection. Usually, the best way to create a unique ID is by using the gateway's MAC address.
- Remote Sensor/Controller Unique Name: Any name can be used as long as it is unique to the gateway. It could be a logical name (for example, Sensor1 or the address of the sensor (if it has one)).
- The Operations Hub Account: Account username and password.

### **API Handshakes**

The handshakes define the message structure and message types exchanged between the device and the Operations Hub cloud. The Operations Hub API supports 3 types of request:

- Login: The device asks to be authenticated.
- Publish: The device sends new sensor data to Operations Hub.
- Subscribe: The device requests new commands or control instructions from Operations Hub.

### **JSON Message Format**

Messages exchanged between the Operations Hub server and the device client are in the JSON format. JSON is a string representation of data; it is lighter than XML, and hence, it is more suitable for M2M messages. JSON messages are formatted as name/value pairs: "variable name": "variable value"

Messages can contain more than one variable using a comma as the delimiter: { "variable

namel":"variable valuel","variable name2":"variable value2"}

The variable value can be a list of parameters, enclosed in curly braces {} using a comma as the delimiter. For example: {"variable name":{"parameter1":"value1","parameter2":"value2"}}

## **Client Login**

Before communicating with the Operations Hub server, the device client must login to the server. The login URL is: https://<Operations Hub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/rest/login

- 2. The server responds with a success or failure message: If authentication succeeds; the server responds with code 1 and provides the client with a token: {"handshake": {"stage":"login","code":"1"},"token":"token number"}. If authentication fails, the server responds with code 0: {"handshake":{"stage":"login","code":"0"}}. If the login fails, the client must request the login again.

3. The token returned by the server is a unique identifier, which serves to identify the client during further communications with the server. The token must be included in all the publish and subscribe messages from the client to the server. The token remains valid as long as the client communicates with the server. If the device is inactive for 20 minutes or longer, the token will expire. If the client attempts to communicate with the server using the token after it has expired, an unauthorized message will be returned by the server. When this happens, the client must login again to receive a new token.

## **Publishing M2M Data**

The publish stage is used by the Gateway/Device/Sensor to send new data to the Operations Hub server. The publish URL is: https://Operations Hub site URL/app/iqp/rest/publish. The published data is in the form of a JSON string. Each message contains the following information:

- Data Channel: The Data Channel tells the server where the data is coming from. The source is represented as a data source path, which is composed of 3 parameters, a combination of its Account name/Gateway id/Sensor id. For example: "REST\_DEMO/01-23-45-67-89-ab/temperature0".
  - $\circ$  For the Gateway id, it is recommended to use the device MAC Address or IMEI number.
  - The Sensor id can be any logical name. The name must be unique to this gateway.

## Note:

The application developer in Operations Hub will use the sensor name to build their application. For this reason, it is recommended to use a logical name describing the sensor or device. For example, if the device represents a temperature sensor, use the word temperature in the name and add a number to make it unique: temperature9

## Important:

For HTTP requests, avoid using spaces in names and ids.

 Metrics: The Metric Data Message defines a set of data from the sensor/device as a series of keyname:value pairs. The "keyname" in the keyname value pair defines the field in the Operations Hub M2M\_data entity where the "value" will be stored. The following Keynames are supported.

Key- name	M2M_da- ta Field	Storage	Format
met	metric	String	Developer-defined String (compulsory field)
val	data	String	Developer-defiined value (compulsory field)

Key- name	M2M_da- ta Field	Storage	Format
lat	latitude	String	WGS84 recommended for online map compatibility (common field)
long	longitude	String	WGS84 recommended for online map compatibility (common field)
time	timestamp	Date- Time	ISO 8601 "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.sss±TZ" (common field)
alt	altitude	String	Developer-defined value (common field)
desc	description	String	Developer-defined string
type	data_type	String	Data type of the data field "String" or "Number"
gen1	generic_1	String	Developer-defined string or value
gen2	generic_2	String	Developer-defined string or value

- All Operations Hub payload messages must contain the metric and data keyname value pairs.
- All other keyname value pairs are optional.
- The order of the keyname value pairs in the payload is not compulsory.
- If included, Timestamps must be formatted according to the ISO 8601 format specified above.
- The Data Type entry can be used in cases where Operations Hub does not automatic identify the data type correctly.
- The Publish request process: To publish a message to the server, the client uses the following format:

{"handshake":{"stage":"publish"},"token ":"token number","messages":[				
{"dc":"data channel","cloud":"cloud server timestamp","data":[				
{"alt":"value","lat":"value","long":"value","time":"timestamp recorded in the				
device","mets":[				
{"met":"value","val":"value","type":"value","desc":"value","genl":"value","gen2":"value",}				
1				
}				
}1}				

The server will respond with a success failure message: { "handshake":

{"stage":"publish", "code":"<0/1>", "dc":"data channel"}}, where code=1 represents success, and code=0 represents failure to process the message. The returned Data channel is the channel that was sent in the publish request that the response is replying to.

• Sending Multiple Metrics: Multiple metric data entries can be sent in a single publish message using the JSON array format. Arrays in JSON are in the format of "[array data]". For example: one published payload could contain several messages for a car's speed, engine temperature, fuel level, odometer, etc. or from an intermediary data server, it could contain multiple messages from several different devices. An example of a JSON publish request containing several entries:

```
{"handshake":{"stage":"publish"},"token":"0000000-0000000-00409DFF-FF521DB2", "messages":[
                        {"dc":"Operations
Hub_Testing/REST_Device/Vehicle2", "cloud": "2015-03-26T18:46:38.237+09:00", "data":[
 {"alt":"1234","lat":"35.587562","long":"139.668916","time":"2015-03-26T18:44:38.195+09:00","mets":[
                        {"met":"Speed","val":"100","type":"double","desc":"kmh"},
                        {"met":"Heading","val":"180","type":"double","desc":"degrees"},
                        {"met":"Temperature","val":"98","type":"double","desc":"degrees"}
                        1
                        },
 {"alt":"1240","lat":"35.587565","long":"139.668920","time":"2015-03-26T18:45:38.195+09:00","mets":[
                        { "met": "Speed", "val": "75", "type": "double", "desc": "kmh" },
                        {"met": "Heading", "val": "237", "type": "double", "desc": "degrees"},
                        {"met":"Temperature","val":"96","type":"double","desc":"degrees"}
                        1
                        }
                        1
                        }]}
```

### Subscribing to receive M2M commands

The subscribe stage is used by the Gateway/Device/Sensor to check the Operations Hub server for commands. The subscribe URL is: <a href="https://coperations\_Hub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/rest/subscribe">https://coperations\_Hub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/rest/subscribe</a>. In the M2M world, Gateways/Devices can lose connection to the server from time-to-time. For this reason, the Operations Hub server does not push commands to devices. It is up to the embedded code in the device to periodically check with the server for any available commands. Subscribe requests use the following information:

- Data channel: The Gateway/Device asks the server for all commands available for a Data channel.
   Command requests may be for specific sensors, for all commands for a Gateway/Device or all commands for an account. The corresponding Data channel formats are as follows:
  - Specific sensor: Account\_name/Gateway\_ID/Sensor\_ID
  - Specific Gateway: Account\_name/Gateway\_ID
  - Specific account: Account\_name
- Request type: The request type identifies what stage of the subscription process we are in. The available request types are:
  - subscribe: The client requests for available commands.
  - $\circ$  command\_list: The server sends a list of the commands.
  - no\_commands: The server notifies the client that no commands are available.
  - result: The server replies to confirm whether or not the request has been processed correctly.
- Commands: The command or commands to execute. Commands are usually vendor-specific or device-specific. The commands could be AT commands or client code specific implementation commands.

Subscribe requests have the following stages.

- 1. Client to Server: The client requests for available commands. The client initiates
   the process by sending a subscribe request to the server: {"handshake":{"stage":
   "subscribe"},"token":"<token>", "payload":{"dc":"<channel>", "request\_type":"subscribe"}}
- 2. Server to Client: The server sends a list of commands to the client. If the server has commands available for the device, it will return a command list: {"handshake": {"stage":"subscribe"}, "payload": {"request\_type":command\_list", commands:

[{"dc":"<channel>","command":"<command>"}]}}

#### Important:

The server will return an array of channel specific commands. If the subscribe request was for all available commands for an account Data channel. The server response will be an array of commands where the Data channel for each command is specific to the gateway, device, or sensor that the command is assigned to.

If the server has no commands available for the device, it will return a no\_commands response: {"handshake":{"stage":"subscribe"},"token":"<token>","payload":{"request\_type":" no\_commands","dc":"<channel>"}}. The datachannel, in this case, is the channel of the original request. For example, if it was for a device, it would be account/device.

## M2M Device API Error codes

If an error occurs while processing requests, the server will return the following message: { "handshake" :

{"stage":"error","code":"<code>"}}

Possible error codes are:

- 1: Bad JSON Format
- 2: Unauthorized user

# **Operations Hub REST APIs for Integration**

In addition to the existing APIs that allow devices to send data to the M2M\_data entity, Operations Hub provides REST Integration APIs that enable 3rd party servers to pull data from the M2M\_data entity. There are also APIs for pulling data from any custom entity in the Operations Hub database and for inserting data into custom entities.

## Authentication

Before using the integration APIs, the client system must pass authentication on the Operations Hub server. The integration API login URL is <a href="https://coperationsHub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/api/rest/login">https://coperationsHub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/api/rest/login</a>.

Message sent by the client: { "username": "<user>", "password": "<pass>" }

Response of the server:

- If authentication succeeds, the server responds with code 1 and provides a token for the client to use in further communications: {"code" : "1", "token" : "<token>"}
- If authentication fails, the server responds with code 0 and provides a reason for the failure:

   {"code" : "0" , "reason" : "<reason>"}
   If the authentication fails, the client will need to request
   for authentication again before proceeding.

## Get M2M data

The Get M2M data API allows a 3rd party server to retrieve data from the Operations Hub M2M\_data entity: The URL for the API is: https://<Operations Hub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/api/rest/iot/data

Message sent by the client:

```
{"token": "<token>", "filters":
    [
        {"filter_type":"<column_name>","value":"<search_value>","value_type":"<type>","operator":"<operator>"}
    ]
    }
```

- "<token>": The token provided to the client at login.
- "<column \_name>": The name of a valid field in the M2M\_data entity.
- "<search\_value>": The value to search for in the selected field.
- "<type>": The data type of the selected field. The following values are supported:
  - Boolean
  - Number
  - ∘ Real
  - String
  - Long string
  - Free text
  - Date
  - Time
  - DateTime
  - $\circ$  File

• "<operator>": The operator to use in the search. The following values are supported:

=
>
<</li>
>=
<=</li>
<>
LIKE (on page 574)

## i) Tip:

If required, multiple filters can be provided to filter the search results. All filters are treated as

```
{filter_1} AND {filter_2} AND ... {filter_n}.
```

An example of a request to retrieve all M2M\_data for the device "REST\_Device" after 12:00pm on 2015-03-19:



Response of the server:

• If there is data to match the search results, the server will respond with all of the matching rows in the following format:

```
{"rows":
    [
    [
    {"row":[<list of <column_name>:<value> pairs for all M2M_data columns>]},
    {"row":[<list of <column_name>:<value> pairs for all M2M_data columns>]},
    ...
    ]
    }
}
```

• If there is no data to match the search results, the server will respond with an empty list:

{"rows":[]}

## Get Entity data

The Get Entity data API allows a 3rd party server to retrieve data from any custom entity in the Operations Hub database: The URL for the API is https://<Operations Hub\_Site\_URL>/app/iqp/api/rest/DB/data/get.

Message sent by the client:



- "<token>": The token provided to the client at login.
- "<entity\_name>": The name of a valid custom entity.
- "<column \_name>": The name of a valid field in the specified entity.
- "<search\_value>": The value to search for in the selected field.
- "<type>": The data type of the selected field. The following values are supported:
  - Boolean
  - Number
  - ∘ Real
  - String
  - Long string
  - Free text

- Date
- Time
- DateTime
- File

• "<operator>": The operator to use in the search. The following values are supported:

=
>
<</li>
>=
<=</li>
<>
LIKE (on page 574)

## 🚺 Tip:

If required, multiple filters can be provided to filter the search results. All filters are treated as {filter\_1} AND {filter\_2} AND ... {filter\_n}.

An example of a request to retrieve all data from the custom entity "MathsData", where the value in the column "Angle" is between "180" and "270" degrees:



An example of a request to retrieve all rows of data from the custom entity "MathsData" with no conditions:

{"token":"5aad6209-bd6f-440c-9581-26ea80ec6fd32","entity\_name":"MathsData","filters":[]}

Response of the server:

• If there is data to match the search, the server will respond with all of the matching rows in the following format:

```
{"entity_name":"<entity_name>","rows":
    [
    {"row":
    [
```

<pre>{"col_name":"<column_name>","type":"<column_type>","value":"<value>"},</value></column_type></column_name></pre>	
<pre>{"col_name":"<column_name>","type":"<column_type>","value":"<value>"},</value></column_type></column_name></pre>	
1	
}	
1	
}	

- "<entity\_name>": The name of the entity the data was retrieved from.
- "<column \_name>": The name of the field this value is from.
- "<column\_type>": The data type of the field as specified in the entity.
- "<value>": The value of the field.
- If there is no data to match the search, the server will respond with a blank list:

```
{"entity_name":"<entity_name>","rows":[]}
```

### **Insert Entity data**

The Insert Entity data API allows a 3rd party server to insert data into any custom entity in the Operations Hub\_database: The URL for the API is <a href="https://commune.curlstate.curls

Message sent by the client:

- "<token>": The token provided to the client at login.
- "<entity\_name>": The name of the custom entity that you want to insert data into.

- <u>"<column \_name>"</u>: The name of the field in the specified custom entity that this value will be inserted into.
- "<type>": The data type of the specified field. The following values are supported:
  - Boolean
  - Number
  - ∘ Real
  - String
  - Long string
  - Free text
  - Date
  - Time
  - DateTime
  - $\circ$  File

#### Note:

The type specified in the API call must be the same as the type specified for the field in the entity.

• "<value>": The value to insert into the field.

An example of a message to insert 2 rows of data into the custom entity "MathsData":

```
{"token":"9eb64909-3d08-43e8-b5ed-eae57bce32402","entity_name":"MathsData","rows":
                [
                {"row":
                [
                {"col_name":"Angle","type":"number","value":"370"},
                {"col_name":"SIN","type":"real","value":"0.1736"},
                {"col_name":"COS","type":"real","value":"0.9848"},
                { "col_name": "TAN", "type": "real", "value": "0.1763" }
                ]
                },
                {"row":
                [
                {"col_name":"Angle","type":"number","value":"380"},
                {"col_name":"SIN","type":"real","value":"0.342"},
                {"col_name":"COS","type":"real","value":"0.9397"},
                {"col_name":"TAN","type":"real","value":"0.364"}
```

] } ]

Response of the server:

- If the insert is successful, the server will respond with code 1: {"code" : "1"}
- If the insert fails, the server will respond with code 0 and a reason: {"code" : "0", "reason" : "<reason>"}

# Operations Hub REST APIs for App, Group, and Page Permissions

Operations Hub provides REST APIs for App, Group, and Page Permissions. The following sections outline what these APIs are and how they work.

## Authentication

For proper authentication, obtain a valid UAA token with a valid scope that includes iqp.developer.

## **Import App**

The Import App API takes a zip or xml file (same as from the UI) and returns the application id of the imported App.

- If the App is not already present, the type parameter is not required.
- If the App is already present and the type parameter is not provided, then the default is to duplicate.
- The type parameter can be explicitly provided as replace or duplicate.

Sample request for HTTP POST is as follows:

```
https://<hostname>/site/api/apps/import
https://<hostname>/site/api/apps/import?type=replace
https://<hostname>/site/api/apps/import?type=duplicate
```

The zip or xml file is part of the Request body with the key as file.

#### Sample response:

```
Http 200 Ok
{
    "uuid": <app id>
}
```

### **Get Apps**

The Get Apps API returns all Apps from within Operations Hub.

Sample request for HTTP GET is as follows:

https://<hostname>/site/api/apps

The Get Apps API returns all of the Apps that are present.

### Sample response:

To filter a single App by name, the name parameter is used.

Sample request for HTTP GET is as follows:

https://<hostname>/site/api/apps?name={appname}

#### Sample response:



## Get App Details for App Id

This API takes the App Id and returns the details of the App, including the UAA permitted groups.

```
Sample request for HTTP GET is as follows:
```

https://<hostname>/site/api/apps/{app id}

#### Sample response:

```
{
    "name": "app name",
   "id": "appid",
    "permittedUaaGroups": [],
    "pages": [
       {
           "id": "pageid",
           "name": "page name",
           "permittedUaaGroups": [],
           "queries": [
                {
                   "id": "query id",
                   "name": "query name",
                   "permittedUaaGroups": [
                        {
                           "id": "id",
                           "displayName": "group name"
                       }
                   ]
               }
           ]
        }
   1
```

- Empty permission groups for App denotes **NONE** of the groups have permission to access the App.
- Empty permission groups for Page denotes ALL the groups have permission to access the Page.
- Empty permission groups for query denoted ALL the groups have permission to access the query.

## **Update App UAA Group Permissions**

This API takes the application's universally unique identifier (UUID) and the list of UAA permissions to be updated. The permissions provided will overwrite the permission list already existing in Operations Hub.

Group id and name should match UAA group id and group name.

Sample request for HTTP POST is as follows:

```
https://<hostname>/site/api/apps/{app id}/permittedUaaGroups
Request body
[
    {
        "id": "group id",
        "displayName": "group name"
    },
    {
        "id": "group id",
        "id": "group id",
        "displayName": "group name"
    }
]
```

#### Sample response:

Http 204 No content.

## **Update Page UAA Group Permissions**

This API takes page's universally unique identifier (UUID) and the list of UAA permissions to be updated. The permissions provided will overwrite the permission list already existing in Operations Hub.

Group id and name should match UAA group id and group name.

Sample request for HTTP POST is as follows:

#### Sample response:

Http 204 No content.

## **Update Query UAA Group Permissions**

This API takes the query's universally unique identifier (UUID) and the list of UAA permissions to be updated. The permissions provided will overwrite the permission list already existing in Operations Hub.

Group id and name should match UAA group id and group name.

Sample request for HTTP POST is as follows:

#### Sample response:

Http 204 No content.

## Get Query Id from Query Name

This API takes the query name and returns the query id.

#### Sample request for HTTP GET is as follows:

https://<hostname>/site/api/queries?name={query name}

Sample response:

```
Http 200 OK
{
    "uuid": <query id>
}
```

### Get Query UAA Permissions for Query Id

This API takes the query id and returns the UAA permission group list present in Operations Hub.

```
Sample request for HTTP GET is as follows:
```

https://<hostname>/site/api/queries/{query id}/permittedUaaGroups

#### Sample response:

## **Delete App**

The Delete App API removes the application from Operations Hub.

Sample request is as follows:

https://<hostname>/site/api/apps/{app id}

#### Sample response:

Http 204 no content.

# Message Queuing Telemetry Transport (MQTT) APIs

### **Operations Hub MQTT Message Broker**

Operations Hub includes an MQTT client. In the Operations Hub administrative console, the MQTT client can be pointed at any MQTT broker that is accessible from the network where the Operations Hub platform is installed. If there is no existing MQTT broker, a local broker can optionally be installed on the Operations Hub server during the Operations Hub installation. Refer to the Deployment section of the document.

### **Operations Hub MQTT implementation**

Operations Hub receives status messages from devices and stores the information in the M2M\_Data entity. Operations Hub defines a standard for the MQTT topic structure and how the payload is formatted in order to allow the server to identify the device source and correctly store the M2M data.

The messages contain the following information:

- Cloud ID: When a Operations Hub tenant account is created, it is assigned a unique cloud ID on the server. The cloud ID allows Operations Hub to control how the data from the device is collected and stored.
- Device ID: A device or asset could be a single machine with one or more sensors communicating directly with Operations Hub. Alternatively, a device could be a gateway device on a production line, acting like a router to forward data from multiple machines along the line to Operations Hub. All devices have unique IDs that often represent network card numbers, IMEI numbers, or MAC addresses. The device ID is the minimum requirement for Operations Hub to identify the data source.
- Instance: If you have multiple assets connected to Operations Hub through a single gateway device, the instance name provides the ability to identify which asset from which the data has been sent. The instance name is usually a logical name uniquely identifying the asset or sensor.
- Metric: The metric is a term used by Operations Hub to define the nature of the data send from a device (for example, temperature, speed, air pressure, fuel level). Metrics in the M2M\_Data entity allow the application developer to define queries and events for retrieving data and triggering responses to specific conditions.

## **Operations Hub MQTT Topic Structure**

When Operations Hub receives a message, it needs to identify the message source. The MQTT message format is defined as: <topic> <payload>

Operations Hub defines a standard topic format so that the server knows the source of the message.

The Operations Hub topic structure contains the following three components in the given order:

- Cloud\_ID: This value must be the cloud\_id defined in the entity cloud\_users.
- Device\_ID: This value can be anything. Normally, it identifies a specific device or gateway.
- Instance\_Name: This value can be anything. Normally, it identifies a specific asset. It is optional.

A topic with an instance name appears as follows: <Cloud\_ID>/<Device\_ID>/<Instance\_Name>

A topic without an instance name appears as follows: <Cloud\_ID>/<Device\_ID>

## **Operations Hub MQTT Payload Structure**

For each message, Operations Hub needs to identify the metric. (For example, identify whether 32 is the reading for temperature or light.)

Operations Hub supports the following basic formats for the payload:

• Basic Payload format: The basic Operations Hub payload is usually used for simple sensors. The Operations Hub payload is formatted using keyname value pairs: keyname=<value>. The keyname value pairs are separated by a Tilde character (~). The basic Operations Hub Payload message uses two keyname value pairs to indicate the metric and the data. met=<value>~data=<value>

Example: met=Temperature~data=32

• Multi Sensor Device/Gateway Payload format: For devices or gateways with multi sensor capability the Operations Hub payload supports extra keyname value pairs to allow them to send extra data.

Supported keynames: The following table provides the keynames that are supported.

Key- name	M2M_da- ta Field	Storage	Format
Met	metric	String	Developer-defined string
Data	data	String	Developer-defined string
Lat	latitude	String	WGS84-recommended for online map compatibility
Long	longitude	String	WGS84-recommended for online map compatibility
Time	timestamp	ISO 8601 "YYYY-MM-DDThh:m- m:ss.sss±TZ"	
Alt	altitude	String	Developer-defined value
Desc	description	String	Developer-defined string
Туре	data_type	String	Data type of the data field String or Num- ber
gen1	generic_1	String	Developer-defined string or value
gen2	generic_2	String	Developer-defined string or value

### Note:

- All Operations Hub payload messages must contain the metric and data keyname value pairs. All other fields are optional.
- The order of the keyname value pairs in the payload is not compulsory.

- If included, Timestamps must be formatted according to the ISO 8601 format specified above.
- Data Type can be specified in cases where Operations Hub does not automatically identify the data type correctly. For example if you are sending a numeric ID, it should be treated as a String.

The keynames in the keyname value pairs define the field in the Operations Hub M2M\_data entity where the value will be stored.



1

# Note:

The latitude and longitude values are also combined and added to the M2M\_data LatLong field.

## Payloads with location and timestamp information

Some devices also have a built-in GPS (for example, a car). These devices can also send GPS latitude and longitude co-ordinates indicating the location of the reading. Many modern devices can also include the timestamp for the date and time the data was recorded. In this case, the payload is formatted as a set of keyname value pairs such as met=Speed~data=120~lat=35.678~long=135.678~time=2014-12-23T07:14:30.546+09:00

## Payloads with multiple metrics

In order to reduce the number of calls required to send data from the device, a device that collects several metrics can send multiple metrics in a single payload. For example, a car device may send speed, odometer reading, and fuel level as one payload. This can be achieved by concatenating multiple metrics together in the payload using a semi-colon (;) as the delimiter.

A payload with three metrics appears as follows:

met=Temperature~data=32;met=Pressure~data=12;met=Wind Speed~data=5.

#### A payload for two metrics with GPS co-ordinates appears as follows:

met=Speed~data=120~lat=35.678~long=135.678;met=Fuel~data=12~ lat=35.678~long=135.678.

A payload including GPS and time details from a multi-sensor weather device appears as follows:

met=Temperature~data=36~lat=35.388628~long=139.673573~time=2014-12-23T07:14:30.546+09:00;

met=Humidity~data=70~lat=35.388628~long=139.673573~time=2014-12-23T07:14:30.546+09:00;

met=Pressure~data=1.2~lat=35.388628~long=139.673573~time=2014-12-23T07:14:30.546+09:00

# Troubleshooting

# About Troubleshooting

This topic contains information to help you troubleshoot issues.

To troubleshoot errors returned for OPC UA and Historian out-of-the-box (OOTB) queries, refer to Error Codes (on page 602) description.

To troubleshoot data source test connection errors, refer to Error Messages (on page 621) description.

## **Resolving Extension Query Error**

If you do not have sufficient privileges to read or write operations, you may run into an error when attempting to execute the extension query in the end application. The error displays a generic message.

For example on a write failure, the console shows the following message:

{"status":{{"success":false,"code":9998,"reason":"Data distributor response: Write request failed: Fail"}}

The Data Distributor log (dataDistributor.log) located at C:\ProgramData\OphubLogs\DataDistributor displays the following message:

```
Failed to write to NodeId ns=2;s=Channell.testr.ss on server
urn:CHEWY:Intellution.IntellutionGatewayOPCServer:UA%20Server with OPC UA error BadUserAccessDenied. Connection to
server failed.
```

To resolve this issue, validate your data source connection, and the credentials to connect to the data source. In the above example, you would need to check the OPC UA server.

## Tags are Not Displayed with an OPC UA Data Source

If tags are not getting displayed when you browse your correctly configured OPC UA data source, you may have to restart the GE Operations Hub OPC UA Browse Service in your Services console to resolve this issue.

## **Domain Redirect Error**

DNS issue occurs while trying to access Operations Hub from different machines. To avoid the error, add hostname and ip address of the machine (where Operations Hub is installed) on to your host file located here: windows/system32/drivers/etc/hosts.

## Importing App Creates Duplicate Data Sources

If you import the application on a clean install, duplicate data sources are created in Operations Hub. This occurs when Operations Hub does not have a model. When you import an application containing a model (in a .csv file) and some datasources (in the .xml file), all the data sources (containing details) that were

exported during application export, are also imported. The model is also imported, which leads to the import of data sources again (without the details for the OPC UA data sources). This leads to some data sources appearing twice (once from the model, once from the app xml file).

**Workaround**: Configure the data source without the alias string for restoring application connectivity. Delete the duplicate (containing the alias string) if required. The model is associated with the data sources imported from the model file i.e the ones without the alias name.

## **Resolving SQL Connector EndApp Performance Issues**

Implement these changes to achieve the best performance for your end applications using the SQL connection database.

- 1. Browse to the location directory on the machine where Operations Hub is installed: ..\ProgramData \GE\Operations Hub\iqp-config\IQP\app
- 2. Open the setting.conf file in a text editor.
- 3. Enter sqlconnector\_runtime\_simplejdbccall\_lifetime=60000 in a new line at the end of the file.

This means that the stored procedure meta data cache is refreshed every 60000 milliseconds (one minute). You can modify the refresh time to your requirement, but enter its value in milliseconds.

4. Search for sqlconnector\_maxConnectionPoolSize=10 and increase the pool size to your requirement.

Currently, the pool size indicates that you can configure 10 connections for your SQL end application.

- 5. Save and close the file.
- 6. Restart the Operations Hub machine for the changes to take effect.

## Unable to Access Data Sources on Single Machine Install

If you installed Historian followed by Operations Hub on the same machine, you were not able to access DATASOURCES (*on page 284*) in Operations Hub. An error message appears stating, *Unable to load data sources*.

The error occurs only when the host name in the URL has mixed/upper-case letters, which get converted to lower case. To resolve this issue, modify the registry.

- 1. Run regedit to open the Registry Editor.
- 2. Navigate to \HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432Node\Apache Software Foundation\Procrun 2.0\WebhmiTomcat\Parameters\Java.
- 3. In the right pane, double-click **Options**.

The Edit Multi-String dialog appears.

4. Modify the property -Dwebhmi.services.auth.fastTokenServices.trustedIssuers=https://pphist3/uaa/oauth/token to append a new URL entry based on the mixed/upper-case host name.

The property is a comma-separated list of multiple URLs. For

example, a URL with upper-case PP-HIST3 is appended to the list here:

-Dwebhmi.services.auth.fastTokenServices.trustedIssuers=https://pp-hist3/uaa/oauth/ token,https://PP-HIST3/uaa/oauth/token).

5. Restart the GE Operations Hub WebHMI Tomcat Web Server service.

## **Invalid Token Fix**

If upgrading from 2.0 to 2.1, restart the WebClient services to allow the Plant Applications Web Client to connect successfully to Operations Hub.

- If using Enterprise WebClient version, restart the Docker service.
- If using Standard WebClient version, restart the GE PlantApps WebClient Master Control service.

## **Services Not Starting After Reboot**

If services do not start up on rebooting a machine, visit the link for steps to modify the registry and fix the issue:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-US/troubleshoot/windows-server/system-management-components/ service-not-start-events-7000-7011-time-out-error

The operating system related issue may vary from system to system depending on the resources being utilized at start up.

## **Error While Loading Data Sources**

After installing Operations Hub 2.1, the error "Can't load DataSources" appears while trying to access the data sources screen. This issue may occur due to any of the following reasons:

- A Java class cache file may have been corrupted. This file once created, does not change until it is deleted.
  - 1. Stop the webhmi tomcat service.
  - 2. Delete the only file in this location folder C:\ProgramData\GE\Operations Hub\webhmi-tomcat \j9aot
  - 3. Start the webhmi tomcat service.

- There may be a mismatch of letter case in the UAA host name. The hostname should be ideally in lowercase. But, if UAA (standalone or as a part of Historian install) is installed with a mixed case or capital case, the mismatch can occur leading to the issue.
- IQP tomcat can start up much quicker than webhmi during system start up. It is possible that the delayed webhmi tomcat start up is interfering with accessing the web UI. A generous wait period usually resolves this issue.

# **Error Codes**

The following table outlines the error codes returned to Operations Hub from OPC UA and the Data Distributor. These codes are returned for OPC UA and Historian out-of-the-box (OOTB) queries as integers, and can be useful in troubleshooting.

## Note:

- Make sure your Operations Hub logged in user matches with the user configured in the CIMPLICITY project or iFIX node.
- For inline writes to an iFIX or CIMPLICITY mimic with direct tag bindings, make sure that your data source matches with that of the CIMPLICITY project or iFIX node name.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80010000	2147549184	BadUnexpect- edError	An unexpected error occurred.
0x80020000	2147614720	BadInternal- Error	An internal error occurred as a result of a programming or configuration error.
0x80030000	2147680256	BadOutOf- Memory	Not enough memory to complete the operation.
0x80040000	2147745792	BadResource- Unavailable	An operating system resource is not available.
0x80050000	2147811328	BadCommu- nicationError	A low level communication error occurred.
0x80060000	2147876864	BadEncoding- Error	Encoding halted because of invalid data in the objects being serialized.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80070000	2147942400	BadDe- codingError	Decoding halted because of invalid data in the stream.
0x80080000	2148007936	BadEncod- ingLimitsEx- ceeded	The message encoding/decoding limits imposed by the stack have been exceeded.
0x80B80000	2159542272	BadRequest- TooLarge	The request message size exceeds limits set by the server.
0x80B90000	2159607808	BadRespon- seTooLarge	The response message size exceeds limits set by the client.
0x80090000	2148073472	BadUnknown- Response	An unrecognized response was received from the server.
0x800A0000	2148139008	BadTimeout	The operation timed out.
0x800B0000	2148204544	BadService- Unsupported	The server does not support the requested service.
0x800C0000	2148270080	BadShutdown	The operation was cancelled because the application is shutting down.
0x800D0000	2148335616	BadServer- NotConnect- ed	The operation could not complete because the client is not connected to the server.
0x800E0000	2148401152	BadServer- Halted	The server has stopped and cannot process any requests.
0x800F0000	2148466688	BadNothing- ToDo	There was nothing to do because the client passed a list of operations with no elements.
0x80100000	2148532224	BadTooMany- Operations	The request could not be processed because it specified too many operations.
0x80DB0000	2161836032	BadTooMany- Monitored- Items	The request could not be processed because there are too many monitored items in the subscription.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80110000	2148597760	BadData- TypeldUn- known	The extension object cannot be (de)serialized because the data type id is not recognized.
0x80120000	2148663296	BadCertifi- cateInvalid	The certificate provided as a parameter is not valid.
0x80130000	2148728832	BadSecurity- ChecksFailed	An error occurred verifying security.
0x81140000	2165571584	BadCertifi- catePolicy- CheckFailed	The certificate does not meet the requirements of the secu- rity policy.
0x80140000	2148794368	BadCertifi- cateTimeIn- valid	The certificate has expired or is not yet valid.
0x80150000	2148859904	BadCertifi- catelssuer- Timelnvalid	An issuer certificate has expired or is not yet valid.
0x80160000	2148925440	BadCertifi- cateHost- NameInvalid	The HostName used to connect to a server does not match a HostName in the certificate.
0x80170000	2148990976	BadCertifica- teUriInvalid	The URI specified in the ApplicationDescription does not match the URI in the certificate.
0x80180000	2149056512	BadCertifica- teUseNotAl- lowed	The certificate may not be used for the requested operation.
0x80190000	2149122048	BadCertifi- catelssuer- UseNotAl- lowed	The issuer certificate may not be used for the requested op- eration.
0x801A0000	2149187584	BadCertifica- teUntrusted	The certificate is not trusted.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x801B0000	2149253120	BadCertifi- cateRevoca- tionUnknown	It was not possible to determine if the certificate has been revoked.
0x801C0000	2149318656	BadCertifi- catelssuerRe- vocationUn- known	It was not possible to determine if the issuer certificate has been revoked.
0x801D0000	2149384192	BadCertifi- cateRevoked	The certificate has been revoked.
0x801E0000	2149449728	BadCertifi- catelssuerRe- voked	The issuer certificate has been revoked.
0x810D0000	2165112832	BadCertificat- eChainIncom- plete	The certificate chain is incomplete.
0x801F0000	2149515264	BadUserAc- cessDenied	User does not have permission to perform the requested op- eration.
0x80200000	2149580800	Badldentity- TokenInvalid	The user identity token is not valid.
0x80210000	2149646336	Badldentity- TokenReject- ed	The user identity token is valid but the server has rejected it.
0x80220000	2149711872	BadSecure- ChannelldIn- valid	The specified secure channel is no longer valid.
0x80230000	2149777408	BadInvalid- Timestamp	The timestamp is outside the range allowed by the server.
0x80240000	2149842944	BadNonceIn- valid	The nonce does appear to be not a random value or it is not the correct length.
0x80250000	2149908480	BadSession- IdInvalid	The session id is not valid.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80260000	2149974016	BadSession- Closed	The session was closed by the client.
0x80270000	2150039552	BadSession- NotActivated	The session cannot be used because ActivateSession has not been called.
0x80280000	2150105088	BadSubscrip- tionIdInvalid	The subscription id is not valid.
0x802A0000	2150236160	BadRequest- HeaderInvalid	The header for the request is missing or invalid.
0x802B0000	2150301696	BadTime- stampsToRe- turnInvalid	The timestamps to return parameter is invalid.
0x802C0000	2150367232	BadRequest- CancelledBy- Client	The request was cancelled by the client.
0x80E50000	2162491392	BadTooMany- Arguments	Too many arguments were provided.
0x810E0000	2165178368	BadLicense- Expired	The server requires a license to operate in general or to per- form a service or operation, but existing license is expired.
0x810F0000	2165243904	BadLicense- LimitsEx- ceeded	The server has limits on number of allowed operations / ob- jects, based on installed licenses, and these limits where ex- ceeded.
0x81100000	2165309440	BadLicense- NotAvailable	The server does not have a license which is required to op- erate in general or to perform a service or operation.
0x002D0000	2949120	GoodSub- scription- Transferred	The subscription was transferred to another session.
0x002E0000	3014656	GoodCom- pletesAsyn- chronously	The processing will complete asynchronously.
0x002F0000	3080192	GoodOver- load	Sampling has slowed down due to resource limitations.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x00300000	3145728	Good- Clamped	The value written was accepted but was clamped.
0x80310000	2150694912	BadNoCom- munication	Communication with the data source is defined, but not es- tablished, and there is no last known value available.
0x80320000	2150760448	BadWaiting- ForInitialData	Waiting for the server to obtain values from the underlying data source.
0x80330000	2150825984	BadNodeldIn- valid	The syntax of the node id is not valid.
0x80340000	2150891520	BadNodeld- Unknown	The node id refers to a node that does not exist in the server address space.
0x80350000	2150957056	BadAttribute- IdInvalid	The attribute is not supported for the specified Node.
0x80360000	2151022592	BadIndex- RangeInvalid	The syntax of the index range parameter is invalid.
0x80370000	2151088128	BadIndex- RangeNoData	No data exists within the range of indexes specified.
0x80380000	2151153664	BadDataEn- codingInvalid	The data encoding is invalid.
0x80390000	2151219200	BadDataEn- codingUnsup- ported	The server does not support the requested data encoding for the node.
0x803A0000	2151284736	BadNotRead- able	The access level does not allow reading or subscribing to the Node.
0x803B0000	2151350272	BadNot- Writable	The access level does not allow writing to the Node.
0x803C0000	2151415808	BadOutOf- Range	The value was out of range.
0x803D0000	2151481344	BadNotSup- ported	The requested operation is not supported.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x803E0000	2151546880	BadNotFound	A requested item was not found or a search operation end- ed without success.
0x803F0000	2151612416	BadObject- Deleted	The object cannot be used because it has been deleted.
0x80400000	2151677952	BadNotImple- mented	Requested operation is not implemented.
0x80410000	2151743488	BadMonitor- ingModeIn- valid	The monitoring mode is invalid.
0x80420000	2151809024	BadMoni- toredItemId- Invalid	The monitoring item id does not refer to a valid monitored item.
0x80430000	2151874560	BadMoni- toredItemFil- terInvalid	The monitored item filter parameter is not valid.
0x80440000	2151940096	BadMoni- toredItemFil- terUnsupport- ed	The server does not support the requested monitored item filter.
0x80450000	2152005632	BadFilterNot- Allowed	A monitoring filter cannot be used in combination with the attribute specified.
0x80460000	2152071168	BadStructure- Missing	A mandatory structured parameter was missing or null.
0x80470000	2152136704	BadEventFil- terInvalid	The event filter is not valid.
0x80480000	2152202240	BadContent- FilterInvalid	The content filter is not valid.
0x80C10000	2160132096	BadFilterOp- eratorInvalid	An unrecognized operator was provided in a filter.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80C20000	2160197632	BadFilterOp- eratorUnsup- ported	A valid operator was provided, but the server does not pro- vide support for this filter operator.
0x80C30000	2160263168	BadFilter- Operand- CountMis- match	The number of operands provided for the filter operator was less then expected for the operand provided.
0x80490000	2152267776	BadFilter- OperandIn- valid	The operand used in a content filter is not valid.
0x80C40000	2160328704	BadFilterEle- mentInvalid	The referenced element is not a valid element in the content filter.
0x80C50000	2160394240	BadFilterLit- eralInvalid	The referenced literal is not a valid value.
0x804A0000	2152333312	BadContinu- ationPointIn- valid	The continuation point provide is longer valid.
0x804B0000	2152398848	BadNoContin- uationPoints	The operation could not be processed because all continua- tion points have been allocated.
0x804C0000	2152464384	BadRefer- enceTypeld- Invalid	The reference type id does not refer to a valid reference type node.
0x804D0000	2152529920	BadBrowse- DirectionIn- valid	The browse direction is not valid.
0x804E0000	2152595456	BadNodeNot- InView	The node is not part of the view.
0x81120000	2165440512	BadNumeric- Overflow	The number was not accepted because of a numeric over- flow.
0x804F0000	2152660992	BadServerUri- Invalid	The ServerUri is not a valid URI.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80500000	2152726528	BadServer- NameMissing	No ServerName was specified.
0x80510000	2152792064	BadDiscov- eryUrlMissing	No DiscoveryUrl was specified.
0x80520000	2152857600	BadSempa- horeFileMiss- ing	The semaphore file specified by the client is not valid.
0x80530000	2152923136	BadRequest- TypeInvalid	The security token request type is not valid.
0x80540000	2152988672	BadSecurity- ModeReject- ed	The security mode does not meet the requirements set by the server.
0x80550000	2153054208	BadSecurity- PolicyReject- ed	The security policy does not meet the requirements set by the server.
0x80560000	2153119744	BadTooMany- Sessions	The server has reached its maximum number of sessions.
0x80570000	2153185280	BadUserSig- natureInvalid	The user token signature is missing or invalid.
0x80580000	2153250816	BadApplica- tionSigna- tureInvalid	The signature generated with the client certificate is miss- ing or invalid.
0x80590000	2153316352	BadNoValid- Certificates	The client did not provide at least one software certificate that is valid and meets the profile requirements for the serv- er.
0x80C60000	2160459776	Badldentity- ChangeNot- Supported	The server does not support changing the user identity as- signed to the session.
0x805A0000	2153381888	BadRequest- CancelledBy- Request	The request was cancelled by the client with the Cancel ser- vice.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x805B0000	2153447424	BadParentN- odeldInvalid	The parent node id does not to refer to a valid node.
0x805C0000	2153512960	BadRefer- enceNotAl- lowed	The reference could not be created because it violates con- straints imposed by the data model.
0x805D0000	2153578496	BadNodeld- Rejected	The requested node id was reject because it was either in- valid or server does not allow node ids to be specified by the client.
0x805E0000	2153644032	BadNodeld- Exists	The requested node id is already used by another node.
0x805F0000	2153709568	BadNode- ClassInvalid	The node class is not valid.
0x80600000	2153775104	BadBrowse- NameInvalid	The browse name is invalid.
0x80610000	2153840640	BadBrowse- NameDupli- cated	The browse name is not unique among nodes that share the same relationship with the parent.
0x80620000	2153906176	BadNodeAt- tributesIn- valid	The node attributes are not valid for the node class.
0x80630000	2153971712	BadTypeDefi- nitionInvalid	The type definition node id does not reference an appropri- ate type node.
0x80640000	2154037248	BadSource- NodeldInvalid	The source node id does not reference a valid node.
0x80650000	2154102784	BadTargetN- odeldInvalid	The target node id does not reference a valid node.
0x80660000	2154168320	BadDuplicate- ReferenceNo- tAllowed	The reference type between the nodes is already defined.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80670000	2154233856	BadInvalid- SelfRefer- ence	The server does not allow this type of self reference on this node.
0x80680000	2154299392	BadRefer- enceLocalOn- ly	The reference type is not valid for a reference to a remote server.
0x80690000	2154364928	BadNoDelete- Rights	The server will not allow the node to be deleted.
0x40BC0000	1086062592	UncertainRef- erenceNot- Deleted	The server was not able to delete all target references.
0x806A0000	2154430464	BadServerIn- dexInvalid	The server index is not valid.
0x806B0000	2154496000	BadViewId- Unknown	The view id does not refer to a valid view node.
0x80C90000	2160656384	BadView- Timestampln- valid	The view timestamp is not available or not supported.
0x80CA0000	2160721920	BadViewPa- rameterMis- match	The view parameters are not consistent with each other.
0x80CB0000	2160787456	BadViewVer- sionInvalid	The view version is not available or not supported.
0x40C00000	1086324736	UncertainNo- tAllNodes- Available	The list of references may not be complete because the un- derlying system is not available.
0x00BA0000	12189696	GoodResults- MayBeIncom- plete	The server should have followed a reference to a node in a remote server but did not. The result set may be incomplete.
0x80C80000	2160590848	BadNotType- Definition	The provided Nodeid was not a type definition nodeid.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x406C0000	1080819712	UncertainRef- erenceOutOf- Server	One of the references to follow in the relative path refer- ences to a node in the address space in another server.
0x806D0000	2154627072	BadTooMany- Matches	The requested operation has too many matches to return.
0x806E0000	2154692608	BadQuery- TooComplex	The requested operation requires too many resources in the server.
0x806F0000	2154758144	BadNoMatch	The requested operation has no match to return.
0x80700000	2154823680	BadMaxAge- Invalid	The max age parameter is invalid.
0x80E60000	2162556928	BadSecurity- ModeInsuffi- cient	The operation is not permitted over the current secure chan- nel.
0x80710000	2154889216	BadHistory- OperationIn- valid	The history details parameter is not valid.
0x80720000	2154954752	BadHistory- OperationUn- supported	The server does not support the requested operation.
0x80BD0000	2159869952	BadInvalid- Timestamp- Argument	The defined timestamp to return was invalid.
0x80730000	2155020288	BadWriteNot- Supported	The server does not support writing the combination of val- ue, status and timestamps provided.
0x80740000	2155085824	BadTypeMis- match	The value supplied for the attribute is not of the same type as the attribute's value.
0x80750000	2155151360	BadMethod- Invalid	The method id does not refer to a method for the specified object.
0x80760000	2155216896	BadArgu- mentsMiss- ing	The client did not specify all of the input arguments for the method.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x81110000	2165374976	BadNotExe- cutable	The executable attribute does not allow the execution of the method.
0x80770000	2155282432	BadTooMany- Subscriptions	The server has reached its maximum number of subscrip- tions.
0x80780000	2155347968	BadTooMany- PublishRe- quests	The server has reached the maximum number of queued publish requests.
0x80790000	2155413504	BadNoSub- scription	There is no subscription available for this session.
0x807A0000	2155479040	BadSequen- ceNumberUn- known	The sequence number is unknown to the server.
0x807B0000	2155544576	BadMessage- NotAvailable	The requested notification message is no longer available.
0x807C0000	2155610112	BadInsuffi- cientClient- Profile	The client of the current session does not support one or more Profiles that are necessary for the subscription.
0x80BF0000	2160001024	BadStateNot- Active	The sub-state machine is not currently active.
0x81150000	2165637120	BadAlready- Exists	An equivalent rule already exists.
0x807D0000	2155675648	BadTcp- ServerToo- Busy	The server cannot process the request because it is too busy.
0x807E0000	2155741184	BadTcpMes- sageTypeIn- valid	The type of the message specified in the header invalid.
0x807F0000	2155806720	BadTcpSe- cureChannel- Unknown	The SecureChannelId and/or TokenId are not currently in use.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80800000	2155872256	BadTcpMes- sageToo- Large	The size of the message specified in the header is too large.
0x80810000	2155937792	BadTcpNot- EnoughRe- sources	There are not enough resources to process the request.
0x80820000	2156003328	BadTcpInter- nalError	An internal error occurred.
0x80830000	2156068864	BadTcpEnd- pointUrlIn- valid	The server does not recognize the QueryString specified.
0x80840000	2156134400	BadRequest- Interrupted	The request could not be sent because of a network inter- ruption.
0x80850000	2156199936	BadRequest- Timeout	Timeout occurred while processing the request.
0x80860000	2156265472	BadSecure- Channel- Closed	The secure channel has been closed.
0x80870000	2156331008	BadSecure- ChannelToke- nUnknown	The token has expired or is not recognized.
0x80880000	2156396544	BadSequen- ceNumberIn- valid	The sequence number is not valid.
0x80BE0000	2159935488	BadProtocol- VersionUn- supported	The applications do not have compatible protocol versions.
0x80890000	2156462080	BadConfigu- rationError	There is a problem with the configuration that affects the usefulness of the value.
0x808A0000	2156527616	BadNotCon- nected	The variable should receive its value from another variable, but has never been configured to do so.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x808B0000	2156593152	BadDevice- Failure	There has been a failure in the device/data source that gen- erates the value that has affected the value.
0x808C0000	2156658688	BadSensor- Failure	There has been a failure in the sensor from which the value is derived by the device/data source.
0x808D0000	2156724224	BadOutOfSer- vice	The source of the data is not operational.
0x808E0000	2156789760	BadDead- bandFilterIn- valid	The deadband filter is not valid.
0x408F0000	1083113472	UncertainNo- Communica- tionLastUs- ableValue	Communication to the data source has failed. The variable value is the last value that had a good quality.
0x40900000	1083179008	UncertainLas- tUsableValue	Whatever was updating this value has stopped doing so.
0x40910000	1083244544	Uncertain- Substitute- Value	The value is an operational value that was manually over- written.
0x40920000	1083310080	UncertainIni- tialValue	The value is an initial value for a variable that normally re- ceives its value from another variable.
0x40930000	1083375616	Uncertain- SensorNotAc- curate	The value is at one of the sensor limits.
0x40940000	1083441152	Uncertain- EngineeringU- nitsExceeded	The value is outside of the range of values defined for this parameter.
0x40950000	1083506688	Uncertain- SubNormal	The value is derived from multiple sources and has less than the required number of Good sources.
0x00960000	9830400	GoodLocal- Override	The value has been overridden.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80970000	2157379584	BadRefresh- InProgress	This Condition refresh failed, a Condition refresh operation is already in progress.
0x80980000	2157445120	BadCondi- tionAlready- Disabled	This condition has already been disabled.
0x80CC0000	2160852992	BadCondi- tionAlready- Enabled	This condition has already been enabled.
0x80990000	2157510656	BadCondi- tionDisabled	Property not available, this condition is disabled.
0x809A0000	2157576192	BadEventId- Unknown	The specified event id is not recognized.
0x80BB0000	2159738880	BadEvent- NotAcknowl- edgeable	The event cannot be acknowledged.
0x80CD0000	2160918528	BadDialogNo- tActive	The dialog condition is not active.
0x80CE0000	2160984064	BadDialogRe- sponseInvalid	The response is not valid for the dialog.
0x80CF0000	2161049600	BadCondi- tionBranchAl- readyAcked	The condition branch has already been acknowledged.
0x80D00000	2161115136	BadCondi- tionBranch- AlreadyCon- firmed	The condition branch has already been confirmed.
0x80D10000	2161180672	BadCondi- tionAlready- Shelved	The condition has already been shelved.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80D20000	2161246208	BadCon- ditionNot- Shelved	The condition is not currently shelved.
0x80D30000	2161311744	BadShelving- TimeOutOf- Range	The shelving time not within an acceptable range.
0x809B0000	2157641728	BadNoData	No data exists for the requested time range or event filter.
0x80D70000	2161573888	BadBound- NotFound	No data found to provide upper or lower bound value.
0x80D80000	2161639424	BadBound- NotSupport- ed	The server cannot retrieve a bound for the variable.
0x809D0000	2157772800	BadDataLost	Data is missing due to collection started/stopped/lost.
0x809E0000	2157838336	BadDataU- navailable	Expected data is unavailable for the requested time range due to an un-mounted volume, an off-line archive or tape, or similar reason for temporary unavailability.
0x809F0000	2157903872	BadEntryEx- ists	The data or event was not successfully inserted because a matching entry exists.
0x80A00000	2157969408	BadNoEntry- Exists	The data or event was not successfully updated because no matching entry exists.
0x80A10000	2158034944	BadTime- stampNot- Supported	The client requested history using a timestamp format the server does not support (i.e requested ServerTimestamp when server only supports SourceTimestamp).
0x00A20000	10616832	GoodEntry- Inserted	The data or event was successfully inserted into the histori- cal database.
0x00A30000	10682368	GoodEntryRe- placed	The data or event field was successfully replaced in the his- torical database.
0x40A40000	1084489728	Uncertain- DataSubNor- mal	The value is derived from multiple values and has less than the required number of Good values.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x00A50000	10813440	GoodNoData	No data exists for the requested time range or event filter.
0x00A60000	10878976	GoodMoreDa- ta	The data or event field was successfully replaced in the his- torical database.
0x80D40000	2161377280	BadAggre- gateListMis- match	The requested number of Aggregates does not match the requested number of Nodelds.
0x80D50000	2161442816	BadAggre- gateNotSup- ported	The requested Aggregate is not support by the server.
0x80D60000	2161508352	BadAggre- gateInvalidIn- puts	The aggregate value could not be derived due to invalid data inputs.
0x80DA0000	2161770496	BadAggre- gateConfigu- rationReject- ed	The aggregate configuration is not valid for specified node.
0x00D90000	14221312	GoodDatalg- nored	The request specifies fields which are not valid for the EventType or cannot be saved by the historian.
0x80E40000	2162425856	BadRequest- NotAllowed	The request was rejected by the server because it did not meet the criteria set by the server.
0x81130000	2165506048	BadRequest- NotComplete	The request has not been processed by the server yet.
0x00DC0000	14417920	GoodEdited	The value does not come from the real source and has been edited by the server.
0x00D- D0000	14483456	GoodPostAc- tionFailed	There was an error in execution of these post-actions.
0x40DE0000	1088290816	Uncertain- DominantVal- ueChanged	The related EngineeringUnit has been changed but the Vari- able Value is still provided based on the previous unit.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x00E00000	14680064	GoodDepen- dentValue- Changed	A dependent value has been changed but the change has not been applied to the device.
0x80E10000	2162229248	BadDomi- nantValue- Changed	The related EngineeringUnit has been changed but this change has not been applied to the device. The Variable Val- ue is still dependent on the previous unit but its status is currently Bad.
0x40E20000	1088552960	UncertainDe- pendentVal- ueChanged	A dependent value has been changed but the change has not been applied to the device. The quality of the dominant variable is uncertain.
0x80E30000	2162360320	BadDepen- dentValue- Changed	A dependent value has been changed but the change has not been applied to the device. The quality of the dominant variable is Bad.
0x00A70000	10944512	GoodCommu- nicationEvent	The communication layer has raised an event.
0x00A80000	11010048	GoodShut- downEvent	The system is shutting down.
0x00A90000	11075584	GoodCallA- gain	The operation is not finished and needs to be called again.
0x00AA0000	11141120	GoodNonCrit- icalTimeout	A non-critical timeout occurred.
0x80AB0000	2158690304	BadInvalidAr- gument	One or more arguments are invalid.
0x80AC0000	2158755840	BadConnec- tionRejected	Could not establish a network connection to remote server.
0x80AD0000	2158821376	BadDiscon- nect	The server has disconnected from the client.
0x80AE0000	2158886912	BadConnec- tionClosed	The network connection has been closed.
0x80AF0000	2158952448	BadInvalidS- tate	The operation cannot be completed because the object is closed, uninitialized or in some other invalid state.

Code	Integer	String	Description
0x80B00000	2159017984	BadEndOf- Stream	Cannot move beyond end of the stream.
0x80B10000	2159083520	BadNoData- Available	No data is currently available for reading from a non-block- ing stream.
0x80B20000	2159149056	BadWaiting- ForResponse	The asynchronous operation is waiting for a response.
0x80B30000	2159214592	BadOpera- tionAban- doned	The asynchronous operation was abandoned by the caller.
0x80B40000	2159280128	BadExpect- edStreamTo- Block	The stream did not return all data requested (possibly be- cause it is a non-blocking stream).
0x80B50000	2159345664	BadWould- Block	Non blocking behaviour is required and the operation would block.
0x80B60000	2159411200	BadSyntaxEr- ror	A value had an invalid syntax.
0x80B70000	2159476736	BadMaxCon- nections- Reached	The operation could not be finished because all available connections are in use.

# **Error Messages**

A list of connection errors, their cause, and action to be taken.

These are some of the errors you may encounter when testing a data source connection:



- Make sure your Operations Hub logged in user matches with the user configured in the CIMPLICITY project or iFIX node.
- For inline writes to an iFIX or CIMPLICITY mimic with direct tag bindings, make sure that your data source matches with that of the CIMPLICITY project or iFIX node name.

Error Message	Description
Test Connection Failed - Server not reachable.	<b>Cause:</b> The hostname or the IP address of the server is incorrect.
	<b>Action:</b> Enter the correct hostname or the IP ad- dress.
Test Connection Failed - Security mode or policy not supported.	<b>Cause:</b> The selected security policy is not supported by the server.
	<b>Action:</b> Select a security policy supported by the server.
Test Connection Failed - Authentication Failed.	<b>Cause:</b> The user name or password to login to the sever is incorrect.
	Action: Enter the correct user name or password.
Test Connection Failed - Server not trusted.	<b>Cause:</b> The server certificate is not trusted by the Operations Hub client.
	<b>Action:</b> To trust, access the untrusted server certificate, then select <b>Trust</b> . The server certificate gets copied to the Operations Hub trusted folder.
Test Connection Failed - Server doesn't trust this client.	<b>Cause:</b> Operations Hub client certificate is not trusted by the server.
	<b>Action:</b> Log in to the server, and add the Opera- tions Hub client certificate to their trusted list.
Test Connection Failed - Certificate Uri is Invalid.	<b>Cause:</b> If upgrading from Operations Hub 2.0 to 2.1, you need to revert the changes made to the ServerConfig.xml file. <b>Action:</b> Follow these steps:
	<pre>1. Go to c:\Program Files\GE\Operations hub \BrowseService. 2. Open ServerConfig.xml and search for:</pre>

Error Message	Description
	Replace <machine capital="" in="" letters="" name=""> with [NodeName].</machine>
	<ol> <li>Save and close the XML file.</li> <li>Go to Operations Hub trusted store C:\Pro- gramData\GE\Operations Hub\pki\trust- ed\certs and delete the existing certificate.</li> <li>Visit your data sources and trust them all over again to reissue the certificate.</li> </ol>
Test Connection Failed - Connection limit on OPC UA server exceeded.	<b>Cause:</b> You have exceeded the license limitation of clients on this server.
	Action: Get a license issued for this client.
Test Connection Failed to connect the opcua end-	Cause: The endpoint url could be incorrect.
point.	Action: Enter the correct endpoint URL in this for- mat: opc.tcp://hostname:port.
Test Connection Failed - Fields are not filled proper- ly.	<b>Cause:</b> The information to establish a connection is either missing, or invalid.
	Action: Enter the correct information.

## Configure Logs to Troubleshoot Licensing Issue

With Operations Hub licensing enforcement, you may be asked to purchase a license even when you have a valid license activated on your license client.

In the event of a licensing issue, follow these steps to enable logging and reveal potential problems before contacting GE Support.

1. Open the logback.xml file located here:

```
<Directory where Operations Hub is installed>\iqp-tomcat\webapps\<site/app/eventengine>\WEB-INF
\classes\logback.xml
```

2. Find the following line of code and change "ERROR" to "DEBUG".

<Logger name="com.iqp" level="ERROR">

3. Save and close the logback.xml file.

4. Replicate the licensing error to log messages in the app.log/site.log or eventengine.log file located here:

C:\ProgramData\OphubLogs\iqp-tomcat

5. Look for log entries similar to the following:

```
"2021-3-2 13:24:11 - Project65.isLicenseVersionValid() : lc_license_ophub = 20
2021-03-02 14:37:41,720 [pool-6-thread-1] DEBUG com.iqp.common.utils.other.lc -
LicenseClient.getLicenseValue(): isLicenseDateValid() = 1 isLicenseVersionValid() = 1 isLicenseVersionValid()
= 4"
```

#### i) Tip:

Look for keywords such as Project65, LicenseClient, and LicenseService to investigate licensing related issues.

6. Provide the log file details to the Support team.

# Configuration of Logging for Services

You can find log configuration for every service at the following location.

- WebHMI Services: <Directory where Operations Hub is installed>\webhmi-tomcat\webapps \<Service>\WEB-INF\classes\logback.xml
- IQP Apps: <<Directory where Operations Hub is installed>\iqp-tomcat\webapps\<site/app/ eventengine>\WEB-INF\classes\ logback.xml

#### Important Configurations

**MaxHistory**: https://logback.qos.ch/manual/appenders.html#tbrpMaxHistory. For more information, refer to https://logback.qos.ch/manual/appenders.html#SizeAndTimeBasedRollingPolicy.

To configure package level logging or any changes on the logging configuration that do not require restart of the tomcat container.

```
<configuration scan="true" scanPeriod="30 seconds" > ...
</configuration>
```

(http://logback.qos.ch/manual/configuration.html#autoScan scan=true) which detects runtime changes on log level without need to restart the service. But currently it is kept disabled, as it has runtime impact.

You can configure package level logger highlighted as below:

```
https://logback.gos.ch/manual/configuration.html#loggerElement
```



```
CYXml version="1.0"y>
configuration>
   <appender name="FILE" class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.RollingFileAppender">
       <append>true</append>
       <file>${logging.path:-logs}/alarmService.log</file>
       <rollingPolicy class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.TimeBasedRollingPolicy">
           <fileNamePattern>${logging.path:-logs}\alarmService.%d{yyyy-MM-dd}.%i.log.gz</fileNamePattern>
           <!-- Max number of Log Files
           <minIndex>1</minIndex>
           <maxIndex>20</maxIndex>-
          <!-- keep 7 days' worth of history -->
           <MaxHistory>7</MaxHistory>
           <timeBasedFileNamingAndTriggeringPolicy class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.SizeAndTimeBasedFNATP">
              <maxFileSize>100MB</maxFileSize>
           </timeBasedFileNamingAndTriggeringPolicy>
       </rollingPolicy>
       <encoder>
          <pattern>%d(yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SS) %-5level --- [%thread] %-40.40logger(39) : %msg%n</pattern>
       </encoder>
  </appender>
   <!-- additivity=false ensures analytics data only goes to the analytics log -->
   <root level="INFO">
      <appender-ref ref="FILE"/>
   </root>
```

#### **UAA Services**

<Directory where Operations Hub is installed>\uaa-tomcat\webapps\uaa\WEB-INF\classes\log4j2.properties

```
appender.rolling.policies.type = Policies
appender.rolling.policies.size.type = SizeBasedTriggeringPolicy
appender.rolling.policies.size.size=100MB
appender.rolling.strategy.type = DefaultRolloverStrategy
appender.rolling.strategy.max = 10
appender.rolling.strategy.action.type = Delete
appender.rolling.strategy.action.basepath=${sys:logging.path}
appender.rolling.strategy.action.maxDepth = 1
appender.rolling.strategy.action.condition.type = IfFileName
appender.rolling.strategy.action.condition.glob = uaa-backup-*.log.gz
appender.rolling.strategy.action.ifAny.type = IfAny
appender.rolling.strategy.action.ifAny.ifLastModified.type = IfLastModified
appender.rolling.strategy.action.ifAny.ifLastModified.age = 7d
```

### Resolving Proficy Authentication Issue During Workflow Task Client Install

This topic describes the workaround to resolve the Workflow Task Client installation issue.

To successfully install Workflow Task Client with Operations Hub 2022, perform the following steps:

- 1. Install Operations Hub 2022 (on page 25).
- 2. Modify the registry setting on the Operations Hub server to allow for TLS 1.2.
  - a. Access the following registry paths and modify the DWORD value name SchuseStrongCrypto with the value data as 1.
    - HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\.NETFramework\v4.0.30319
    - HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432Node\Microsoft\.NETFramework\v4.0.30319
  - b. If the registry value does not exist, then create a new one with the same value name and value data.
- 3. Install the Workflow Task Client plugin from the Workflow installer on your Operations Hub Server host.

Note:

For more information, refer to Microsoft suggested actions.

### Resolving External Proficy Authentication Issue During Operations Hub Install

This topic describes the workaround to resolve an Operations Hub installation issue.

The test button used to test connectivity to an external Proficy Authentication instance fails with a message could not create SSL/TLS secure channel.

To successfully test connectivity to an external Proficy Authentication instance, perform the following steps:

- 1. Modify the registry setting on the Operations Hub server to allow for TLS 1.2.
  - a. Access the following registry paths and modify the DWORD value name SchUseStrongCrypto with the value data as 1.
    - HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\.NETFramework\v4.0.30319
    - HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432Node\Microsoft\.NETFramework\v4.0.30319
  - b. If the registry value does not exist, then create a new one with the same value name and value data.
- 2. Install Operations Hub 2022 (on page 25) referencing the external Proficy Authentication instance.

### Note:

For more information, refer to Microsoft suggested actions.