



APM Installation



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Chapter 1

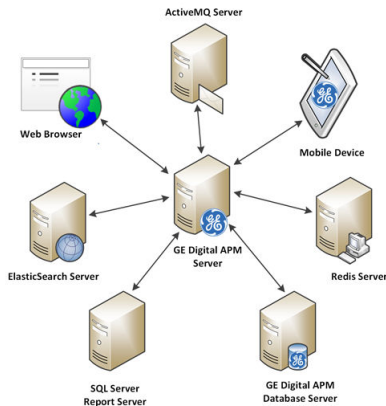
The Basic APM System Architecture

Topics:

- [The Basic APM System Architecture](#)
- [The APM Server](#)
- [APM Database Server](#)
- [SQL Server Report Server](#)

The Basic APM System Architecture

In its most basic implementation, the APM system consists of the machines shown in the following image.



The following are critical elements of the APM system:

- The APM Server
- APM Database Server
- Redis Server
- ElasticSearch Server
- ActiveMQ Server
- SQL Server Report Server
- Web Browser
- Mobile Device

The APM Server

A computer on which the APM Server software is installed. The APM Server machine contains Internet Information Services (IIS), which serves as the host for communication between the various systems. The APM Server:

- Contains and executes the APM business objects implemented using the .NET transaction management framework.
- Receives requests from a client, processes those requests, connects to the database to retrieve information, and returns that information to the client.
- Executes and enforces the business logic and business rules.
- Processes data.
- Performs calculations.

Your APM system could include multiple APM Server instances.

- APM Server machines that will receive and process requests from users are referred to as dedicated APM Servers. You can have one or more dedicated APM Servers in your implementation. The number of dedicated APM Servers that you need will depend upon the number of users you have.
- APM Server instances that exist to support other APM components are referred to as supporting APM Servers. We recommend that you install a supporting instance of the APM Server on every APM Server machine.

Consult the [documentation on Redis](#) for information about its incorporation into server configurations.

APM Database Server

The computer on which the database software (Oracle or SQL Server) and the physical APM databases or schemas reside. Your Database Server may contain multiple APM databases or schemas (e.g., a test database and a production database). The APM Database Server answers requests for data from APM Servers. The APM database or schema contains the metadata (information about Entity families, fields, System Codes, etc.) and the tables containing actual data. The APM system allows for a single, central database. This approach enables cross-site and cumulative analyses.

SQL Server Report Server

The computer on which the SQL Server Reporting Services is installed. The SQL Server Report Server stores SQL Server reports. Reports can be developed via APM, and when they are saved to the APM Catalog, they will be simultaneously uploaded to the SQL Server Report Server. After they exist on the SQL Server Report Server, they can be easily viewed by other APM users.

In addition to the custom reports that can be created using SQL Server Reporting Services, the APM database contains baseline SQL Server Reporting Services reports.

Note that, while the SQL Server Report Server is part of the basic APM architecture, it is not considered a APM Server. Therefore, you are not required to install a supporting instance of the APM Server on the SQL Server Report Server machine. You will, however, need to install the APM Adapter for SSRS on this machine.

Chapter 2

First Time Installation

Topics:

- [APM First-time Deployment](#)
- [Operating System Configuration in APM Testing Environment](#)
- [APM Server Roles and Features](#)
- [APM Server First-time Installation](#)
- [Redis on Linux Installation](#)
- [Elasticsearch Installation](#)
- [ActiveMQ Installation](#)
- [Database Server Installation](#)
- [Initial Data Source Creation](#)
- [SQL Server Report Server First-Time Installation](#)
- [Reporting Server Configuration](#)
- [Security User Creation](#)
- [Activate License](#)
- [Translations Deployment](#)
- [Server Configuration for Scheduled Jobs](#)
- [Mobile Application](#)
- [Single Sign On](#)
- [IIS Configuration](#)
- [Module Deployment](#)

APM First-time Deployment

Deploy APM for the First Time

The following table outlines the steps that you must complete to deploy and configure APM for the first time. After you have completed these steps, you will need to perform additional steps to configure the modules that you have purchased.

These tasks may be completed by multiple people in your organization. We recommend, however, that the tasks be completed in the order in which they are listed. All steps are required unless otherwise noted.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Ensure that your system meets the hardware and software requirements for the basic APM system architecture.	This step is required.
2	Review how the operating systems are configured in the APM testing environment.	This step is required.
3	Configure APM Server roles and features.	This step is required. It is recommended that you configure your system to match the configuration used in the APM testing environment.
4	Install the APM Server and add-ons software on each computer that will serve as a APM Server.	This step is required.
5	Install Redis on the GE Vernova Redis server (Linux server).	This step is required.
6	Install Elasticsearch on a dedicated server.	This step is required. You must install Elasticsearch on a server in your environment.
7	Install ActiveMQ on a dedicated server.	This step is required. You must install ActiveMQ on a server in your environment.
8	Deploy the APM Database Server , which includes creating and configuring your APM database.	This step is required.
9	Create an Initial Data Source on page 33	This step is required.
10	Deploy the APM SQL Server Report Server.	This step is required.
11	Configure APM to use SQL Server Report Server.	This step is required.
12	Create security user records for individuals who will need to log in to APM applications.	This step is required.
13	Activate Licensed Modules and Products on page 45	This step is required.
14	Deploy translations.	This step is required only if you want to use non-English translations in APM.

Step	Task	Notes
15	Configure the APM server to execute all the scheduled jobs.	This step is required only if you have deployed the APM in a clustered environment and you want to run all the scheduled jobs on the server.
16	Install the APM mobile application on your mobile device based on one of the following operating systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Android • iOS • Windows 	This step is required only if you want to install the APM mobile application on mobile devices.
17	Enable single sign-on for an-site or off-site authentication.	This step is required only if you are enabling single sign-on.
18	Configure IIS on page 48	This step is required only if you want to redirect HTTP client requests to Meridium.
19	Deploy Modules for the First Time on page 48	This step is required.

Operating System Configuration in APM Testing Environment

About the Operating System in the APM Test Environment

The APM test environment uses the 64-bit version of Windows Server 2016 for all instances of the APM Server (both dedicated and supporting). The operating system is not distributed by APM and must be obtained from another vendor. Providing instructions on installing the operating system exceeds the scope of this documentation, but this documentation provides guidelines on how to configure the operating system in the APM test environment. We recommend that you configure your system to match the configuration used in the APM test environment.

To configure your system to match the APM test environment, on the computer that will function as the APM Server, configure APM Server roles and features.

Note: WebDAV must be disabled prior to installing the APM Server and Add-ons software.

What To Do Next

- [About Server Roles and Features](#) on page 6

APM Server Roles and Features

About Server Roles and Features

The following server roles and features are installed in all instances of the APM Server in the APM test environment for Windows Server 2016.

Tip: Roles and features can be installed via the **Add Roles and Features Wizard** on a Windows Server. To install roles and features, in **Server Manager**, in the **Manage** menu, select **Add Roles and Features** to access the wizard. Select **Role-based or feature-based installation**, select the APM Server from the **Server Pool**, and then select **Next >**.

Server Roles

In the **Server Roles** section:

- Web Server (IIS)
 - Web Server
 - Common HTTP Features
 - Default Document
 - Directory Browsing
 - HTTP Errors
 - Static Content
 - HTTP Redirection
 - WebDAV Publishing (clear the **WebDAV Publishing** check box)
 - Health and Diagnostics
 - HTTP Logging
 - Custom Logging (clear the **Custom Logging** check box)
 - Logging Tools
 - ODBC Logging
 - Request Monitor
 - Tracing
 - Performance
 - Static Content Compression
 - Dynamic Content Compression
 - Security
 - Request Filtering
 - Basic Authentication
 - Centralized SSL Certificate Support (clear the **Centralized SSL Certificate Support** check box)
 - Client Certificate Mapping Authentication
 - Digest Authentication
 - IIS Client Certificate Mapping Authentication
 - IP and Domain Restrictions
 - URL Authorization
 - Windows Authentication
 - Application Development
 - .NET Extensibility 3.5 (clear the **.NET Extensibility 3.5** check box)
 - .NET Extensibility 4.6
 - Application Initialization
 - ASP
 - ASP.NET 3.5 (clear the **ASP .NET 3.5** check box)
 - ASP.NET 4.6
 - CGI (clear the **CGI** check box)
 - ISAPI Extensions
 - ISAPI Filters
 - Server Side Includes (clear the **Server Side Includes** check box)
 - WebSocket Protocol

- Management Tools
 - IIS Management Console
 - IIS 6 Management Compatibility
 - IIS Management Scripts and Tools

Features

In the **Features** section:

- .NET Framework 4.6 Features
 - Note:** All the .NET Framework features are required.
- Remote Server Administration Tools (As needed, select or clear the check boxes next to the Remote Server Administration Tools)
- Windows Internal Database
- Windows PowerShell (clear the **Windows PowerShell 2.0 Engine**, **Windows PowerShell Desired State Configuration Service**, and **Windows PowerShell Web Access** check boxes)
 - Windows PowerShell 5.1
 - Windows PowerShell ISE
- Windows Process Activation Service (clear the **.NET Environment 3.5** check box)
 - Process Model
 - Configuration APIs
- WoW64 Support

What To Do Next

- [Install the APM Server Software and Add-ons](#) on page 8

APM Server First-time Installation

Install the APM Server Software and Add-ons

Before You Begin

- Ensure that your computer meets the hardware and software requirements for the APM Server.
- Ensure that you are an administrator with full access to the computer that will serve as the APM Server.
- Ensure that the WebDAV Publishing service is deactivated.

Important: Before installing the APM Server and Add-ons via IIS Manager, the WebDAV Publishing service needs to be deactivated. To verify that it is deactivated, in the Server Manager, in the **Roles and Features** section of the **Local Server** workspace, ensure that **WebDAV Publishing** is not available in the list.

Note:

- Before the installation begins, the installer resets IIS.
- If you want to run the APM Server and Add-ons installer in silent mode from the command line, you must ensure that Microsoft .NET Framework 4.7.2 is installed on the APM Server. If it is not installed, an error will occur during installation. You can download this program from the official Microsoft website.

- If the APM Server and Add-ons installer is run according to the procedure in this topic, and if Microsoft .NET Framework 4.7.2 has not yet been installed on the APM Server, it will be installed automatically during the installation.

Procedure

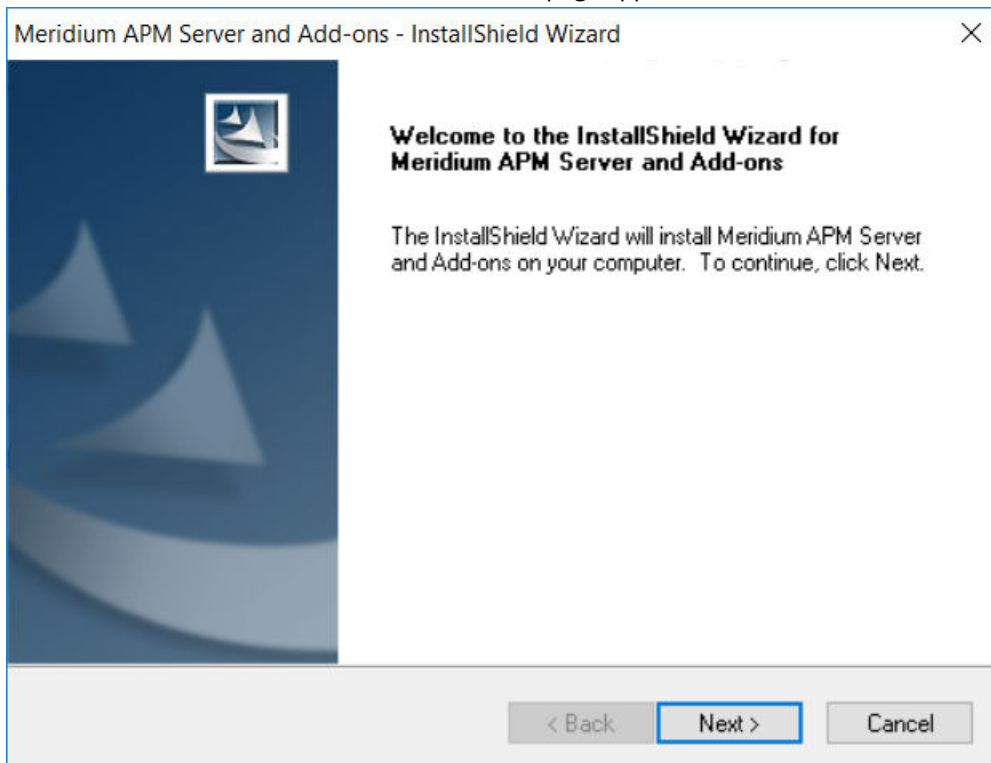
1. On the APM Server, access the APM distribution package, and then go to the folder `Setup \Meridium APM Server and Add-ons`.
2. Open the file `setup.exe`.

A message appears, asking if you want to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

Important: If the required software are not installed, a window appears, displaying a list of missing software that you must install. Select **Install**. The installer installs the software, and then the server is restarted.

3. Select **Yes**.

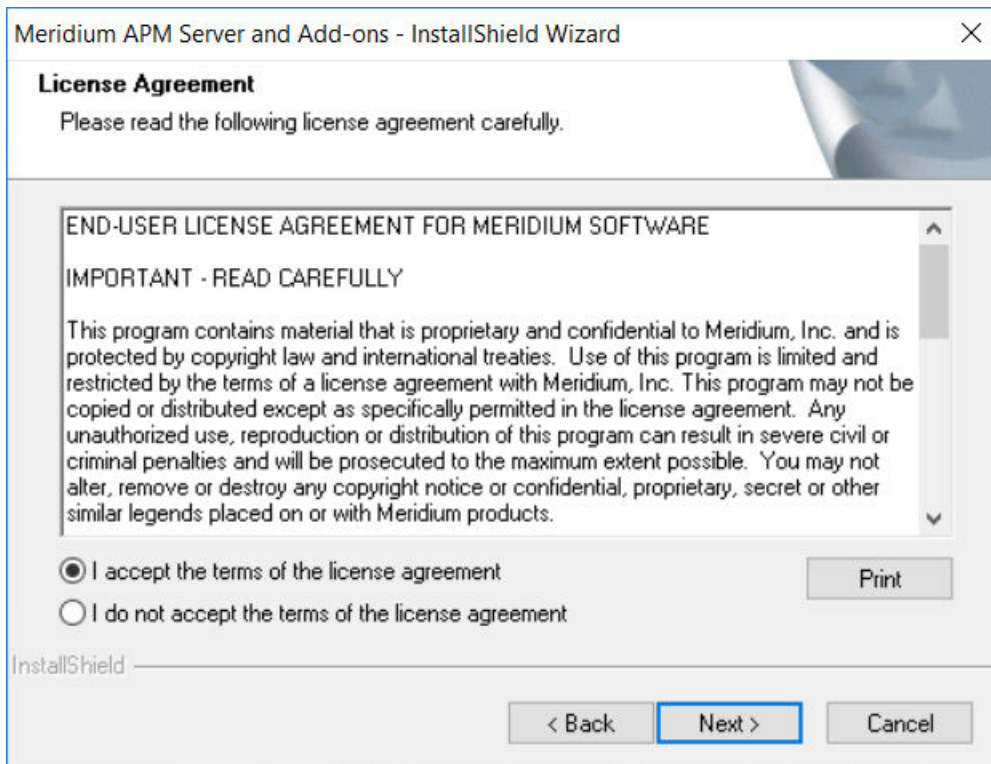
The Meridium APM Server and Add-ons installer page appears.



Note: If a list of required programs appears in the installer, select **Install**. The installer will install the programs, and then the server will restart.

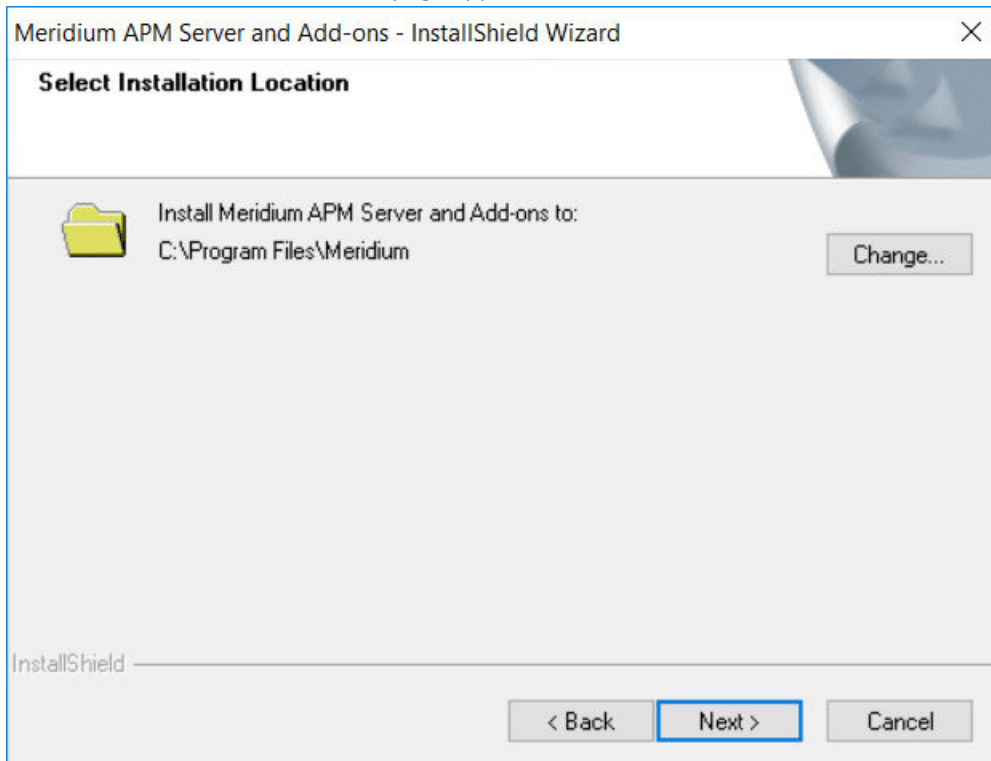
4. Select **Next**.

The **License Agreement** page appears.



5. Read the license agreement, and if you agree to the terms, select **I accept the terms of the license agreement**, and then select **Next**.

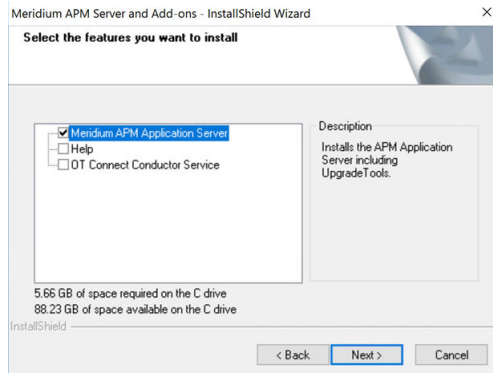
The **Select Installation Location** page appears.



Note: By default, the Meridium APM Server and Add-ons software will be saved to C:\Program Files\Meridium. If you want to change the location, select **Change**, and then go to the location where you want to install the software.

6. Select **Next**.

The **Select the features you want to install** page appears.



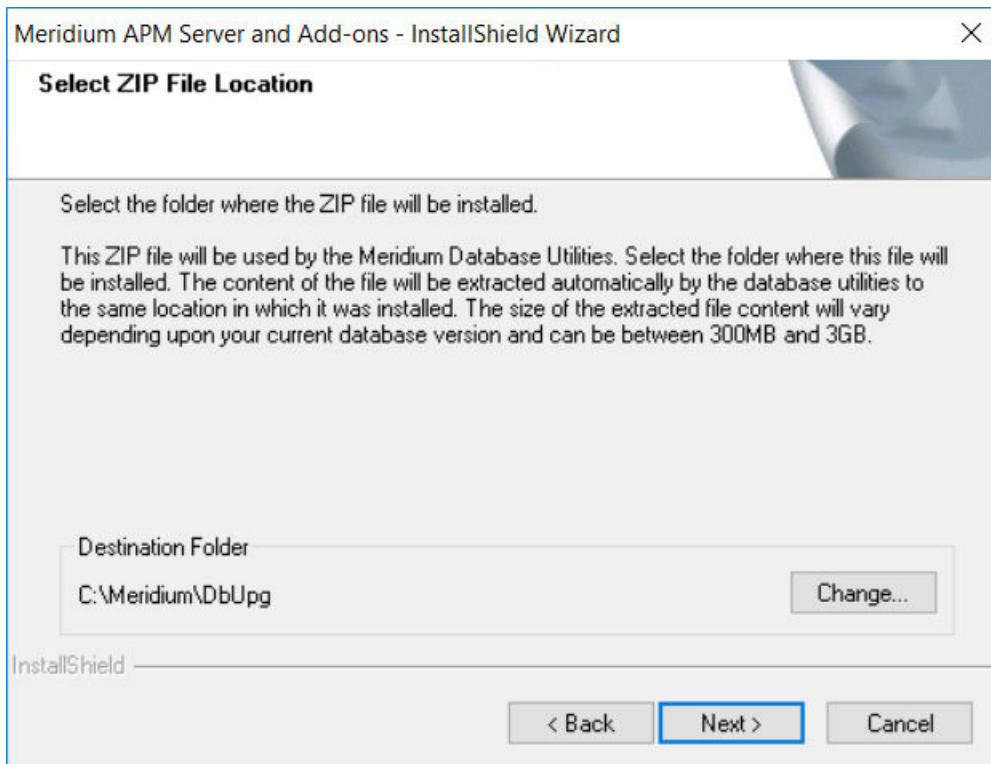
Important: You can specify which features you want to install on the APM Server. This procedure assumes that you want to deploy only the APM Server software and Help files.

Note: Deploying the help files will create a locally stored copy of the files on your APM Server. By default, APM is configured to point to this copy when Help is accessed; however, the setting is configurable.

7. Ensure that the **Meridium APM Application Server** and **Help** check boxes are selected.
8. Select **Next**.

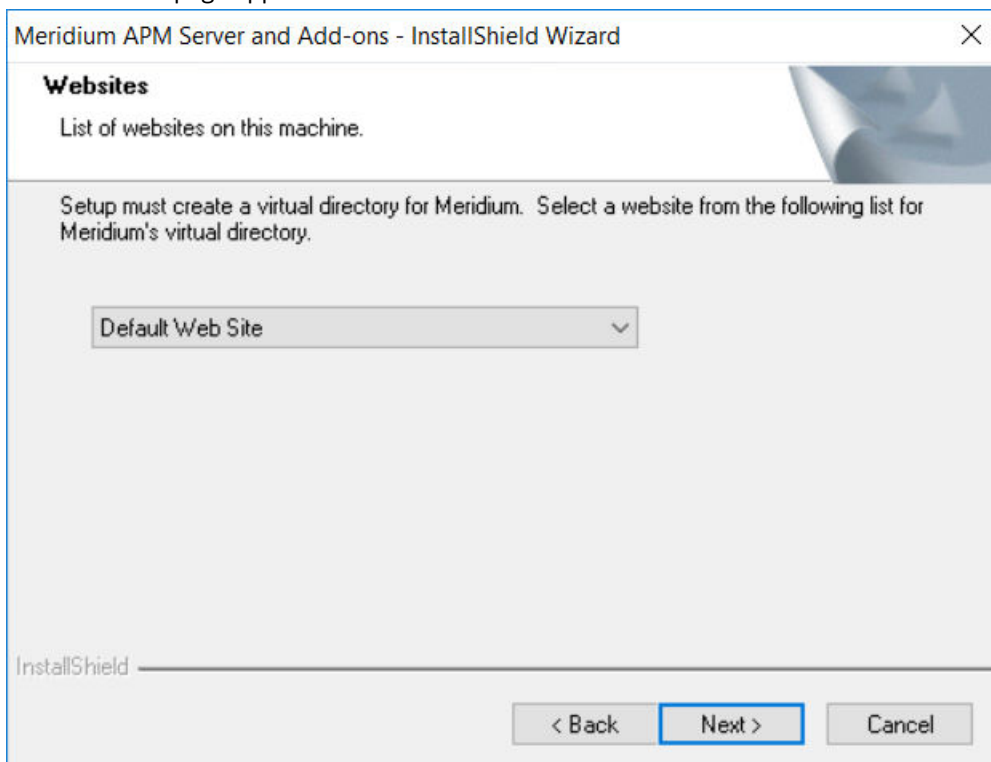
Important: If the minimum hardware and software requirements for installing APM are not met, the **Meridium Installer** page appears, displaying a list of missing software. As needed, install the software, and then select **Next**.

The **Select ZIP File Location** page appears.



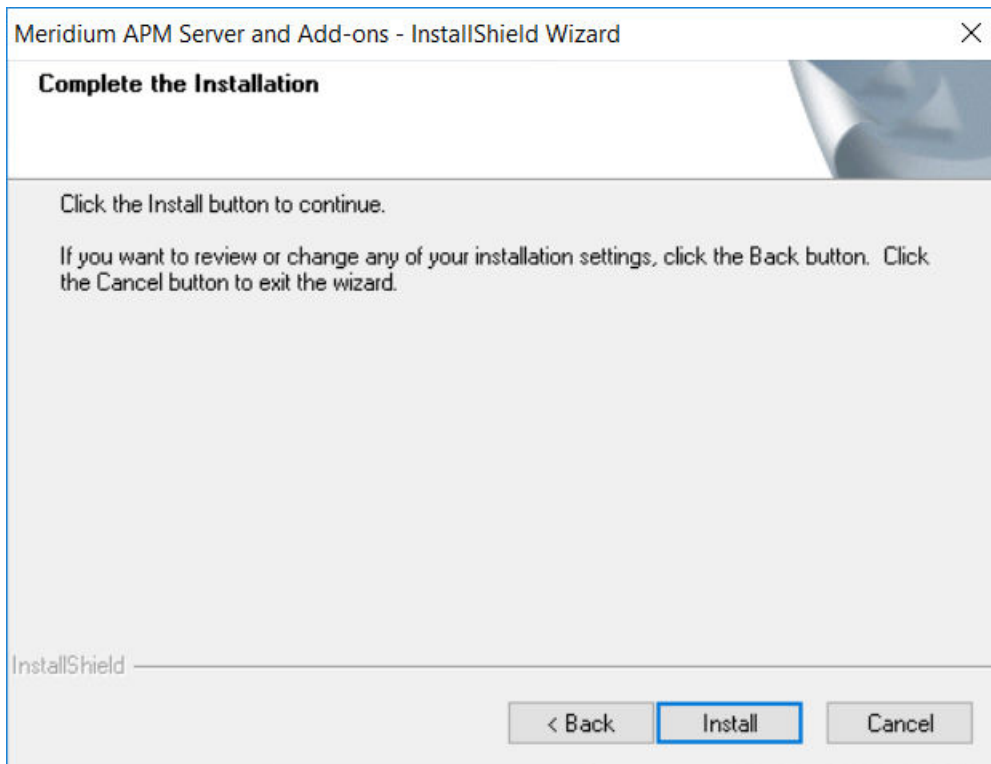
9. Change the default destination folder if needed, and then select **Next**.

The **Websites** page appears.



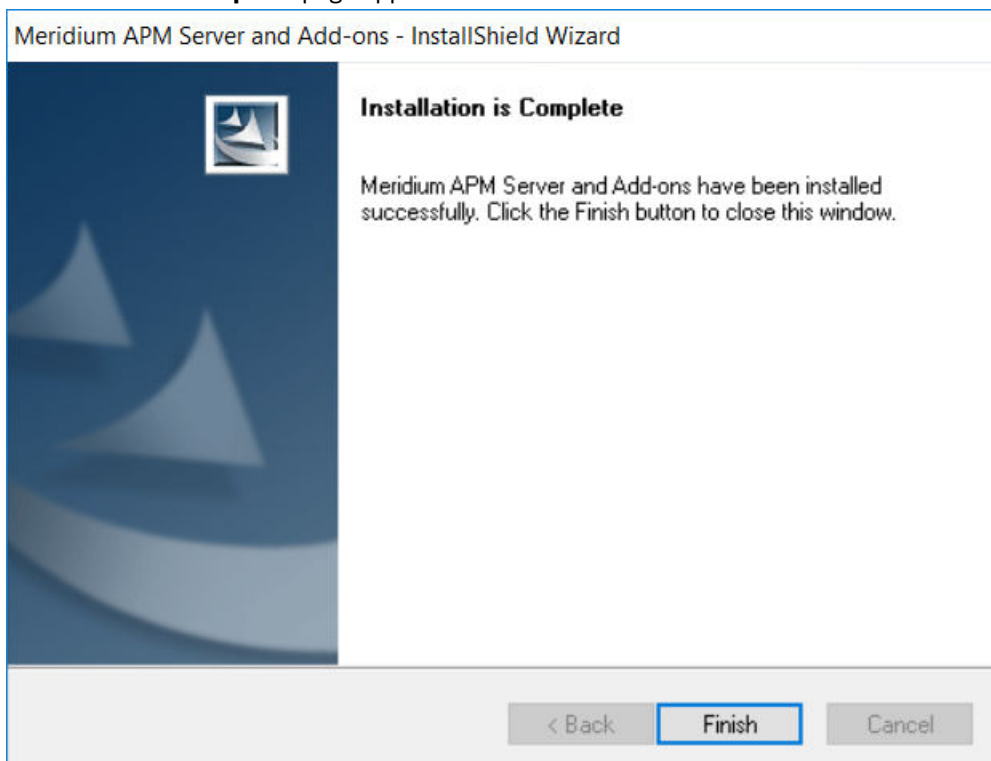
10. If needed, change the website for the Meridium virtual directory, and then select **Next**.

The **Complete the Installation** page appears.



11. Select **Install**.

The **Setup Status** page appears, displaying a progress bar. When the installation is complete, the **Installation is Complete** page appears.



12. Select **Finish**.

Note: If prompted to restart your computer, select **Yes, I want to restart my computer now**, and then select **Finish**.

The Meridium APM Server and Add-ons installer closes.

Next Steps

- [About Redis](#) on page 18

Install, Repair, or Uninstall

Install, Repair, or Uninstall APM Server Components After the Initial Installation.

About This Task

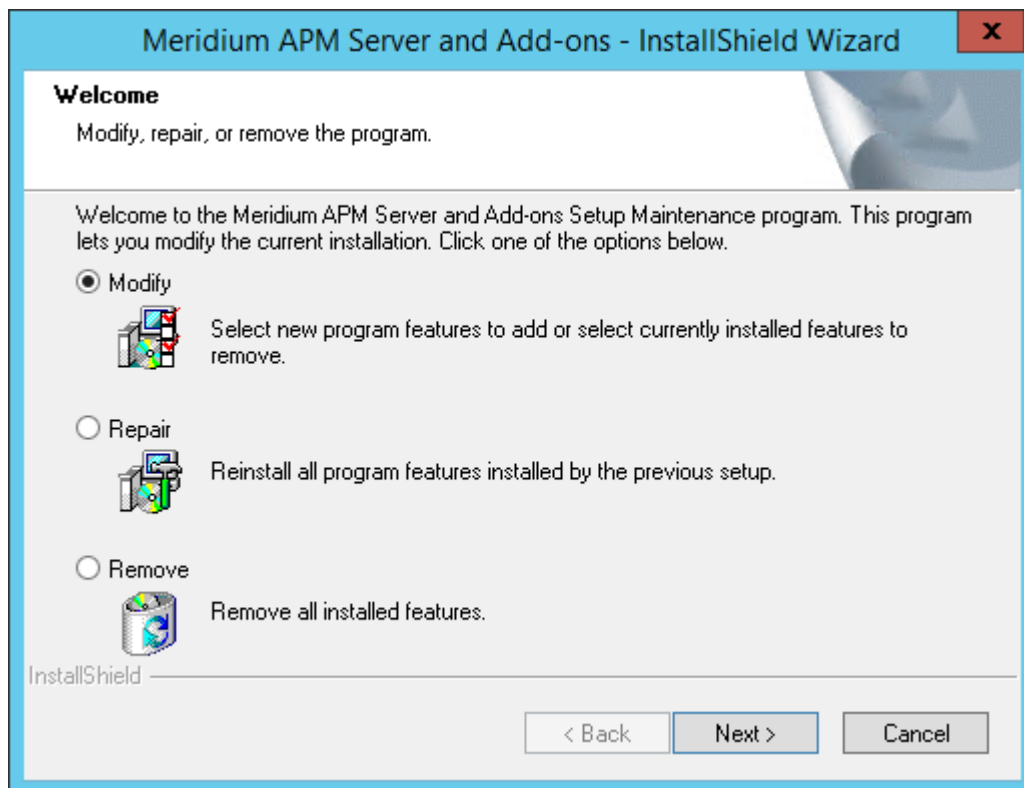
If you need to install a APM component on a machine after the initial installation is complete, you can run the APM Server and Add-ons installer in modify mode, which will allow you to make changes to the current installation on that machine. Note that the same prerequisites are required when you run the installer in modify mode. You can also run the installer in repair mode to update installed components, or in remove mode to uninstall APM components.

Note: IIS will be reset automatically by the installer before the installation process begins.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server machine, via the Control Panel, access the **Programs and Features** window.
2. In the grid, select the **Meridium APM Server and Add-on** item, and then select **Change**.

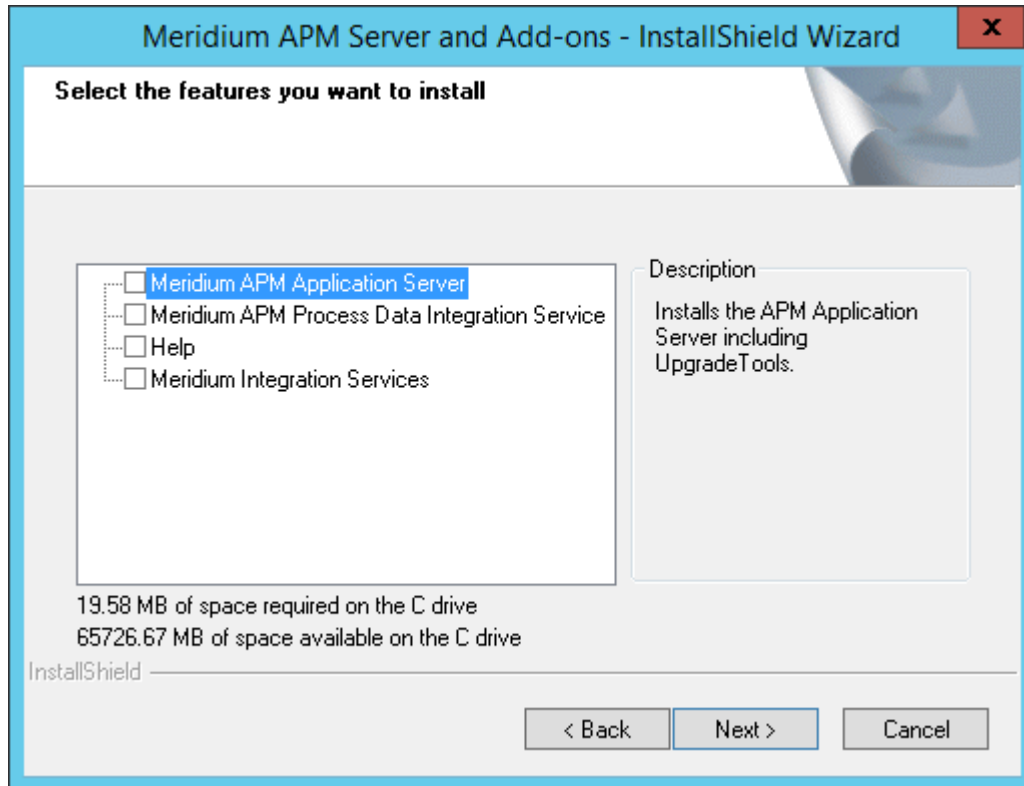
The Meridium APM Server and Add-ons installer appears, displaying the **Preparing Setup** screen, which contains a progress bar. After completion, the **Welcome** screen appears.



The **Welcome** screen contains the following options:

- **Modify**: Runs the installer in modify mode, which allows you to install additional components on the machine or uninstall specific components. This option is selected by default.
 - **Repair**: Runs the installer in repair mode, which allows you to update the components that are installed on the machine.
 - **Remove**: Runs the installer in remove mode, which uninstalls all the APM components that are installed on the machine.
3. Select the necessary option, and then select **Next**.

If you selected the **Modify** option, then the **Select the features you want to install** screen appears.



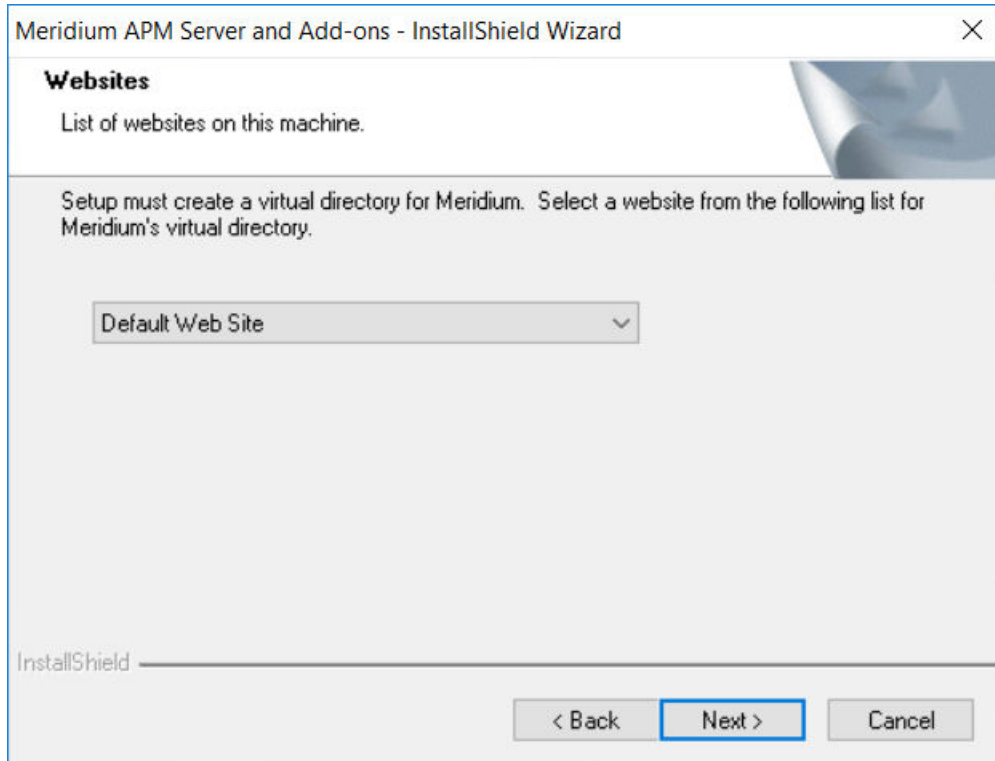
The components that are currently installed on the machine are selected in the tree. If you want to remove one or more of these components, you can clear the check box beside each component that you want to remove.

- a. Select the check boxes beside the additional components that you want to install, and then select **Next**.

A message appears, indicating that the installer is checking your machine for the required prerequisites for the features that you want to install.

If one or more prerequisites are missing on the machine, the **Meridium Installer** screen will appear, displaying a message that indicates which prerequisites still need to be installed on the machine before you can install the feature that is dependent on those prerequisites. This message also indicates what you can do to continue. If you see this screen, you should read the message in detail, and either select **Back** to clear the selection whose prerequisites are missing, and then continue through the installation without installing that component, or close the installer, install the missing prerequisite, and then run the installer again later.

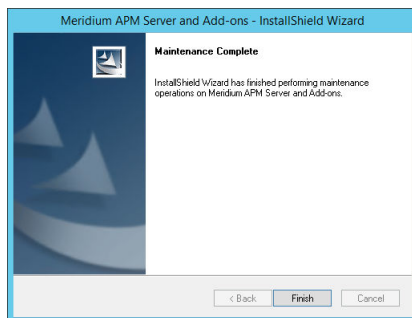
If all the prerequisites for the selected components are installed on the machine, then the **Websites** screen appears.



The **Websites** screen lets you specify where the installer will create a virtual directory for Meridium. This website is configured in the IIS Manager on the APM Server machine. The websites list contains all the websites that are configured on the APM Server machine. The default website is Default Web Site. Throughout this documentation, we assume that you have chosen to install APM under the Default Web Site.

- b. In the list of websites, select the website where you want the installer to create a virtual directory, and then select **Next**.

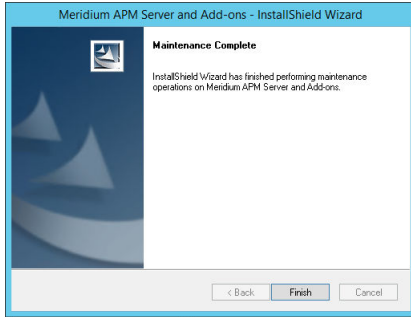
The **Setup Status** screen appears, displaying a progress bar. After the server is configured, the **Maintenance Complete** screen appears.



- c. Select **Finish**.
The Meridium APM Server and Add-ons installer closes.

-or-

If you selected the **Repair** option, the **Setup Status** screen appears, displaying a progress bar. After the server is configured, the **Maintenance Complete** screen appears.



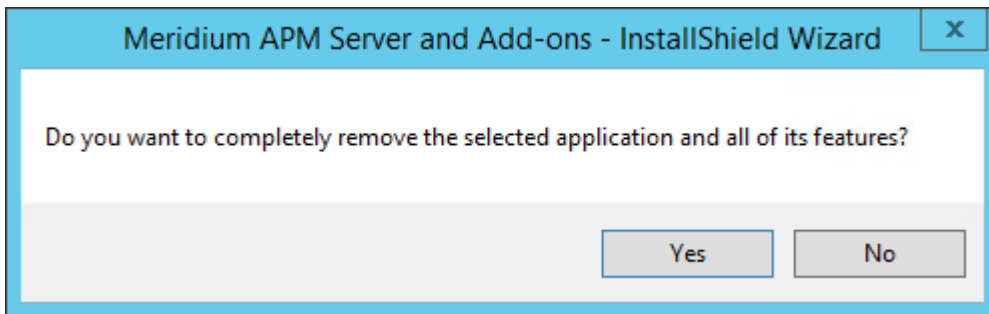
- a. Select **Finish**.

Note: If prompted to restart your computer, accept the selection **Yes, I want to restart my computer now**, and then select **Finish**.

The Meridium APM Server and Add-ons installer closes.

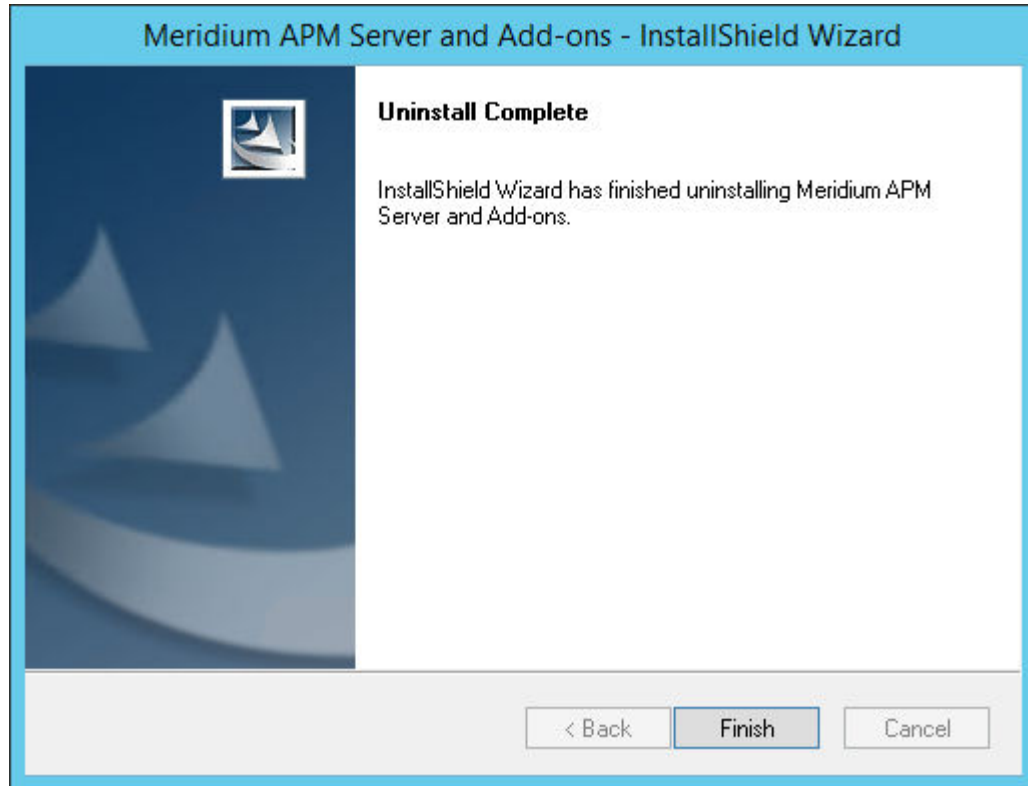
-or-

If you selected the **Remove** option, a message appears, asking if you want to remove the selected application and all of its features.



- a. Select **Yes**.

The **Setup Status** screen appears, displaying a progress bar. After the application and all of its features are removed, the **Uninstall Complete** screen appears.



- b. Select **Finish**.
The Meridium APM Server and Add-ons installer closes.

Redis on Linux Installation

About Redis

Redis is a high-performance, NoSQL key-value database typically used for caching data to scale high-traffic websites. It is an open source software component licensed under the Three Clause BSD License. APM uses Redis for caching purposes and to ensure a consistent shared cache among the various servers and services that make up a APM installation.

More Details

Redis provides a basic Pub-Sub messaging infrastructure that allows the server to notify subscribed clients of changes or various events that occur on the server. APM uses this feature to notify servers/ services when cached data has changed, caches expire, or caches are removed.

The APM Servers are set up using one of the following configurations:

- [Single server cache configuration](#)
- [High availability configuration](#)

If APM Servers are set up in a load-balanced configuration, you can configure Redis clusters for Automatic Fail-Over monitoring. Redis uses a primary/replica topology with monitoring capabilities to provide high availability.

Install Redis on the GE Vernova Redis Servers

Before You Begin

- Make sure that you have sudo privileges on Linux.

About This Task

This topic describes how to install Redis on the Linux-based GE Vernova Redis servers.

Note: The last supported Redis version for Windows contains Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE). Therefore, we recommend that you install Redis on a Linux server.

Procedure

1. Log in to the GE Vernova Redis server.
2. Access the **Terminal** window, and then run the following commands:

a. `sudo apt-get update`

b. `sudo apt-get install redis-server`

Redis and its dependencies are downloaded and installed on the Redis server.

3. Navigate to the directory `/etc/redis/redis.conf`, and then access the `redis.conf` file.
4. Open the `redis.conf` file using a text editor (for example, Nano), and then modify the configuration settings as described in the following table:

Configuration Option	Description
<code>notify-keyspace-events</code>	Specify EA against the configuration option.
<code>bind</code>	Specify the IP address of the Redis server on which you installed Redis.
<code>requirepass</code>	Specify the password for the Redis connections. Note: You must set a complex password string that contains random characters to ensure that the connections are secured. In a high-availability configuration setup, you must use the same password for all the servers.
<code>masterauth</code>	Specify the same password that you specified for the <code>requirepass</code> configuration option. Note: In a high-availability configuration setup, the password is used to authenticate the Redis nodes with the primary Redis server, and then the nodes and the primary Redis server are connected.
<code>slaveof</code>	In a high-availability configuration setup, if the Redis server is defined as a replica of the primary Redis server, replace the following placeholder text with appropriate values: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <code><masterip></code>: Replace with the IP address of the primary Redis server.• <code><masterport></code>: Replace with the port (that is, 6379) of the primary Redis server.
<code>slave-priority</code>	Specify the priority as 1 for the replica server. Note: The priority is specified as 100 by default. If there are multiple replica servers, specify the priorities for all the replica servers in an incremental order. For example, configure the first server and specify the priority as 1, then specify the priority for the second server as 2, and so on.

Note: For more information on the configuration options available in the `redis.conf` file, refer to the Redis documentation.

5. Run the following command to restart Redis:

```
sudo systemctl restart redis
```

6. Run the following command to ensure that the Redis service is running on the Redis server:

```
systemctl status redis
```

About Configuring the Redis Server

Configure Server and Ports

By default, the Redis server runs on TCP Port 6379.

Port 6379 must be accessible between the Redis client and Redis server. Any firewalls between the systems must be configured to support traffic over this port. The default port is changed in the conf file to 6379 by adjusting the port value.

Configure Secure Access

It is recommended to always use Redis in an environment in which the network and the Redis server are secured.

You can secure the access to Redis by performing the following:

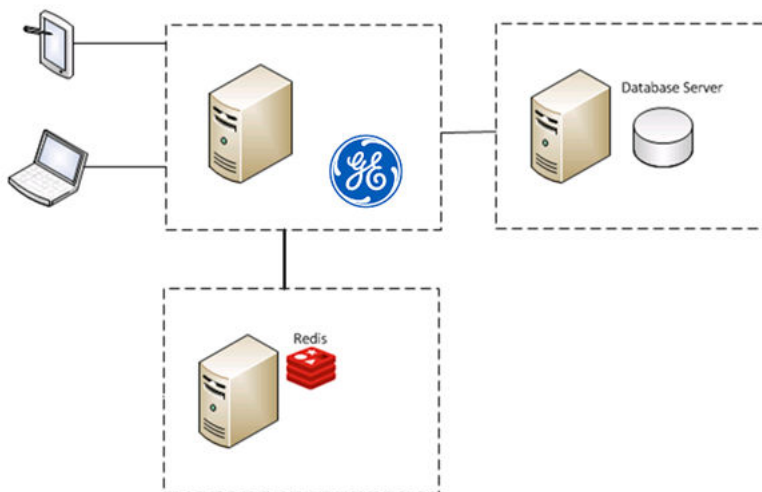
- Set up the firewall on the Redis server to only allow connections from the APM servers.

Note: For more information, refer to the [OT Connect System Architecture](#).

Note: If the network transmissions are across an unsecured/open network, it is recommended to use third-party software (for example, Stunnel) to enable SSL communication between systems.

Standard Deployment Architecture

The following image illustrates the standard deployment architecture of the Redis system:



Set Up the APM Server - Single Server Cache Configuration

About This Task

This task describes how to configure APM servers using single server cache configuration.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server machine, navigate to the folder `C:\ProgramData\Meridium`.
2. Open the file `MeridiumAppSettings.xml` in an application that you can use to modify XML script.
3. Set the values for `Host`, `Password`, and `Port`. You can increase the values for `SyncTimeout` if you are seeing Redis timeouts.

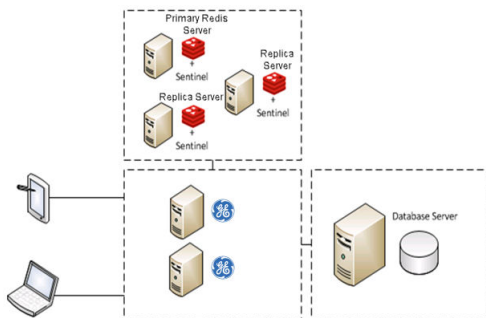
```
<!-- Connection settings for Redis, Timeouts in milliseconds -->  
<add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:Host" value="localhost"/>  
<add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:Port" value="6379"/>  
<add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions>Password" value="my redis  
password"/>  
<add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:SyncTimeout" value="25000"/>
```

Note: The password in the XML file can be encrypted by running `MeridiumCachePasswordUtility.exe` from a command prompt, passing in `C:\ProgramData\Meridium\MeridiumAppSettings.xml` as a command line parameter.

Configure Redis - High Availability Configuration

About This Task

The following image illustrates how the Redis servers are connected in a high-availability configuration setup using the primary/replica configuration:



Sentinel: Automatic Fail-Over Monitoring and Configuration

About This Task

This setup will automatically replicate any data changes from the primary Redis server to the replica server. Sentinel will then automatically detect a failure and reconfigure the replica server to be the primary server in the event of failure.

Note: It is recommended that you configure Redis in a primary/replica setup with Sentinel. You must perform the steps on each Redis and Sentinel server.

Procedure

1. Create the following service file for the Sentinel server:

```
/etc/systemd/system/sentinel.service
```

2. Open the service file using a text editor (for example, Nano), and then add the following text to the file:

```
[Unit]
Description=Sentinel for Redis
After=network.target

[Service]
LimitNOFILE=64000
User=redis
Group=redis
ExecStart=/usr/bin/redis-server /etc/redis/sentinel.conf --daemonize
no --sentinel

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

3. Save the service file.

4. Create the following Sentinel configuration file:

```
/etc/redis/sentinel.conf
```

5. Open the configuration file using a text editor (for example, Nano), and then add the following text to the file:

```
sentinel monitor <primary-server-group-name> <primary-server IP>
6379 2
sentinel auth-pass <primary-server-group-name> <primary-server
password>
logfile /var/log/redis/sentinel-server.log
bind <server ip> 127.0.0.1
```

Important: If a password is configured in the `/etc/redis/redis.conf` file, add the following configuration directive to `/etc/redis/sentinel.conf`:

```
masterauth <redis password>
```

6. Save the configuration file.

7. Run the following commands to make Redis the owner of the `/etc/redis/sentinel.conf` file:

```
a. sudo chown redis:redis /etc/redis/sentinel.conf
```

```
b. sudo chmod 600 /etc/redis/sentinel.conf
```

8. Run the following command to start Sentinel:

```
sudo systemctl start sentinel
```

Note: By default, the Sentinel server runs on TCP Port 6379. If you are connected to an unsecured network, you must block the port from any external access. However, the port must be accessible from all Sentinel and Redis servers.

9. To use APM, Redis, and Sentinel in a High Availability Configuration:

- a) On the APM Server machine, navigate to the folder `C:\ProgramData\Meridium`.
- b) Open the file `MeridiumAppSettings.xml` using a text editor (for example, Notepad).
- c) As needed, modify the following values. Ensure that the `Host` is set as the main host, and any additional hosts are listed as `FailoverHost`. For each additional host, repeat the

MessageBus:CacheOptions:FailoverHosts:0:Host key incrementing the final digit for each host.

```
<!-- Connection settings for Redis, Timeouts in milliseconds -->
  <add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:Host" value="localhost"/>
  <add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:Port" value="6379"/>
  <!--Uncomment to add failover redis nodes -->
  <!-- <add
key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:FailoverHosts:0:Host"
value="localhost"/> -->
  <!-- <add
key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:FailoverHosts:0:Port" value="6379"/>
-->
  <add key="MessageBus:CacheOptions:SyncTimeout"
value="25000"/>
```

d) For each APM Server in the high-availability configuration, repeat steps a through c.

Next Steps

- [Install Elasticsearch on a Dedicated Server](#) on page 23

Elasticsearch Installation

Install Elasticsearch on a Dedicated Server

Procedure

1. On the server on which you want to install Elasticsearch, install one of the following:
 - OpenJDK V11
 - a. Download OpenJDK 11 (LTS) from the [AdoptOpenJDK website](#).
The OpenJDK 11 installer is downloaded to your local drive.
 - b. Run the OpenJDK 11 installer and follow the instructions in the wizard.
 - c. In the **Custom Setup** page, select the **Set JAVA_HOME variable** menu, and then select **Will be installed on local hard drive**.
 - d. When the installation is complete, close the OpenJDK 11 installer.
 - Oracle JDK V11
 - a. Download and install Oracle JDK V11.
 - b. Configure the JAVA_HOME environment variable to point Elasticsearch to the Java installation directory, and then add Java to the Path system variable.
Note: For more information on how to configure the JAVA_HOME environment variable, refer to the Oracle documentation.
2. Download the ZIP file for Windows, `elasticsearch-7.9.3.zip`, from the official Elasticsearch 7.9.3 [Downloads](#) page.
3. Extract the contents of the zip file to `C:\ElasticSearch`.
4. Go to `C:\ElasticSearch\elasticsearch-7.9.3\config`, and then access the `elasticsearch.yml` file.

5. In the .yml file, uncomment the following properties, and then modify the values to match those shown here:

```
cluster.name: apm-cluster
node.name: ${COMPUTERNAME}
path.data: /ProgramData/Meridium/ElasticSearch
path.logs: /ProgramData/Meridium/Logs
bootstrap.memory_lock: true
network.host: 0.0.0.0
http.port: 9200
action.destructive_requires_name: true
```

6. Save and close the .yml file.
7. Select the **Start** button on Windows, right-click **Command Prompt**, and then select **Run as administrator**.
The **Command Prompt** window appears.
8. At the command prompt, enter `cd C:\ElasticSearch\elasticsearch-7.9.3\bin`, and then press Enter.
9. At the command prompt, enter `elasticsearch-service install`, and then press Enter.
Elasticsearch is installed.
10. Access the Microsoft Management Console (services.msc) and perform the following operations for the Elasticsearch service:
 - Verify that the service runs as Local System.
 - Modify the startup to be Automatic.
 - Start the service to verify installation and configuration.
11. On the server on which Elasticsearch is installed, go to `http://localhost:9200/` in a web browser, and ensure that Elasticsearch runs successfully.
A response that is similar to the following sample appears.

```
{
  "name" : "apm-node",
  "cluster_name" : "apm-cluster",
  "cluster_uuid" : "58cS6NyzQJOLZ8Xr1e3vkg",
  "version" : {
    "number" : "7.9.3",
    "build_hash" : "3adb13b",
    "build_date" : "2017-03-23T03:31:50.652Z",
    "build_snapshot" : false,
    "lucene_version" : "6.4.1"
  },
```

12. On the server on which Elasticsearch is installed, go to `http://[elastic-search-server]:9200/` in a web browser, and ensure that Elasticsearch runs successfully.
A response that is similar to the sample provided in the previous step appears.
13. On the APM server, go to `C:\ProgramData\Meridium\MeridiumAppSettings.xml`.
14. As needed, modify the following values.

```
<!-- Search and Elastic Services -->
<add key="searchServiceUrl" value="http://localhost:9199" />
<add key="elasticServiceUrl" value="http://<name of Elastic Search server>:9200" />
```

15. After all third-party services are configured, reset IIS and services on all APM App Servers.

Next Steps

- [Add User Authentication for Elasticsearch](#) on page 25

Add User Authentication for Elasticsearch

To improve security, you can implement user authentication for Elasticsearch using the X-Pack security.

Procedure

1. From the Elasticsearch installation folder, navigate to the config folder (For example, `<Elasticsearch_installation_folder>\config`), and then access the file `elasticsearch.yml`.
2. In the `.yml` file, add the following line of code:

```
xpack.security.enabled: true
```
3. Based on your Elasticsearch cluster type, complete one of the following steps:
 - Single node Elasticsearch cluster: Add the following line of code in the `elasticsearch.yml` file:

```
discovery.type: single-node
```

Save and close the `.yml` file.
 - Multi-node Elasticsearch cluster: The Elasticsearch requires TLS communication between nodes. To enable TLS communication, see <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/7.9/configuring-tls.html#node-certificates>.
4. From the Elasticsearch install folder, set bootstrap password. Perform the following steps
 - a. Select the **Start** button on Windows, right-click **Command Prompt**, and then select **Run as administrator**.
The **Command Prompt** window appears.
 - b. At the command prompt, enter `cd <Elasticsearch_installation_folder>`, and then press Enter.
 - c. At the command prompt, enter `bin/elasticsearch-keystore add "bootstrap.password"`.
 - d. Enter the password and then press Enter. Note that the password is not displayed while you enter the password, and you will not be prompted for password verification.
5. On the APM server, navigate to `C:\ProgramData\Meridium`, and then modify the `MeridiumAppSettings.xml` file to add the following line of code:

```
<add key="elasticServicePassword" value="password entered in step 4.d" />
```
6. Restart Elasticsearch, Search, and IIS.

Next Steps

- [Install ActiveMQ on a Dedicated Server](#) on page 25

ActiveMQ Installation

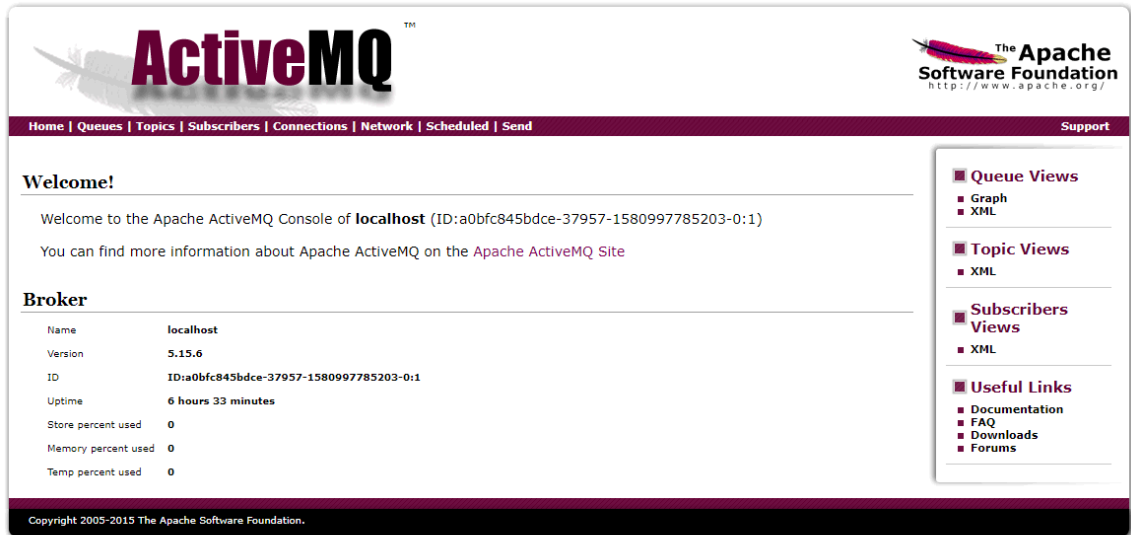
Install ActiveMQ on a Dedicated Server

Procedure

1. On the server on which you want to install ActiveMQ, install one of the following:

- OpenJDK V11
 - a. Download OpenJDK 11 (LTS) from the [AdoptOpenJDK website](#).
The OpenJDK 11 installer is downloaded to your local drive.
 - b. Run the OpenJDK 11 installer and follow the instructions in the wizard.
 - c. In the **Custom Setup** page, select the **Set JAVA_HOME variable** menu, and then select **Will be installed on local hard drive**.
 - d. When the installation is complete, close the OpenJDK 11 installer.
 - Oracle JDK V11
 - a. Download and install Oracle JDK V11.
 - b. Configure the JAVA_HOME environment variable to point Elasticsearch to the Java installation directory, and then add Java to the Path system variable.

Note: For more information on how to configure the JAVA_HOME environment variable, refer to the Oracle documentation.
2. Download the zip file for Windows, `apache-activemq-5.xxx.zip`, (where xxx is the latest minor version of ActiveMQ 5), from the official ActiveMQ <https://activemq.apache.org/components/classic/download/> page.
 3. Extract the contents of the zip file to `C:\Program Files\ActiveMQ`.
 4. Go to `C:\Program Files\ActiveMQ\apache-activemq-5.15.11\conf`, and then access the `activemq.xml` file.
 5. In the `activemq.xml` file, perform the following actions:
 - a) Locate the `<broker>` tag, and then add the attribute `schedulerSupport="true"` to the tag.
 - b) Locate the `<transportConnectors>` tag and comment out the ones with names `amqp`, `stomp`, `mqtt`, and `ws`.
 6. Save and close the `.xml` file.
 7. Access the `jetty-realm.properties` file.
 8. In the properties file, change the admin password:admin: `<password>`, admin
 9. Comment out the other account.
 10. Save and close the properties file.
 11. In the `wrapper.conf` file, perform the following actions.
 - a) Locate the text `- wrapper.java.maxmemory=1024`
 - b) Change the value 1024 to the minimum value of 4000. You can increase the value if you perform heavy data loads.
 12. Save and close the `wrapper.conf` file.
 13. Select the **Start** button on Windows, right-click Command Prompt, and then select **Run as administrator**.
The Command Prompt window appears.
 14. Enter `cd C:\Program Files\ActiveMQ\apache-activemq-5.15.11\bin\win64`, and then press **Enter**.
 15. Enter `InstallService.bat`, and then press **Enter**.
ActiveMQ is installed.
 16. Access the Microsoft Management Console (`services.msc`) and perform the following operations for the ActiveMQ service:
 - Verify that the service runs as Local System.
 - Modify the startup to be Automatic.
 - Start the service to verify installation and configuration.
 17. On the server on which ActiveMQ is installed, go to <http://localhost:8161/> in a web browser, and ensure that **ActiveMQ** runs successfully.



18. On the APM server, go to C:\ProgramData\Meridium\MeridiumAppSettings.xml.

19. As needed, modify the following values. If ActiveMQ is configured to be a cluster, repeat the MessageBus:QueueOptions:FailoverHost:0 key incrementing the final digit for each host including the master.

```
<add key="MessageBus:QueueOptions:ActiveMqHost" value="localhost" />
<add key="MessageBus:QueueOptions:FailoverHosts:0"
value="localhost" />
<add key="MessageBus:QueueOptions:ActiveMqPort" value="61616" />
<add key="MessageBus:QueueOptions:Username" value="admin" />
<add key="MessageBus:QueueOptions:Password" value="admin" />
```

20. After all third-party services are configured, reset IIS and services on all APM App Servers.

Important: Verify that the hostnames and ports are configured correctly. If the hostname is not set correctly, then the third-party library that APM uses to connect to ActiveMQ starts logging errors in a log file. The size of the log files can reach up to 400GB in 24 hours. It is recommended to check the log files folder after starting APM for the first time.

Next Steps

- [Deploy the APM Database Server for the First Time](#) on page 27

Database Server Installation

Deploy the APM Database Server for the First Time

The installation and configuration steps differ depending on whether you are connecting to an Oracle or SQL Server Database.

Use the checklist appropriate to the type of database that you are using.

Oracle Checklist

The following checklist should be used to install and configure an Oracle Database Server, create the APM schema, and configure the APM Server for use with Oracle.

You should complete these steps in relatively the same order in which they are listed in the table.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Ensure that the APM Database Server machine meets the system requirements.	This step is required.
2	On the APM Database Server, install the Oracle Server software .	This step is required.
3	On the APM Database Server, create the Oracle database .	This step is required.
4	On the APM Database Server, configure the Oracle database .	This step is required.
5	On the APM Database Server, create the APM Oracle schema .	This step is required.
6	On the APM Server, create an initial data source .	This step is required.
7	In APM, build the search index.	This step is required.

Install the Oracle Server Software

About This Task

Note: You need to complete this step only if you plan to use an Oracle Database Server to host the APM schema.

The first step in setting up the database server for the APM schema is to install the Oracle Server software on the database server machine. Instructions for installing the Oracle Server software exceed the scope of this documentation. For information on performing the installation, refer to the Oracle installation documentation that is specific to your database server platform. If you plan to create a database via the Oracle Universal installer, then, before proceeding, you should review the section in this documentation on [Creating and configuring the Oracle database](#).

Next Steps

- [Create the Oracle Database](#) on page 28

Create the Oracle Database

Before you create the Oracle schema that will contain the APM repository, you must install the Database Server software on the APM Database Server machine. The creation of the Oracle database exceeds the scope of this documentation. For details on creating an Oracle database, consult the Oracle documentation that is specific to your database platform.

When the database is created, the database character set must be specified. If you are creating a Unicode database, use the character set AL32UTF8. This is the most recent and recommended Unicode database character set.

What To Do Next

- [Configure the Oracle Database](#) on page 29

Configure the Oracle Database

After you have created the Oracle database, you will need to configure it. Details on configuring the Oracle database exceed the scope of this documentation. For details on configuring an Oracle database, consult the Oracle documentation that is specific to your database platform. Note, however, that the Oracle database must meet the following requirements:

The following database parameter values are recommended and must persist from one database startup to the next.

Database parameter value	Notes
dml_locks=5000	The dml_locks parameters should be set to a large value to avoid the possibility of waiting for a lock.
open_cursors=500	It is not uncommon for one APM user to have multiple cursors open simultaneously. For this reason, you should set this value accordingly.
parallel_max_servers=0	The APM schema is not configured for parallel query. Therefore, we recommend that you disable this feature. Enabling parallel query when the database and schema are not properly configured can severely degrade system performance.
parallel_min_servers=0	The APM schema is not configured for parallel query. Therefore, we recommend that you disable this feature. Enabling parallel query when the database and schema are not properly configured can severely degrade system performance.
processes=500	None
query_rewrite_enabled=true	None
timed_statistics=true	Setting timed_statistics allows for minimum maintenance and enables reporting on internal wait events, which can be used to reconfigure your database.
Memory_target= 4G	Suggested minimum

Default values for database parameters that are not mentioned in the above list meet or exceed recommendations for a APM database configuration. APM recommends that you monitor the database so that changes can be made as necessary to accommodate the needs of your specific installations. For more information on these and other database parameters, consult the Oracle documentation.

What To Do Next

- [Create the Oracle Schema](#) on page 29

Create the Oracle Schema

Create the APM Oracle Schema on the APM Database Server.

About This Task

The following instructions provide details on creating the APM Oracle schema. After you have created the Oracle schema using these instructions, the schema will be referred to as the APM database throughout this documentation.

To perform these steps, you will need Oracle DBA privileges on the APM Database Server machine. These instructions assume that:

- You are logged in to your APM Database Server machine with DBA privileges and have a connection to Oracle.
- You are familiar with running SQL scripts and the associated terminology.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server machine, in the APM distribution package, navigate to the Database folder.
2. Open the file `MI_DB_MASTER_<version>.zip`, and then extract the contents of the file `<version>.zip` to a folder on the C: drive.
3. Open the file `<version>.zip`, and then open the subfolder `_Setup\NewInstall\Oracle`.

This folder contains the extracted files that will need to be run by the database administrator (via the remaining steps). The database administrator will need the following three files, as well as access to the remaining instructions in this topic:

- `CRT_MI_CONNECT_ROLE.SQL`
- `CRT_MI_USER.SQL`
- `MI_V4030070.DMP.ZIP`

- a) Locate and run the script `CRT_MI_CONNECT_ROLE.SQL`.

This script creates the APM role (MI_CONNECT_ROLE), which contains several of the Oracle privileges that are necessary to run the APM applications. This script does not require any parameters. You will need to run this script one time per database.

- b) Locate and run the script `CRT_MI_USER.SQL`.

This script creates the Oracle user, and then grants to the user the role MI_CONNECT_ROLE that you created in the preceding step.

The schema is created. For example, if you were to define the parameters through the command `SQL> @CRT_MI_USER MERIDIUM_PROD MERIDIUM_PROD 1000M Meridium_DATA`, it would automatically:

- Create a user named MERIDIUM_PROD.
- Set the password for the user to MERIDIUM_PROD.
- Set the default tablespace for the user to MERIDIUM_DATA.
- Grant 1GB of quota on the default tablespace.

Note: This example assumes that the MERIDIUM_DATA tablespace already exists.

4. Import the Oracle schema that you created in the preceding steps. To do so:
 - a) On the APM Database Server machine, locate the file `MI_V4030070.DMP.ZIP`, and then extract and import the contents.
 - b) Update the schema statistics.
5. Log in to SQL*Plus (or equivalent) as the schema owner, and then run the following command: `SQL> EXEC MI_DDL.CRT_SIDX_SI_MI_GEOD_GD`
The spatial/geo index for the database is imported.

Next Steps

- [Create an Initial Data Source](#)

SQL Server Checklist

The following checklist should be used to install and configure a SQL Server Database Server, create the APM database, and configure the APM Server for use with the SQL Server.

You should complete these steps in relatively the same order in which they are listed in the table.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Ensure that the APM Database Server machine meets the system requirements.	This step is required.
2	On the APM Database Server, install the SQL Server software .	This step is required.
3	On the APM Database Server, create the SQL Server database .	This step is required.
4	On the APM Database Server, configure the SQL Server database .	This step is required.
5	On the APM Server, create an initial data source .	This step is required.
6	In APM, build the search index.	This step is required.

Install the SQL Server Software

About This Task

If you will connect to a SQL Server database, the first step is to install the SQL Server software on the Database Server machine. This documentation assumes that your system meets Database Server system requirements. The installation of the SQL Server software exceeds the scope of this documentation. For information on performing the installation, refer to the SQL Server documentation that is specific to your database server platform.

When you prepare to install SQL Server on the Database Server, you should consider the following notes:

Procedure

1. APM requires mixed-mode authentication for SQL Server installations. The documentation and scripts supplied by GE Vernova assume that the SQL Server instance allows mixed-mode authentication.
2. The APM database must be owned by the SQL Server login referenced in the APM data source. Being a member of the SQL Server db_owner role is not sufficient. GE Vernova provides a script to properly configure the SQL Server database for use with APM.
3. The database supplied by GE Vernova (via a .bak file) was created with the SQL Server collation Latin1_General_CI_AS.

Next Steps

- [About Creating and Configuring the SQL Server Database](#) on page 31

About Creating and Configuring the SQL Server Database

After you have installed the SQL Server software on the Database Server machine, you can create the APM database by restoring a database backup file that is provided by GE Vernova. For example, the restore database option in SQL Server Management Studio could be used to create the database. Specific instructions for creating the APM database are not included in this documentation.

After you have created the database, you will need to configure it. To create and configure the APM database, you must have access to:

- Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio.
- A privileged SQL Server account with sysadmin rights in the target instance.
- Two files from the APM distribution package that will be extracted on the APM Server:
 - GE Digital APM, which is included in the file **APM** in the APM distribution package.
 - and-
 - MI_SQL_DB_Configure.sql, which was extracted from the APM distribution package.

These instructions assume that you are familiar with SQL Server Management Studio or another third-party tool for running SQL scripts.

Note: If you do not have sufficient privileges to restore or configure the database, ask the person responsible for creating the database to create the database and complete [the configuration steps](#). That person will need a copy of these instructions, the BAK file, and the MI_SQL_DB_Configure.sql script.

What To Do Next

- [Create the SQL Server Database](#) on page 32

Create the SQL Server Database

The following instructions provide details on locating the files that are needed for creating and configuring the SQL Server database. To create the database, you will restore a backup file that is included in your APM distribution package. For example, the restore database option in SQL Server Management Studio could be used to create the database. Specific instructions on creating the SQL Server database are not included in this documentation.

Steps

1. On the APM Server, access the APM distribution package, and then navigate to the Database folder.
2. Open the MI_DB_MASTER_<version>.zip file, and then extract the contents of the file to a folder on the C: drive.

Important: The name of the folder to which you extract the files must not contain any spaces.

3. Open _Setup\NewInstall\SQLServer, and then locate the MI_<version>.BAK file.
4. Place the MI_<version>.BAK file in a location where it can be referenced by the SQL Server service, and then restore the file.

The APM database is created.

What To Do Next

- [Configure the SQL Server Database](#)

Configure the SQL Server Database

About This Task

The following instructions explain how to configure a SQL Server database for use by APM. These instructions assume that the SQL Server database has already been created by restoring a backup file using SQL Server Management Studio or another third-party tool.

These instructions provide details on configuring the APM SQL Server database using the script `MI_SQL_DB_Configure.sql`, which is included in your APM distribution package. This script ensures that the database will be properly configured for use with APM.

When you run the script `MI_SQL_DB_Configure.sql`, the following database settings will be configured automatically:

- The database will be set to read/write mode.
- The database will be configured to allow multiple users.
- The database will be set to Full recovery mode.
- A SQL Server login will be created, and this login will own the database.
- The SQL Server database name, SQL Server login name, and password will all match.

Procedure

1. Open a SQL Server Management Studio query window that is connected via a privileged login.
2. Open the file `MI_SQL_DB_Configure.sql`, and then copy its contents into the SQL Server Management Studio query window.
3. Set the `@dbname` variable to the name of the APM SQL Server database that you created.
4. Execute the edited script.
5. As needed, use SQL Server Management Studio to modify the password. These are the same login credentials that will be used when you create the APM data source that will connect to this database.
6. Create the custom server-level error messages, which are required by the APM system. These error messages must be created at the instance level. Creating them requires a privileged login assigned to either the System Administrator (`sysadmin`) or Server Administrator (`serveradmin`) fixed server roles. To create the APM error messages:
 - a) Make sure that you are connected to the Database Server with SQL Server Management Studio as a System Administrator or Server Administrator user
 - b) Execute the stored procedure `MI_ERRORS_CRT_ALL_MSGS`. This procedure was supplied with the APM database and can be executed by using the command `exec <databasename>.MI_ERRORS_CRT_ALL_MSGS`, where `<databasename>` is the name of the database you created in the preceding steps.

Next Steps

- [Create an Initial Data Source](#) on page 33

Initial Data Source Creation

Create an Initial Data Source

Before You Begin

Note: This procedure cannot be completed until you set up the APM Database Server. If you have not yet done so, [return to the APM deployment workflow](#).

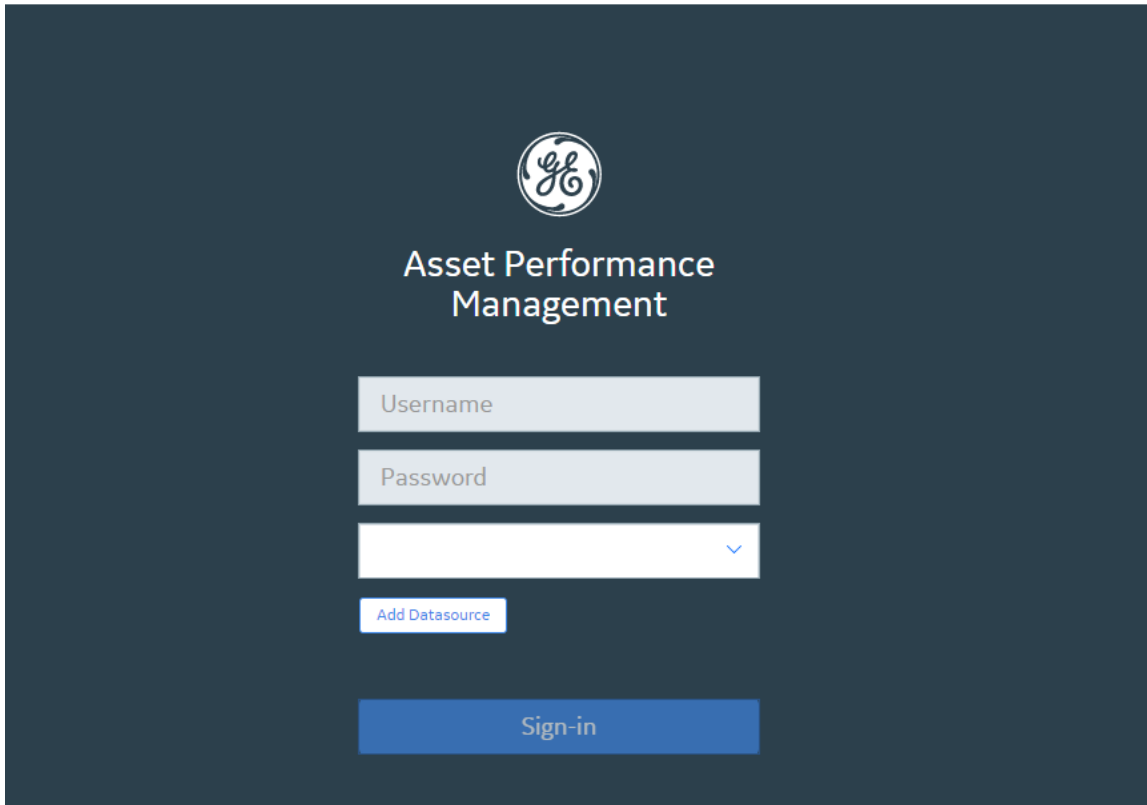
Procedure

1. Access the APM log in page.

Note: If your system uses Data Guardian from Koingo Software and you use the Google Chrome browser, you may have to use the browser in Incognito mode to successfully access APM.

Tip: You can access the APM log in page via the Apps interface on the APM Server. To access the log in page, select the Windows start button, and then select the arrow icon in the lower-left corner of the screen. Then, under **Meridium APM Applications**, select **APM**.

Log-In



The screenshot shows the login interface for GE Asset Performance Management. At the top center is the GE logo. Below it, the text "Asset Performance Management" is displayed. There are three input fields: "Username", "Password", and a dropdown menu. Below the dropdown menu is a blue button labeled "Add Datasource". At the bottom center is a larger blue button labeled "Sign-in".

2. Select **Add Datasource**.

The **Create Datasource** window appears.

Create Datasource

Data Source ID	Database Server
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Data Source Description	Database Name
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Data Source Host	Database Alias
<input type="text" value="*"/>	<input type="text"/>
Database Type	Oracle Host
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Database User Name	Oracle Port
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Password	Oracle Service
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Preload Cache

3. In the **Data Source ID** box, enter a name for the Data Source. This is required, and must be unique for the APM Server. It cannot contain spaces or special characters aside from underscores.

Important: You cannot modify the ID after you save the Data Source.

4. In the **Data Source Description** box, enter a description of the Data Source.

Note: The description of the Data Source will be displayed on the APM **Welcome** page, in the list of available Data Sources.

5. In the **Data Source Host** box, enter the value * in the box.
6. In the **Database Type** list, select either **Oracle** or **SQL Server**.

If you selected **Oracle**, the following boxes are enabled:

- **Database Alias**
- **Oracle Host**
- **Oracle Port**
- **Oracle Service**

If you selected **SQL Server**, the following boxes are enabled:

- **Database Server**
- **Database Name**

7. If you selected **Oracle** in step 6 on page 35, then either enter a value in the **Database Alias** box, or enter values in the **Oracle Host**, **Oracle Port**, and **Oracle Service** boxes. Note that a database alias, contained within a `tnsnames.ora` file, contains the Oracle host, port, and service information related to the database, and may have been set up by a database administrator to simplify access. To determine whether a database alias has been created, and to determine the appropriate values for the

Database Alias box or **Oracle Host**, **Oracle Port**, and **Oracle Service** boxes, contact your database administrator.

Note:

If you selected **Oracle** in step 6 on page 35, then you do not need to enter values in the **Database Server** and **Database Name** boxes.

8. If you selected **SQL Server** in step 6 on page 35, then enter values in the **Database Server** and **Database Name** boxes. Note that, if you selected SQL Server in step 6 on page 35, you do not need to enter values in the **Database Alias**, **Oracle Host**, **Oracle Port**, and **Oracle Service** boxes.
9. In the **Database User Name** box, enter the user name or schema name for the database that you are defining.
10. In the **Password** box, enter the password for the associated database user name. The password must meet the criteria specified by the password policy.
11. If you want Microsoft IIS to load and cache this database on the APM Server to improve performance, then select the **Preload Cache** check box.
12. Select **Save**.
The APM log in page appears, displaying the data source.

Note: When initially logging in to APM, both the user name and password are MIADMIN. These values are case-sensitive.

Note: When logging in to APM, a notification may appear, asking if you want to allow your machine to be used for additional local storage. This local storage is used to store log in information and preferences. Allowing this local storage is optional.

Next Steps

- [Deploy the SQL Server Report Server for the First Time](#)

SQL Server Report Server First-Time Installation

Deploy the SQL Server Report Server for the First Time

Microsoft SQL Server Reporting Services is a third-party component that the APM system uses to support its reporting functionality. After SQL Server Reporting Services has been installed, you will need to configure the Report Server and set it up to be used with APM. Some of the configuration tasks that you must perform are standard SQL Server Reporting Services procedures that must be performed for any new installation of SQL Server Reporting Services. This documentation does not provide details on configuring standard aspects of the Report Server.

For information on setting up the Report Server, see the SQL Server Setup Help, which you can access on the Report Server via the Reporting Services Configuration Manager, which should have been installed when you installed SQL Server Reporting Services.

After the Report Server has been set up, you will need to complete various additional tasks to ensure the proper functioning of the Report Server with APM. These tasks may be completed by multiple people in your organization. We recommend, however, that the tasks be completed in the order in which they are listed.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Ensure that the SQL Server Report Server machine meets the system requirements.	This step is required.
2	Configure the SQL Server to use an execution account.	This step is required.
3	Create a domain user and add that user to Content Manager Role on the Home Folder of the SQL Server Report Server.	This step is required.
4	Install and configure APM SSRS.	This step is required.
5	Configure APM to use the SQL Server Report Server.	This step is required.

Configure the SQL Server Report Server to Use an Execution Account

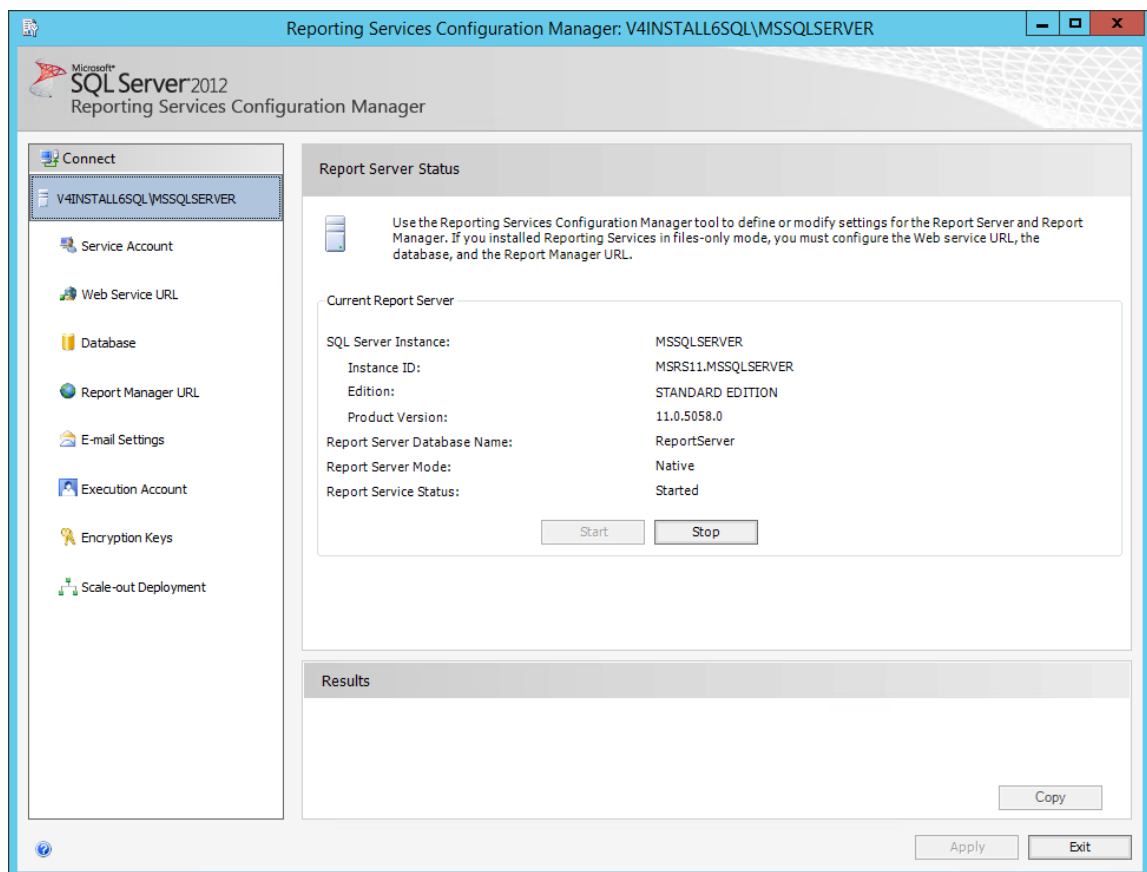
About This Task

Tip: For more information on Execution Accounts, consult Microsoft's [Configure the Unattended Execution Account \(SSRS Configuration Manager\)](#) documentation.

Procedure

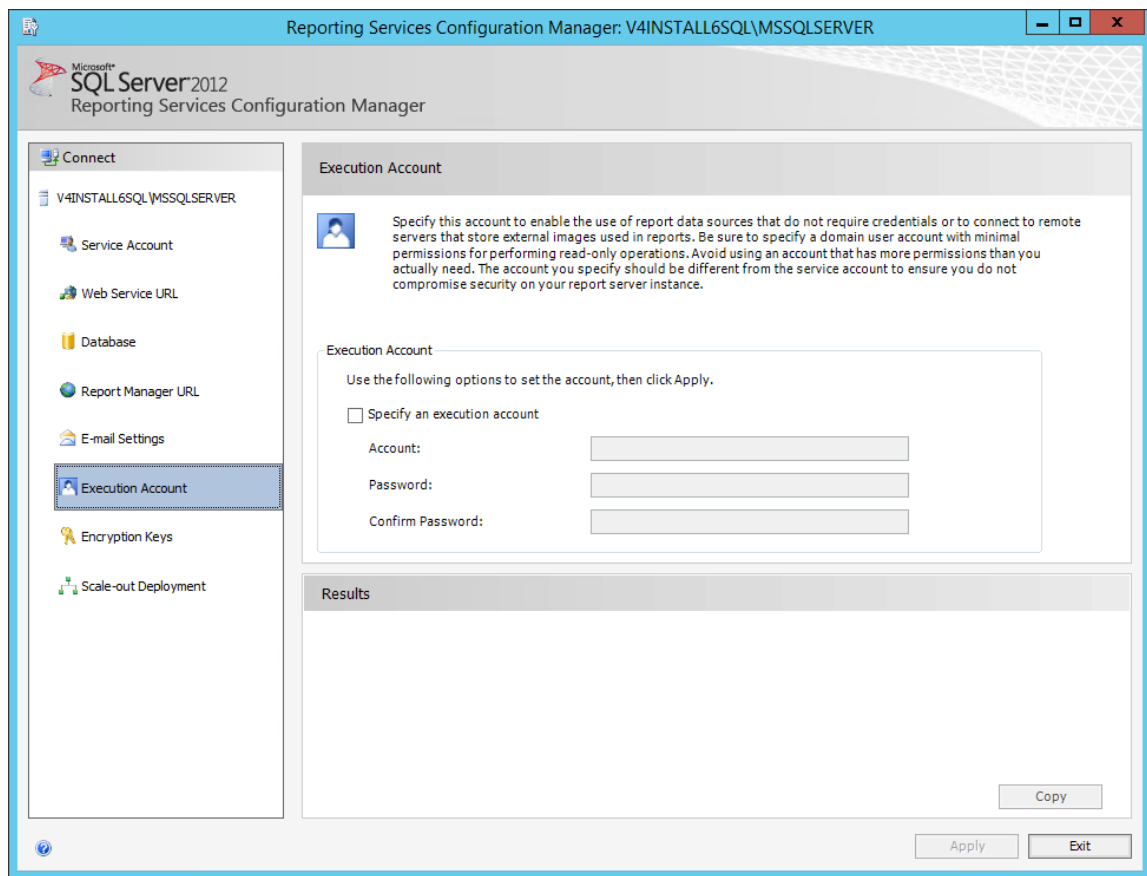
1. On the machine that will serve as the SQL Server Report Server, access the Reporting Services Configuration Manager.

The **Reporting Services Configuration Manager** window appears.



2. In the left pane, for the account that will be set as an execution account, select the **Execution Account** tab.

The **Execution Account** section appears.



3. In the **Execution Account** section, select the **Specify as an execution account** check box, then enter values in the required fields, and then select **Apply**.

The account is specified as an execution account.

Next Steps

- [Create a Domain User and Add that User to Content Manager Role on the Home Folder of the SQL Server Report Server](#)

Create a Domain User

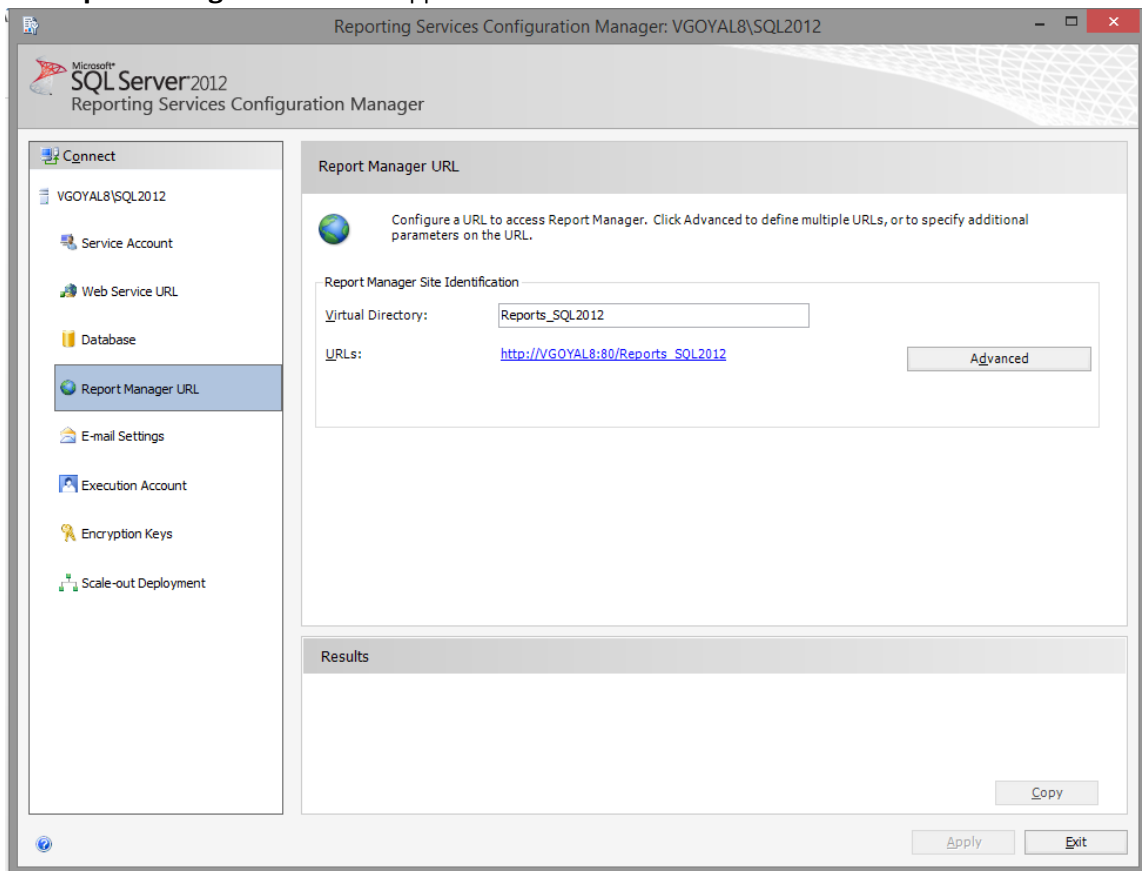
About This Task

In this procedure, you will create a domain user and add that user to the Content Manager Role on the Home folder of the SQL Server Report Server.

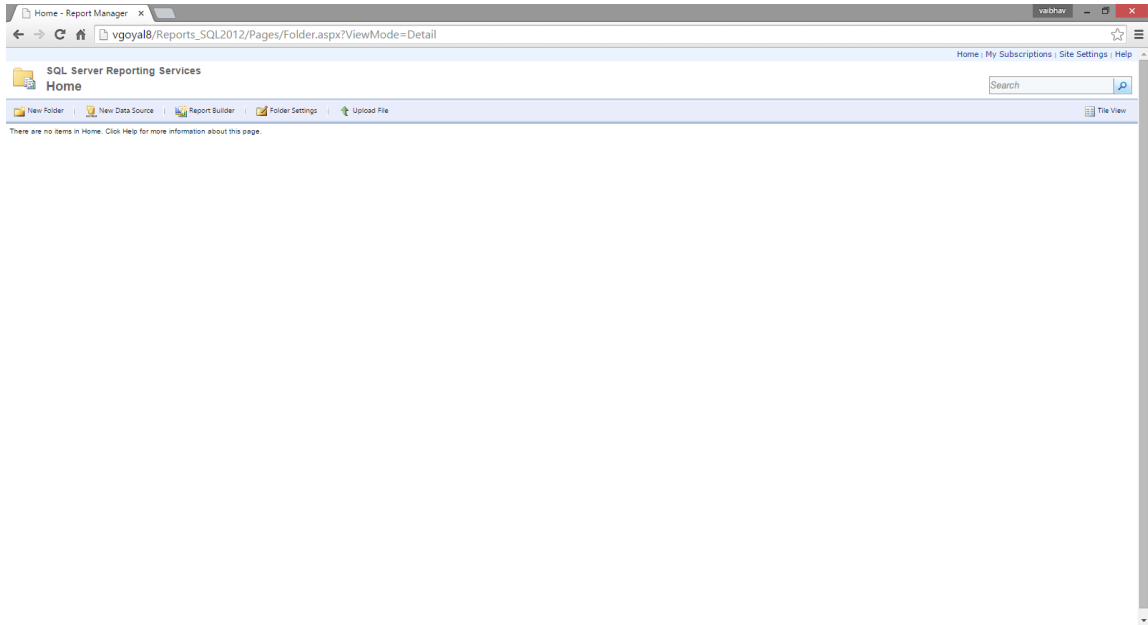
Procedure

1. Create a Windows/domain user with minimum privileges (e.g., meridium_reports_user). The user name requires minimum privileges to connect to the APM Server to get data for reports. It is recommended that:
 - The password for this user should never expire.

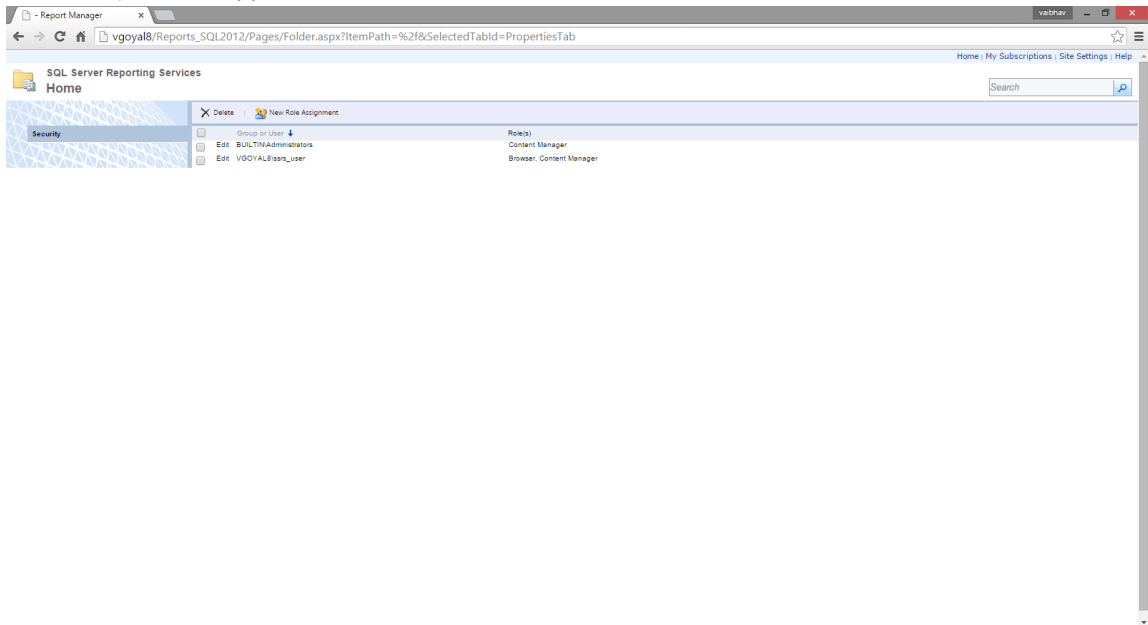
- The user should be restricted to change password.
 - The user should be restricted to log in to other servers (e.g., meridium_reports_user).
 - The user should also be part of IIS_IUSRS group on the SQL Server Report Server machine.
2. Open Reporting Services Configuration Manager.
 3. Select the **Report Manager URL** tab.
The **Report Manager URL** section appears.



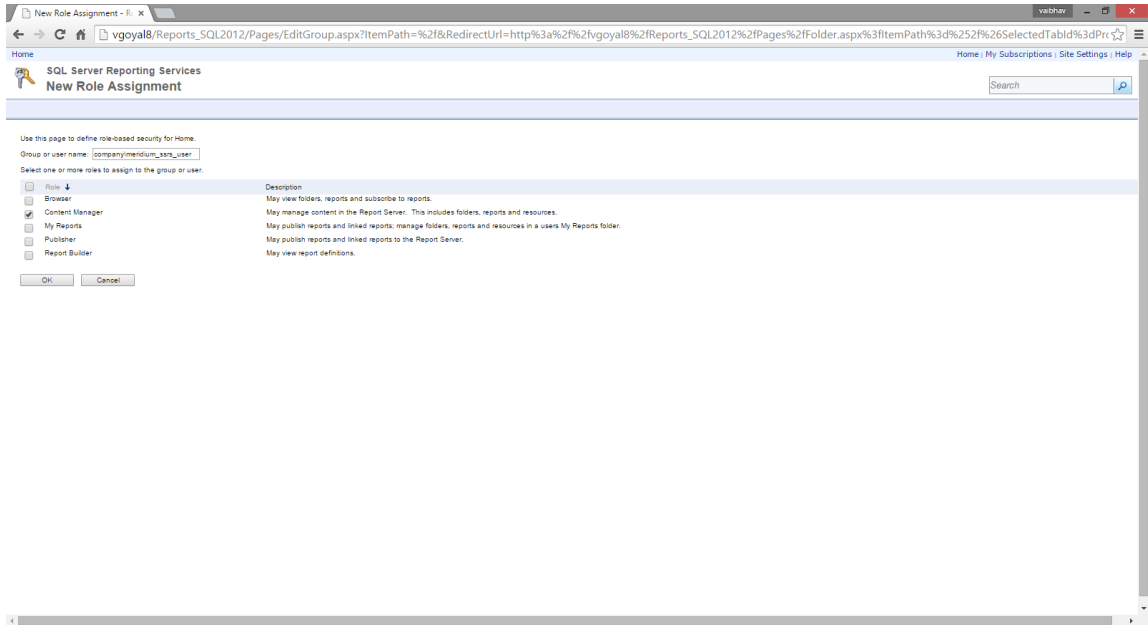
4. In the **Report Manager Site Identification** section, select the URL to open Report Manager.
Report Manager opens in the default browser, displaying the Home folder.



5. Select **Folder Settings**.
A **Security** section appears.



6. Select **New Role Assignment**.
The New Role Assignment form is displayed.
7. Enter the user name of the user that you created in step 1, and then select **Content Manager**.
The form will appear similar to the following image.



8. Select **OK**.
The user is added to Content Manager role.

Next Steps

- [Install and Configure APM SSRS](#)

Install and Configure APM SSRS

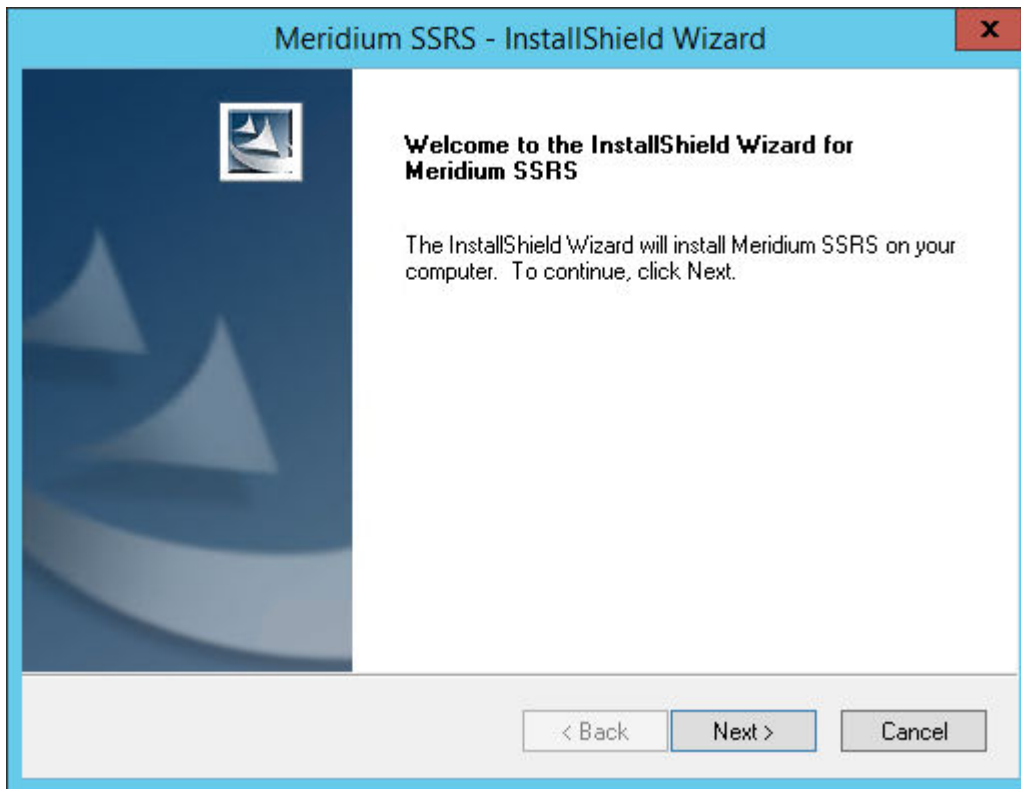
About This Task

These instructions assume that the SQL Server Report Server meets the system requirements.

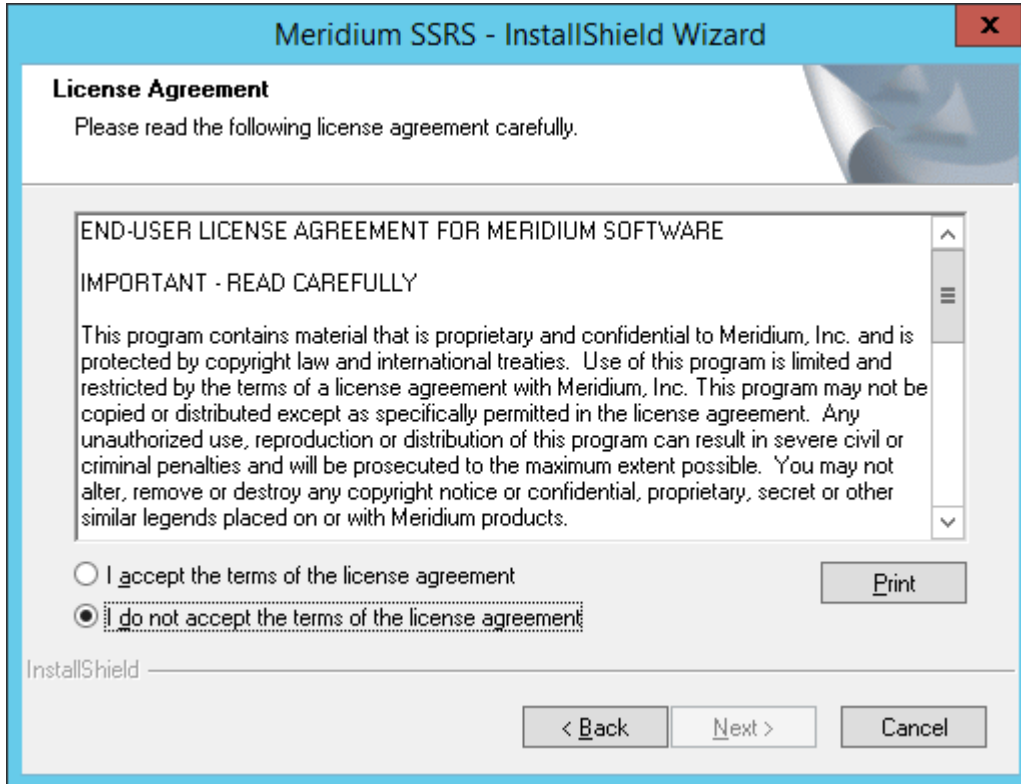
Procedure

1. On the machine that will serve as the SQL Server Report Server, in the APM distribution package, navigate to the folder `Setup\SSRS`.
2. Open the file `Setup.exe`.

A message appears, asking if you want to allow the installer to make changes to your machine.
3. Select **Yes**.
The Meridium SSRS installer appears, displaying the welcome screen.



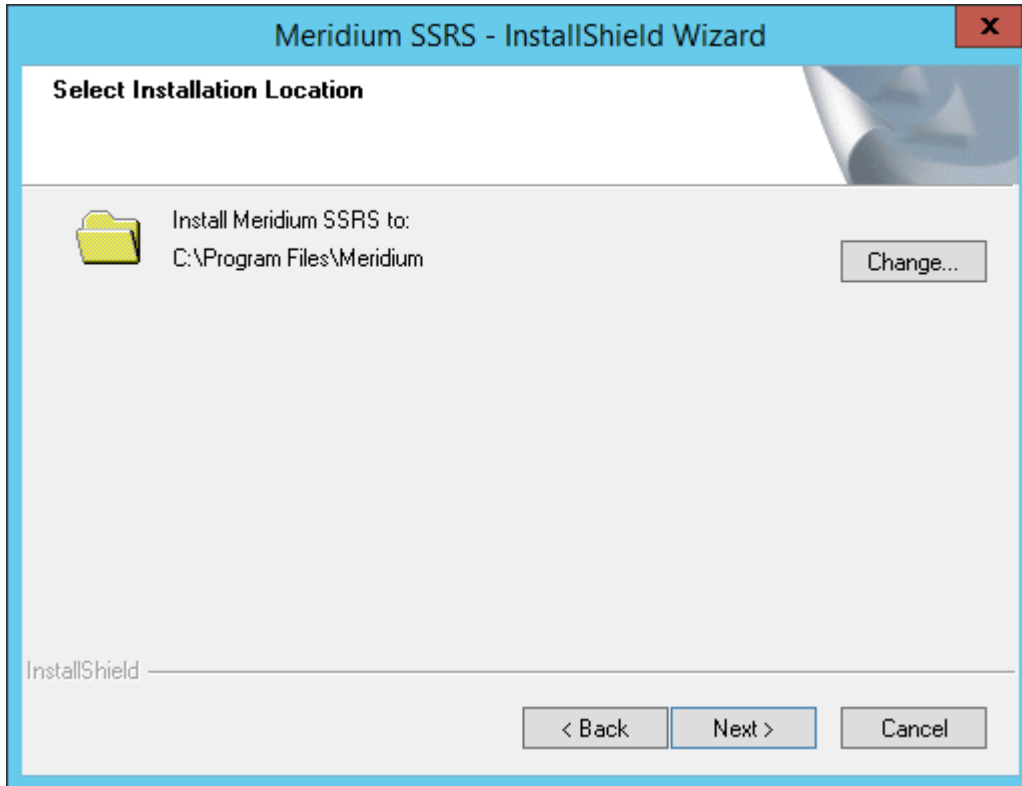
4. Select **Next**.
The **License Agreement** screen appears.



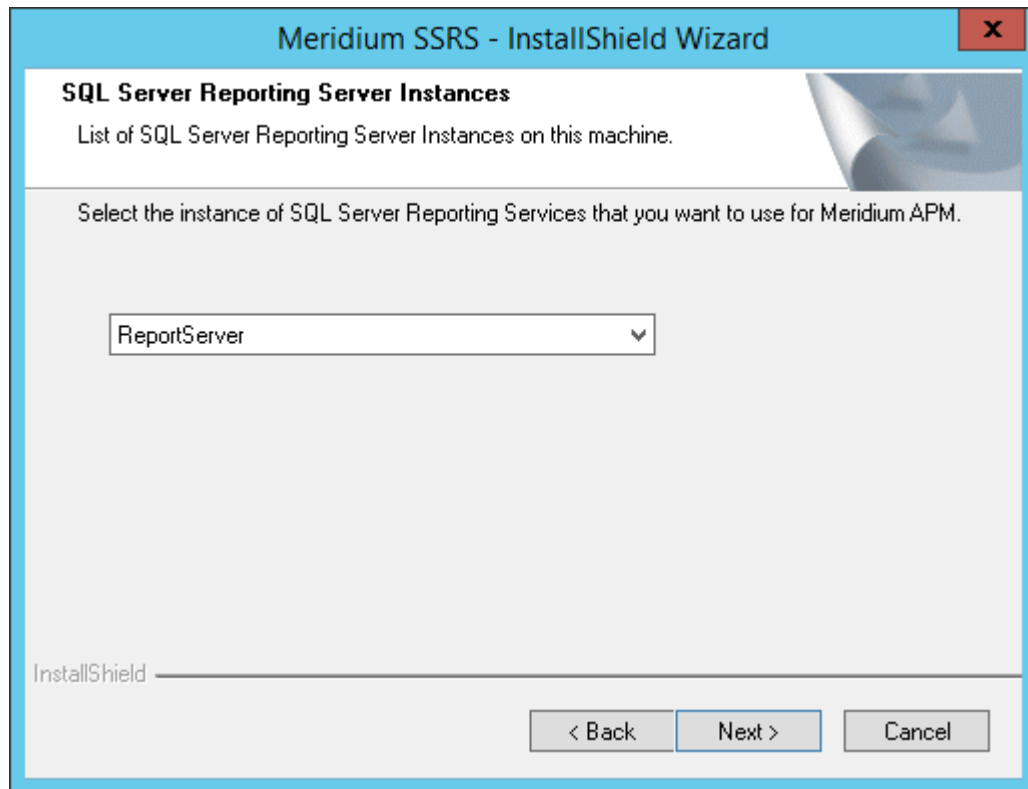
5. Read the License Agreement, and then, if you agree to the terms, select the **I accept the terms of the license agreement** check box. Then, select **Next**.

The **Select Installation Location** screen appears, prompting you to select the location where the software will be installed. By default, the software will be installed in the following folder:

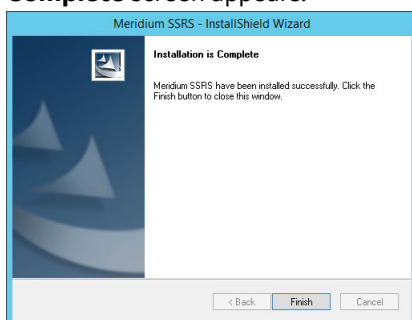
C:\Program Files\Meridium.



6. Do one of the following actions.
 - To install in the default location, select **Next**.
 - To change the location to install the software, select **Change**, and then navigate to the location where you want to install the software. The folder path that you select will be displayed in place of the default folder path. When you are satisfied with the installation location, select **Next**. The **SQL Server Reporting Server Instances** screen appears.



7. Select the instance of SQL Server Reporting Services that you want to use, and then select **Next**. The **Complete the Installation** screen appears.
8. Select **Install**. The **Setup Status** screen appears, which displays a progress bar that shows the progress of the APM Server and Add-ons installation process. After the progress bar reaches the end, a message appears, indicating that your server is being configured. After your server is configured, the **Installation is Complete** screen appears.



9. Select **Finish**. The **Meridium SSRS - InstallShield Wizard** window is closed.
10. Navigate to the folder `C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\{ReportServicesInstance}\Reporting Services\ReportServer`.
11. Open the `rsreportserver.config` file using a text editor (for example, Notepad).
12. Locate the following code in the configuration file, and then replace `{meridium.applicationserver}` with the name of the APM server: `<ServerUrl>http://{meridium.applicationserver}/meridium/api/</ServerUrl>`
13. Save the configuration file. The APM SSRS is installed and configured.

Next Steps

- [Configure APM to Use SQL Server Report Server](#) on page 45

Reporting Server Configuration

Configure APM to Use SQL Server Report Server

To configure APM to use the SQL Server Report server, complete the steps provided in the following topic:

- [Configure APM to use the SQL Server Report Server](#)

What To Do Next

- [Create Security User Records](#) on page 45

Security User Creation

Create Security User Records

Create security user records for the individuals who will need to log in to APM applications.

To create a security user, follow the steps provided in the following topics: [Create a Security User](#)

What To Do Next

- [Activate Licensed Modules and Products](#) on page 45

Activate License

Activate Licensed Modules and Products

License activation determines which modules and products will be available in APM. You require license activation for all the modules (i.e., they cannot be used until the associated license is activated).

You can activate licenses via one of the following methods:

- [Activate a License via APM](#)
- [Activate a License via Command Prompt](#)

What To Do Next

- [Deploy Translations](#) on page 46

Translations Deployment

Deploy Translations

You must deploy translations if you want to use non-English translations in APM.

Before You Begin

Deploying translations is part of both the [APM first time deployment workflow](#) and the [APM upgrade workflow](#). Ensure that you have completed the preceding steps in the appropriate workflow before attempting to deploy translations.

Procedure

1. If you have not already done so, activate the licenses for the translations you have purchased.
2. On the APM server, run the file `Meridium.Version.EnableTranslations.exe`, which is located on that machine in the folder `C:\Program Files\Meridium\Upgrade\TranslationUnzip`.

Note: To run this file, open a command prompt window, and then enter and execute the following:

```
C:\Program Files\Meridium\Upgrade\TranslationUnzip\ Meridium.Version.EnableTranslations.exe -
l: <path to license> -p: <PIN> -e: <True or False>
```

...where *<Path to license>* is a valid path to the license file and *<PIN>* is the pin for the license file. The parameter *-e* is optional. *<True or False>* indicates whether the help files should be extracted. Specify *True* if you want to extract the help files and *False* if you do not want to extract the help files. If you do not use this parameter, the help files are not extracted.

3. On the APM server, reset IIS.
4. You can now manage translations.

Next Steps

- [Configure one of the virtual machine to execute all the scheduled jobs.](#)

Server Configuration for Scheduled Jobs

Configure the APM Server for Running the Scheduled Jobs

You must configure the APM server for all the scheduled jobs if you have deployed the APM in a clustered environment and you want to dedicate a machine to run all the scheduled jobs.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server that you want to put in standby mode, navigate to the folder `C:\Program Files\Meridium\ApplicationServer\api`.
2. Access the file `appsettings.json`.

3. When the APM is deployed on multiple servers, you can enable the background jobs in selected servers by setting this flag. See the following example of the modified line of code:

```
"scheduler": {  
  "AllowToRunBackgroundJobs": false,
```

Note: By default, the value of the key **AllowToRunBackgroundJobs** is set to true. Set the value of the key **AllowToRunBackgroundJobs** to False only if you do not want to run scheduler in a APM server.

4. Save the file.

The APM server is configured for all the scheduled jobs.

Next Steps

- [Install the GE Digital APM Mobile Application](#) on page 47

Mobile Application

Install the GE Digital APM Mobile Application

This step is required only if you want to install the GE Digital APM mobile application on mobile devices.

Install the GE Digital APM mobile application on your mobile device based on one of the following operating systems:

- [Android](#)
- [iOS](#)
- [Windows](#)

What To Do Next

- [Enable Single Sign-on](#) on page 47

Single Sign On

Enable Single Sign-on

Enable single sign-on for on-site or off-site authentication. This step is required only if you are enabling single sign-on.

To enable single sign-on for on-site or off-site authentication, complete steps provided in the following topic:

- [Enable single sign-on for on-site or off-site authentication](#)

What To Do Next

- [Configure IIS](#) on page 48

IIS Configuration

Configure IIS

About This Task

This topic describes how to set up the HTTP redirect for the default website.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server, via the **Server Manager**, access the **IIS Manager**.
2. In the **Connections** pane, expand the server name, expand **Sites**, and then select **Default Web Site**.
3. In the **Default Web Site Home** pane, double-click **HTTP Redirect**.
4. In the **HTTP Redirect** pane, select the **Redirect requests to this destination** check box, and then enter the redirect destination as `/Meridium`.
5. In the Redirect Behavior section, select the **Only redirect request to content in this directory (not subdirectories)** check box.
6. In the **Tasks** pane, select **Apply**.

Next Steps

- [Deploy Modules for the First Time](#) on page 48

Module Deployment

Deploy Modules for the First Time

After you have installed APM for the first time, you must deploy your licensed modules. To do so, complete the module-specific steps provided in [APM Module Deployment](#).

Chapter 3

APM Upgrade

Topics:

- [Upgrade or Update APM](#)
- [Upgrade or Update the APM Server and Add-Ons](#)
- [Upgrade the APM Adapter for SSRS to APM](#)
- [Upgrade the APM Database Server](#)

Upgrade or Update APM

Upgrade or Update APM to V4.6.9.0.0

Upgrading or updating and configuring APM includes completing multiple steps, which are outlined in the tables in this section. This section of the documentation provides all the information that you need to upgrade or update and configure the basic system architecture to V4.6.9.0.0.

After you have completed these steps, you will need to perform additional steps required to upgrade any modules that were deployed on your previous version. If you have purchased additional modules for use with APM, then you will also need to consult the first-time deployment documentation for each of those modules and features.

The person responsible for completing each task may vary within in your organization. We recommend, however, that the steps be performed in relatively the same order in which they are listed in the table.

Upgrade from any version V4.6.0.0.0 through V4.6.8.0.0

If your current version is APM V4.6.0.0.0 through V4.6.8.0.0, then updating the basic system architecture to V4.6.9.0.0 requires only that you complete the steps that are outlined in the table in this section.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Create a backup of your database and configuration files (.conf) that exist in the following directories: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• C:\Program Files\Meridium• C:\ProgramData\Meridium	This step is not mandatory, but is recommended by APM. Updates may include changes to configuration files and database elements. If any problems occur during the update, the configuration files and database can be restored to their original states from the backup copies.
2	Stop all the APM services.	This step is required.
3	On each APM server, including both dedicated and supporting instances, uninstall the APM Server and Add-ons component .	This step is required.
4	On each APM server, including both dedicated and supporting instances, install and configure the APM Server software and Add-ons .	This step is required.
5	Install the latest version of APM on mobile devices using the iOS, Android, or Windows operating system.	This step is required if you want to use APM on a mobile device.
6	Start all the services in the following order: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Redis• ActiveMQ• Elastic Search and Search Service• All other services (no specific order)	This step is required.

Upgrade from any version V4.5.0.0.0 through V4.5.0.0.21

If your current version is APM V4.5.0.0.0 through V4.5.0.0.20, then updating the basic system architecture to V4.6.9.0.0 requires only that you complete the steps that are outlined in the table in this section.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Create a backup of your database and configuration files (.conf) that exist in the following directories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> C:\Program Files\Meridium C:\ProgramData\Meridium 	This step is not mandatory, but is recommended by APM. Updates may include changes to configuration files and database elements. If any problems occur during the update, the configuration files and database can be restored to their original states from the backup copies.
2	Update the APM Server and Add Ons software on the APM Server(s).	This step is required. This procedure includes updating your data sources for V4.6.9.0.0.
3	Install Redis on the GE Vernova Redis server (Linux server) .	This step is required.
4	Upgrade the APM adapter for SSRS .	This step is required.
5	Upgrade the APM database .	This step is required.
6	If you want to activate non-English translations in APM, then deploy translations .	This step is required only if you are deploying translations for the first time or if you want to utilize and redeploy updated translations.
7	As needed, configure one of the virtual machine to execute all the scheduled jobs .	This step is required only if you have deployed APM in a clustered environment and you want to dedicate a virtual machine to run all the scheduled jobs.
8	As needed, deploy the APM mobile application on mobile devices.	This step is required only if you are deploying the APM mobile application on mobile devices.

Upgrade from any version V4.4.0.0 through V4.4.0.16

If your current version is APM V4.4.0.0 through V4.4.0.16, then updating the basic system architecture to V4.6.9.0.0 requires only that you complete the steps that are outlined in the table in this section.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Create a backup of your database and configuration files (.conf) that exist in the following directories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> C:\Program Files\Meridium C:\ProgramData\Meridium 	This step is not mandatory, but is recommended by APM. Updates may include changes to configuration files and database elements. If any problems occur during the update, the configuration files and database can be restored to their original states from the backup copies.
2	Update the APM Server and Add Ons software on the APM Server(s).	This step is required. This procedure includes updating your data sources for V4.6.9.0.0.
3	Install Redis on the GE Vernova Redis server (Linux server) .	This step is required.
4	Upgrade the APM adapter for SSRS .	This step is required.
5	Upgrade the APM database .	This step is required.

Step	Task	Notes
6	If you want to activate non-English translations in APM, then deploy translations .	This step is required only if you are deploying translations for the first time or if you want to utilize and redeploy updated translations.
7	As needed, configure one of the virtual machine to execute all the scheduled jobs .	This step is required only if you have deployed APM in a clustered environment and you want to dedicate a virtual machine to run all the scheduled jobs.
8	As needed, deploy the APM mobile application on mobile devices.	This step is required only if you are deploying the APM mobile application on mobile devices.

Upgrade from any version V4.3.0.0.0 through V4.3.1.0.11

If your current version is APM V4.3.0.0.0 through V4.3.1.0.11, then updating the basic system architecture to V4.6.9.0.0 requires only that you complete the steps that are outlined in the table in this section.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Create a backup of your database, and create a backup of any configuration files that exist in your pre-updated system.	This step is not mandatory, but is recommended by APM. Updates may include changes to configuration files and database elements. If any problems occur during the update, the configuration files and database can be restored to their original states from the backup copies.
2	Update the APM Server and Add Ons software on the APM Server(s).	This step is required. This procedure includes updating your data sources for V4.6.9.0.0.
3	Install ActiveMQ on a dedicated server .	This step is required. You must install ActiveMQ on a server in your environment.
4	If you want to activate non-English translations in APM, then deploy translations .	This step is required only if you are deploying translations for the first time or if you want to utilize and redeploy updated translations.
5	As needed, configure one of the virtual machine to execute all the scheduled jobs .	This step is required only if you have deployed APM in a clustered environment and you want to dedicate a virtual machine to run all the scheduled jobs.
6	As needed, deploy the APM mobile application on mobile devices.	This step is required only if you are deploying the APM mobile application on mobile devices.

Upgrade from a version prior to version V4.3.0.0.0

If your current version is a version prior to APM V4.3.0.0.0, then updating the basic system architecture to V4.6.9.0.0 requires only that you complete the steps that are outlined in the table in this section.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Ensure that your system meets the hardware and software requirements for the basic APM system architecture.	This step is required.
2	Ensure that all existing APM Security Users have been assigned time zones. Refer to your pre-upgraded system documentation for information on managing APM Security Users.	This step is required. If there are APM Security Users to whom time zones have not been assigned, a failure will occur during the database upgrade process.
3	If you intend to upgrade the Production Loss Analysis (PLA) module from a starting version prior to V3.6.0.0.0, then import the required baseline rules.	Important: This step is required only if you intend to upgrade the Production Loss Analysis (PLA) module from a starting version prior to Meridium Enterprise APM V3.6.0.0.0. If you intend to upgrade PLA in this manner, this procedure must be completed before upgrading the APM Server and Add Ons software on the APM Server. This procedure is part of the upgrade Production Loss Analysis workflow.
4	Create a backup of any configuration files that exist in your pre-upgraded system which you may want to retain post-upgrade.	This step is required only if you want to retain customizations that you have made to your existing configuration files.
5	Upgrade the APM Server and Add Ons software on the APM Server.	This step is required. Consult the documentation on Redis for information about its incorporation into server configurations.
6	Install Elasticsearch on its own, dedicated server.	This step is required Note: You must install Elasticsearch on a server in your environment. For optimum system performance, APM recommends that you install Elasticsearch on its own, dedicated server that contains no APM components.
7	Install ActiveMQ on a dedicated server.	This step is required. You must install ActiveMQ on a server in your environment.
8	Upgrade the SQL Server Report Server.	This step is required.
9	Upgrade the APM Database Server.	This step is required.
10	If you want to use non-English translations in APM, then deploy translations .	This step is required only if you are deploying translations for the first time or if you want to utilize and redeploy updated translations.
11	If required, configure one of the virtual machine to execute all the scheduled jobs .	This step is required only if you have deployed APM in a clustered environment and you want to dedicate a virtual machine to run all the scheduled jobs.

Step	Task	Notes
12	If required, deploy the APM mobile application on mobile devices.	This step is required only if you are deploying the APM mobile application on mobile devices.
13	If required, enable single sign-on for on-site or off-site authentication.	This step is required only if you are enabling single sign-on.

Upgrade or Update the APM Server and Add-Ons

Upgrade or Update the APM Server and Add-Ons to V4.6.9.0.0

About This Task

The following instructions provide details on upgrading or updating the APM Server and Add-ons software on a 64-bit APM Server machine.

Procedure

1. Create a backup of the data contained in the following directories:
 - C:\Program Files\Meridium
 - C:\ProgramData\Meridium
2. [Uninstall the APM Server and Add-ons component.](#)
3. Ensure that WebDAV Publishing is deactivated. To verify this, in the Server Manager, in the **Local Server** workspace, in the **Roles and Features** section, ensure that **WebDAV Publishing** is not present in the list.
4. [Install and configure the APM Server software and Add-ons.](#)
 - If you are upgrading from any version prior to V4.3.0.0.0, then you have successfully upgraded the APM Server and Add-Ons to V4.6.9.0.0, and you should proceed to the next step in the upgrade section of the [Upgrade or Update APM to V4.6.9.0.0 topic](#).
 - If you are updating from version V4.3.0.0.0 through V4.4.0.0.4, then complete the following steps to update your data sources:

Important: After updating the APM Server to V4.6.9.0.0, you must also update the data sources to which you want to connect to APM. This action can be completed via the **Meridium Package Deployer** window, which should have appeared automatically after completing step g. If you need to access this window manually, then navigate to the folder `C:\Program Files\Meridium\Upgrade\DBUpgrade\Meridium.Package.Deployer`, and then open the file `Meridium.Package.Deployer.exe`.

- a. In the **Target Version** box, select **4030007**.
- b. On the **Meridium Package Deployer** window, in the **Datasource** box, select the data source that you want to update to V4.6.9.0.0.
- c. Select **Validate**.
- d. Select **Deploy**.

Note: After you select **Deploy**, a message will appear, indicating that you should back up your database before proceeding. You should always back up the database before beginning any upgrade or update process. If any problems occur during the update, the database can then be restored to its original state from the backup copy.

Note: If the data source update fails, a message will appear, indicating that you should consult a log file. If this occurs, then, to update the data source to V4.6.9.0.0, you should follow the standard procedure to [initiate the database upgrade process](#).

- e. For each data source that you want to update to V4.6.9.0.0, repeat steps ii through iv.

When each data source has been updated to V4.6.9.0.0, then you have successfully updated the APM Server and Add-Ons to V4.6.9.0.0, and you should proceed to the next step in the update section of the [Upgrade or Update APM to V4.6.9.0.0](#) topic.

Upgrade the APM Adapter for SSRS to APM

Upgrade the APM Adapter for SSRS to APM

About This Task

The following instructions assume that you were using the 64-bit APM Adapter for SSRS in your previous version. If you were using the 32-bit APM Adapter for SSRS, you will need to uninstall the older 32-bit version and [install the new 64-bit version on a 64-bit SQL Server Report Server](#).

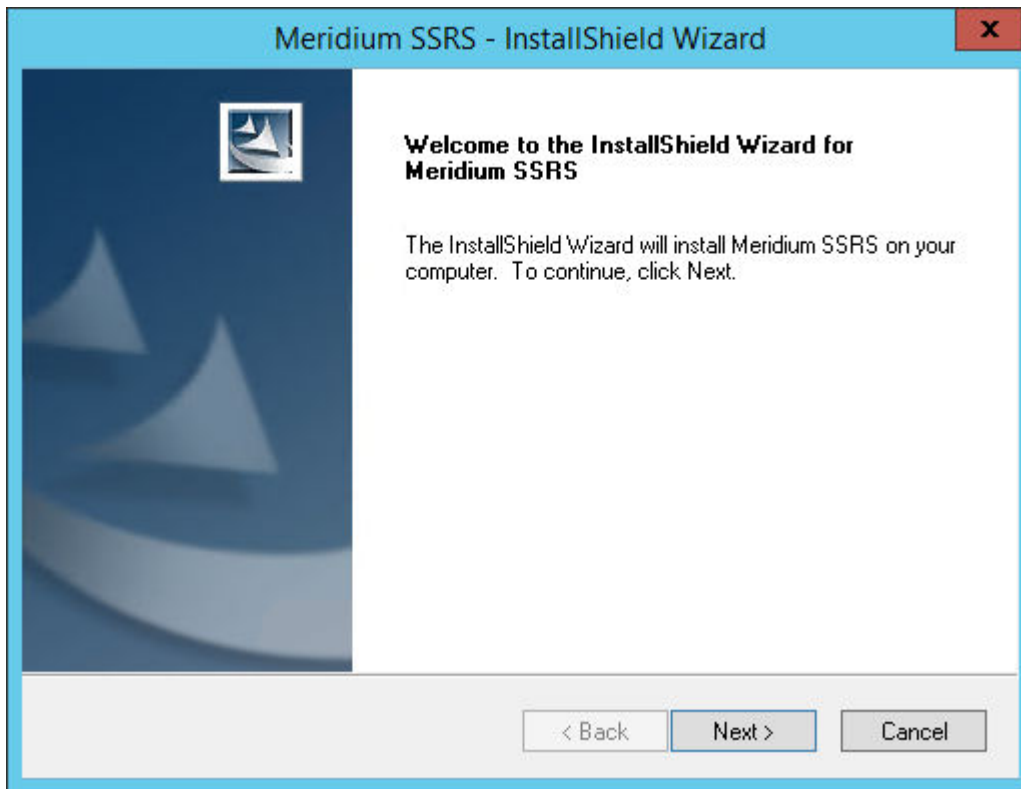
Procedure

1. On the SQL Server Report Server, in the APM distribution package, navigate to the folder `Setup \SSRS`.
2. Open the file `setup.exe`.

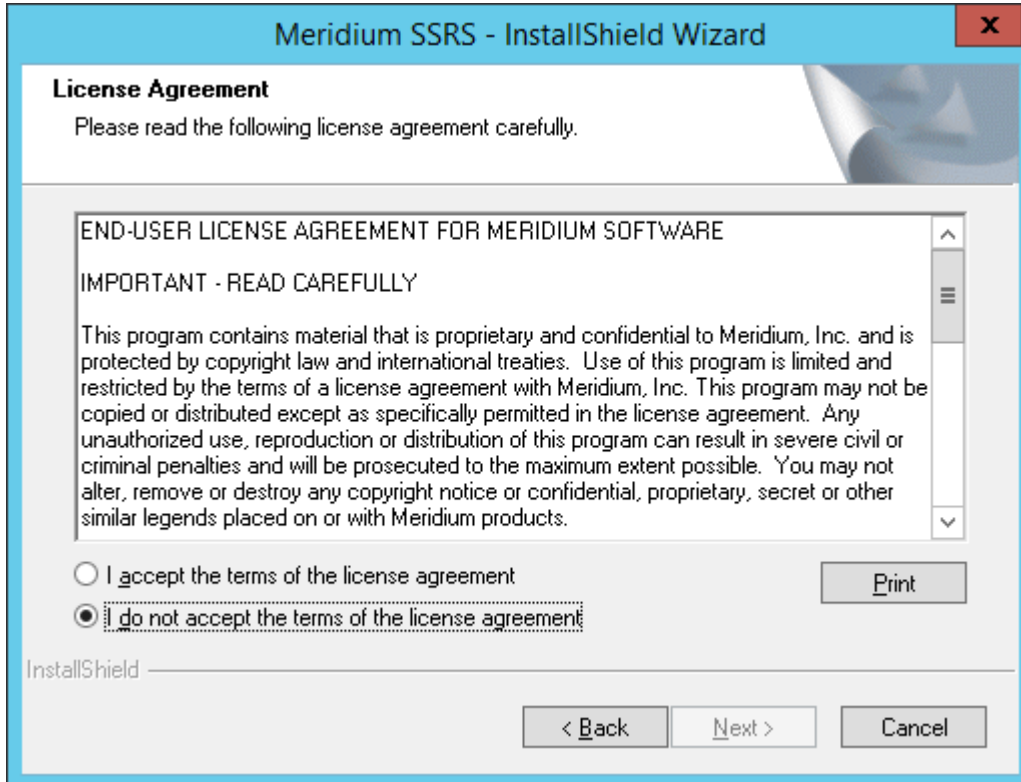
A message appears, asking if you want to allow the installer to make changes to your machine.

3. Select **Yes**.

The Meridium APM SSRS installer appears, displaying the welcome screen.



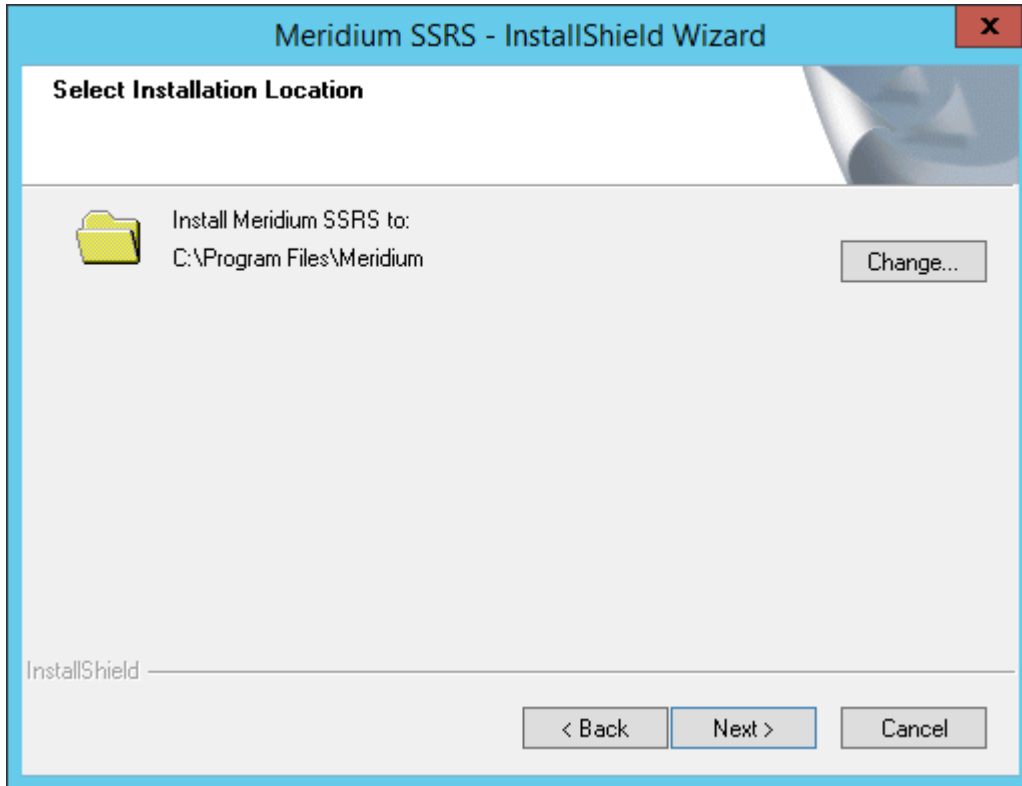
4. Select **Next**.
The **License Agreement** screen appears.



5. Read the License Agreement, and then, if you agree to the terms, select the **I accept the terms of the license agreement** check box. Then, select **Next**.

The **Select Installation Location** screen appears, prompting you to select the location where the software will be installed. By default, the software will be installed in the following folder:

C:\Program Files\Meridium.

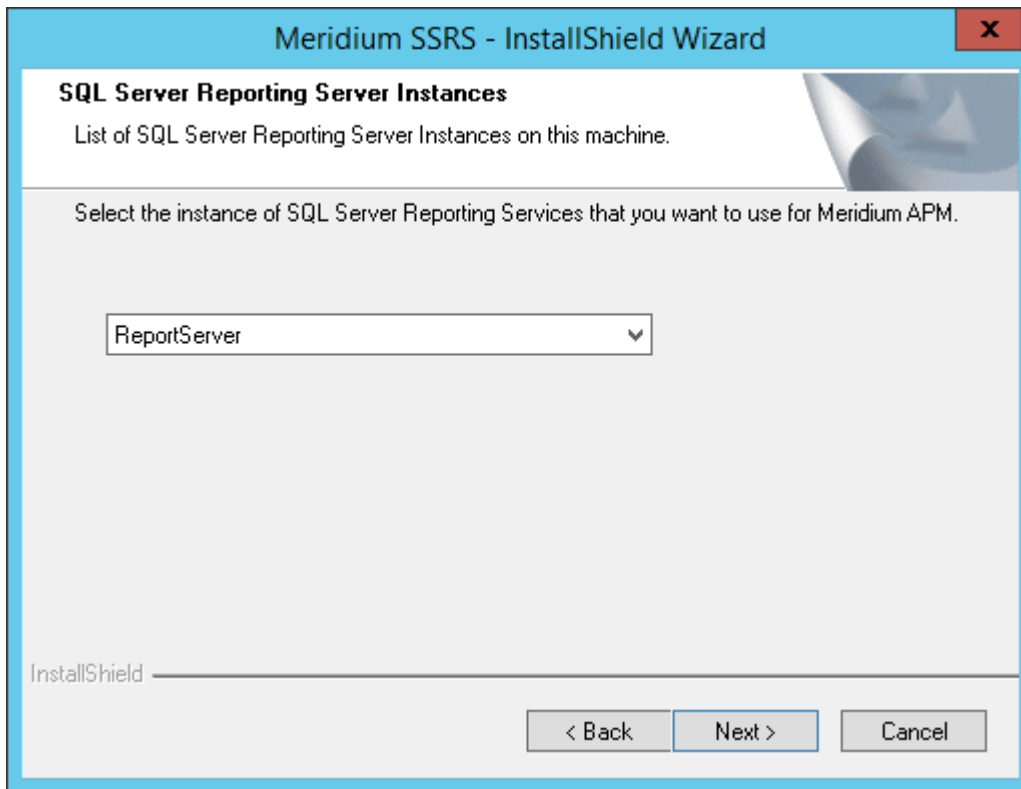


6. If you are satisfied with the default location where the software will be installed, select **Next**.

-or-

If you want to change the location where the software will be installed, select Change, and then navigate to the location where you want to install the software. The folder path that you select will be displayed in place of the default folder path. When you are satisfied with the installation location, select Next.

The **SQL Server Reporting Server Instances** screen appears.

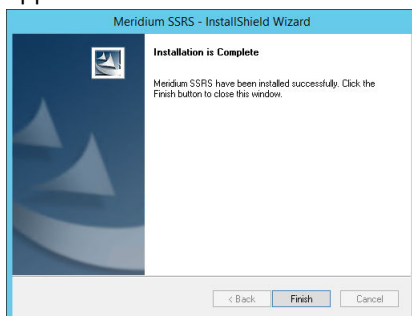


7. Select the instance of SQL Server Reporting Services that you want to use, and then select **Next**.

The **Complete the Installation** screen appears.

8. Select **Install**.

The **Setup Status** screen appears, which displays a progress bar that shows the progress of the installation process. After the progress bar reaches the end, a message appears, indicating that your server is being configured. After your server is configured, the **Installation is Complete** screen appears.



9. Select **Finish**.

The installer closes.

Next Steps

- [Upgrade or update APM.](#)

Upgrade the APM Database Server

Upgrade the APM Database to V4.6.9.0.0

To upgrade your APM database, you will use the APM Database Upgrade Manager application, which guides you step-by-step through the database upgrade process. The application is installed automatically when you [install the APM Server](#).

During the database upgrade process, the APM Database Upgrade Manager will:

1. Replace all the baseline database content in your database with the updated baseline APM database content.
2. Compare your public database content to the baseline APM database content, and then:
 - Retain any customized database content.
 - Replace any database content that you have not customized in your database with the updated baseline database content.
3. Record every event in the database upgrade log and display a status on the interface.
4. Report errors as they occur.
5. Compile the database when the upgrade is complete.
6. Display a confirmation message when the database upgrade process is complete.

The progress of this process will be displayed while it is running. When it is finished, a message will appear, displaying a summary that includes the number of failures, if any, that occurred during the upgrade process.

Note: The information in this note applies only to SQL Server. Altering the database recovery mode to SIMPLE for the duration of the upgrade will limit disk space consumption on the APM Database Server and may be necessary to successfully upgrade larger databases. The database upgrade executes many transactions, all of which are logged by SQL Server. If the database is in FULL recovery mode, SQL Server must retain all of these transactions, causing the transaction log file to become very large. This could potentially cause the upgrade to fail by consuming all available disk space or exceeding the size limit for the file.

Upgrade failure of this kind can be safely avoided by temporarily modifying the database recovery mode to SIMPLE before running the upgrade and then resetting it to FULL after the upgrade. Your database administrator can use the following commands to modify the database recovery mode:

To put the database in SIMPLE recovery mode:

```
USE [master]
GO
ALTER DATABASE [mydb] SET RECOVERY SIMPLE WITH NO_WAIT
GO
```

To put the database in FULL recovery mode:

```
USE [master]
GO
ALTER DATABASE [mydb] SET RECOVERY FULL WITH NO_WAIT
GO
```

For more information about SQL Server database recovery modes, consult the Microsoft documentation.

Upgrade workflow

The table in this section lists the prerequisite tasks that must be completed before you [initiate the database upgrade process](#). These instructions assume that your APM Server and APM Database Server machines meet the APM hardware and software requirements. You can use the Database Upgrade Manager to upgrade a database from any version V3.4.0 SP3 or later to your target version. Details on upgrading from a starting version that is earlier than V3.4.0 SP3 are not provided in this documentation. For more information on upgrading your database from a version earlier than V3.4.0 SP3, contact the APM Professional Services department.

Step	Task	Notes
1	Complete all steps before Upgrade the Meridium Enterprise APM Database Server in the upgrade APM to APM workflow .	This step is required. For example, if you are upgrading your system to APM, you should upgrade your dedicated APM Server to APM before attempting to upgrade your database to the APM database version. Doing so ensures that your machine contains the latest database content file, which is a compressed folder containing the content of the baseline APM database for the target database version.
2	Read and understand how your customizations will be protected during the upgrade process .	You will need to understand how your content is protected to determine what, if any, content you should export from your pre-upgrade database before initiating the database upgrade process.
3	Create a backup of your database.	You should always back up the database before beginning any upgrade process. If any problems occur during the upgrade, the database can then be restored to its original state from the backup copy.
4	Log in to Oracle Server 12.2 as a privileged user, and then run the following command: SQL> GRANT SELECT ANY DICTIONARY TO <user>; ...where <user> is the name of the user that you created when you created the APM Oracle Schema on the APM Database Server.	
5	Using a backup copy of your database, perform the upgrade in a test environment.	We recommend that you perform the upgrade in a test environment so that you can assess any issues that you may encounter and correct them before upgrading your database in a production environment.

Step	Task	Notes
6	Log in to SQL*Plus (or equivalent) as the schema owner, and then run the following command: SQL> EXEC MI_DDL.CRT_SIDX_SI_MI_GEOD_GD	This step is required only if both of the following are true: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You plan to use an Oracle Database Server. -and- You are upgrading from a version of APM version V4.2.0.0 or later.
7	Perform the upgrade in the production environment.	This step is required. Note: Before you upgrade your database in a production environment, all the issues that were discovered during the test upgrade must be resolved. Otherwise, the resulting state of your database could be unstable.
8	Log in to Oracle Server 12.2 as a privileged user, and then run the following command: SQL> REVOKE SELECT ANY DICTIONARY FROM <user>; ...where <user> is the name of the user that you created when you created the APM Oracle Schema on the APM Database Server.	
9	If your pre-upgrade database employed Enterprise Data Filtering and you want to convert your Enterprise Data Filtering values to Site Reference Keys, consult a member of the APM Professional Services department for more information.	This step is optional. If your pre-upgrade database did not employ Enterprise Data Filtering or you do not want to convert your existing Enterprise Data Filtering values to Site Reference Keys, then skip this step.
10	Modify each custom family that you do not want to be enabled for site filtering.	During the upgrade, custom families are set to be enabled for site filtering. For each custom family that you do not want to be enabled for site filtering, you must modify the family by clearing the Enable Site Filtering check box in the Information section of the workspace for the family.

Step	Task	Notes
11	<p>Confirm that Site Reference Keys were populated correctly during the upgrade. Modify the site assignments for records as needed.</p>	<p>This step is required.</p> <p>To support site filtering, a APM Default site was added to the Site Reference family during the database upgrade.</p> <p>If the APM Default site is the only site in your Site Reference family, then records of families that are enabled for site filtering are assigned to it.</p> <p>If there are two sites in your Site Reference family (i.e., the APM Default site and one other site), then records of families that are enabled for site filtering are assigned to the site that is not APM Default site.</p> <p>During the upgrade, additional logic is used, based on a record's specific relationships with other records, to assign a site for each record belonging to a family that is enabled for site filtering.</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>The manner in which Site Reference Keys are spread across families to assign sites to records can vary from module to module. If you have questions about how Site Reference Keys were populated during the upgrade, contact the APM Professional Services department.</p> <p>If a record's site assignment could not be populated automatically during the upgrade, then the record is designated as a global record (i.e., it is not assigned to any specific site).</p> <p>For some records, the site assignment may need to be modified by a Super User.</p>

Step	Task	Notes
12	Verify that users' site assignments and default sites are correct . Assign default sites to any users who do not have one.	<p>This step is required.</p> <p>To support site filtering, a APM Default site was added to the Site Reference family.</p> <p>If the APM Default site is the only site in your Site Reference family, then all users are assigned to it, and it is set as their default site.</p> <p>If there are two sites in your Site Reference family (i.e., the APM Default site and one other site), then all users are assigned to the site that is not APM Default site, and the site that is not APM Default site is set as each user's default site.</p> <p>If there are three or more sites in your Site Reference family (i.e., the APM Default site and two or more other sites), then no default site is set for users. If there are three or more sites in your Site Reference family, then you must verify site assignments and assign a default site for each user.</p>
13	If the system from which you upgraded utilized an Oracle Database Server, then configure the APM Server for Oracle components .	This step is required only if the system from which you upgraded utilized an Oracle Database Server.
14	Remove database notification elements from the database .	This step is not mandatory, but is recommended by APM.
15	In APM, build the search index.	This step is not mandatory, but is recommended by APM.

Terms Used in this Documentation

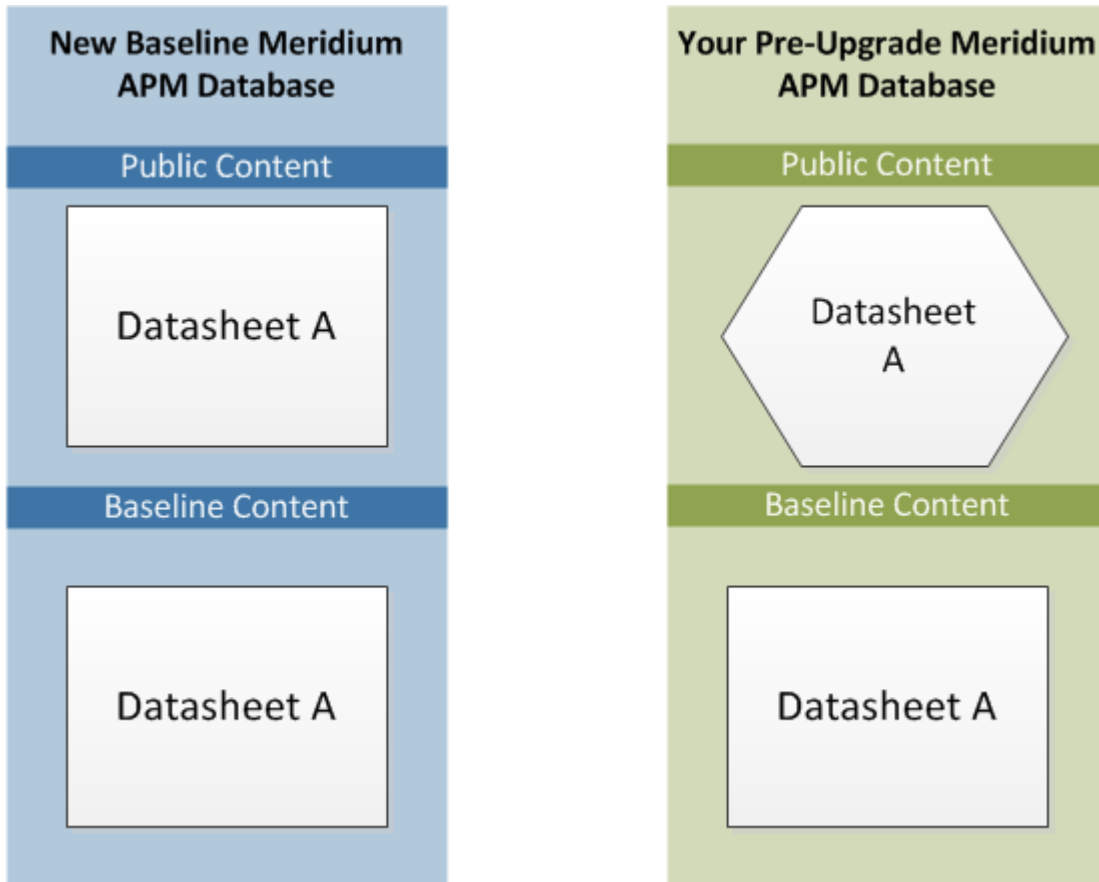
The following table lists the common terms that are used throughout the database upgrade documentation and their definitions.

Term	Definition	Examples
Database content	<p>Items that exist in the APM database and are displayed in some form via the APM interface. There are two versions of database content that exist in your database at a given time:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Baseline content: The database content that matches the baseline APM database. With the exception of rules and Catalog items, you cannot view baseline content in the APM interface. This content is stored in a separate location from the corresponding public version of that content. Public content: The database content that you interact with in the APM interface. This content may be the same as the baseline content or it may be the baseline content plus your customizations. 	<p>Queries</p> <p>Entity families</p>
Customized database content	Baseline database content that has changed in your database.	<p>Added a field to a baseline datasheet.</p> <p>Modified an Entity family description.</p>
Baseline database content	The database content as it is developed and delivered to you in the baseline APM database.	<p>Query in the baseline Catalog folder</p> <p>Equipment family</p>
Custom content	Database content that exists only in your database and not in the baseline APM database.	<p>New query</p> <p>New Entity family and fields</p>
Pre-upgrade public version	In the context of the upgrade process, pre-upgrade public version refers to the public version of the database content that exists in your database (prior to upgrading it to the later version).	<p>Query in the Public Catalog folder</p> <p>Datasheet</p> <p>(applies whether or not the query or datasheet has been customized)</p>
Pre-upgrade baseline version	In the context of the upgrade process, pre-upgrade baseline version refers to the baseline version of the database content that exists in your database (prior to upgrading it to the later version).	<p>Query in the Baseline Catalog folder.</p> <p>Datasheet with no customizations</p>
Content protection	The process by which the custom changes that you apply to baseline database content are preserved during the database upgrade process. Note that, after you apply changes to baseline database content, the database content is considered customized database content.	<p>Field added to a baseline datasheet in your pre-upgrade database also appears in your upgraded database.</p>

About Customized Database Content Protection

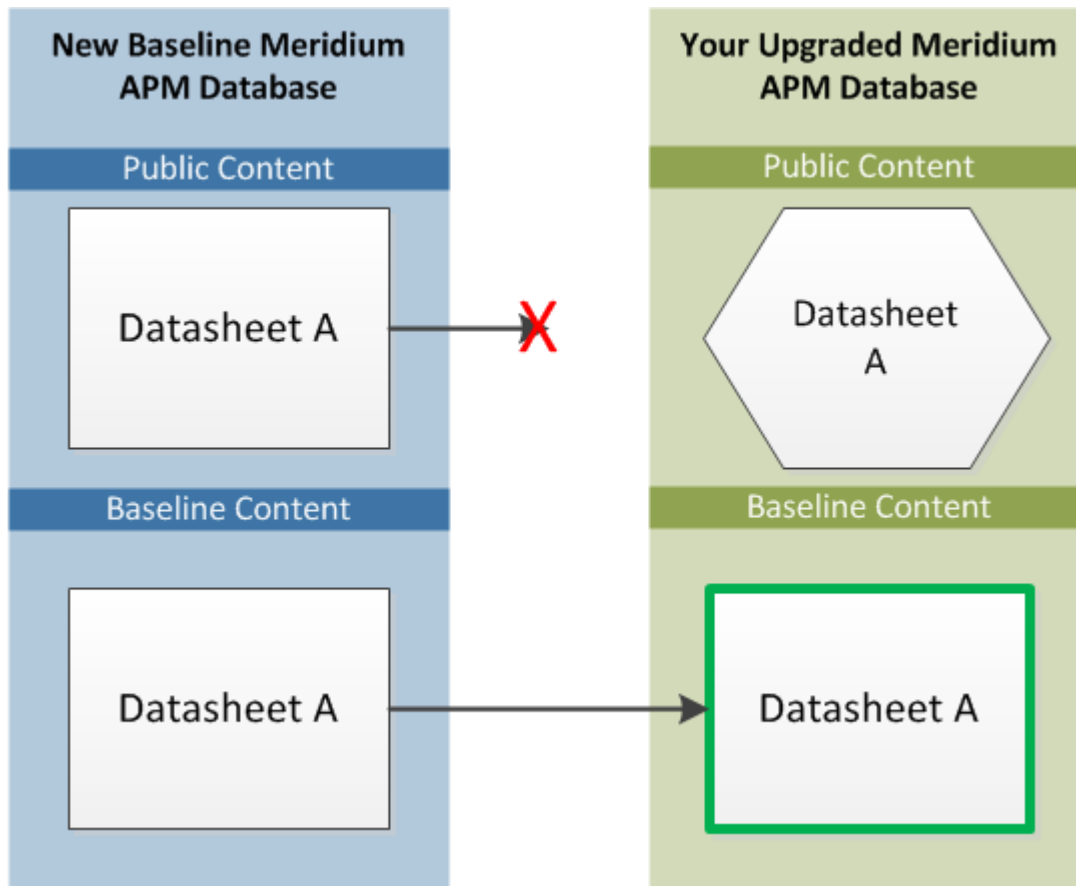
Illustration of content protection

Consider a scenario where Datasheet A exists in the baseline APM database and you want to upgrade a database in which Datasheet A has been customized (e.g., you added a new field). The following diagram illustrates what the two databases would contain in this case, where the squares represent the unchanged baseline datasheet and the hexagon indicates the same baseline datasheet with your customizations.



Note: Note: As indicated by this illustration, in the baseline APM database, the public and baseline versions of an item are always identical.

When this database is upgraded to the new database version, only the baseline version of Datasheet A will be replaced in your database, as illustrated in the following diagram.



In this way, all your custom changes are retained. Likewise, however, your database will not contain the baseline changes that APM delivers in a given release. For this reason, you will want to determine which database items will be retained in your database so that you can determine which baseline changes your database will not contain after you upgrade. With that information, you can determine whether you want to:

- Continue to use your database content as is, without APM's changes
- or-
- Apply APM's changes manually to your customized database content.

Database content replacement versus protection

In general, you can assume that all the custom changes you have made to your database content will be retained in your upgraded database. In addition, you can assume that for any custom change that is protected in your database, your database will not contain any baseline changes that APM delivers for that item in a given release. In other words, if APM delivers updated changes to the baseline version of an item that you have customized in your database, you will not receive those changes because your custom changes will take precedence over the baseline changes. As a result, you should evaluate each baseline change that is delivered to determine if you want to apply those changes to your database content.

Note: Note: In a given release, there may be exceptions to the content protection criteria. These exceptions will be communicated via the APM Release Notes for that version. For example, if APM changes a baseline field caption, it is possible that APM can choose to forcibly replace that field caption in your database even if you have customized that field caption already.

You can use the Database Comparison Tool (in pre-upgrade mode) to determine what content will be protected in your database. The output of this tool indicates:

- The baseline APM database content that has been updated in the target version (i.e., content that includes new baseline changes from APM).
- and-
- Among the content that has been updated in the baseline APM database, that which you have customized in your pre-upgrade database.

Using a combination of the results from the Database Comparison Tool and your understanding of the content protection criteria, you can predict which baseline database content changes will not be available in your upgraded database. For example, consider the following scenario in which the Database Comparison Tool indicates that the baseline query Available Recommendations has been updated in the baseline APM database for your target version and that you have customized the Available Recommendations query in your pre-upgrade database.

Item Name	Item Path	Type	Baseline Changes	Custom Changes
Available Recommendations	Public\Meridium\Modules\Rec	Query	●	●

In this case, you can assume that your upgraded database will contain:

- Your public version of the Available Recommendations query with all your customizations (in the Public Catalog folder).
- The updated baseline Available Recommendations query only in the Baseline folder.

Before you upgrade your database, you can use the Database Comparison Tool to view the specific differences between the Available Recommendations query in the baseline APM database for the target version and the same baseline query as it exists in your current version. For example, you could see that APM has added the Asset Description column to the baseline query. At this point, you can decide whether or not you want to either manually apply that change to your custom query after you upgrade or manually replace your public query with the baseline query in the Baseline folder.

Protected database content

The following table lists the types of content that exist in your database and indicates whether customizations to an existing baseline item of that type will be protected during the database upgrade process.

For items in which your customizations will not be protected during an upgrade, to maintain your customizations, you will need to export your customized items from your pre-upgrade database using the Import/Export tool, and then import them into the upgraded database. Alternatively, you can customize the items again, manually, in the upgraded database.

For some attributes of families and family fields, APM may make a change in the baseline database that will be applied to your database, regardless of whether you have customized that item or not. In these cases, the affected content will not be protected. APM will, however, communicate such changes via the release notes for that version (i.e., in the content changes section). For example, if a family caption changes in the baseline database, your database should contain this change. Therefore, if you have made changes to the same family's caption, your customization will be overwritten. You can, however, obtain the baseline content after you upgrade your database.

Baseline Database Content Type	Protected?	Notes
Family attributes (Entity and Relationship)		
Associated Pages	Yes	Associated Pages are considered one database item per family. This means that if you customize one Associated Page (of many), the database upgrade process will consider all the Associated Pages for that family as customized.
Family description	Yes	None
Family captions	Yes	None
ID Template	Yes	None
Family help text	Yes	None
Datasheets	Yes	A single datasheet is considered one database item. This means that if you customize any attribute of a datasheet, the database upgrade process will consider the entire datasheet as customized.
Field attributes		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Caption • Description • Help text • Override parent flag • ID flag • UTC 	Yes	The UTC property will be protected based on whether records exist for the family to which the field belongs. If records exist in a family, the field property will be protected. In other words, if APM sets the UTC property in a baseline field to True and you already have records in the family to which that field belongs, you will not receive the updated property setting automatically.
Catalog Items		
Metric Views	No	Baseline Metric Views are always overwritten with the updated baseline Metric View.
Queries	Yes	None
Reports	Yes	None
Graphs	Yes	None
Security Groups		
Security Group caption	Yes	None
Security Group ID	Yes	None
Security Group description	Yes	None

Baseline Database Content Type	Protected?	Notes
Security Group privileges	No	Baseline Security Group privileges are always overwritten with the updated baseline Security Group privileges.
Records and links between records		
Records	Yes (with some exceptions)	<p>After baseline records for a given family exist in your database, the records in that family will never be overwritten or updated during the database upgrade process, even if you have not customized them in any way. This means that if APM delivers updates to the existing baseline records or adds additional baseline records in a given family, you will not receive those changes by default. If this occurs, you can choose to perform an additional step to manually obtain the new records or revert your existing records to baseline.</p> <p>There are, however, several families whose records are not protected in this way. The following baseline families are considered recurring exceptions to the rule that all records and links are protected. This means that the database upgrade process will overwrite the baseline records in these families. In other words, all the baseline records in the following families will always be overwritten in your database with the updated baseline records:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis Services Cube • CMMS System • Device • Device Data Presentation • Device Mapping • Device Mapping Family • Device Mapping Field • Pipe Properties • Security Group • Calibration Template Defaults <p>This means that if you have customized any baseline record in one of the families in the preceding list, because all the baseline records are overwritten, your changes will be overwritten.</p>

Baseline Database Content Type	Protected?	Notes
Links between records	Yes	When the records are protected, the relationships that link the records together are also maintained with that record.
Groups of records and links that make up a single entity (e.g., Baseline Risk Matrix)	Yes	A group of records and links that make up a single entity, also known as a composite entity, is treated as one entity for the purposes of the database upgrade process and content protection. After such an entity exists in your database, it will never be overwritten or updated during the database upgrade process, even if you have not customized the records and links in any way.
State Configuration		
State Configuration Roles	No	Baseline State Configuration Roles are always overwritten with the updated baseline State Configuration Roles.
State Configuration Role Description	Yes	None
State Configuration Role Caption	Yes	None
State Role Security Group assignments	Yes	None
Strategy Rules and Strategies	Yes	None
Other content		
System Codes and System Code Tables	Yes	None
Preferences	Yes	None
UOMs and UOM Conversion Sets	Yes	None
Scheduled Items	Yes	None
Rules Library Projects	Yes	None

Initiate the Database Upgrade Process

About This Task

When you initiate the database upgrade process, the APM system will begin upgrading your database through a process that consists of the following steps:

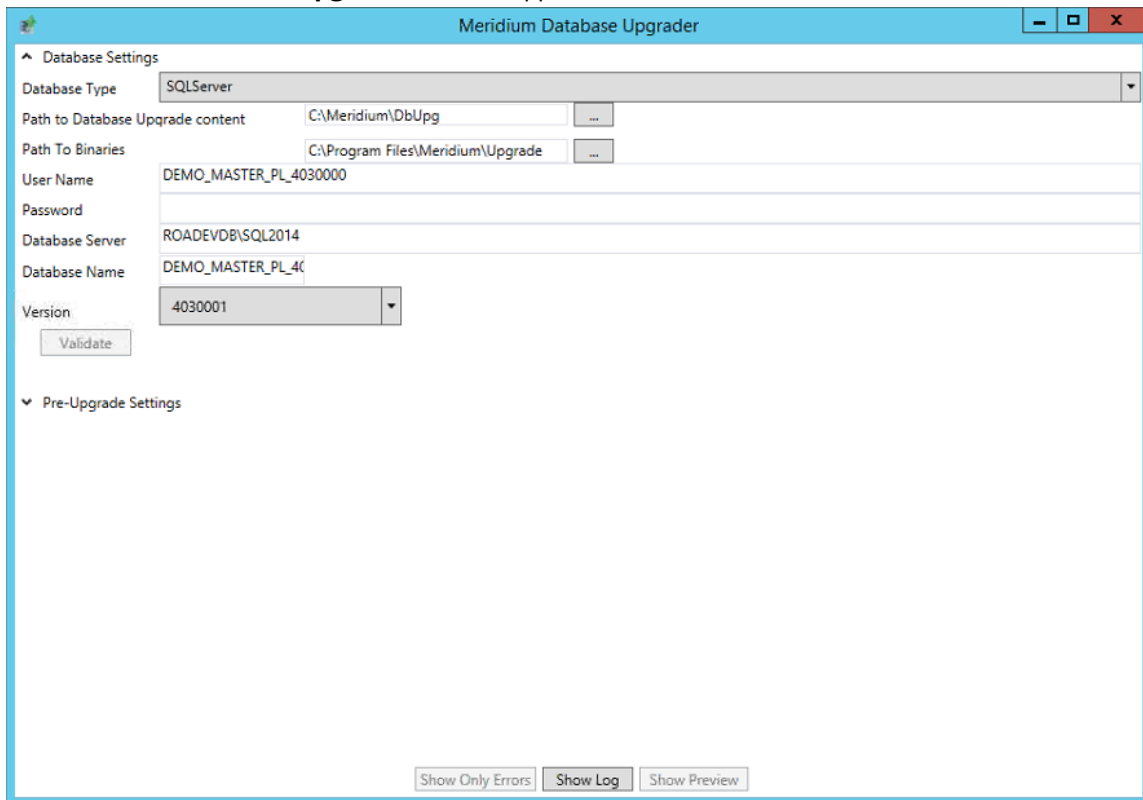
1. Unzipping the compressed database content folder and extracting its contents.
2. Checking the extracted files against the list of baseline files to determine if all the expected files are available.
3. Loading the baseline database content into your database.
4. Processing each file and protecting your customized items [according to the content protection process](#).


The following instructions assume that your dedicated APM Server already contains the version of the APM software that corresponds to the database version to which you want to upgrade your database, and that you are ready to upgrade your database in either a test or production environment.

Important: The database upgrade process can take several hours to complete, depending on the size of the database, available memory, and other factors. After you start the database upgrade process, you should not close the window unless you want to stop the database upgrade process.

Procedure

1. On the dedicated APM Server machine, on the Start menu, expand the Meridium APM Applications folder.
2. Select Database Upgrade Manager.
The **Meridium Database Upgrader** window appears.



3. Enter the following information about the database that you want to upgrade to the new version:
 - a. In the **Database Type** box, select the database type: SQLServer or Oracle.
Depending on the value that you select, the remaining boxes may be hidden. The behavior of each box is described in its corresponding step.
 - b. The **Path to Database Upgrade content** box contains the folder path for the compressed database content file that was installed when the APM Server software was upgraded. For example, if you accepted the default location during the APM Server upgrade, the compressed file is installed in the folder `C:\Meridium\DbUpg`. In this box, select , then navigate to the compressed database content file whose file name contains MI_DB_Master, and then select it.
 - c. In the **User Name** box, enter the user name or schema name that can be used to log in to your database.
 - d. In the **Password** box, enter the password associated with the value in the **User Name** box.

- e. In the **Database Server** box, enter the path to the Database Server machine where your database resides. This step applies only to SQL Server database types, and is hidden if you selected Oracle in the **Type** list.
 - f. In the **Database Name** box, enter the name of the database that you want to upgrade. This step applies only to SQL Server database types. If you selected **Oracle** in the **Type** list, the **Database Name** box will be hidden.
 - g. In the **Alias** box, enter the database alias for the database that you want to upgrade. This step applies only to Oracle database types. If you selected **SQLServer** in the **Database Type** box, the **Alias** box will be hidden.
 - h. In the **Version** box, select the version to which you want to upgrade.
4. Select **Validate**.

The **Meridium Database Upgrader** window expands.

The screenshot shows the Meridium Database Upgrader window with the following settings:

- Database Settings:**
 - Database Type: SQLServer
 - Path to Database Upgrade content: C:\Meridium\DbUpg
 - Path To Binaries: C:\Program Files\Meridium\Upgrade
 - User Name: V4030001_V4020000_DP
 - Password: [Redacted]
 - Database Server: ROADBUG4\SQL2012
 - Database Name: V4030001_V4020000_Df
 - Version: 4030001
- Pre-Upgrade Settings:**
 - Upgrading Meridium Database from: 4000000
 - Upgrading Meridium Database to: 4030001
 - Database Info: ROADBUG4\SQL2012-V4030001V4020000_DP-V4030001_V4020000_DP
 - Trace Level: Trace
 - Ignore Failed Events
- Progress:**
 - Status: Not Started
 - Current Task: [Empty]
 - Errors... 0
- Buttons:**
 - Validate (Clicked)
 - Upgrade
 - Show Only Errors
 - Show Log
 - Show Preview

The Database Upgrade Manager performs the following checks in the following order:

- Attempts to connect to the database.
- Attempts to locate the compressed database content file specified in the **Path to Database Upgrade content** box.

Note: Note: If the APM system encounters issues during the first two checks, corresponding messages will be displayed. If you see an error message, you should correct the issue by using the solution indicated in the message.

When the validation is complete, the list of tasks to be executed appears.

5. In the **Pre-Upgrade Settings** section:

- a. In the **Trace Level** box, select the value indicating the amount of detail that you want to include in the upgrade logs for each operation that occurs during the database upgrade process.
- b. For the **Ignore Failed Events** check box, which is, by default, cleared:
 - If you are running the database upgrade process in a test environment and want the APM system to continue processing your database even if a failure occurs, select the **Ignore Failed Events** check box. This will provide you with a comprehensive list of failures after the database upgrade process is complete, which you can use to review and correct the failures.
 - If you are running the database upgrade process in a test environment and want to review each failure as it occurs, accept the default selection. This means that if a failure occurs during the upgrade process, the upgrade process will pause automatically, allowing you to review and correct the failures as they occur.
 - If you are running the database upgrade process in a production environment, accept the default selection. At this point, you should have already run the database upgrade process in a test environment and resolved any errors that occurred. Therefore, you should not expect any errors to occur during the database upgrade process in your production environment. Using this option, however, will ensure that if an error does occur, the upgrade process will not continue.
6. To initiate the database upgrade process, select **Upgrade**.
The **Progress** section displays the progress of the upgrade process.
7. After you have successfully upgraded your database, or if you encounter errors that you cannot resolve, send the upgrade logs associated with the upgrade process to APM. To do so:

Note: If the following error message appears in your upgrade logs, please ignore it: Could not find the guid for the content item named: IntegrationInterfaces.

 - a. On the **Meridium Database Upgrader** window, select **Show Log**.
The log appears in a new window.
 - b. Send the file to the GE Vernova Customer Support team. When you do, be sure to provide your company name and an indication that the files are database upgrade log files.
8. After you have successfully upgraded your database and sent the upgrade logs to the GE Vernova Customer Support team, restart the APM Server.

Next Steps

- The next step in the [APM Database Server upgrade workflow](#) varies, depending on whether you initiated the upgrade in a test or production environment.

Configure the APM Server for Oracle Components

About This Task

When installing versions of Meridium APM prior to V4.0.0.0, you were instructed to modify the following files on the dedicated APM Server machine to bind the 64-bit .Net Framework to the Oracle.DataAccess component:

- C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\V2.0.50727\CONFIG\machine.config
- C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\V4.0.30319\CONFIG\machine.config

The modifications from previous releases are no longer necessary with ODAC version 11.2.0.3 and must be removed. The following instructions provide details on removing the modifications from these files.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server machine, open two Windows explorer windows.

2. In one window, navigate to the folder `C:\WINDOWS\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\V2.0.50727\CONFIG`.

-and-

In the other window, navigate to the folder `C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\V4.0.30319\CONFIG`.

3. In each folder, using a text editor (for example, Notepad), open the file `machine.config`.
4. In each file, between the opening and closing `<configuration>` tags, delete the following content:

```
<runtime>
  <assemblyBinding xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1">
    <dependentAssembly>
      <assemblyIdentity name="Oracle.DataAccess"
        publicKeyToken="89b483f429c47342" />
      <bindingRedirect oldVersion="2.0.0.0-10.9.9.9"
        newVersion="2.112.1.0" />
    </dependentAssembly>
  </assemblyBinding>
</runtime>
```

5. Save the files, and then close them.

Next Steps

- Refer to the [APM Database Server upgrade workflow](#).

Remove Database Notification Elements from the Database

About This Task

After upgrading your APM Database Server, we recommend that a Database Administrator manually remove database notification elements from the database.

Procedure

For an Oracle server, the Database Administrator should run the command `REVOKE CHANGE NOTIFICATION FROM mi_connect_role`. Alternatively, for an SQL server, the Database Administrator should run the command `ALTER DATABASE <db_name> DISABLE BROKER`.

Next Steps

- Refer to the [APM Database Server upgrade workflow](#).

Chapter 4

Manage the APM Database Comparison Tool

Topics:

- [About the APM Database Comparison Tool](#)
- [Run the Comparison Against a Pre-Upgraded Database](#)
- [About the Pre-Upgrade APM Database Comparison Tool Comparison Results Grid](#)
- [Run the Comparison Against an Upgraded Database](#)
- [About the Post-Upgrade APM Database Comparison Tool Comparison Results Grid](#)
- [Revert Items to Baseline](#)
- [Save the Results to a .ZIP File](#)
- [Reload Previous Comparison Results](#)
- [Export Comparison Results to an Excel File](#)
- [View Detailed Differences in WinMerge](#)

About the APM Database Comparison Tool

Using the APM Database Comparison Tool, you can compare different databases. The following table identifies the purposes of available comparisons, and when you need to initiate each comparison.

Note: Note: All comparisons are made against the same constant: the baseline APM database for the target version.

Variable	Purpose of Comparison	When to Perform Comparison
The content of the baseline APM database for the source version.	Allows you to see the changes that APM has made since releasing the version from which you are upgrading.	Before upgrading your database.
The content of your customized database for the source version.	Allows you to see how the content of the baseline database for the target version compares to the changes you have made in the source version.	Before upgrading your database.
The content of your customized database for the target version.	Allows you to see how the content of the baseline database for the target version compares to the changes you have made in that version.	After upgrading your database.

You can use the APM Database Comparison Tool to:

- Initiate a new database comparison. The options that are available in the tool depend upon whether you are running the comparison against a [pre-upgraded database](#) or an [upgraded database](#).
- or-
- [Load results from a previous database comparison.](#)

The APM Database Comparison Tool works like a builder, which contains two screens:

- **Connection Information:** Lets you specify the connection information to the database whose content you want to compare against the content of the baseline database for the target version.

Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool

Connection Information

Database Server Connection Information

Meridium Datasource

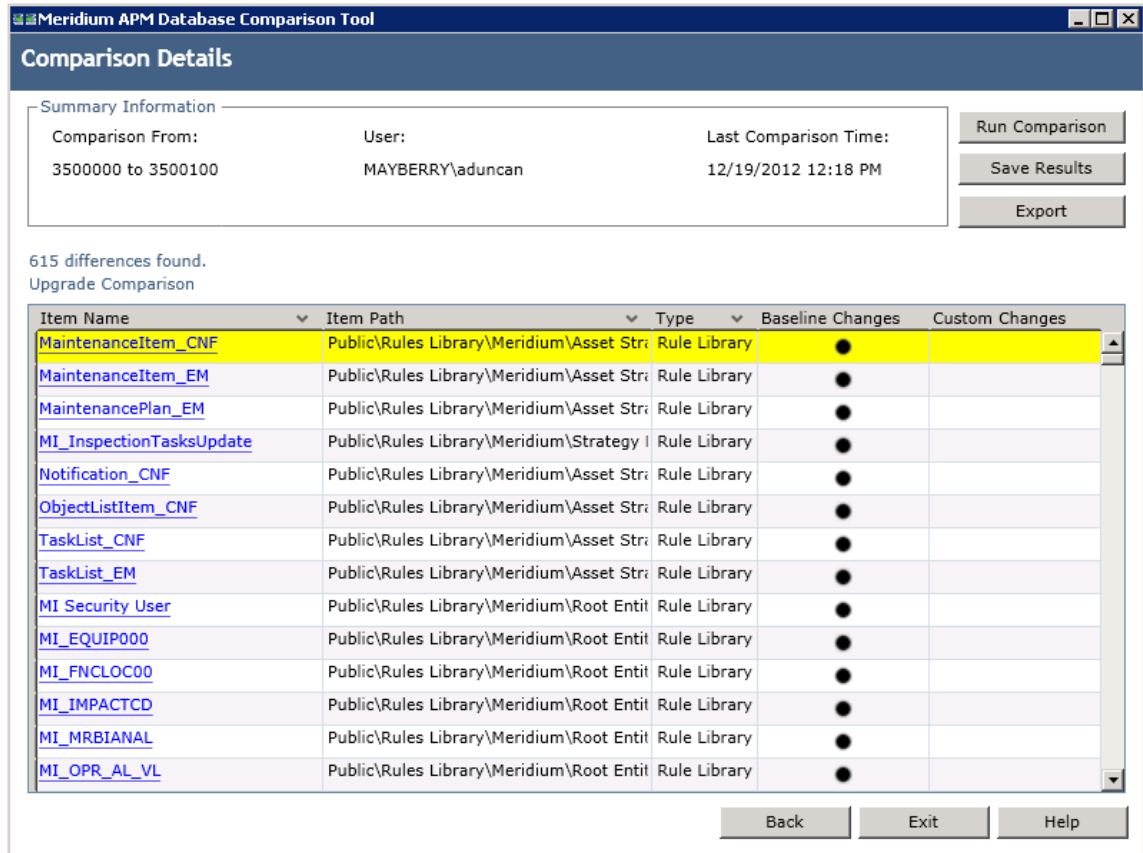
Meridium User Name

Meridium Password

Source Version

Path to Database Upgrade content
C:\Meridium\DbUppg\MI_DB_Master_3500100.ZIP

Comparison Details: Lets you run the comparison to identify the differences between the content of the two databases that you are comparing.



On this screen, you can also:

- [Save the results to a .ZIP file](#), which can be [reloaded](#) into the tool later via the Connection Information screen.
- [Export the results to an Excel file](#).

Run the Comparison Against a Pre-Upgraded Database

Before You Begin

1. On the APM Server, navigate to **C:\Windows\assembly** to verify that the 64-bit version of the Oracle.DataAccess component is installed.
2. If it is installed, then skip the rest of the steps in this Before You Begin section and proceed to step 1 in the Steps section.

-or-

If the 64-bit version of the component it is not installed, then obtain it from Oracle and install it on the APM Server. You must then complete the following additional steps.

- a. On the APM Server, navigate to the folder `C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\V4.0.30319\CONFIG\`.
- b. Using a text editor (e.g., Notepad), open the file `machine.config`.
- c. In the file, between the opening and closing `<configuration>` tags, add the following content.

```

<runtime>
  <assemblyBinding xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1">
    <dependentAssembly>
      <assemblyIdentity name="Oracle.DataAccess"
        publicKeyToken="89b483f429c47342" />
      <bindingRedirect oldVersion="2.0.0.0-10.9.9.9"
        newVersion="2.112.1.0" />
    </dependentAssembly>
  </assemblyBinding>
</runtime>

```

- d. Save the file, and then close it.
You can now proceed to step 1 in the Steps section.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server, navigate to the folder C:\Program Files\Meridium\Client\100.0.0.0.0, and then open the file DatabaseReport.exe.

The APM Database Comparison Tool appears, displaying the **Connection Information** screen.

2. In the **Meridium Datasource** box, enter the name of the data source that you want to use in the comparison.
3. In the **Meridium User Name** box, enter the User ID for a Security User that can log in to the specified data source.

Note: The specified Security User must be a Super User.

4. In the **Meridium Password** box, enter the password associated with the specified Security User.
5. In the **Source Version** box, enter the seven-digit database version that matches the version of your source database that is being compared. You must enter the version in the format *vvvmzz*, where:
 - *vvv* is a three-digit number representing the main version.
 - *mm* is a two-digit number representing the maintenance release version, if applicable. If the maintenance release version is a single digit, you must prepend zero (0) to it. If there is no maintenance release version, you must enter 00.
 - *zz* is a two-digit number representing the hot fix version, if applicable. If the hot fix version is a single digit, you must prepend zero (0) to it. If there is no hot fix version, you must enter 00.

For example, the database version number for V3.5.1MR6HF2 would be 3510602.

If you do not know the main version, service pack version, and hot fix version of your database, you can find it using either of the following methods:

- Run the following query against the database:
Select **modl_ver_nbr** from **mi_modules**, where modl_nm = 'Meridium Core';
- In Configuration Manager, on the **About Meridium APM** window (accessed via the Help menu), for the APM Framework Tools license, locate the value in the **Version** column. The database version you should enter in the **Source Version** box is this version number without the periods.

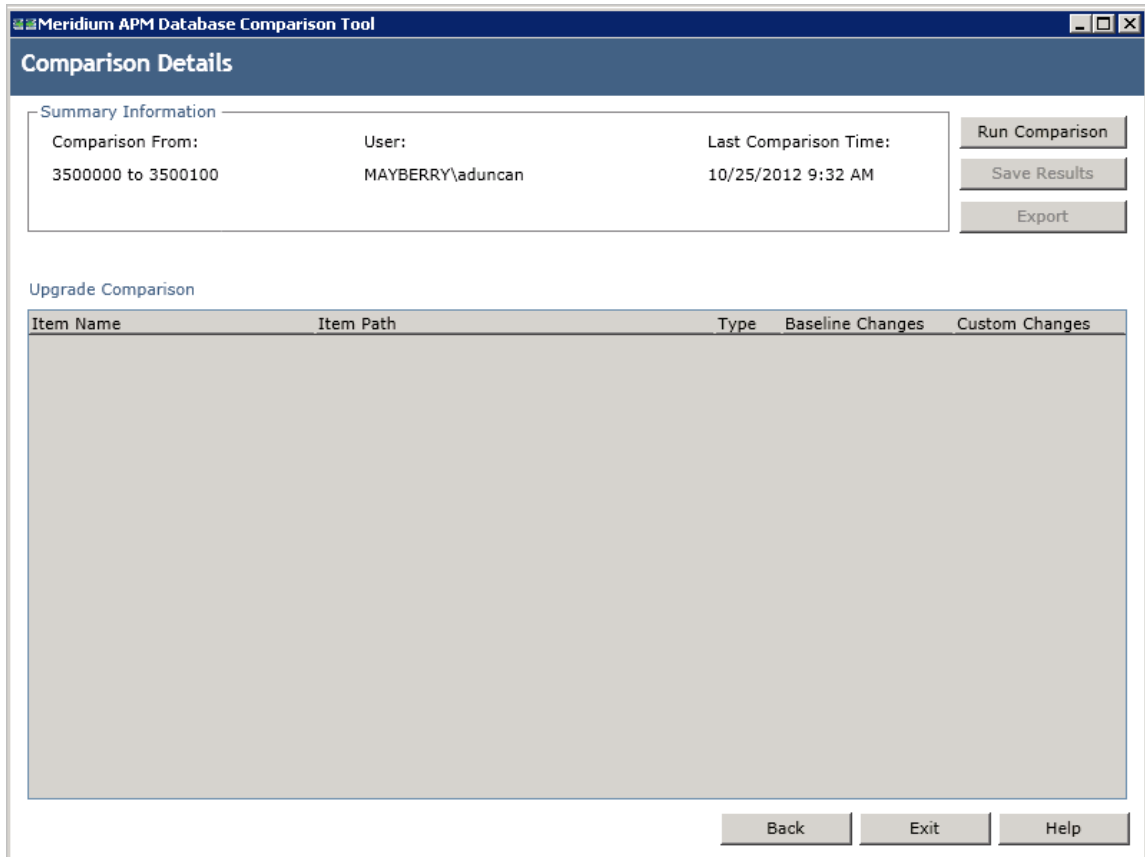
Meridium APM Framework Tools	3.5.0.0100	10/17/2012 11:23:26 PM	ACTIVE
------------------------------	------------	------------------------	--------

6. In the **Path to Database Upgrade content** box, if a path is provided, confirm that it is the correct path pointing to the newer V4.X baseline content. If a path is not provided, you may enter the appropriate path.

The path identifies the location of the newer baseline content file (e.g., MI_DB_Master_4000000.zip). The default path is C:\Meridium\DbUpg.

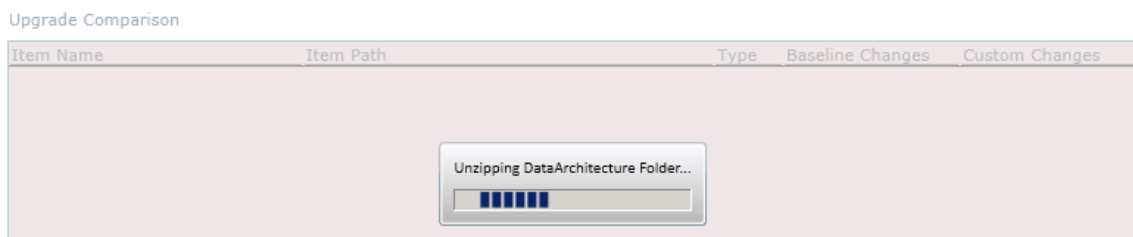
7. When you are finished specifying connection information, select **Next**.

If your database connection entries are valid, the **Comparison Details** screen appears.



The following information appears in the **Summary Information** section:

- Comparison From: The database versions that will be compared, using the format <source version> to <target version>, where:
 - <source version> is the version of the source database that you are comparing against. The source version on the left should match the value in the **Source Version** box on the **Connection Information** screen.
 - <target version> is the version of the database content to which you are upgrading. The target version on the right should match the file that you specified in the **Path to Database Upgrade content** box on the **Connection Information** screen.
 - User: The credentials of your Windows user.
 - Last Comparison Time: The date and time of any previous database comparison performed with this database. If the comparison has never been performed with this database, then the current date and time is displayed.
8. Select Run Comparison.
A progress bar appears.



Eventually, a command prompt window will appear, displaying the progress of the various comparison stages.

```

C:\Meridium_Comparison\ContentGenerationUtility.exe
Parsing MI_PIF_REU StateConfiguration
Parsing MI_PIF_REU States
Parsing MI_PIF_REU Operations
Parsing MI_PIF_REU Roles
Parsing MI_PIF_REU Fields
Parsing MI_PIF_REU Datasheets
Parsing MI_POLRECOM Families
Parsing MI_POLRECOM FamilyDataFilters
Parsing MI_POLRECOM FamilyReports
Parsing MI_POLRECOM StateConfiguration
Parsing MI_POLRECOM States
Parsing MI_POLRECOM Operations
Parsing MI_POLRECOM Roles
Parsing MI_POLRECOM Fields
Parsing MI_POLRECOM Datasheets
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 Families
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 FamilyDataFilters
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 FamilyReports
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 StateConfiguration
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 States
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 Operations
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 Roles
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 Fields
Parsing MI_PRE_DUE0 Datasheets
  
```

When the comparison is complete, the command prompt window closes automatically, and the [comparison results](#) appear in the **Upgrade Comparison** section of the **Comparison Details** screen.

Comparison Details

Summary Information

Comparison From: 3450000 to 3500000 User: MAYBERRY\aduncan Last Comparison Time: 11/20/2012 11:54 PM

Run Comparison Save Results Export

2053 differences found.
Upgrade Comparison

Item Name	Item Path	Type	Baseline Changes	Custom Changes
01Yakima	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
02All Customers	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
03Media Type (All Media)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
04Yearly Income (All Yearly Income)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
05Marital Status (All Marital Status)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
06City (CA)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
07Store Sqft	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2005 Customer View	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2005 Customer View Only	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 Highlight Table	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 Legend Displayed In as Meas	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 No Measure - Legend and Rov	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 One Measure - On LegendColi	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
Action Test Case	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		

Back Exit Help

About the Pre-Upgrade APM Database Comparison Tool Comparison Results Grid

When you perform a pre-upgrade database comparison, the results appear in a grid on the **Comparison Details** screen.

The screenshot shows the 'Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool' window. The title bar reads 'Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool'. The main window title is 'Comparison Details'. Below the title bar, there is a 'Summary Information' section with the following details:

- Comparison From: 3500000 to 3500100
- User: MAYBERRY\aduncan
- Last Comparison Time: 2/1/2013 10:13 AM

On the right side of the summary information, there are three buttons: 'Run Comparison', 'Save Results', and 'Export'. Below the summary information, it states '622 differences found. Upgrade Comparison'. The main part of the screen is a grid with the following columns: 'Item Name', 'Item Path', 'Type', 'Baseline Changes', and 'Custom Changes'. The grid contains 15 rows of data, with the first row highlighted in yellow. The 'Item Name' column contains hyperlinks for each item.

Item Name	Item Path	Type	Baseline Changes	Custom Changes
IntegrationInterfaces	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\SAPInterf	Rule Library	●	
MacroSamples	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Samples\	Rule Library	●	
MaintenanceItem_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
MaintenanceItem_EM	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
MaintenancePlan_EM	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
MaximoInterfaces	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\CMMSInte	Rule Library	●	
MaximoWorkHistoryDetail	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\CMMSInte	Rule Library	●	
MI_InspectionTasksUpdate	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Strategy I	Rule Library	●	
Notification_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
ObjectListItem_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
TaskList_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
TaskList_EM	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Str	Rule Library	●	
MI Recommendation	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Root Entit	Rule Library	●	
MI Security User	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Root Entit	Rule Library	●	

At the bottom of the grid, there are three buttons: 'Back', 'Exit', and 'Help'.



The grid contains the name of each item that was identified as different during the comparison process. You can determine the general difference using the Baseline Changes and **Custom Changes** columns. You can select any hyperlink in the left-most **Item Name** column to [display more detailed comparison results using WinMerge](#).

The comparison results grid contains the following columns:

- **Item Name:** The name of the item. You can select any hyperlink in the **Item Name** column to display more detailed comparison results using WinMerge.
- **Item Path:** If the item is a Catalog item, this column displays the Catalog folder path. If the item is not a Catalog item, this column repeats the item name.
- **Type:** The type of item.
- **Baseline Changes and Custom Changes:** Contain black circles indicating that changes exist. In general, the **Baseline Changes** column contains a black circle if the baseline item has changed since the previous version. Likewise, the **Custom Changes** column contains a black circle if you have made custom changes to that item or if the item does not exist in your upgraded database.

The following table illustrates the possible combination of dots per item and explains how you can interpret those combinations.

Baseline Changes	Custom Changes	Explanation	Example
✓		<p>The baseline item has changed between the two versions.</p> <p>-and-</p> <p>The item in your pre-upgrade database is the same as the item in the baseline database.</p>	<p>You are upgrading from V3.6.0.x to V4.0.0.0.</p> <p>In V3.5.0.0.0, the baseline family Asset Strategy was modified.</p> <p>You have not modified this family in your database.</p>
	✓	<p>The baseline item has not changed between the two versions.</p> <p>-and-</p> <p>There is difference between the baseline version of this item and the item in your upgraded database.</p>	<p>You are upgrading from V3.6.0.x to V4.0.0.0.</p> <p>The baseline query Reading History has not been modified since the last version release.</p> <p>You have modified this query prior to the upgrade.</p>
✓	✓	<p>The baseline item has changed between the two versions or is new to the later version.</p> <p>-and-</p> <p>There is a difference between the baseline version of this item and the item in your upgraded database, or this item does not exist in your upgraded database.</p>	<p>You are upgrading from V3.6.0.x to V4.0.0.0.</p> <p>In V3.5.0.0.0, the baseline query Asset Query was modified.</p> <p>You have modified this query prior to the upgrade.</p>

You can select any column heading to sort the results by the values in that column. You can also filter the results by selecting  in any column heading, and then selecting the value by which you want to filter the results. For example, to see only queries in the results, you would select  in the **Type** column heading, and then select the **Query** check box, as shown in the following image.

Are in These

- Entity Family
- Groups
- Preferences
- Query
- Relationship Family
- Report
- Rule Library
- SystemCodes
- Users

Not in These

- Entity Family
- Groups
- Preferences
- Query
- Relationship Family
- Report
- Rule Library
- SystemCodes
- Users

Text Searching

Search Type:

Find :

The result would then contain only queries, as shown in the following image.


Item Name	Item Path	Type	Baseline Chan	Custom Chang
Alert Trend Alert Data	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query	●	
Alert Trend Alert Data	Public\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query		●
Alert Trend Alert Data by Asset	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query	●	
Alert Trend Alert Data by Asset	Public\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query		●
Alert Trend Data	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query	●	
Alert Trend Data	Public\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query		●
Alert Trend Data by Asset	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query	●	
Alert Trend Data by Asset	Public\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query		●
Alert Trend Data by Asset and Event Description	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query	●	
Alert Trend Data by Asset and Event Description	Public\Meridium\Modules\AMS Asset Portal\Quer	Query		●
All Inspection Records	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\Inspection\Document	Query	●	

After you apply a filter, it will be displayed below the results, as outlined in red in the following image.

API RBI Analysis	Public\Meridium\Modules\API RBI Connector\Quer	Query		
ASSET_GROUP_LOOKUP	Public\Meridium\Modules\CMMS Integration Interf	Query		
ASSET_NUMBER_LOOKUP	Public\Meridium\Modules\CMMS Integration Interf	Query		
Available Recommendations	Public\Meridium\Modules\Recommendation Manag	Query		●
Equipment Taxonomy Query	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\Core\Queries\Equipme	Query	●	

ItemType=Query

Back Exit Help

You can remove a filter by selecting  below the grid.

Run the Comparison Against an Upgraded Database

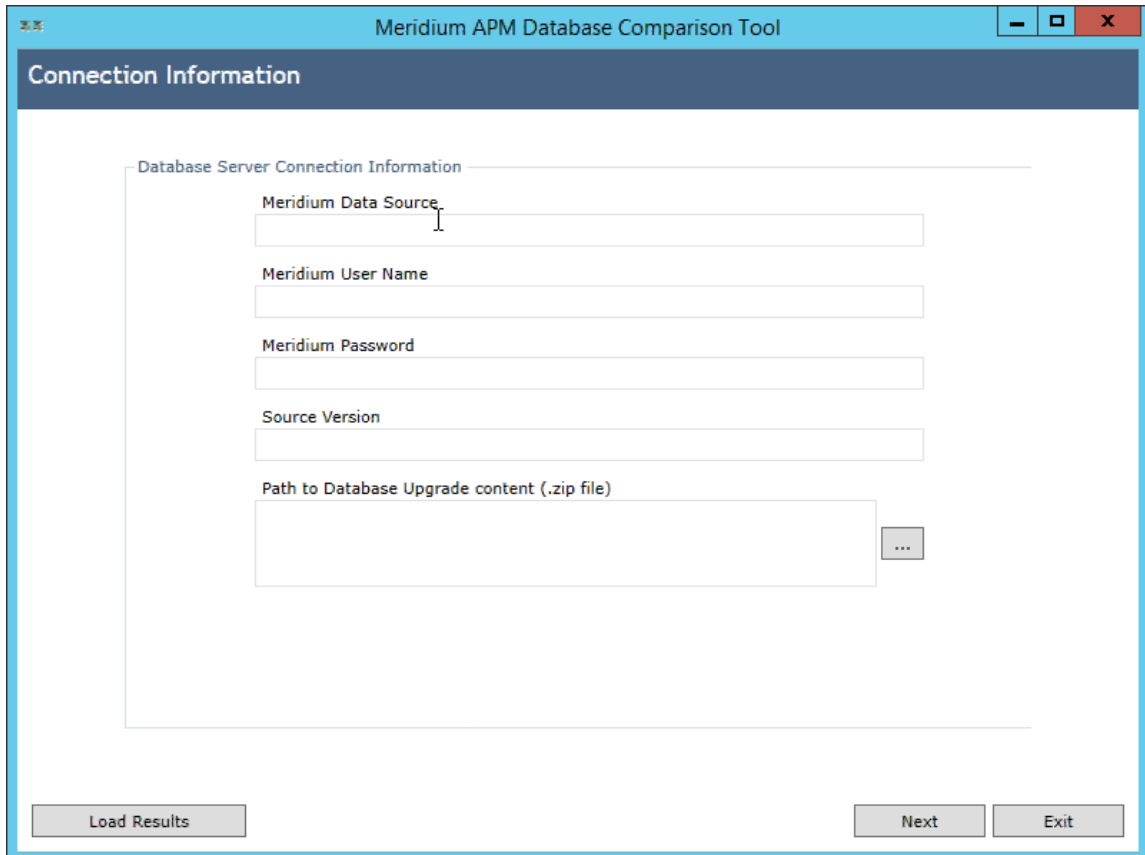
About This Task

These instructions assume that you want to compare your upgraded database to the baseline version.

Important: The comparison process can take an hour or longer, depending upon the size of the databases being compared, available memory, and other factors. After you start the process, you should not close the progress window unless you want to stop the comparison process. You can continue working in other windows while the comparison is running.

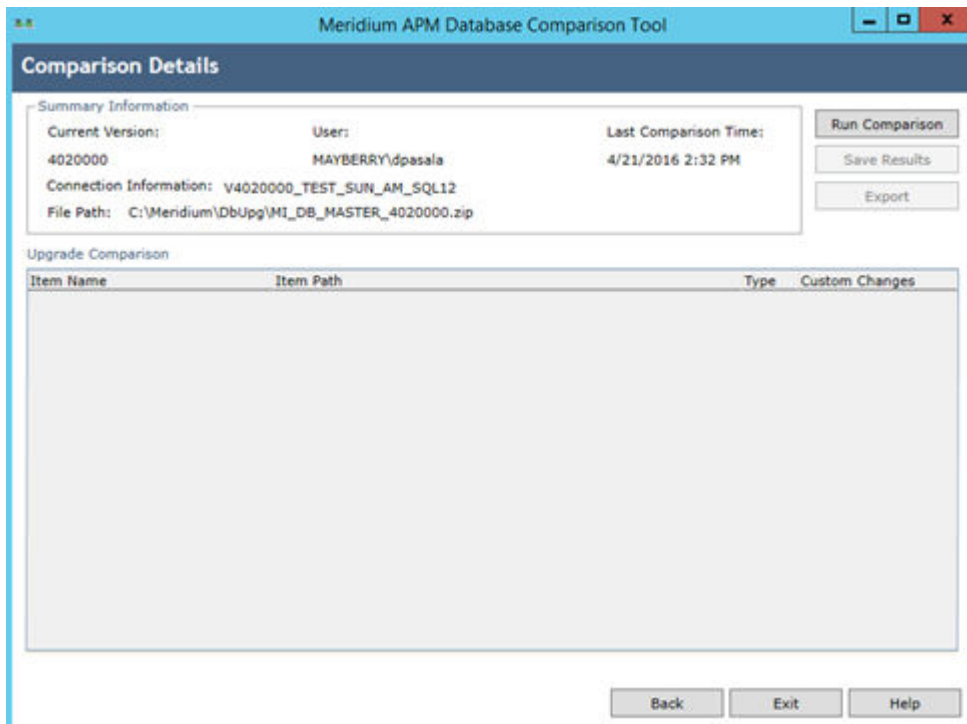
Procedure

1. On the APM Server, on the Apps interface, in the **Meridium APM Applications** section, select **Database Upgrade Manager**.
The **Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool** window appears, displaying the **Connection Information** screen.



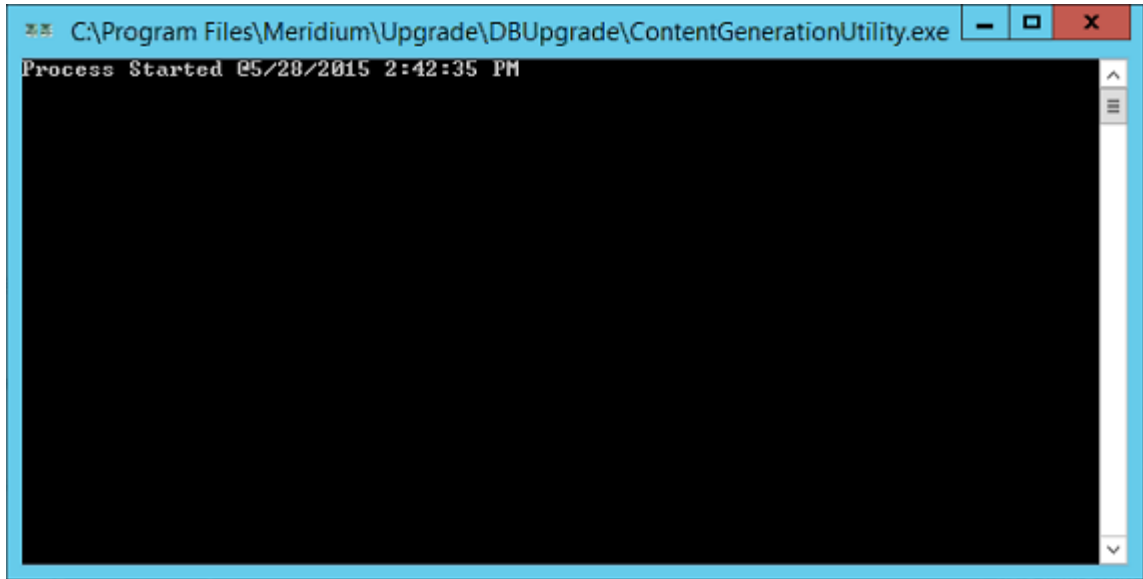
The screenshot shows a window titled "Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool" with a "Connection Information" header. Below the header, there is a section titled "Database Server Connection Information" containing several input fields: "Meridium Data Source", "Meridium User Name", "Meridium Password", "Source Version", and "Path to Database Upgrade content (.zip file)". The "Path to Database Upgrade content (.zip file)" field has a browse button (three dots) to its right. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: "Load Results", "Next", and "Exit".

2. In the **Meridium Data Source** box, enter the predefined data source that points to your upgraded APM database.
3. Enter the name of a APM Security User defined in your database.
4. Enter the password for that Security User.
5. Enter the version of the upgraded source database. For V4.0.0.0.0, this value would be 4000000.
6. In the **Path to Database Upgrade content** box, ensure that the correct path to the content is provided.
The path identifies the location of the baseline .zip file for the upgraded version. The default path is C:\Meridium\DbUpg, but this path could have been changed manually via the APM Server and Add-ons installer when APM was installed or upgraded.
7. Select **Next**.
The **Comparison Details** screen appears.



The following information appears in the **Summary Information** section:

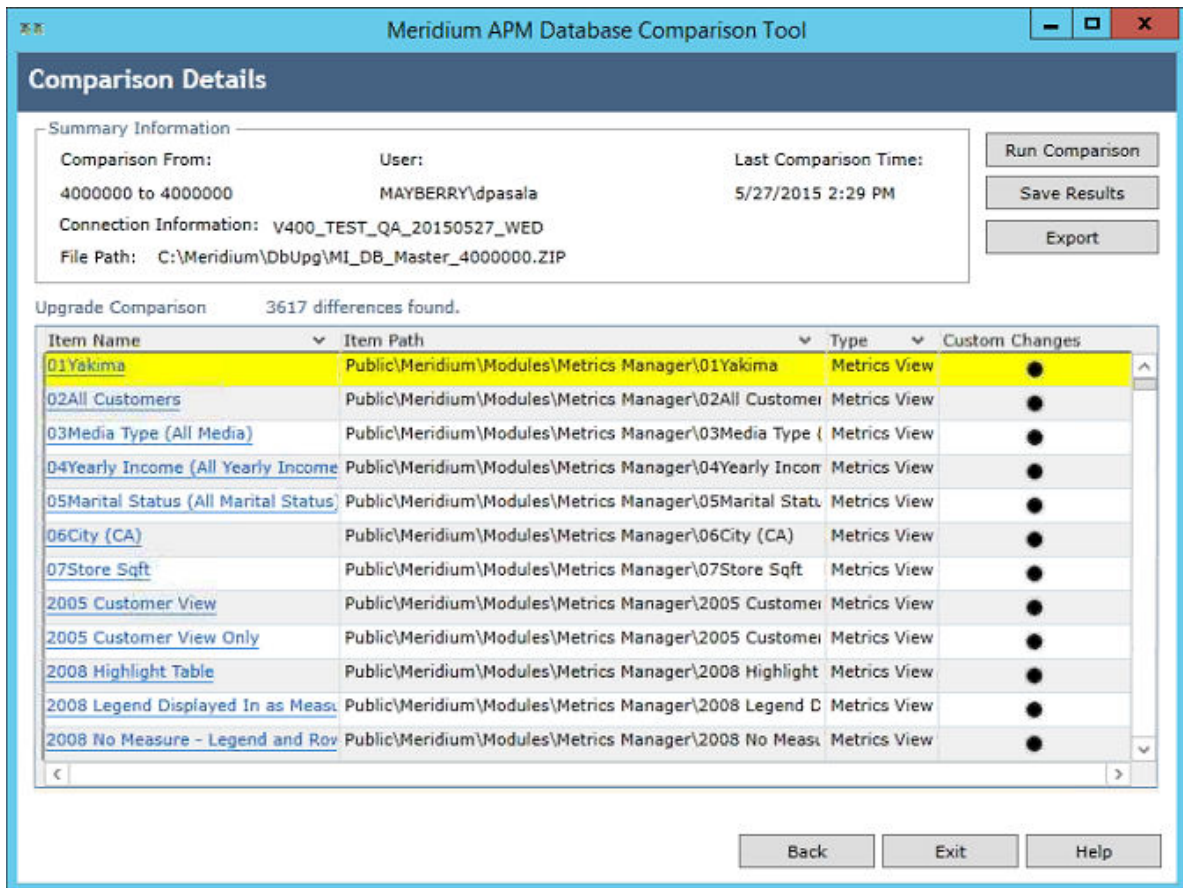
- Comparison From: The database versions that will be compared, using the format: <source version> to <target version> ...where
 - <source version> is the version of the source database that you are comparing against. The source version on the left should match the value in the **Source Version** box on the **Connection Information** screen.
 - <target version> is the version of the database content to which you are upgrading. The target version on the right should match the file that you specified in the **Path to Database Upgrade content** box on the **Connection Information** screen.
 - Connection Information: The name of the current database.
 - **File Path:** The path to the Database Upgrade content .zip file.
 - User: The credentials of your Windows user.
 - Last Comparison Time: The date and time on which the database comparison for this database was last run. If the comparison has never been run for this database, the current date and time is displayed.
8. Select **Run Comparison**.
 A progress bar appears, displaying the progress of the comparison process. Eventually, a command prompt window will appear, displaying the progress of the various comparison stages.



When the process is complete, the command prompt window closes automatically, and the [comparison details](#) appear in the Upgrade Comparison section on the Comparison Details screen of the APM Database Comparison Tool.

About the Post-Upgrade APM Database Comparison Tool Comparison Results Grid

When you perform a post-upgrade database comparison, the results appear in a grid on the **Comparison Details** screen.



The grid contains the name of each item that was identified as different during the comparison process. The comparison results grid contains the following columns:

- **Item Name:** The name of the item. You can select any hyperlink in the **Item Name** column to [display more detailed comparison results using WinMerge](#).
- **Item Path:** If the item is a Catalog item, this column displays the Catalog folder path. If the item is not a Catalog item, this column repeats the item name.
- **Type:** The type of item.
- **Custom Changes:** The cells in this column contain black circles indicating that custom changes have been made to the associated item.

You can select any column heading to sort the results by the values in that column. You can also filter the results by selecting in any column heading, and then selecting the value by which you want to filter the results. For example, to see only items that are in Entity Families in the results, you would select in the **Type** column heading, and then select the **Are in These** and **Entity Family** check boxes, as shown in the following image.

Are in These

- Associated Pages
- Dataset
- Entity Family
- Explorer
- Graphs
- Groups
- Machine Views

Not in These

- Associated Pages
- Dataset
- Entity Family
- Explorer
- Graphs
- Groups
- Machine Views

Text Searching

Search Type:

Find:

The result would then contain only queries, as shown in the following image.

Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool

Comparison Details

Summary Information

Comparison From:	User:	Last Comparison Time:	<input type="button" value="Run Comparison"/>
4000000 to 4000000	MAYBERRY\dpasala	5/27/2015 2:29 PM	<input type="button" value="Save Results"/>
Connection Information:	V400_TEST_QA_20150527_WED		<input type="button" value="Export"/>
File Path:	C:\Meridium\DbUpg\MI_DB_Master_4000000.ZIP		

Upgrade Comparison 3617 differences found.

Item Name	Item Path	Type	Custom Changes
Allblank	Allblank	Entity Family	●
AQA ASI	AQA ASI	Entity Family	●
AQA Auto Families	AQA Auto Families	Entity Family	●
AQA Config Exp Root A	AQA Config Exp Root A	Entity Family	●
AQA Config Exp Root B	AQA Config Exp Root B	Entity Family	●
AQA Criticality Calculator	AQA Criticality Calculator	Entity Family	●
AQA Datafilter Family	AQA Datafilter Family	Entity Family	●
AQA Datasheet Families	AQA Datasheet Families	Entity Family	●
AQA Date Test	AQA Date Test	Entity Family	●
AQA Detail for MDF	AQA Detail for MDF	Entity Family	●
AQA Enterprise Support Families	AQA Enterprise Support Families	Entity Family	●
AQA Event	AQA Event	Entity Family	●


ItemType=Entity Family

After you apply a filter, it will be displayed below the results, as outlined in red in the following image.

API RBI Analysis	Public\Meridium\Modules\API RBI Connector\Quer	Query			
ASSET_GROUP_LOOKUP	Public\Meridium\Modules\CMMS Integration Interf	Query			
ASSET_NUMBER_LOOKUP	Public\Meridium\Modules\CMMS Integration Interf	Query			
Available Recommendations	Public\Meridium\Modules\Recommendation Manag	Query			
Equipment Taxonomy Query	Baseline\Meridium\Modules\Core\Queries\Equipme	Query			

ItemType=Query

Back Exit Help

You can remove a filter that you have applied by selecting  next to the filter.

Revert Items to Baseline

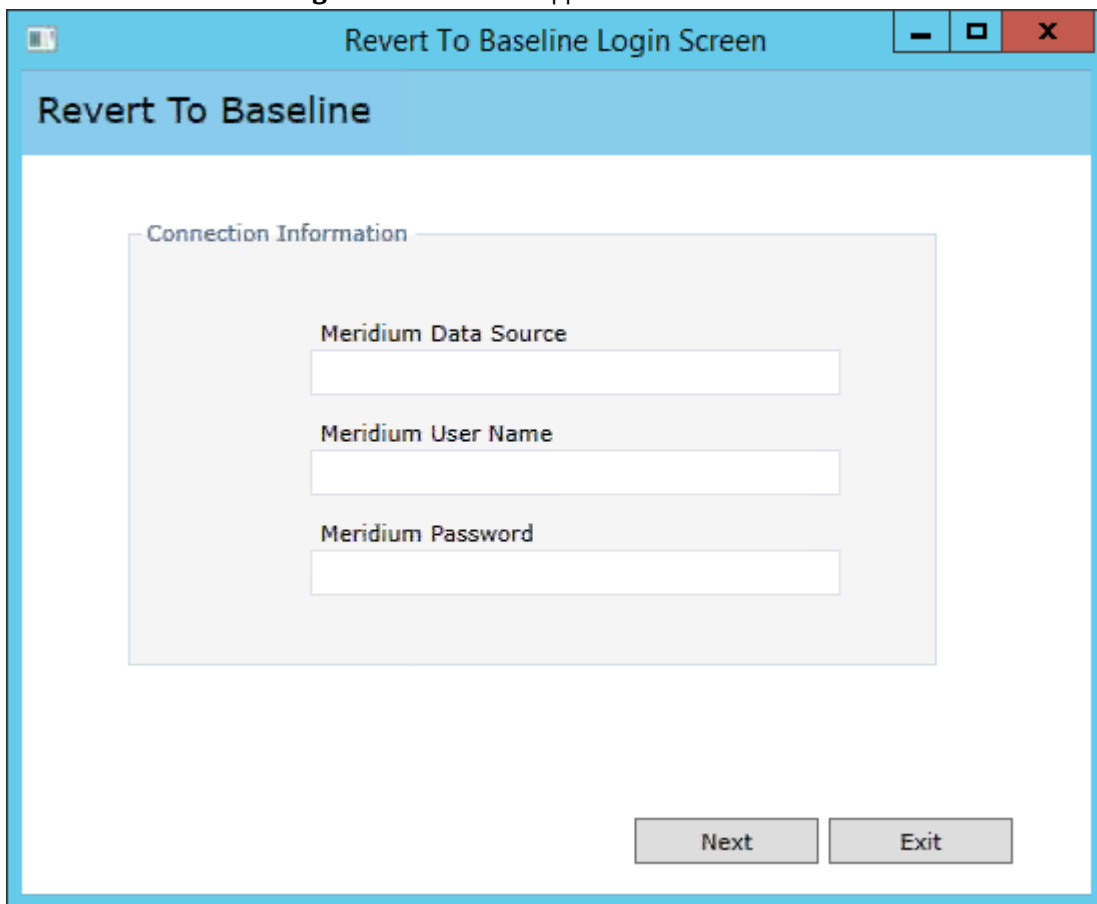
Before You Begin

- Create a data source.

Procedure

1. On the APM Server, navigate to `Meridium/Upgrade/DBUpgrade`, and then open the file `RevertToBaselineApp.exe`.

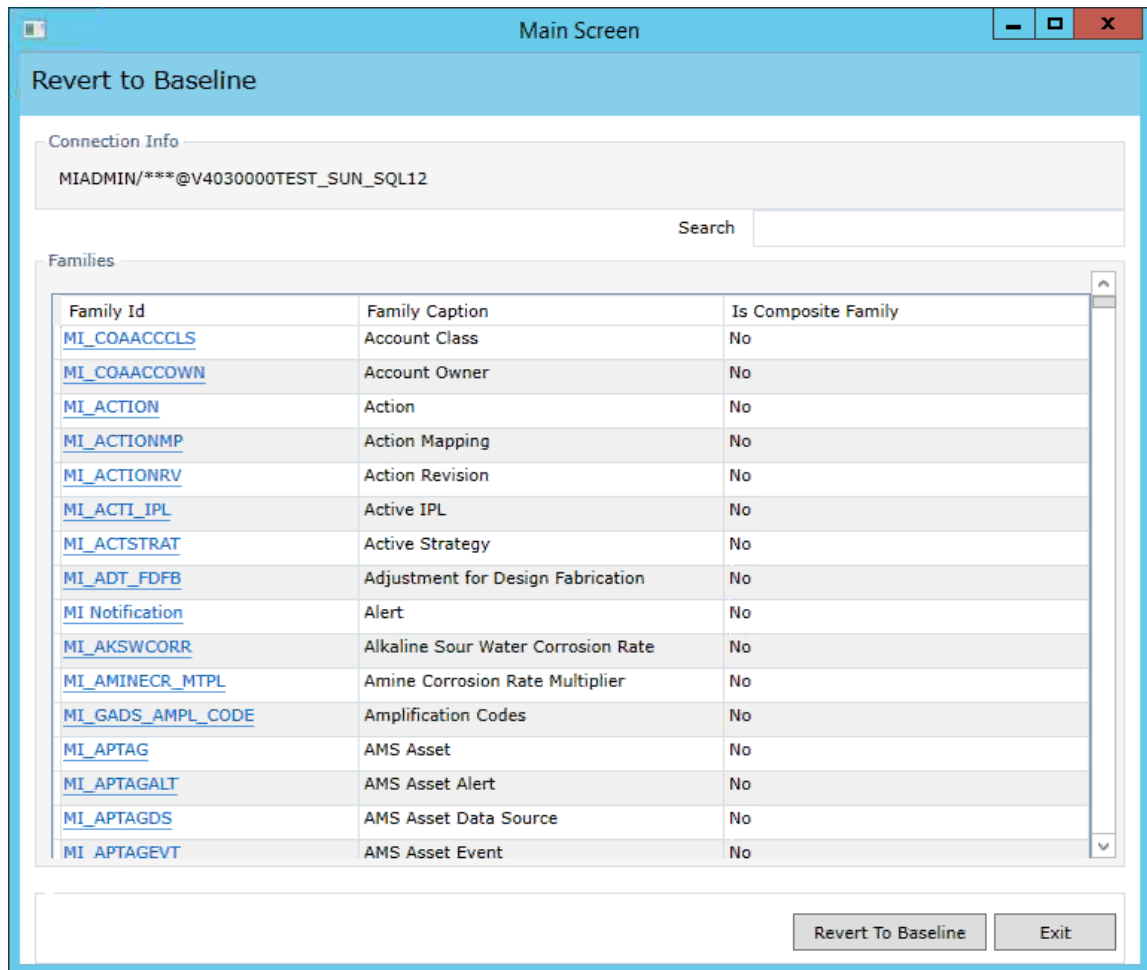
The **Revert To Baseline Login Screen** window appears.



2. Enter a valid data source, user name, and password, and then select **Next**.

Note: The value in the **Meridium Data Source** box should match exactly the Data Source ID of the data source.

The **Revert To Baseline** screen appears, displaying the families that you can revert to baseline.



3. Select the row containing the family whose element you want to revert to baseline, and then select **Revert To Baseline**.

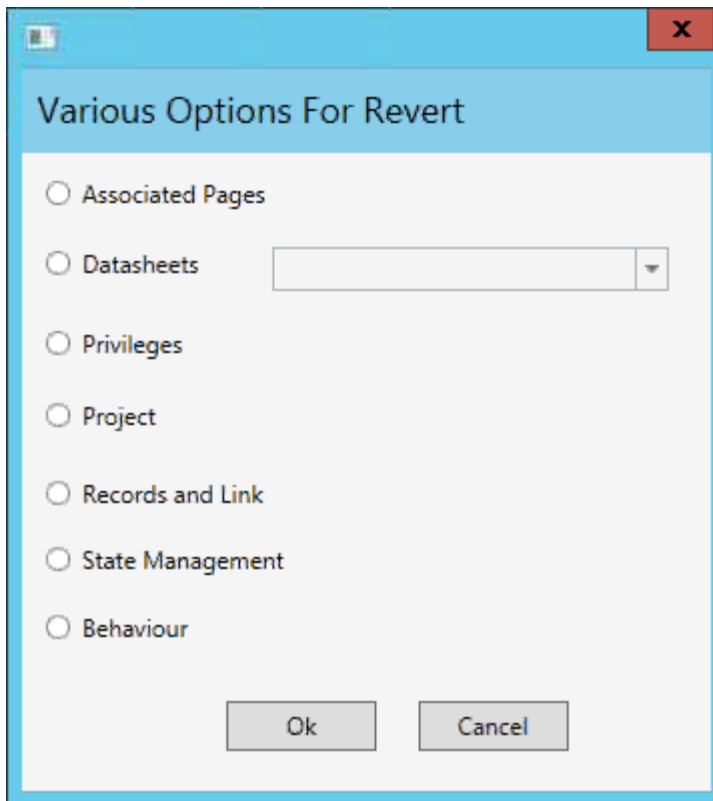
Tip: You can enter a value in the **Search** box to search for a specific family.

Note: If you want to revert records and links for a family for which the value in the **Is Composite Family** column is Yes, you will need to revert the records and links for the parent family of that family. If this is the case, based on the following table, please select the appropriate parent family for the child family whose records and links you want to revert to baseline.

Child Family to Revert	Parent Family to Select
MI_STRMAPP	MI_STMPCNFG
MI_RRSKMDT	MI_RRSKMAP

Child Family to Revert	Parent Family to Select
MI_CLMND_PR MI_MPPG_QRY	MI_DATA_GRP
MI_PROTDEFI MI_RISKTHRE MI_PROBDEFI MI_CONSDEFI MI_RISKCATE	MI_RISKMATR

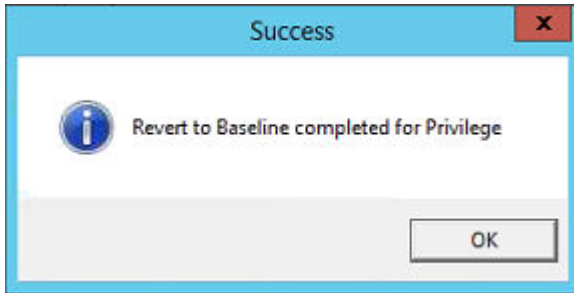
The **Various Options For Revert** window appears.



4. Select the check box for the revert to baseline action that you want to execute, and then select **OK**.

Note: If you selected the **Datasheets** check box, before selecting **OK**, you will need to select a datasheet in the drop-down list box next to the **Datasheets** check box.

If you selected the **Associated Pages**, **Datasheets**, **Privileges**, **Project**, or **Behavior** check box, the **Success** window appears, displaying a message indicating that the revert to baseline action has been completed. The following image shows the **Success** window after the action of reverting Privileges to baseline has been completed.

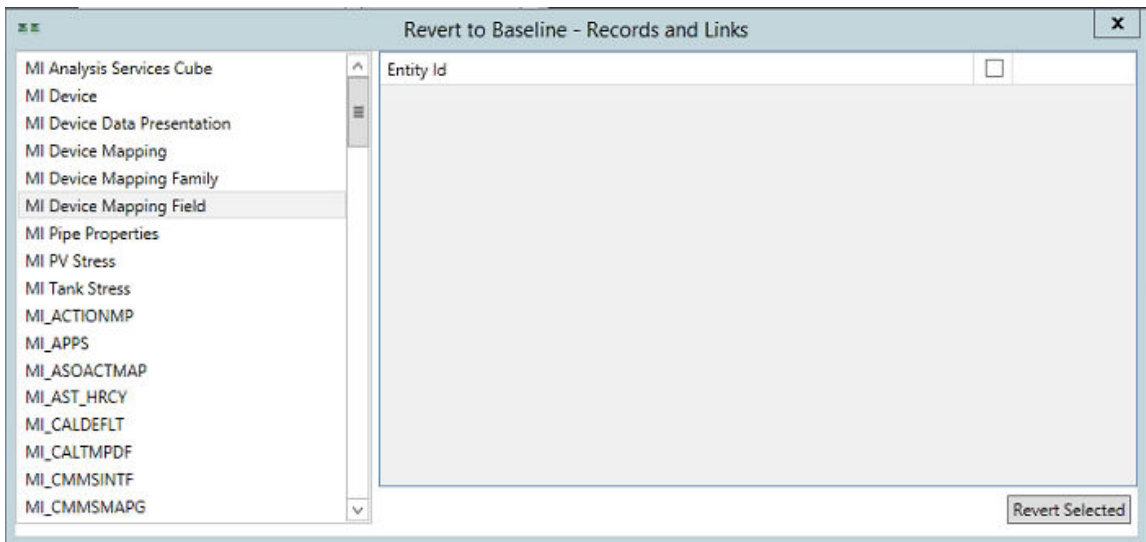


- a. Select **OK**.

The **Success** and **Various Options For Revert** windows close.

-or-

If you selected the **Records and Link** check box, the **Revert to Baseline - Records and Links** window appears.



- a. In the list on the left side of the window, select the family that contains the records and links that you want to revert to baseline.

The selected records and links appear in the list on the right side of the window.

- b. If you want to revert the records and links for records in the family, in the list on the right side of the window, select the check box next to each record that you want to revert to baseline, and then select **Revert Selected**.

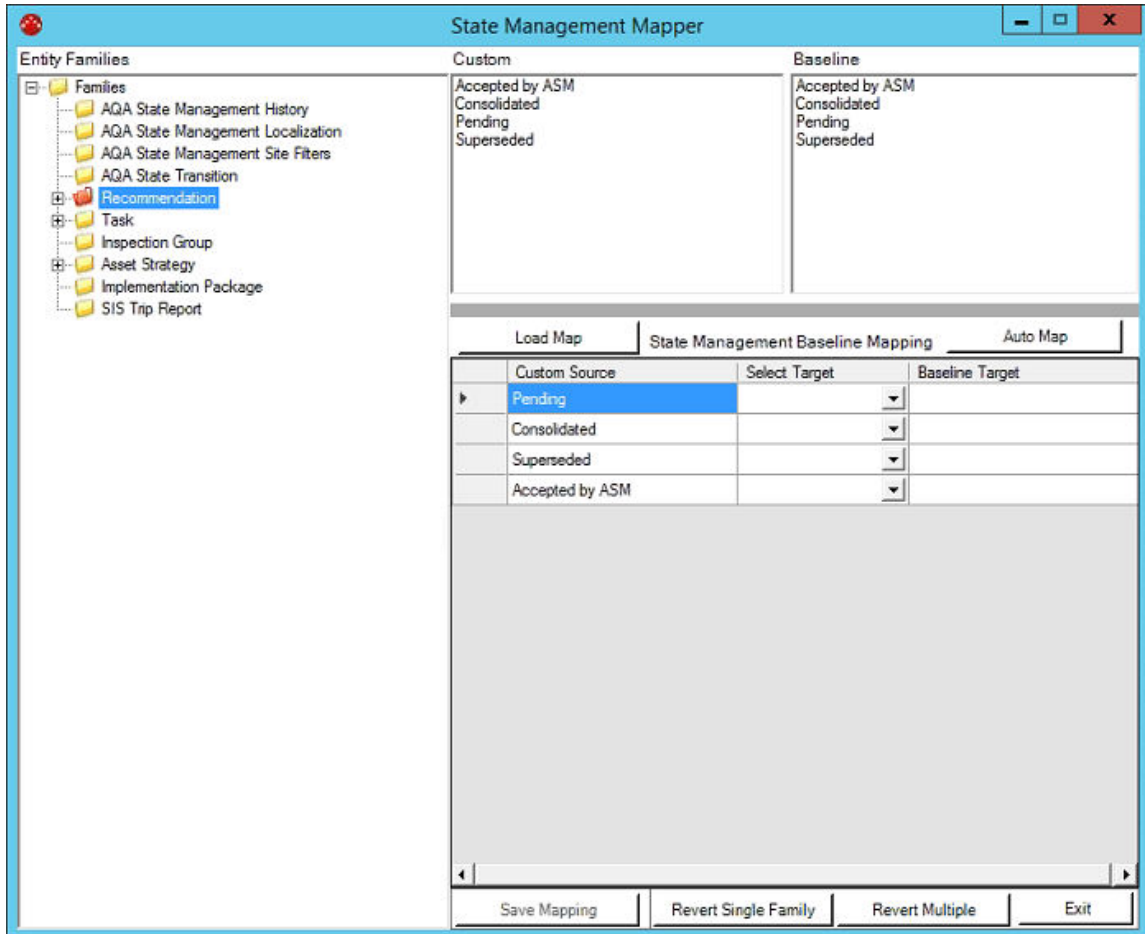
-or-

If you want to revert customized template values for the family to baseline, select a family on the left side of the window, and then, in the **My Template Defaults** row that appears, select **Compare**. Then, on the **My Template Defaults** window that appears, select **Revert**.

A message appears, indicating that the selected records and links have been reverted to baseline.

-or-

If you selected the **State Management** check box, the **State Management Mapper** window appears.



The family of the item that you selected in the Comparison Results grid is highlighted in the tree in the **Entity Families** section of the **State Management Mapper** window. In the **Custom** section, a list of the customized states for the family appears. In the **Baseline** section, a list of the baseline states for the family appears.

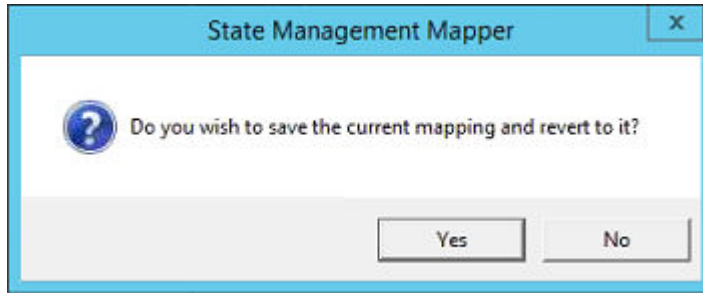
The customized states for the family also appear in the **Custom Source** column in the grid in the **State Management Baseline Mapping** section.

- a. In the **State Management Baseline Mapping** section, in each cell in the **Select Target** column, select the baseline target for each customized state in the **Custom Source** column.

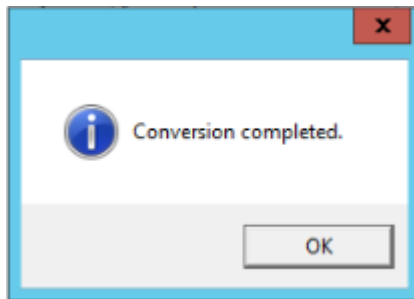
Note: If you select **Auto Map**, the APM Database Comparison Tool will automatically assign baseline targets where possible. If you select **Load Map**, a window appears on which you can select a previously saved map of baseline target assignments.

The selected targets appear in the cells in the **Baseline Target** column.

- b. Select **Revert Single Family** or **Revert Multiple**.
If you selected **Revert Single Family**, a message appears, asking if you want to save the current mapping and revert to it.



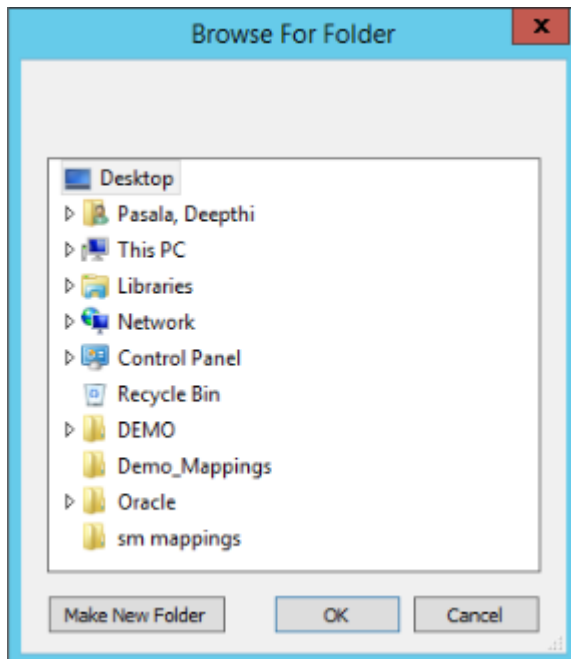
- i. Select **Yes**.
A confirmation message appears.



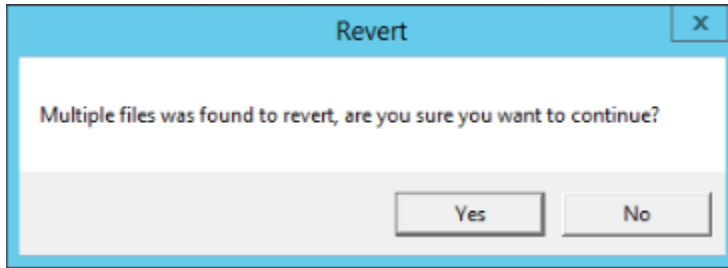
- ii. Select **OK**.
The selected states are converted.

-or-

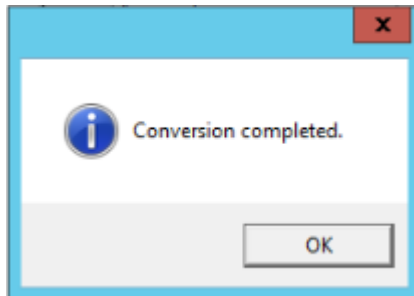
If you selected **Revert Multiple**, the **Browse For Folder** window appears.



- i. Navigate to the folder containing all of the families whose states you want to convert, and then select **OK**.
A message appears, asking you to confirm that you want to continue.



- ii. Select **Yes**.
A confirmation message appears.



- iii. Select **OK**.
The selected states are converted.
5. As needed, repeat steps 1 through 2 to revert additional items to baseline.

Save the Results to a .ZIP File

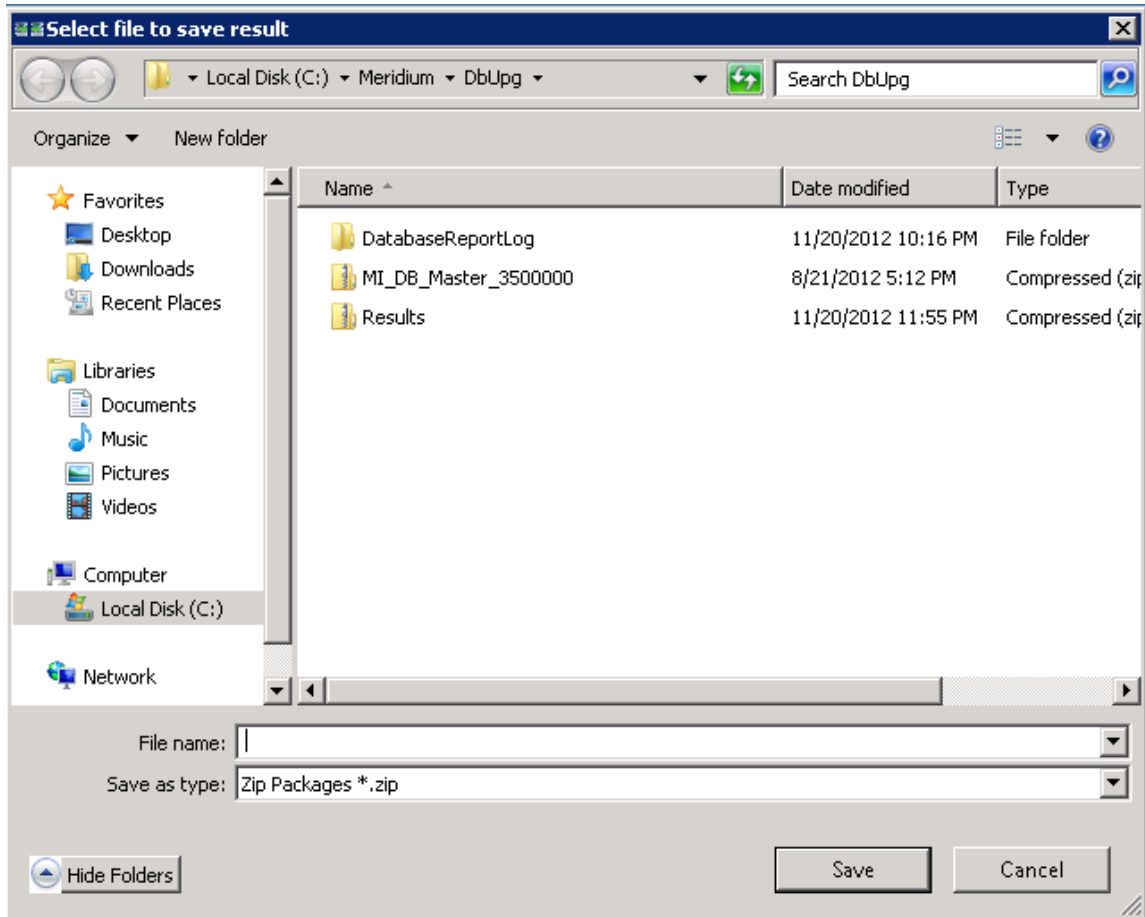
About This Task

After running the [pre-](#) or [post-](#)upgrade version of the APM Database Comparison Tool, if you save comparison results to a .ZIP file using the following instructions, you can [reload those results at a later time](#). These instructions assume that you have already launched the APM Database Comparison Tool.

Procedure

1. On the **Comparison Details** screen, select **Save Results**.

The **Select file to save result** window appears. The folder path is set by default to C:\Meridium\DbUpg.



2. If you want to save the results to a location other than C : /Meridium/DbUpg, navigate to the location where you want to save the results.
3. In **File name** box, enter a name for the .zip file.
4. Select **Save**.
The results are saved to the .zip file with the specified name in the specified location.

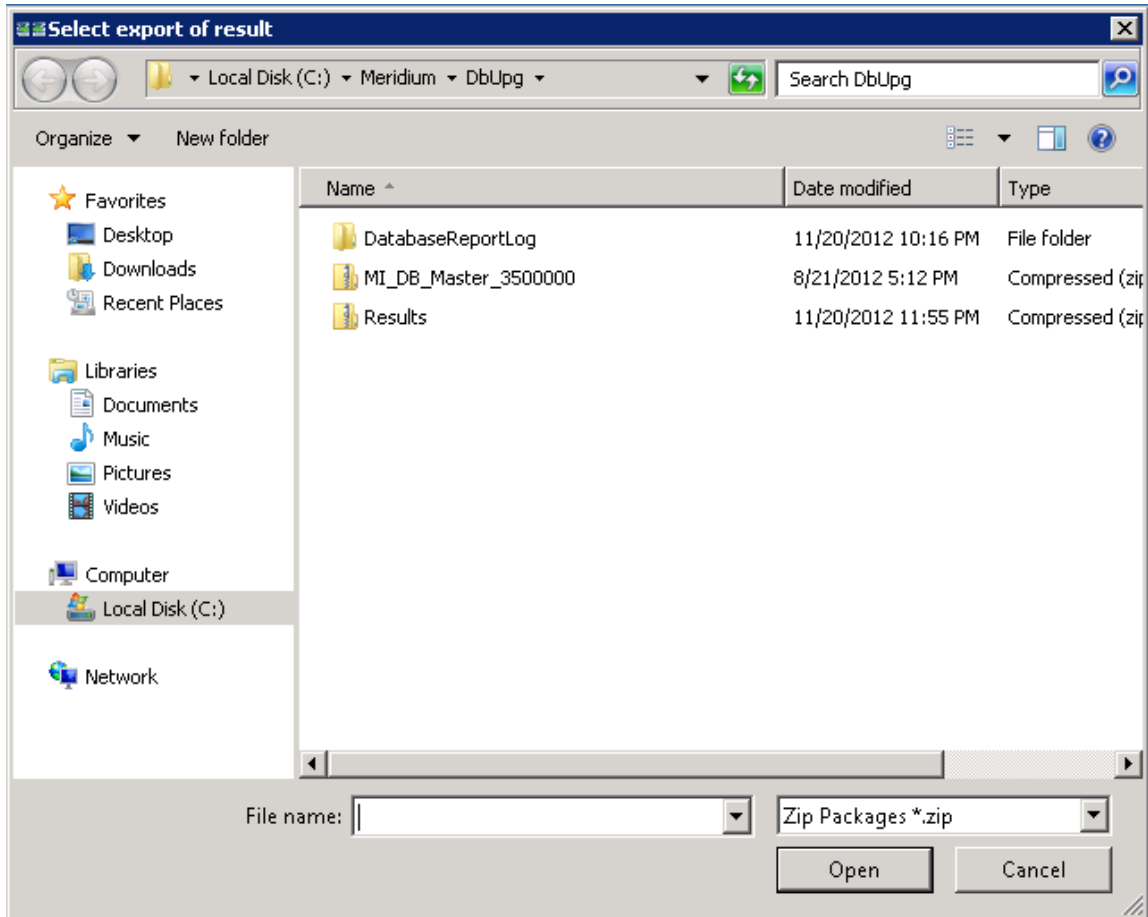
Reload Previous Comparison Results

About This Task

Using the [pre-](#) or [post-](#)upgrade version of the APM Database Comparison Tool, if you have [saved previous comparison results to a .ZIP file](#), you can reload those results by following these instructions. These instructions assume that you have already launched the APM Database Comparison Tool.

Procedure

1. On the **Connection Information** screen, select **Load Results**.
The **Select export of result** window appears. By default, the folder path is set to C : \Meridium \DbUpg.



2. If the results that you want to reload are stored in a location other than `C: /Meridium/DbUpg`, navigate to the location containing the exported results.
3. Select the .zip file containing the results that you want to reload, and then select **Open**.
A progress bar appears, indicating the progress of the loading process.

Database Server Connection Information

Meridium Datasource
dvt_all_345_sql2

Meridium User Name
MIADMIN

Meridium Password
●●●●●●●●

Source Version
3450000

Path to Database Upgrade
C:\Meridium\DbUpg\MI_DB_Master_3500000.zip

Loading results...

When the process is complete, the comparison results appear on the **Comparison Details** screen.

Meridium APM Database Comparison Tool

Comparison Details

Summary Information

Comparison From:	User:	Last Comparison Time:	Run Comparison
3450000 to 3500000	MAYBERRY\aduncan	11/20/2012 11:54 PM	Save Results
			Export

2053 differences found.
Upgrade Comparison

Item Name	Item Path	Type	Baseline Changes	Custom Changes
01Yakima	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
02All Customers	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
03Media Type (All Media)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
04Yearly Income (All Yearly Income)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
05Marital Status (All Marital Status)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
06City (CA)	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
07Store Sqft	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2005 Customer View	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2005 Customer View Only	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 Highlight Table	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 Legend Displayed In as Meas	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 No Measure - Legend and Rov	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
2008 One Measure - On LegendColi	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		
Action Test Case	Public\Meridium\Modules\Metrics Man	Metrics View		

Back Exit Help

Export Comparison Results to an Excel File

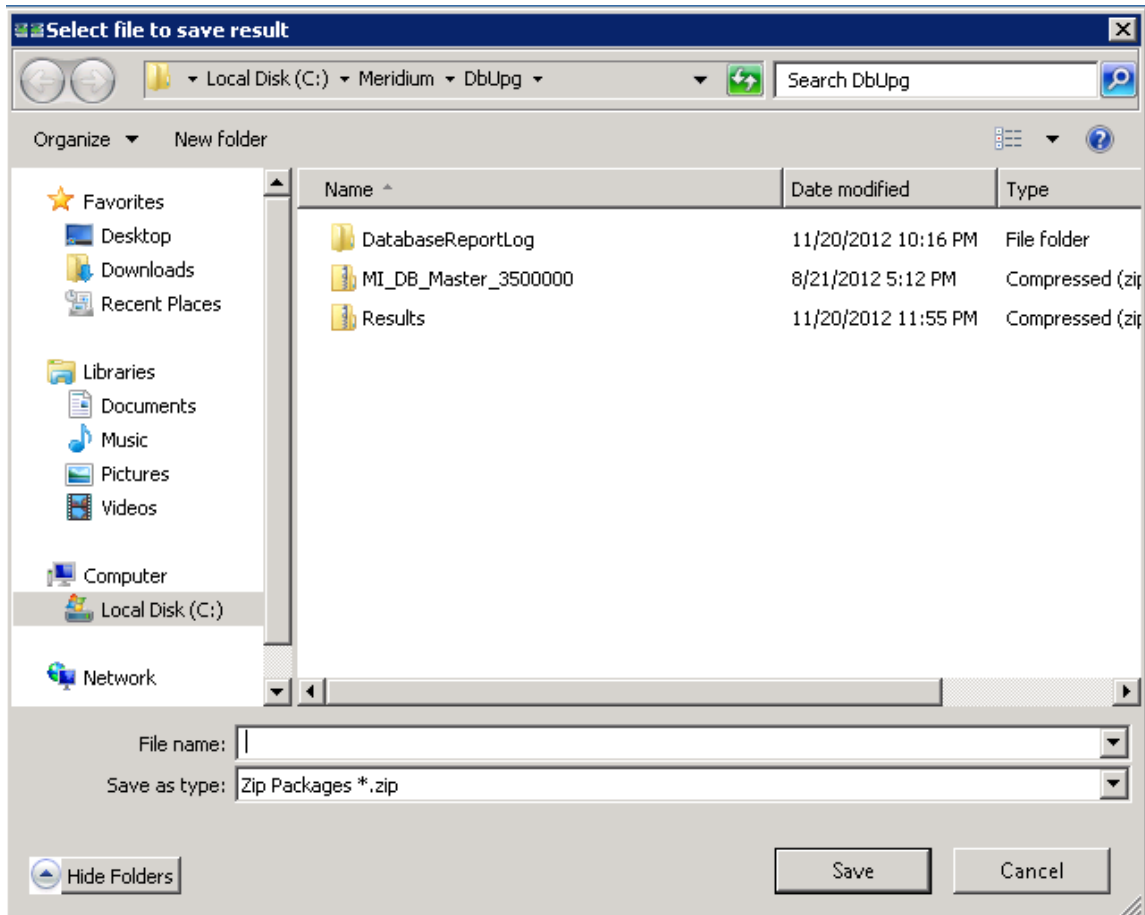
About This Task

If you have run a database comparison using the [pre-](#) or [post-](#)upgrade version of the APM Database Comparison Tool and want to make the result available to users who do not have access to the APM Server, you can save the results to a Microsoft Excel file. The Excel file will contain the data that appears in the grid on the **Comparison Details** screen of the APM Database Comparison Tool. It will not present a detailed side-by-side comparison.

These instructions assume that you have already launched the APM Database Comparison Tool.

Procedure

1. On the **Comparison Details** screen, select **Export**.
The **Select file to save result** window appears. By default, the folder path is set to C:\Meridium\DbUpg.



2. If you want to export the results to a location other than C:/Meridium/DbUpg, navigate to the location to which you want to export the results.
3. In **File name** box, enter a name for the Excel file, and then select **Save**.

The results are saved to the Excel file with the specified name in the specified location, and a message appears, indicating that the file was saved successfully. The content of the Excel file will look similar to this:

	A	B	C	D	E
1	ModifiedID	ItemPath	ItemType	HasBaselineChanges	HasCustomChanges
2	MaintenanceItem_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Strategy Manag	Rule Library	True	False
3	MaintenanceItem_EM	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Strategy Manag	Rule Library	True	False
4	MaintenancePlan_EM	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Strategy Manag	Rule Library	True	False
5	ML_InspectionTasksUpdate	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Strategy Rules\ML_Ins	Rule Library	True	False
6	Notification_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Strategy Manag	Rule Library	True	False
7	ObjectListItem_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Strategy Manag	Rule Library	True	False
8	TaskList_CNF	Public\Rules Library\Meridium\Asset Strategy Manag	Rule Library	True	False

The file contains one worksheet, ExportToExcel, with the following columns of information:

- **ModifiedID:** Displays the value that appeared in the **Item Name** column in the APM Database Comparison Tool.
- **ItemPath:** Displays the value that appeared in the **Item Path** column in the APM Database Comparison Tool.
- **ItemType:** Displays the value that appeared in the **Type** column in the APM Database Comparison Tool.
- **HasBaselineChanges:** Displays a value indicating whether or not a black circle appeared in the **Baseline Changes** column in the APM Database Comparison Tool. If no black circle appeared, then the value is False. If a black circle appeared, then the value is True.
- **HasCustomChanges:** Displays a value indicating whether or not a black circle appeared in the **Custom Changes** column in the APM Database Comparison Tool. If no black circle appeared, the value is False. If a black circle appeared, the value is True.

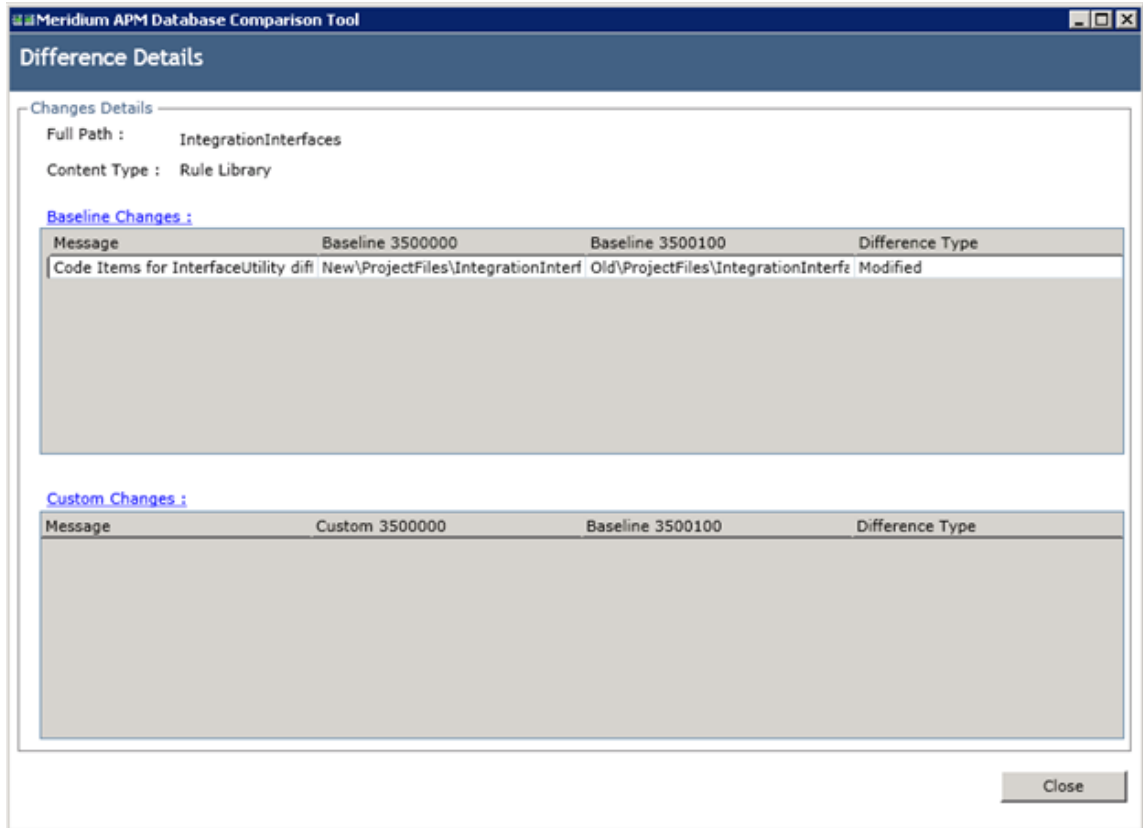
View Detailed Differences in WinMerge

About This Task

In the [comparison results grid](#), for any item in the grid, you can access a detailed comparison of the differences between that item in your customized database and the baseline database for the target version. The detailed differences will be displayed in WinMerge. Information on using WinMerge exceeds the scope of the APM documentation, but can be found in the WinMerge Help system.

Procedure

1. In the comparison results grid, select the hyperlinked name of the item whose differences you want to view.
The **Difference Details** screen appears.



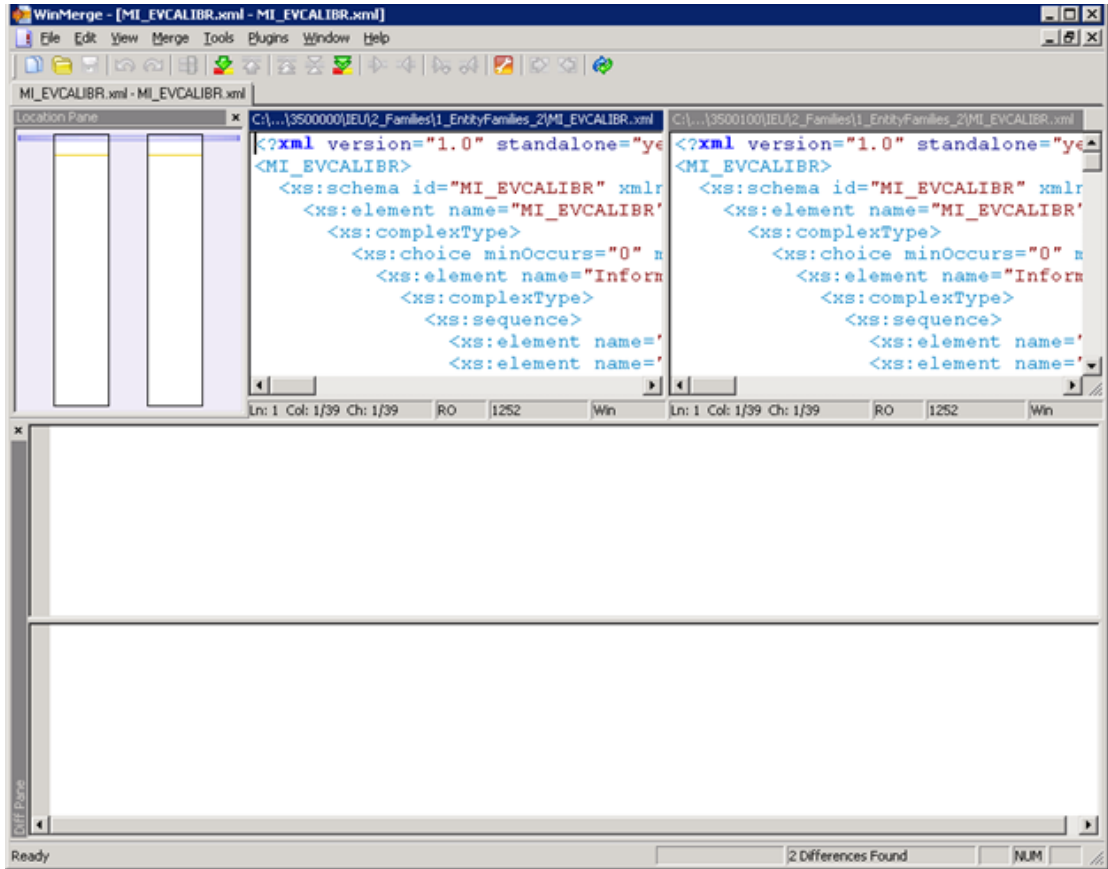
2. If differences are referenced in the upper section, select **Baseline Changes**.
If differences are referenced in the upper section, select **Baseline Changes**.

-or-

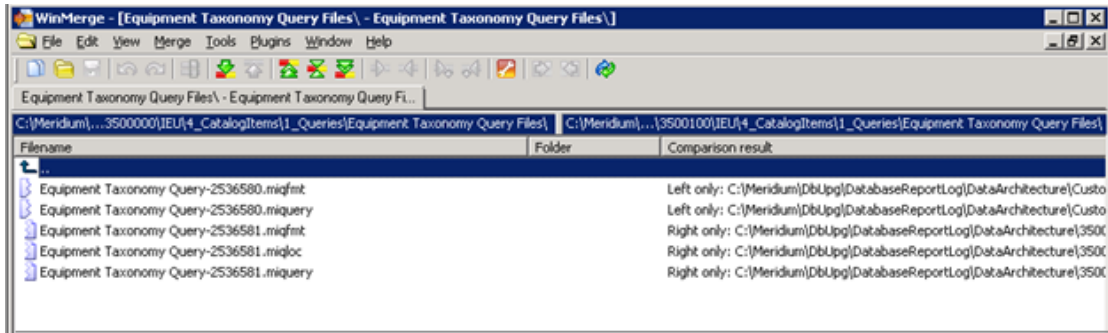
If differences are referenced in the lower section, select **Custom Changes**.

The sections shown in the following images can be accessed via the appropriate tabs:

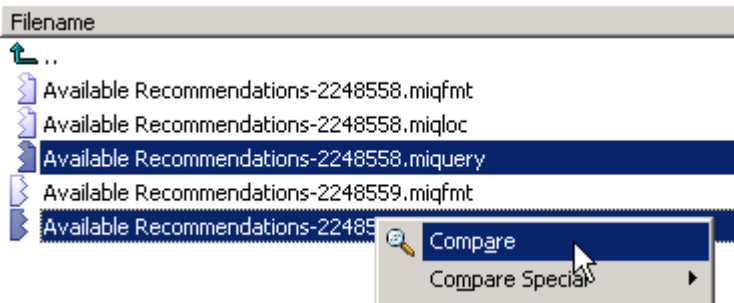
- In this section, the XML code for the item exists in one file per version (e.g., an entity family).



- In this section, the item exists in multiple files per version (e.g., a query), which you can use to select the two specific files that you want to compare.



3. In the section displaying the detailed differences, scroll through the differences using WinMerge tools.
4. In the section that allows you to select two specific files that you want to compare, select the two files, right-click, and then select **Compare**.



WinMerge appears, displaying the results of the comparison.

