



²² Ti	²⁴ Cr	²⁶ Fe	²⁷ Co	²⁸ Ni	²⁹ Cu
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M2 Series 5 Aluminum AlSi7Mg

Parameters for GE Additive's Concept Laser M2 Series 5

Data in this material datasheet represents material built with a 30, 60 and 90 μm layer thicknesses and in an argon or nitrogen atmosphere on a Concept Laser M2 Series 5 single-laser or dual-laser machine. The 30 and 60 μm layer thicknesses require build plate heating. The 90 μm layer thickness requires a Concept Laser M2 Series 5 1 kW single-laser or dual-laser machine. Values listed are typical.

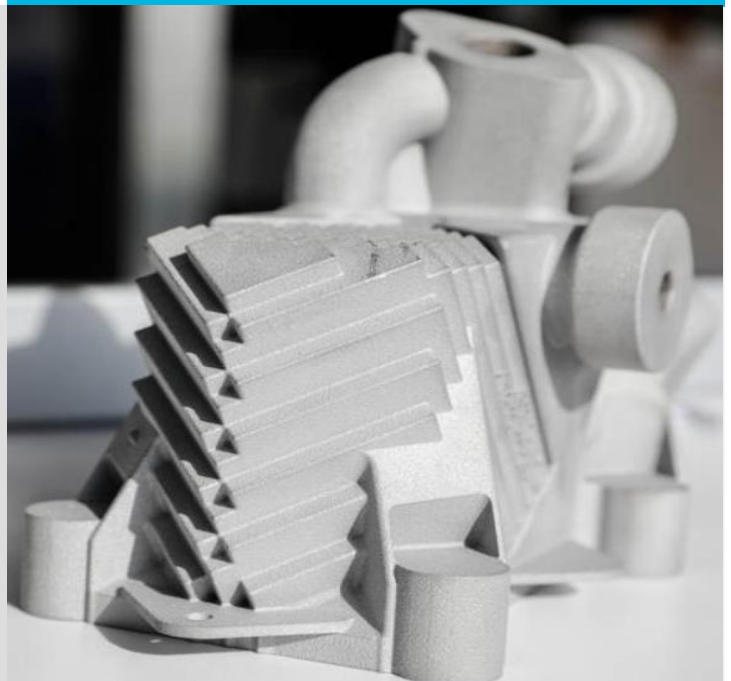


Aluminum

Lightweight aluminum alloys for additive manufacturing are traditionally used in many industrial, aerospace and automotive applications. They possess high strength-to-weight ratios, and they also demonstrate good resistance to metal fatigue and corrosion. Due to the geometrically complex structures possible with additive manufacturing, further weight reduction is often possible with little or no compromise in strength and overall performance. One key advantage of aluminum alloy powders is that they typically offer better build rates than other metal powders.

M2 Series 5 AlSi7Mg

The parameters for the Concept Laser M2 Series 5 are developed leveraging the performance of the previous M2 generations of AlSi7Mg parameters. The surface parameter is a 30 μm parameter that produces the best surface roughness, having less than 10 μm without bead blast or shot peening. The productivity parameter has a layer thickness of 60 μm and provides double the productivity of the surface parameter, with the trade off of double the surface finish. Exceptional high productivity – reaching 71 cm^3/h for a 1 kW dual-laser system – can be reached by the high productivity parameter having a layer thickness of 90 μm . All parameters can be used with either a rubber or steel recoater blade and succeed the minimum tensile properties specified in AMS 4289 in the heat treated state.



M2 Series 5 Aluminum AlSi7Mg

With appropriate approval* AlSi7Mg can be used for lightweight components in aerospace and industrial applications. Data in this material datasheet represents material built with a 30, 60 and 90 µm layer thicknesses and in an argon or nitrogen atmosphere on a Concept Laser M2 Series 5 single-laser or dual-laser machine. The 30 and 60 µm layer thicknesses require build plate heating. The 90 µm layer thickness requires a Concept Laser M2 Series 5 1 kW single-laser or dual-laser machine. Values listed are typical.

POWDER CHEMISTRY

Aluminum AlSi7Mg powder chemical composition according to AMS 4289. For additional information on AlSi7Mg powder, visit [AP&C](#).

MACHINE CONFIGURATION

- Concept Laser M2 Series 5 (single-laser or dual-laser) or M2 Series 5 1 kW (single-laser or dual-laser)
- Argon and Nitrogen gas
- Stainless steel or rubber recoater blade

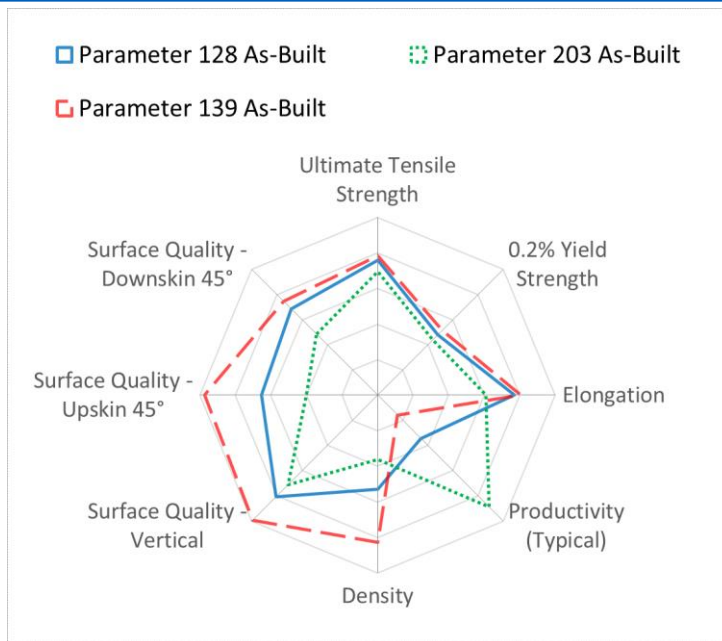
AVAILABLE PARAMETERS

	Layer thickness	Recoater	Gas
M2 Series 5			
- Surface Parameter 129, 139	30 µm	steel and rubber	argon
- Productivity Parameter 128, 138	60 µm	steel and rubber	argon
- Hybrid Parameter 182	30/60 µm	rubber	argon
M2 Series 5 1 kW			
- High Productivity Parameter 203	90 µm	steel	nitrogen

THERMAL STATES

1. As-Built
2. T6 Heat Treatment
SOLN: 530 °C, 6 hours, water quench, AGE: 160°C, 5 hours
3. Vacuum Stress Relief + Hot Isostatic Press + Solution + Age (VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE)
VSR: 440°C, 1 hour in vacuum, HIP: 538°C, 8 hours at 100MPa, SOLN: 543°C, 8 hours, rapid quench, AGE: 160°C, 8 hours

PARAMETER COMPARISON (THERMAL STATE AS-BUILT)



Spider Plot is generated by normalizing typical material data (containing both horizontal and vertical) against a range defined for each material family. For **Aluminum Alloys**, the ranges are as follows: UTS: 0-500 MPa, 0.2%YS: 0-425 MPa, Density: 99-100 %, Elongation: 0-30 %, Productivity: 5-80 cm³/h, Surface Quality (all): 40-5 µm

	(cm ³ /h)
Typical build rate ¹ w/coating	13.6
Theoretical melting rate ² bulk per Laser	19.4

¹Using standard Factory Acceptance Test layout and 2 lasers

²Calculated (layer thickness x scan velocity x hatch distance)

PHYSICAL DATA AT ROOM TEMPERATURE

	Surface Roughness Ra** - Overhang (µm)			Surface Roughness Ra** (µm)	
	45°	60°	75°	H	V
Upskin	7	6	5	16	
Downskin	17	8	6	6	

	Relative Density (%)		Hardness (HV5)		Poisson's Ratio	
	H	V	H	V	H	V
Thermal State						
As-Built	99.8	99.8	105	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	--	--	--	--	--	--

HORIZONTAL

Thermal State

	Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	Coeff. Of Thermal Expansion (mm/mm/K)	Thermal Diffusivity (m ² /s)	Specific Heat (J/K·kg)
As-Built	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	154.0	13.7 x 10 ⁻⁶	6.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	917

VERTICAL

Thermal State

	Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	Coeff. Of Thermal Expansion (mm/mm/K)	Thermal Diffusivity (m ² /s)	Specific Heat (J/K·kg)
As-Built	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	154.0	13.7 x 10 ⁻⁶	6.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	917

TENSILE DATA

Tensile testing done in accordance with ASTM E8 and ASTM E21

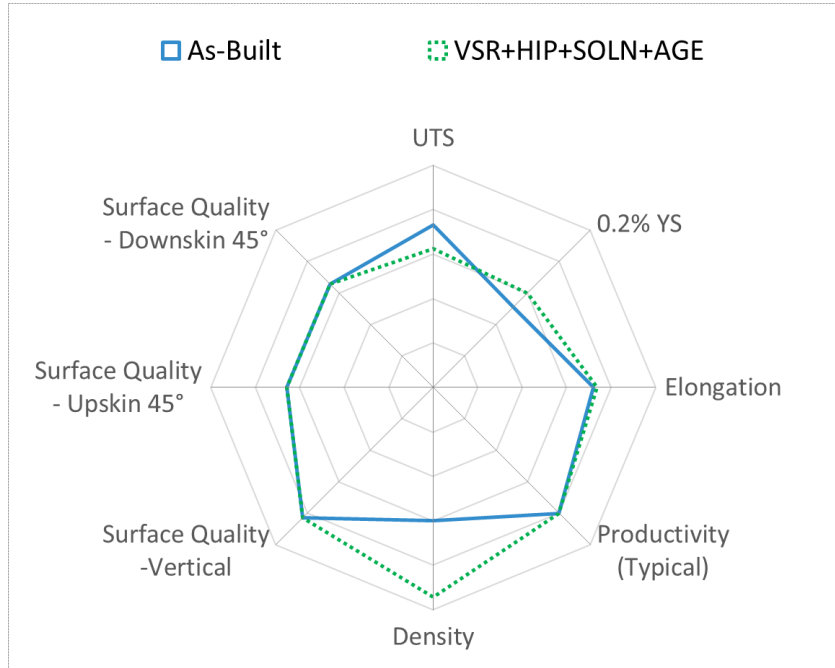
Test Temperature:

RT	Modulus of Elasticity (GPa)		0.2% Yield Strength (MPa)		Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)		Elongation (%)		Reduction of Area (%)	
	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V
Thermal State										
As-Built	72	68	225	200	385	390	17.5	14.0	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

H: HORIZONTAL (XY) orientation
V: VERTICAL (Z) orientation

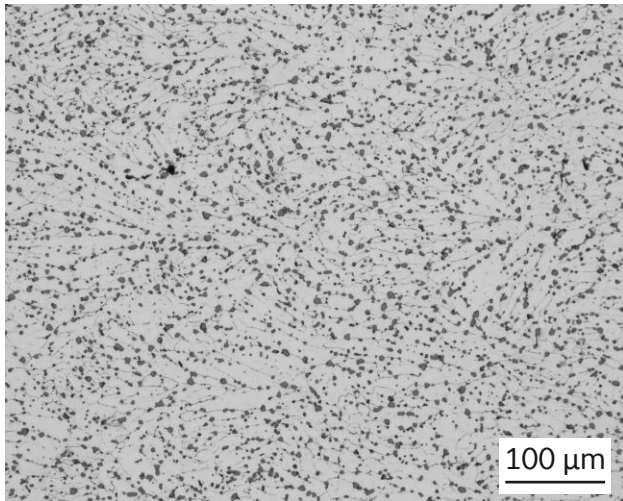
* All of the figures contained herein are approximate only. The figures provided are dependent on a number of factors, including but not limited to, process and machine parameters, and the approval is brand specific and/or application specific. The information provided on this material data sheet is illustrative only and cannot be relied on as binding.

** Roughness measurements have been performed according to DIN EN ISO 4287 and DIN EN ISO 4288. In general analysis of the surface quality is strongly dependent on the methodology used and therefore deviations might be observed depending on methodology used. Vertical and horizontal sidewalls have been characterized using a tactile system, overhangs using an optical system.

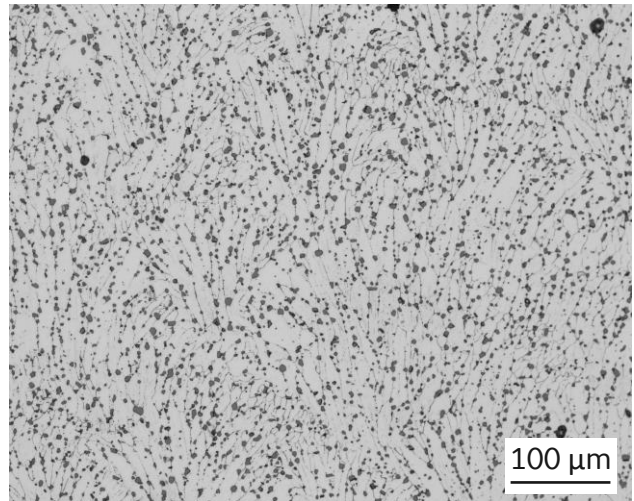


Spider Plot is generated by normalizing typical material data (containing both horizontal and vertical data) against a range defined for each material family. For **Aluminum Alloys**, the ranges are as follows: UTS: 0-550 MPa, 0.2%YS: 0-450 MPa, Elongation: 0-20%, Density: 99-100%, Productivity: 5-30 cm³/h, Surface Quality (all): 40-5 μm

TYPICAL MICROSTRUCTURE



200X, VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE, HORIZONTAL



200X, VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE, VERTICAL

H: HORIZONTAL (XY) orientation
V: VERTICAL (Z) orientation

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	(cm ³ /h)
Typical build rate ¹ w/coating	29.6
Theoretical melting rate ² bulk per Laser	39.3

¹Using standard Factory Acceptance Test layout and 2 lasers²Calculated (layer thickness x scan velocity x hatch distance)

PHYSICAL DATA AT ROOM TEMPERATURE

	Surface Roughness Ra ^{**} - Overhang (µm)			Surface Roughness Ra ^{**} (µm)	
	45°	60°	75°	H	V
	Upskin	17	14	13	24
Downskin	16	11	10	12	

Thermal State	Relative Density (%)		Hardness (HV5)		Poisson's Ratio	
	H	V	H	V	H	V
	As-Built	99.5	99.5	100	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	99.9	99.9	--	--	0.352	--

HORIZONTAL

Thermal State

	Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	Coeff. Of Thermal Expansion (mm/mm/K)	Thermal Diffusivity (m ² /s)	Specific Heat (J/K·kg)
As-Built	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	154.0	13.7 x 10 ⁻⁶	6.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	917

VERTICAL

Thermal State

	Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	Coeff. Of Thermal Expansion (mm/mm/K)	Thermal Diffusivity (m ² /s)	Specific Heat (J/K·kg)
As-Built	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	154.0	13.7 x 10 ⁻⁶	6.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	917

TENSILE DATA

Tensile testing done in accordance with ASTM E8 and ASTM E21

Test Temperature:

RT

Thermal State

	Modulus of Elasticity (GPa)		0.2% Yield Strength (MPa)		Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)		Elongation (%)		Reduction of Area (%)	
	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V
As-Built	70	68	215	195	375	380	14.5	10.5	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	67	68	270	255	340	325	11.5	11.5	28.0	27.0

Test Temperature:

150°C

Thermal State

	Modulus of Elasticity (GPa)		0.2% YS (MPa)		UTS (MPa)		Elongation (%)		Reduction of Area (%)	
	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V
As-Built	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	55	56	215	210	250	245	15.5	14.5	39.5	38.0

H: HORIZONTAL (XY) orientation
V: VERTICAL (Z) orientation

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	(cm ³ /h)
Typical build rate ¹ w/coating	13.9 (13-35) ³
Theoretical melting rate ² bulk per Laser	36.5

¹Using standard Factory Acceptance Test layout and 2 lasers

²Calculated (layer thickness x scan velocity x hatch distance)

³The hybrid parameter build rate is strongly dependent on application design, in particular wall thickness. For this parameter, a larger increase in productivity (faster build rate) can be expected for parts having high volume/surface ratios.

PHYSICAL DATA AT ROOM TEMPERATURE

	Surface Roughness Ra** - Overhang (µm)			Surface Roughness Ra** (µm)	
	45°	60°	75°	H	V
Upskin	6	5	5	20	
Downskin	17	7	5	6	

	Relative Density (%)		Hardness (HV5)		Poisson's Ratio	
	H	V	H	V	H	V
Thermal State						
As-Built	99.6	99.6	103	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	--	--	--	--	--	--

HORIZONTAL Thermal State

	Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	Coeff. Of Thermal Expansion (mm/mm/K)	Thermal Diffusivity (m ² /s)	Specific Heat (J/K·kg)
As-Built	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	154.0	13.7 x 10 ⁻⁶	6.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	917

VERTICAL Thermal State

	Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	Coeff. Of Thermal Expansion (mm/mm/K)	Thermal Diffusivity (m ² /s)	Specific Heat (J/K·kg)
As-Built	--	--	--	--
VSR+HIP+SOLN+AGE	154.0	13.7 x 10 ⁻⁶	6.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	917

TENSILE DATA

Tensile testing done in accordance with ASTM E8 and ASTM E21

Test Temperature: RT

	Modulus of Elasticity (GPa)		0.2% Yield Strength (MPa)		Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)		Elongation (%)		Reduction of Area (%)	
	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V
Thermal State										
As-Built	70	69	220	200	380	380	14.0	10.0	--	--
T6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

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	(cm ³ /h)
Typical build rate ¹ w/coating	71.0
Theoretical melting rate ² bulk per Laser	106.3

¹Using standard Factory Acceptance Test layout and 2 lasers²Calculated (layer thickness x scan velocity x hatch distance)

PHYSICAL DATA AT ROOM TEMPERATURE

	Surface Roughness Ra** - Overhang (µm)				Surface Roughness Ra** (µm)	
	45°	60°	75°		H	V
Upskin	26	21	17	H	23	
Downskin	23	15	14	V	15	

	Relative Density (%)		Hardness (HV5)		Poisson's Ratio	
	H	V	H	V	H	V
Thermal State As-Built	99.4	99.4	97	--	--	--
T6	--	--	93	--	--	--

TENSILE DATA

Tensile testing done in accordance with ASTM E8 and ASTM E21

Test Temperature: RT	Modulus of Elasticity (GPa)		0.2% Yield Strength (MPa)		Ultimate Tensile Strength (MPa)		Elongation (%)		Reduction of Area (%)	
	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V	H	V
Thermal State As-Built	71	70	190	185	350	345	10	6	--	--
T6	69	69	235	225	295	285	5	6.5	--	--

H: HORIZONTAL (XY) orientation

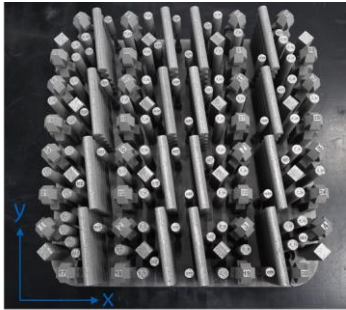
V: VERTICAL (Z) orientation

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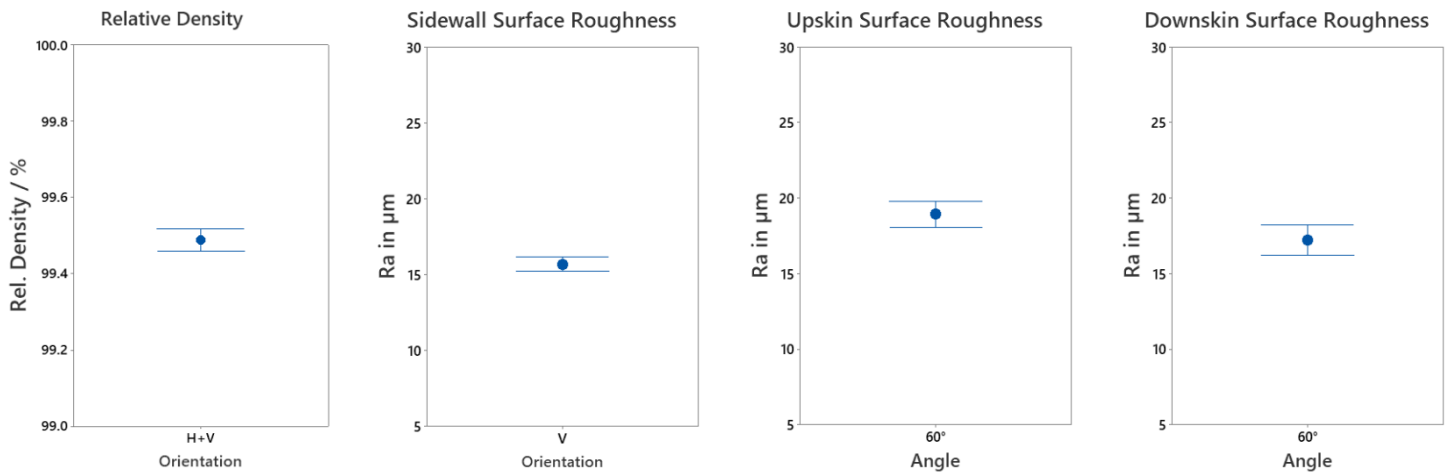
The platform stability build evaluates porosity, roughness and tensile properties across different positions and orientations. To illustrate the position dependency of the M2 Series 5, the samples were homogenously distributed across the platform on 16 different positions. Regarding surface quality all sides of the specimen, so all orientations with respect to gas flow and optical system, are included in the analysis. Data shown below are dependent on part & print layout as well as batch chemistry variations and thus might deviate from “typical values” given on previous pages.

BUILD JOB DESIGN AND SUMMARIZED DATA (AS-BUILT)

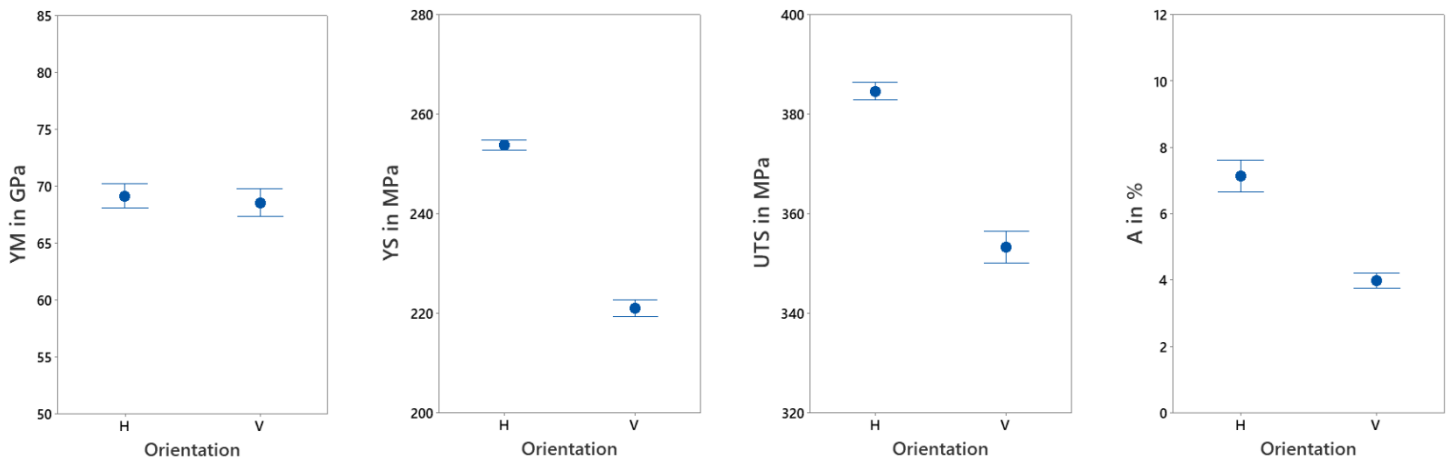


	Sample Size	Mean	St.Dev.		Sample Size	Mean	St.Dev.
Rel. Density in %	32	99.49	0.08	YM in GPa (H/V)	16/16	69/69	2/2
Sidewall Roughness Ra in μm	64	16	2	YS in MPa (H/V)	16/16	254/221	2/3
Upside Roughness Ra in μm (60°)	64	19	4	UTS in MPa (H/V)	16/16	385/353	3/6
Downside Roughness Ra in μm (60°)	64	17	4	Elongation in % (H/V)	16/16	7.1/4.0	0.9/0.4

RESULTS - RELATIVE DENSITY AND SURFACE QUALITY



RESULTS - MECHANICAL PROPERTIES IN AS-BUILT CONDITION



Data points represent the mean value, intervals the 95% confidence level.

H: HORIZONTAL (XY) orientation
V: VERTICAL (Z) orientation